"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,565. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1914.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER

Fair to-day and to-morrow; little change in temperature; light west winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 17.

MELLEN REVEALS NEW HAVEN DEALS

8,000 Good Shares Given for 24,000 of Westchester "Worth 10c. a Pound."

T. F. BYRNES GO-BETWEEN

Trolley Charter Modified by Board of Estimate After Stock Had Been Bought In for Cash.

DEFENDS GRAND TRUNK COUP

Was Arranged in Consultation with the Late J. P. Morgan and Directors, He Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Charles S. Mellen, former President New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, testified under oath before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day, and his story of high finance in that railroad filled his hearers with wonderment.

The most interesting phase of his testimony related to a transaction, involving the asquisition by the New Haven of a large number of shares of stock issued by the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad. This stock, according to Mr. Mellen, was redeemed through due bills given by Mr. Mellen to the late Thomas E. Byrnes, former Chief of the New York Detective Bureau, and Mr. Mellen had never been able to find out to whom the due bills were given by Mr. Byrnes, although the bulk of them had been redeemed for about $150,000.

The Westchester shares had been "scattered," in Mr. Mellen's opinion, "in the hands of people of what you may call influence." It was not made clear why they were scattered, but the inference was that the distribution of due bills was effective in obtaining certain modifications in the franchise of the New York, Westchester & Boston Company, and that these modifications were made by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New York City.

Defends Grand Trunk Deal.

Coincident with the appearance of Mr. Mellen on the witness stand, his personal counsel, J. H. W. Crim of New York, gave out a statement in behalf of Mr. Mellen, which related to the stoppage of work on the Massachusetts and Rhode Island extensions of the Grand Trunk Railway, for his alleged participation in which he was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury in New York.

Mr. Mellen contended in the statement that there was nothing illegal in the Grand Trunk deal, but he placed equal responsibility for it on J. P. Morgan and Directors of the New Haven by his declaration that he had consulted them as to what he was doing in the matter. The obvious inference from Mr. Mellen's statement was that he claimed that his appearance before the Interstate Commerce Commission under oath gave him immunity from prosecution under the Grand Trunk indictment.

The New Haven's transaction in connection with the Westchester trolley stock was begun about June, 1908, according to Mr. Mellen's best recollection. It was several years thereafter, however, before the first of the due bills was presented. Most of those who had come to Mr. Mellen with due bills for redemption looked as though they "came from the east side." He did not know and had not asked names of any of them, but paid over the amount represented by the due bills, in each case in check or cash, as was desired. Nearly all of those who presented the due bills, he said, wanted their money in cash and preferred small bills.

Only the other day, Mr. Mellen said, a man agreeing with his conception of the east side type presented a due bill for $10,000 to him at the Vanderbilt Hotel in New York, and it was promptly paid.

Joseph W. Folk, Chief Counsel for the Commission, tried to get a clue from Mr. Mellen as to who were the people who had received the money called for by the due bills. Mr. Mellen declared, however, that he had been unable to get any information of this character as every time he tried to find out who owned the shares from the entries on the New Haven books he "ran up against a stone wall."

May Have Acted for Contractors.

His suspicion was, he said, that the Westchester shares had been placed with contractors who had engaged to do the work for the Westchester trolley line. The Westchester stock which he had redeemed through the medium of former Police Inspector Byrnes was "worth about 10 cents a pound," in Mr. Mellen's estimation. He recalled that Ralph Polk Buell, a clerk or an officer of the Westchester & Boston Railroad, had a very large number of these shares in his name, but he knew that Mr. Buell had no relation to the ownership of these shares.

Mr. Mellen said that when the New Haven Directorate desired to get control of the Westchester trolley line it had transferred 8,000 shares of New Haven stock to Mr. Mellen on the understanding that he was to hold this stock for the redemption of the outstanding shares of the New York, Westchester & Boston road. The shares of New Haven obtained by Mr. Mellen in this way were valued at $1,200,000, and were to be exchanged at the rate of one share of New Haven for three shares of Westchester. But as Mr. Mellen expressed it, "Our people were unwilling to make the immediate exchange, and

Continued on Page 6.

WILL BELIEVE ROOSEVELT.

Geographers Won't Question His Statements of Brazil Discoveries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Gilbert H. Grosvenor, editor of the National Geographic Society, gave out a statement to-night announcing that the society's officers were ready to accept without question any statement Col. Roosevelt might make regarding his explorations and discoveries.

"Col. Roosevelt has had thirty years' experience of exploring work," the statement continues, "much of it pioneer territory, and all of it invaluable to science, and it is unbelievable that, with his thorough and scholarly preparation, he could be misled in any report that he may make of his recent work in Brazil. There is no map of the section he has recently traversed which may be regarded as a map. Our society awaits with much interest and confidence the detailed report of his discoveries and observations, and also those of the technical men who assisted him.

"It is interesting to note that the prominent British South American explorer who has challenged Col. Roosevelt's discovery was for many years the leader of a group of foreign geographers who discredited the discovery of the antarctic continent by the American naval officer, Wilkes. Practically all of Wilkes's discoveries have in recent years been confirmed by Shackleton, Scott, Drygalski, and Mawson."

When Col. Roosevelt arrives in New York next Tuesday the Progressives will not give him a demonstration, it was learned yesterday. No plans have been prepared to welcome the Colonel back except that a delegation will go down the bay to meet him. George W. Perkins said yesterday that he had received scores of letters from Progressives and others suggesting that a big dinner in the Colonel's honor be given the night he arrives, but he said that no steps had been taken to carry this out.

It was said that W. Emlen Roosevelt would meet the Colonel down the bay, take him off the ship on another, and go at once to Oyster Bay.

HOW CRASH WAS AVERTED.

Daily Mail Says London Stock Exchange Was Near "Disaster."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, May 15.—The financial editor of the Daily Mail, writing on the "disaster" which was averted on the Stock Exchange, says that but for an arrangement quietly carried out, whereby a powerful group took over the commitments of an outside operator, this week's settlement might have been strewn with failures.

As it is, the settlement was surmounted without any serious difficulty being disclosed. The paper adds:

"There came to the rescue about half a dozen leading firms of the Stock Exchange, some of them representing powerful interests, from the Bank of England itself downward. Part of the huge account was liquidated; that is, such stocks were sold as could be sold without heavy disturbance of the market. The extent to which even in these circumstances the market was disturbed—the mysterious fall in Grand Trunk and other Canadian securities will be remembered—gives some inkling of the cataclysmic effect which would have been produced had not assistance been forthcoming.

"Then those stocks which could not be conveniently sold were taken into strong hands to be nursed, and there will remain until times are less unpropitious. Thus disaster was averted and the situation was saved. It had been a Baring crisis in miniature."

BRYAN'S FRIEND GEM-LADEN

Nebraskan, Held as Smuggler, Uses Secretary's Name.

Isaac Levy, a jeweler of Omaha, who assured United States Commissioner Houghton, upon arraignment, that he was a friend of Secretary of State Bryan, was held yesterday afternoon in $2,000 bail on the charge of smuggling $7,000 worth of diamonds on his arrival from London. In default of bail he spent last night in the Tombs.

When Levy landed he was wearing in his tie a pin with many diamonds. He said he had bought it in this country. By some error his baggage was sent with that of the immigrants to Ellis Island. He went there to recover it and encountered the Inspector he had met on the pier.

"Where's your stickpin?" the Inspector asked, missing it from Levy's tie.

"That's all right," replied the jeweler. "It's in my pocket with my other diamonds."

"Let me see them," ordered the Inspector.

Levy produced a purse that held 65 diamonds and two diamond brooches. He is alleged to have admitted that he purchased them in London.

HOLD BOY FOR RANSOM.

Son of Italian Baker Is Kidnapped from Public School.

Frank Longo, an Italian baker of 190 Bleecker Street, appealed to the police last night to aid him in recovering his eight-year-old son, Frank, who, he said, was kidnapped on Wednesday.

The boy went to Public School No. 3, at Hester and Grove Streets, on Wednesday morning and was last seen by his classmates near the building at the noon recess. His parents interviewed his teacher, Miss Margaret H. Fay, and made a thorough search in the neighborhood of his home. Yesterday Longo received a letter, mailed at a Brooklyn sub-station, wich read:

> We have Frank. We must have $5,000. Be careful. Don't go to the police. It will not be good for you, and your family, and we will send your boy home in a box.

The letter was printed in Italian and bore no signature. Longo had a talk with Inspector Faurot last night and the Inspector took personal charge of the case.

$3 EXCURSION TO WASHINGTON, D. C. Via New Jersey Central, Reading & Balto. & Ohio, Sunday, May 17. Leaves W. 23d St., 11:50 Saturday Night; Liberty St., 12:01 Mdt. Return from Washington 4 P. M. May 17.—Adv.

BECKER LAWYER ALSO WEBBER'S

Gambler Testifies That He Discharged Him When He Decided to Confess.

SENSATION STIRS TRIAL

Becker's Counsel Protests to Court That Whitman's Attack on Him Was Unfair.

DEFENSE HAS DICTOGRAPH

Intimates That with This and Three Witnesses It Will Show How Becker Was "Framed Up."

"Bridgie" Webber, testifying at the trial of former Police Lieut. Charles Becker for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, created a sensation in Justice Seabury's court at 5 o'clock last evening by asserting that the lawyer he had employed to defend him was also Becker's counsel, and that he had discharged this lawyer when he made up his mind to confess his share in the crime and turn State's evidence.

The disclosure was made while Webber was testifying on re-direct examination, and was brought out by a question put by District Attorney Whitman.

The lawyer in question, Harford T. Marshall, was in court at the time. He is still one of Becker's counsel and is aiding in the defense.

Mr. Marshall resented the inference which might be drawn by the jury from this testimony, and, jumping to his feet, he protested bitterly to Justice Seabury that he had been unfairly attacked by the District Attorney.

Was Aiming at Possible Defense.

Mr. Whitman had been trying to show by Webber that he had told his story of the crime to him before being sent to the West Side prison, as the defense will attempt to show that Becker was framed up by the informers, Rose, Webber, and Vallon, after they got together in jail there. He also sought to make it clear that this had been done voluntarily by Webber against the advice of his counsel. Then came the question:

"Who was your counsel?"

"Harford T. Marshall," Webber replied.

"Why did you discharge Mr. Marshall and retain Max Steuer?" Mr. Whitman asked.

Martin T. Manton of Becker's counsel objected, and the objection was sustained.

"You came to the District Attorney's office and told the District Attorney that you were an accomplice in this murder the day after you discharged Mr. Marshall, didn't you?" Mr. Whitman then asked Webber.

"Yes, Sir," said the witness.

"And this Mr. Marshall is now counsel for Becker?"

"I will concede that," Mr. Manton said.

"Did you know he was then?" Mr. Whitman persisted.

"Yes, Sir," said Webber.

Mr. Marshall sprang up, and, demanding the Court's attention, said:

"I have been attacked here by the District Attorney of New York County."

"Wait a minute," said Justice Seabury, deprecatingly.

"It is not fair for Mr. Wihtman to do that unless I'm allowed to take the stand," Mr. Marshall continued. "Your Honor will know my lips are sealed as to what this man Webber told me."

"I have nothing to do with it," said the Justice.

"I am perfectly sure they are sealed as to what you told him and he told you," observed Mr. Whitman.

"And you don't want them unsealed, either," said Mr. Marshall.

"Are you through with the witness?" asked the Court.

Mr. Whitman said he was.

Mr. Manton asked Webber: "Are you willing now to permit Mr. Marshall to waive privileges?"

"No," said Webber stolidly, and that closed the incident.

When court had adjourned Mr. Marshall intimated to those about him that the version of his retirement as Webber's counsel put into evidence was incorrect.

"Of course I would talk if Webber waived his pprivilege," said Mr. Marshall. "I refused to have anything to do with Webber's case. I was his attorney from the time of his arrest and for a period, I should say, of two weeks."

Dictograph Against Webber?

Rose, Webber, and Vallon, all three informers against Becker, were heard by the jury yesterday. Vallon was last to go on the stand. He will be recalled this morning.

The courtroom, both morning and afternoon session, was crowded, and hundreds were turned away. Among those at the afternoon session were Miss Nona McAdoo, daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury; Prince Derneberg, hereditary Grand Marshal of Hanover, who came in with Phoenix Ingraham, son of Justice Ingraham of the Appellate Division; Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Jr., daughter of the late Mayor Gaynor, and Mrs. Fred McFarline.

In the course of the cross-examination of "Bridgie" Webber, the most important witness of the day, the defense revealed that a dictograph is to be introduced in an effort to show that Webber, whom Mr. Manton referred to as "the captain of the murder army," admitted over and over again after the first trial that Charles Becker had no

Continued on Page 4.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH NOW IN NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLES. ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.—Adv.

The Truth About Russia by Kurt Aram

The well-known German writer was sent to Russia by The New York Times to study conditions there. We've heard of pogroms, tortures, the Beiliss trial, and all sorts of things going on there. How is it possible in these enlightened days? Mr. Aram will tell in his articles beginning in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

BURKE INDICTED FOR CANAL ZONE FRAUDS

Federal Grand Jury Brings Eight Charges of Taking Bribes from Contractors.

THREE OTHERS ACCUSED

One Alleged Briber Held in $10,000 Bail Here—Burke Sails for New Orleans.

John Burke, suspended manager of the Commissary Department of the Panama Railroad, was indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of having received more than $10,000 in bribes from merchants in the Canal Zone. Eight indictments were found against him, two of which were sealed.

In the indictments that were announced charges were also made against Isaac Brandon, President of Isaac Brandon & Bros., Inc., in connection with a purchase of sugar, Robert Wilcox, a commission merchant in the Canal Zone, over a purchase of kerosene oil, and Jacob Salas, also a Zone commission merchant, over a purchase of tobacco.

Salas happened to be in this district and was arrested last night. He was held in $10,000 bail by Judge Hand and will be arraigned formally this morning.

Burke is expected here next week. Word was received yesterday by Assistant United States District Attorney Carstaphen that he had sailed yesterday from Colon and would arrive in New Orleans on Tuesday. He will surrender to the United States authorities, or will make arrangements to come to New York for formal arraignment.

The first indictment against Burke alone said that he was an employe of the Isthmian Canal Commission from April 29, 1907, to Feb. 9, last, and that it was his duty to accept bids for the purchase of supplies at the lowest market price and at their fair and reasonable value, to make contracts for the Government to inspect deliveries, to protect the commission against any overcharges and against dealing with any one who would pay any gratuity to a Government employe. It was his duty not to purchase an over supply of any article and to cancel any contract, if any gratuity had been paid in connection with it.

It was then alleged that Burke accepted from Isaac Brandon & Bros. $1,000, and that this money was given to influence his action on matters which would come before him officially. Before he took this money, it was alleged, he had given to Isaac Brandon & Bros. a contract for sugar, and he caused the firm to receive payments for this sugar "at prices in excess of the ordinary market prices then prevailing for said sugar and in excess of the fair and reasonable value of said sugar."

The indictment also charged Burke with having bought more sugar than was needed.

Another indictment was found against Isaac Brandon as well as Burke, on the ground that they entered into a conspiracy extending from Jan. 1, 1912, to Feb. 9 last, to cause the purchase by the Government at the excessive prices of unusually large quantities of sugar, in consideration of certain large sums to be paid to Burke.

The second set of charges concerns Jacob L. Salas as well as Burke. Salas dealt with the Commissary Department in tobacco, and it was charged that he entered into a conspiracy with Burke on Jan. 1, 1908, which lasted until Feb. 9 last, to sell to the Commissary Department large quantities of tobacco. In that case three overt acts were charged. The first concerned a draft for $2,000, which Burke was alleged to have drawn upon Eggers & Heinlein of 59 and 61 Pearl Street, which was negotiated through Spencer Trask & Co. The second mentioned a draft of $5,000, which on July 27, 1911, was, it is alleged, drawn to the order of the Security Trust Company of Indianapolis on the International Banking Company of 60 Wall Street. The third dealt with a draft of $1,200, dated July 3, 1913, drawn on Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, through the Fletcher Saving and Trust Company of Indianapolis.

Against Burke alone a separate indictment charged him under Section 177 of the United States Criminal Code with accepting the drafts for $5,000 and $1,200.

The third set of charges concerned the purchases of kerosene oil, made by Burke from Robert Wilcox, another commission merchant in the Canal Zone, and there was an indictment for a conspiracy which it was alleged Burke and Wilcox entered into between Jan. 1, 1912, and Feb 9 last for the sale to the Government of an unusual amount of kerosene oil at an excessive price. Only one overt act was charged, which concerned the drawing on March 28, 1912, of a draft for $400 on Eggers & Heinlein through the Security Trust Company of Indianapolis. The second indictment, which dealt with the same alleged conspiracy, charged Burke with having violated the same section of the Criminal Code by the acceptance of this $400.

Salas, who, when he is in New York lives at 1,944 Madison Avenue, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Special Service Agent Joseph M. Nye. He appeared in the Federal Court, attended by his counsel, Phenor J. Eder of 60 Wall Street. As he had no office in this city, and as Mr. Carstaphen represented that if he returned to the Canal Zone he could easily leave American territory, Judge Hand considered $10,000 reasonable bail.

Mr. Eder, when asked about the charges, said that it was ridiculous for the Government to say that Salas had received any unusual price for his tobacco, as the records would show, and that the drafts mentioned in the indictment had been paid to Burke in the course of ordinary business.

PANAMA, May 14.—John Burke, former manager of the Commissary Department of the Canal Zone, left today for New Orleans to remain permanently in the United States. His connection with the Commissary Department has been finally severed.

Gov. Goethals declined to make public the report of the latest Board of Inquiry. He said the report, together with other papers, had been forwarded to District Attorney Marshall in New York for such action as he thought proper.

The Governor said he had advised Burke that he would best serve his own interests by leaving the Canal Zone, and his departure is generally regarded as the result of the Governor's advice.

Mr. Burke declared that he was leaving the Isthmus a poor man with a darkened future.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn, for samples and prices.—Adv.

BIGGEST LINER OFF ON MAIDEN VOYAGE

Vaterland Sails from Cuxhaven for This Port—600 First-Cabin Passengers.

HAS 90,000 HORSE POWER

Maximum Generated by the Imperator Is 60,000—No Race with the Mauretania Intended.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STEAMSHIP VATERLAND by Wireless via Scheveningen Haven, May 14.—After leaving Cuxhaven so quietly this afternoon that many passengers who were at luncheon were unaware that she had started, this mammoth vessel of the Hamburg-American Line took her course toward Southampton under the pleasantest conditions.

The sea was like a lake in smoothness, and there was almost a total absence of vibration, making it difficult to believe that one was on shipboard and moving at a speed of between 20 and 21 knots an hour.

The Vaterland will arrive at Southampton between 11 o'clock and noon on Friday.

Talk of an Atlantic race is deprecated by the officers.

Passengers are enthusiastic in their enjoyment of life in a first class hotel at sea.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 14.—The Vaterland, largest ship ever built, began her maiden voyage to New York today. She lifted anchor at Cuxhaven at 2 o'clock this afternoon and is now in the North Sea en route to Southampton, where she will embark cargo and passengers to-morrow.

Although raw and rainy weather was prevailing, an enormous concourse of spectators lined the new "America" quays at Cuxhaven to wave good-bye to the Hamburg-American Line's newest giantess, which sailed away to the accompaniment of cheers that seemed as if they would never end.

It was announced on board to a company of invited guests last night that the Vaterland had developed the prodigious total of 90,000 horse power on her recent trial in the North Sea, which is 30,000 more than the maximum generated by the engines of the Imperator.

The Hamburg-American Line has taken occasion on the eve of the Vaterland's maiden crossing to state in the most positive manner that there is no intention of a race with the Mauretania on the Vaterland's first home-bound passage. It is explained that, apart from the fact that the two ships will leave New York ten hours apart, all Captains of the Hamburg-American Line have implicit instructions to engage in no speed competition.

The Vaterland is carrying 600 first cabin passengers, including four Directors of the Hamburg-American Company. The Americans on board include ex-United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. George Wood Bacon, Reuben S. Adler, George W. Field, B. T. Barry, Sheldon Barry, Wilson Marshall, Philip S. Mosser, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Newburger, Louis B. Ostranger, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Yuille, the Misses Yuille, and H. A. Barler.

Aquitania's Trials Successful.

The New York office of the Cunard Line received the following cablegram from the Liverpool office yesterday: "Aquitania anchored in Mersey 6 A. M. to-day after successful trial trips. Company's highest expectations more than realized. Remarkable absence of vibration."

CANAL BARGES PLY TO-DAY.

Five to be Towed from Colon to Balboa to Carry a Cargo Back.

PANAMA, May 14.—A freight barge line through the canal will be inaugurated to-morrow, when five empty barges will be towed from Colon to Balboa to carry a cargo back. The first cargo will probably go through the canal late Sunday or early Monday.

Owing to an accident to the dredge Gamboa, the channel through Cucaracha will probably not be completed until Sunday morning. This has occasioned delay in passing the Panama railroad steamer through. Several vessels are now waiting an opportunity to cross into the Atlantic. Beyond the occasional moving of barges since May 11, there has been no ship transit through the waterway.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The enormous freight traffic expected to centre at the Isthmus is to be handled by the most scientific and up-to-date methods. A commission consisting of Carrol S. Smith of New York, J. M. Barrett of Buffalo, and a statistican are making a special study of traffic conditions and will submit plans for berthing ships and for the rapid handling of cargoes, both to vessels and to the trains of the Panama Railroad. The commission is also to fix the charges as far as possible with a view to making them at least pay a fair return on the capital invested in the plant.

It is significant, however, that the railroad management does not expect the terminals to be self-supporting at first, as it is a part of the policy to attract traffic to the Canal. Therefore, the commission is instructed to set an equitable scale likely to conserve the interests of all concerned.

Best Electric Wiring—Home, Office, Factory. DENNIS G. BRUSSEL, 39 West 33th Street.—Adv.

TAMPICO WON AT HEAVY COST OF LIFE; HUERTA'S SHIPS MAY BLOCKADE PORT

OUR POWERS AMPLE, SAY HUERTA ENVOYS

Ready to Hear Peace Proposals and Do as Their Consciences Dictate, They Assert.

NOW ON AMERICAN SOIL

Mexican Delegates Silent on Elimination of Huerta, but Insist They Are Bound by No Orders.

Special to The New York Times.
From a Staff Correspondent.

KEY WEST, Fla., May 14.—Gen. Huerta's delegates to the Niagara Falls peace conference, Señor Emilio Rabasa, Señor Augustin Rodriguez and Señor Luis Elguero, arrived here on board the steamboat Miami from Havana at 7:30 o'clock this evening, having been transferred at the latter port from the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which brought them from Vera Cruz.

The party arrived at Havana at 10 o'clock this morning. The United States mail steamer bound for Key West, in response to a wireless message, had waited two hours and a half for the delegates, and as soon as the Cuban officers cleared the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, they took President Menocal's launch, and, accompanied by the Mexican Chargé d'Affaires in Cuba and the Minister from Brazil, went to the steamer Miami without landing. Although the delegates were on board the Miami at 11:30 o'clock, a series of delays held the vessel until 1 P. M. But once clear of the Morro, Capt. William Smith put on steam and sent the Miami through the smooth water at top speed.

The delegates, through their Secretary, at first refused to make any statement, saying they had decided upon this course when many correspondents had tried to induce them to speak on leaving Vera Cruz. Finally Señor Rodriguez, when told that a report had been cabled that they intended to resign as soon as they arrived in Havana or the United States, said to THE TIMES correspondent:

"The only way I can account for such an impression is that we are not politicians. We live completely apart from all political strife, and it was for that reason that Provisional President Huerta confided to us this highly patriotic mission which we have accepted solely to save our patriotic honor. We are, therefore, complying with the duty of patriots, as well as Christians, which we are.

"The fact that we are not politicians apparently has made some persons believe that we would abandon our mission as soon as we arrived at Havana, but such impressions are absolutely without foundation."

"Ample Instructions" Carried.

Asked if they would accept the elimination of Gen. Huerta, he replied:

"We carry ample instructions, and with the powers given to us we will try to save our country's honor. We carry no certain set rule to follow, but are only going to hear what is proposed to us and then do what our consciences and our patriotic sentiments dictate.

"We go with the intention of only settling the foreign conflict, and in no manner intend touching upon the interior one. It is only in the exterior problem any way in which the A B C mediators have intervened. We will not treat with representatives of the revolution, because Carranza himself has already said he would not accept any mediation."

Señor Rodriguez, who is a lawyer of Mexico City, 70 years old, continued:

"All three of us are simply lawyers. Señor Rabasa, President of the delegation, was once a Senator, but otherwise none of us has held public office. I considered it my duty to come here in this delegation, to do what I could for my country. We will just listen at the conference for a while. The appointment was a great surprise to us. We left our law practice in chaos, but we felt it our duty to do so."

"Can you say what stand you and your colleagues will take if the United States should make any concessions?" Señor Rodriguez was asked.

"That," he answered, "will depend entirely on circumstances." And there was no budging him.

Señor Rabasa and Señor Elguero were far less communicative.

"Nothing to say," they vouchsafed in unison when questioned. "Our actions will all depend on what happens," added Señor Rabasa. He wears big smoked glasses that give him an inscrutable air.

"I can say nothing for the first few days," said Señor Elguero.

All of which bore out the impression given by the delegates at Havana that they meant to hedge themselves about with impenetrable silence until they saw fit to break it. As Señor Rodriguez stepped on board the Miami at Havana he turned to those about him, and, pointing to the group of newspaper men, said in Spanish: "Nothing; say nothing."

The women of the Mexican party showed early symptoms of seasickness on the voyage from Havana to Key West, and were little in evidence after luncheon. The party flocked apart from the rest of the passengers, the men indulging in many earnest talks, apparently dealing with the work ahead of them.

Anxious About Public Opinion.

The Attachés, all young men, showed great interest in the state of public opinion in the United States regarding the coming of the Huerta delegates. Señor Capetillo, whose card reads in French "Attaché of the Special Mexican Legation," eagerly inquired whether the Americans wanted the conference to solve matters peaceably.

"Mexico does not deserve the trouble she has had," he exclaimed.

The Mexicans aroused great interest among the other passengers on board the Miami, who watched them curiously all the way. This scrutiny did not seem to bother the delegates and their companions in the least. They ordered up drinks to the social hall soon after getting underway, and made themselves perfectly at home.

Objects of special attention were little Manuel, the 6-months'-old son of Señor Martinez del Campo, and his nurse, a Mexican woman of pronounced Aztec type.

There was considerable doubt during the trip from Havana as to whether the delegation would travel north by a special train which it was understood had been provided at Key West. There was no such train, and they left Key West finally on the regular train north, which had been held for them. Through some misunderstanding as to the time of their arrival, the two special cars ordered for them by the State Department at Washington were not here. They will be attached to the train at New Smyrna, Fla., tomorrow morning.

In the party with the three delegates are the following fifteen persons: Señor Rafael Elguero, Secretary, brother of Señor Luis Elguero; Señor Manuel Martinez del Campo, Señor Louis Rodriguez, son of Señor Agustin Rodriguez; Señor Rafael Capetillo, Señor Jesus Ramirez, and Señor Gustavo Galopin, attachés; Señora Martinez del Campo and her six months' old san, Manuel Martinez del Campo, Jr., Miss Guadalupe Rodriguez, daughter of Señor Agustin Rodriguez; the Misses Mercedes, Isabel, Concepcion, and Ruth Rabasa, daughters of Señor Rabasa, and two women servants.

COURTESIES PLEASE MEXICO.

Capital Hears State Department Furnished Cars for Envoys.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—Much gratification was expressed here when it was learned of the courtesies that were to be extended to the Mexican delegates on their arrival in American territory. The Government received advices from Washington that the State Department was to have the delegates met by its representatives, and had placed two special cars at their disposal for the journey to Niagara Falls.

PEACE HOPES BRIGHTEN.

Washington Encouraged by Arrival of the Huerta Envoys.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The news that Gen. Huerta's delegates to the Niagara Falls peace conference had arrived at Key West and were on their way north was received with satisfaction in official circles to-night. The Administration is now convinced that the conference will start on schedule next Monday and that an honest effort will be made to reach some sort of agreement.

A view advanced here to-day that, since the Constitutionalists had captured Tampico, they would be willing to participate in the conference was rejected by responsible officials. In the opinion of these officials, Gen. Carranza has no intention of taking any action that will interfere with his plan to take Mexico City. It was pointed out that the participation of the Constitutionalists in the Niagara Falls conference would be equivalent to an agreement to abide by the armistice suggested by the South Americans. For that reason Government officials are confident that Carranza has no intention of assenting to an armistice.

The State Department to-day abandoned the arrangements it was making for a special train to carry the delegates and envoys to Niagara Falls. The abandonment was due to the fact that the South American envoys had arranged to proceed to Niagara Falls separately and there was uncertainty as to when the Mexican delegates would reach Washington.

Justice Joseph R. Lamar and Frederick W. Lehmann, the American representatives in the proceedings, will leave Washington early Saturday morning on a train due at Buffalo that night. Mr. da Gama, the Brazilian Ambassador, will leave here Friday for New York, where he will join Mme. da Gama, who will accompany him to Niagara Falls on Saturday or Sunday. Mr. Naon, the Argentina Minister, may leave Washington to-morrow for the scene of the conference. Mr. Suarez, the Chilean Minister, will start from Washington on Saturday, but he expects to break his journey at some point between here and Buffalo and spend the night there.

Secretary Bryan announced to-day that Dunne P. Washburn, of the State Department would go to Niagara Falls as the interpreter for the American delegation. Fred M. Rose a clerk in the State Department, has been assigned to the American delegation as stenographer.

The Mexican delegates are expected to reach Washington on Saturday at noon. The Spanish Ambassador is arranging for a luncheon for them. They probably will start for Niagara Falls on Saturday afternoon.

ALGARA AWAITS ENVOYS.

Goes to Niagara to Meet Huerta's Peace Delegates.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., May 14.—Senor A. Algara R. de Terreros, former Chargé d'Affaires of Mexico at Washington, who received his passports on April 23 and went to Toronto, arrived here to-day to arrange for the accommodation of the Mexican peace delegates.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STARTS to-day from New York, to-morrow from Albany; see steamboat page for leaving time.—Adv.

Two Gunboats Get Safely Away But May Return

TO CATCH REBEL SUPPLIES

Zaragoza's Men Had to Yield to Superior Artillery and Numbers of Enemy.

REBELS HEADING THEM OFF

Admiral Mayo Moves Up Opposite Town to Guard American Interests.

RECOGNITION FOR REBELS?

Move Is Discussed in Washington, but They Have Not Requested It.

PROTECTION FOR OIL MEN

Bryan Active in Arranging for Return of Foreign Operators in Tampico Fields.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 15.—The Navy Department at 2:15 o'clock this morning issued this bulletin on the basis of a dispatch it had just received from Admiral Badger:

"Admiral Badger reports that he has received from Admiral Mayo, who is now on board the Dolphin, which, with the Des Moines, is now anchored off the city of Tampico, the first report of the taking of that city. The dispatch continues:

"'This morning Mayo sent officer accompanied by Consul to visit Constitutionalist Generals, Gonzales and Caballero, to notify them of his hopes that Constitutionalist control of city and district would insure perfect order and immediate resumption of business. Also stated that while he expected his relations with them would be most pleasant they would have to be considered as informal under present conditions.

"'Gen. Gonzales informed the American Consul that in the belief that the United States ships had taken charge of the Mexican gunboats, he had prepared a letter of protest against such violation of Mexican territory and had demanded that the gunboats be turned over to him. Being informed that we had not interfered with gunboats, he said it would be unnecessary to send letter. Previous statements that Constitutionalist forces would at all times respect and protect lives and property of American citizens and other foreigners were renewed.

"'Perfect order said to exist in city. Liquor shops closed and city well policed.

"'After Federals had crossed Tamesi Bridge it was partly destroyed by gunboat Vera Cruz. Latter then went up river, and is said to have been beached and abandoned above Tamos.

"'Barracks in Tampico blown up before evacuation and destroyed last night. Damage to other bridges slight.

"'Constitutionalist field guns of comparatively little value, Constitutionalists evidently had very few, and none were used against Federal gunboats. Reports that the evacuation of the city by the Federals principally due ammunition shortage among the troops. The gunboats still had ammunition left.

"'Several tank steamers have come up the river, and oil men who were awaiting outside have come in. Mayo considers Americans should be slow in returning until the whole Mexican question is settled.

"'Gen. Gonzalez expressed regret that Vera Cruz incident had occurred and said he hoped it would be settled with honor to his country.'"

Admiral Badger notified the Navy Department early this morning that Gen. Pablo Gonzales had given American Consul Miller at Tampico the most positive assurances that all foreign property would be protected.

Our Ships Again in Port.

American warships under command of Rear Admiral Mayo again entered the Panuco River yesterday and went up to the fallen city of Tampico. Since the evacuation of the place by the Mexican Federals under Gen. Zaragoza yesterday the Constitutionalists under Gen. Pablo Gonzales have been in control of Tampico. This control has existed since 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

The last thing the retreating Federals did was to blow up their barracks at noon Wednesday. The purpose of this was to deprive the inrushing Constitutionalists of the arms and ammunition stored there and hold back the victors until men of the Federal army could be placed on a military train for San Luis Potosi under cover of the guns of the Mexican gunboats in the river.

Before entering the Panuco River yesterday with the dispatch boat Dolphin and the cruiser Des Moines Admiral Mayo had a conference with the Captains of the two small Mexican gunboats, the Bravo and the Zaragoza, which were forced to descend the river after the Constitutionalists captured the city. After conferring with the Federal officers Admiral Mayo decided to proceed up the river to Tampico.

Much Damage to Buildings.

It was his purpose on arriving at Tampico to confer with Gen. Gonzales and ascertain the purposes of the Constitutionalists respecting the holding of Tampico, the restoration of law and order, and the protection of the oil properties, and to render aid to the wounded of both sides in the battle of Tampico. Messages from Admiral Mayo indicated that the casualties in the battle were very heavy, both in killed and wounded, and that great damage was done to the buildings of the city by the artillery fire of the combatants.

The text of Admiral Badger's dispatch yesterday afternoon, announcing that Admiral Mayo had ascended the river, was as follows:

"Conditions are generally quiet in Tampico to-day. Have received word from Admiral Mayo that he entered the Panuco River with the Des Moines and the Dolphin at 11 o'clock this morning; that he is using the Des Moines as his flagship, and that he is going to report further later."

Confirmation of the report of the fall of Tampico was received by the Department in a dispatch early yesterday morning from Admiral Badger. The text of the dispatch was announced in paraphrase, as follows:

Federal Gunboats Leave Tampico.

"Admiral Badger transmits from Admiral Mayo a dispatch saying that at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Tampico appeared to be in the hands of the rebels, and the indications were the Federals had evacuated. At that time the gunboat Vera Cruz was still up the river by the railroad bridge. An apparently authentic report was received that the Federal troops blew up their barracks at 11:15, before retiring from the city.

"By 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the firing had practically ceased, and only a few shots were heard occasionally. The Captains of the gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza, which came down the river at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, have asked Admiral Mayo for an interview. Admiral Mayo has informed them that he will receive them on board the battleship Connecticut. The weather has rapidly moderated."

Admiral Badger notified the Navy Department at 11:30 o'clock last night that the Mexican Federal gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza had left the bar outside the mouth of the Panuco River, which leads to Tampico. One of the warships was being towed by the Tampico, which is a large oceangoing tug, used for towing purposes about the Panuco River. The two gunboats were steaming south toward Tuxpam and would have to pass Lobos Island lighthouse to reach Tuxpam or any port in that direction.

Admiral Mayo was instructed by the Navy Department yesterday morning to keep a strict watch over the two Mexican gunboats. Accordingly, as soon as the small craft left the mouth of the Panuco, the cruiser Tacoma and the destroyers Warrington and Henley steamed southward, following the Bravo and Zaragoza, with instructions to report their destination. Admiral Badger has transferred his flag to the gunboat Dolphin, which was sent up the Panuco with the cruiser Des Moines. Five other foreign warships have also entered the Panuco and are now anchored off Tampico. They are the British cruisers Essex, Suffolk, and Hermione, the German cruiser Dresden, and the Dutch cruiser Kortenaer. These seven foreign vessels will be fully able, co-operating, to protect foreign interests at Tampico.

Don't Expect Recognition.

Some suggestions that the capture of Tampico would lead to the recognition of the Constitutionalists by the United States did not bring any encouragement from Administration officials. The Constitutionalists have not asked for formal recognition and have expressed themselves as satisfied with the unofficial recognition accorded to their cause through the fact that Senor Zubaran, the Minister of the Interior in Carranza's Cabinet, is in close communication with the State Department. Secretary Bryan said this afternoon that the matter of recognizing the Constitutionalists had not been reached yet, as he expressed it.

With the fall of Tampico an interesting question is presented. It concerns the attitude of the United States if the Huerta gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza should return from Tuxpam with renewed stores of ammunition and attempt to declare a blockade of Tampico.

Admiral Badger had hardly transmitted to Washington the news he received from Admiral Mayo of the evacuation of the city yesterday before word came that the commanders of the Mexican Federal gunboats had asked for a conference with Admiral Mayo. It was intimated here that their purpose might be to inform him of orders to blockade the port against the shipment of arms and ammunition to the Constitutionalists. The Navy Department denied having any such information.

There is no doubt, it is explained, that Huerta has a right to declare a blockade as to arms and munitions of war shipped to the enemies of the Federal Government. The main question would be whether he had sufficient force to make this blockade complete and effective. The two or three available small gunboats would no doubt be able to deal with merchantmen entering the harbor for the purpose of landing arms and could effectively maintain a blockade if there was no interference by the United States.

Whole Rebel Campaign Changed.

The circumstances of the capture of Tampico has made an important change in their general military campaign. Instead of turning Tampico over to a Constitutionalist garrison, and then going to Monterey to join in Villa's attack on the forces of Joaquin Maass at Saltillo, Gen. Gonzalez, the victor at Tampico, decided to pursue the Federals retreating toward San Luis Potosi.

This change will bring Villa's forces for their first juncture with Gonzalez's forces in the neighborhood of San Luis Potosi for the final assault on that town. If Gonzalez is able to overtake and defeat Zaragoza's fleeing troops it is his purpose, after disposing of them, to join the Constitutionalist flying squadron commanded by Gens. Carraro Torres and Candido Aguilar and go to San Luis Potosi. Meanwhile, Villa will advance southward from Saltillo after taking that place and join Gonzalez, Torres, and Aguilar.

The Constitutionalists were hopeful of capturing Gen. Zaragoza and his army, but were disappointed. But the Federal forces, while amply supplied with artillery, machine guns, and rifles, ran short of ammunition, and this misfortune, coupled with the additional one of being inexpert in the use of machine guns and artillery, turned the tide of battle against them.

On the other hand, the Constitutionalists were expert in the handling of their machine guns and artillery, and tried to make their shots count every time.

Maass' Precarious Position.

It is pointed out that unless Gen. Joaquin Maass, who has been defending Saltillo, soon falls back on San Luis Potosi, he may not be able to reach that point. Success of the rebel compaign, now to be conducted by Gonzalez across country, from Tampico towards San Luis Potosi, would cut Gen. Maass' line of retreat from Saltillo toward San Luis Potosi. Whether Maass retreats or stands and gives battle, he will be in a quandary. Should he remain in Saltillo with his 4,000 men, they would have to face Villa's advancing army, 15,000 strong. Should he retreat toward San Luis Potosi, he would be followed up by Villa's army and cut off by Gens. Torres, Aguilar, and Gonzalez.

HUERTA GUNBOATS SAIL.

Bound for Puerto Mexico, Followed by Three American Ships.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—Details of the fall of Tampico have been anxiously awaited all day, but Vera Cruz has had to content itself with fragmentary reports, on account of the unfavorable atmospheric conditions, which have almost paralyzed wireless communication.

The information received, however, indicates that the rebels are behaving well in the captured city and that orderly conditions prevail.

Admiral Mayo, reporting to Admiral Badger, stated that he had shifted his flag from the Connecticut to the Dolphin and in the latter proceeded up the river to Tampico at 11 this morning. The Des Moines accompanied the Dolphin.

Before going up the river Admiral Mayo had a conference with the Mexican naval commander, who said that he was going to sea, bound for Puerto Mexico, one of the last ports on the Atlantic side held by Huerta. Admiral Mayo told him that if he did he would send American ships after him.

Thereupon at 2 o'clock this afternoon the Mexican gunboats Zaragoza and Bravo sailed south, followed by the American gunboat Tacoma and two destroyers.

One wireless message that got through was addressed to the German Consul at Vera Cruz by the commander of the German cruiser Dresden, and read:

"The besieging forces have taken the city. The Government forces have retreated toward San Luis Potosi, after sharp fighting. Everything is very quiet here."

A second wireless message from the commander of the Dresden reported continued quiet at Tampico, but gave no details.

It is reported from authoritative sources that the British throughout the Tampico fighting considered America practically a belligerent power, communicating to Admiral Mayo only such information as concerned the safety of property and the lives of the non-combatants, and not informing him regarding any of the military activity, except to report the fall of the town.

This is practically all that is known here regarding the actual conditions in Tampico. It is believed, however, that the British Foreign Office will receive a report for transmission to Washington.

The fall of Tampico is not expected to have much effect on the internal situation, unless the rebels are allowed to obtain munitions of war through the port. This is not expected here since Huerta is barred from getting arms.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—A violent electrical storm in the vicinity of Tampico has rendered the wireless virtually useless, and only meagre details of the situation at that port, which was evacuated yesterday by the Federals, were received here to-day.

The plight of the Federals under Gen. Zaragoza, who are retiring in the direction of San Luis Potosi along the railroad from Tampico, is considered by those who know the country to be most serious.

The Constitutionalists have overrun the territory about San Luis Potosi and control a considerable portion of the railroad. Northward toward the Federal lines the country is rugged and barren, and probably impassable to the weary veterans of Tampico, which has long been under siege.

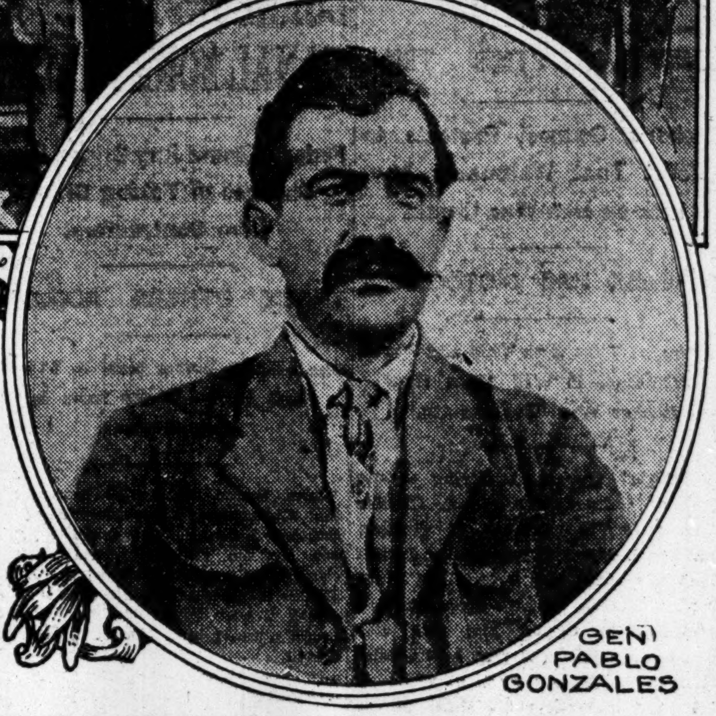
In Zaragoza's rear are Constitutionalist forces, elated by victory and ready to press after him. The general belief here is that the little force of Federals will be cut to pieces before it reaches the lines south of San Luis Potosi.

News was received to-day that the warning of the Constitutionalist leader, Gen. Caballero, of his purpose to attack Tampico with artillery and force a surrender, was given to the commander of the British cruiser Hermione on May 9. Foreign residents immediately began to go aboard the various ships. It is reported that all foreigners left the city with the exception of a little group of Americans, who chose to remain.

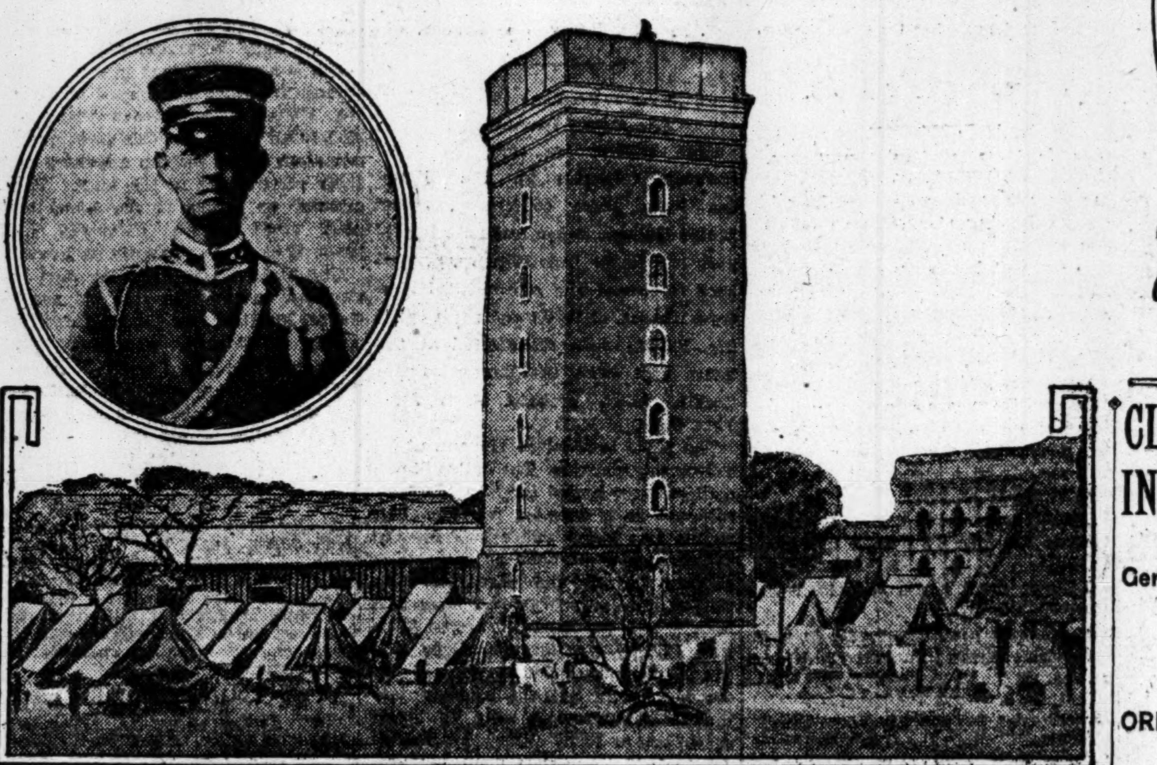
Within the city native demonstrations of a patriotic nature occurred frequently before the attack began. A few recruits had reached Gen. Zaragoza, but the rebel forces had increased to 5,000, with twelve field guns, making the odds against the Federals hopeless. The ammunition supply aboard the Federal gunboats had been greatly reduced, and this is considered the probable cause of Zaragoza's determination to evacuate the city and attempt to cut his way through the rebel lines about San Luis Potosi

The Victors at Tampico

GEN. PABLO GONZALES (X) AND HIS STAFF



GEN PABLO GONZALES



THE PUMPING STATION OF THE WATER WORKS AT TEJAR (INSERT IN CIRCLE) - PRIVATE SAM PARKS. Photo © by Underwood & Underwood

Farthest American Outpost Outside Vera Cruz

THINK OIL FIELDS SAFE.

Officials See an End to All Foreign Complications.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Administration has lost no time in addressing representations to the victorious Constitutionalists to obtain protection for the American and other foreign operatives returning to the Tampico oil wells. Secretary Bryan has been giving much attention to the status of the foreign oil operators. The British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, and Mr. Van Rappard, the Netherlands Minister, after a long conference at the State Department, went away expressing their staisfaction at the outcome of the meeting. It is understood that satisfactory assurances had been received as to the safety of the workmen and tanks, removing for the present danger of foreign complications on that score.

The question of the imposition by the Constitutionalists of an export tax on the oil, which in normal times is shipped from Vera Cruz at the rate of 30,000 barrels per day, was not touched on in the conference, and it is believed that as long as the de facto authorities at Tampico confine themselves to the collection of the tax fixed in the original Mexican law there will be no organized protest, even though it has been alleged that this tax was not actually exacted by the Huerta Government.

Another phase of the complicated situation that attracted much attention was the embarrassment which success brought to the Constitutionalists in the form of demands for compensation for losses to foreigners within their sphere of influence. Foreign Governments are pressing these with increasing force, as the Constitutionalists establish themselves as responsible masters of Northern Mexico.

CLOSING IN ON HUERTA.

Tampico's Fall Regarded as the Beginning of the End.

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—With the fall of Tampico the line of advance of the Constitutional forces toward the south has been drawn from coast to coast, and they now dominate more than half the Republic of Mexico.

Observers here express the opinion that the taking of Tampico forms one of the closing scenes of the Dictatorship of Gen. Huerta. Even if he maintains order in Mexico City, they think that Villa's guns will soon be thundering in the suburbs, and that Huerta will be fleeing with the remnant of his army to Puebla, there to make a last stand.

Of all the important railroads in Mexico only those running from the capital to Puerto Mexico, Salina Cruz, and Manzanillo remain completely under Federal control.

Within sixty miles of Mexico City Emiliano Zapata and his lawless followers rule the entire State of Morelos.

Farther south the brothers Figueroa and an army of bandits are running riot through the State of Guerrero.

To the west of the capital the railroad to Manzanillo is open, but American warships dominate the port, while to the east of Mexico City Vera Cruz is cut off and with it the whole stretch of wild country northward to Tampico.

According to the best information obtainable here, Gen. Villa is besieging San Luis Potosi, if that city has not already fallen into the hands of the Constitutionalists.

The last American refugees who arrived here from San Luis Potosi left there with the sound of distant firing, marking the end of a twenty-day truce which accompanied the Constitutionalists' demand for the evacuation of the city. The Federal commander, Gen. Joaquin Maass, evidently had refused the chance to march out with his troops and had begun a battle against heavy odds.

Saltillo, Monterey, Victoria, and Tampico are now in the possession of the Constitutionalists, and the whole of the surrounding territory has been swept clear of Federal troops. The way is thus opened for the concentration of the Constitutionalists from the eastern to the western coast for their final march from San Luis Potosi on to the capital, 250 miles to the south.

In Mexico City itself revolt against Gen. Huerta's rule is seething. Constitutionalist agents work openly with handbills, while their orators inflame the citizens against the dictator.

The anger displayed against Huerta by the citizens has recently been increased by his action in sending to the north to fight against Villa those of the better element of the citizens who enlisted in the army to fight against the American troops after Vera Cruz had been occupied. Flagrantly false statements of what happened at Vera Cruz were employed to influence these men to join the Federal army.

Discounting the tales of the probable looting of the capital by the followers of Villa and Zapata after its fall, many Americans here who are deeply interested in the fate of the city base their hopes for civilized procedure on the part of the Constitutionalists upon the reported influence which has been won over Gen. Villa by Gen. Felipe Angeles, the famous artilleryman, since he joined the cause of the Constitutionalists.

Gen. Angeles is a highly educated man of a calm temperament. His influence is said already to have done much with the better element of the Constitutionalist army, and is counted upon to save the capital from vandalism and the needless killing of non-combatants.

OIL MEN GOING TO TAMPICO.

Hear at Brownsville That Rebels Guarantee Protection.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, May 14.—Details of the taking of Tampico were to-day received in an official dispatch to Col. J. Ricaut, Constitutionalist commander in Matamoras.

The Federal forces under Gen. Zaragosa fled under cover of a downpour of rain, being followed by the forces of Gens. Pablo Gonzales and Luis Caballero.

Ten cannon and fourteen machine guns were planted to the north of the city on Monday night by Constitutionalists, the official version says. On Tuesday morning a heavy fire from the machine guns was poured into the defending Federal forces. The Constitutionalists' cannon played havoc with the Federal intrenchments.

The Federal gunboats seem to have lost their effectiveness, and the Constitutionalists say they paid little attention to them in the latter part of the fight. Two of the Federal gunboats steamed down the Panuco River. To-day's reports said one gunboat was aground last night.

A large number of Tampico oil men here said to-day they would start for the Tampico fields at once. Practically none of the buildings in the city proper was damaged, it was asserted. The oil properties also are reported safe.

The total force of Constitutionalists taking part in the attack on the city numbered about 7,000 men, under Gens. Pablo Gonzales, Luis Caballero, Cesario Castro, and Augustin Castro. The total number of killed, from reports received at Matamoras, is placed at 300.

Last night the streets of Tampico were patrolled by Constitutionalist cavalry. Invitations already have been issued to foreigners to return to the city and resume their business affairs under guarantee of protection by Gen. Gonzales. Saloons were ordered closed until further notice.

Statements by the commanders at Tampico indicate that little time will be lost in closing in on San Luis Potosi and Saltillo. Tampico advices were that the Constitutionalists hoped to capture these two cities within two weeks at the latest.

CLEANS VERA CRUZ IN SEVENTEEN HOURS

Gen. Funston Does the Job Thoroughly with 3,000 Soldiers.

ORDERS BURNING OF REFUSE

Violation of Sanitary Rules Punished by Imprisonment—Gambling Made a Crime.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—Gen. Funston's house and street cleaning department has made a great record. Every house has been cleaned; every puddle has been filled; every street and by-way have been flushed clear; all refuse has been incinerated, and every mosquito breeding place oiled or abolished.

Three thousand men working in a perfect system of relays did the work in seventeen hours. As the result, Vera Cruz to-day is the cleanest place in the tropics.

Proprietors of hotels and cafés have been told that if their places are not kept clean they will be closed, and fines will be imposed. The scale of punishment provides: For permitting refuse to gather without incineration, twenty days in jail; ten days for allowing cesspools to form, and five days for expectoration. The summary procedure would be a lesson in efficiency to American cities.

Gambling has been made a criminal offense.

Boxing bouts for the championship of the Navy, Army, and Marine Corps are to be held on Monday.

The outposts are quiet, and there are no signs of Mexican military activities.

Refugees from Mexico City report that Huerta is the hardest working man in the capital. He has discarded his silk hat and black coat and is wearing a gray business suit and soft hat. He is spending much time traveling in an automobile from one barracks to another to inspect the troops and learn their progress in drilling. He breakfasts frequently at the Country Club, where few Americans appear.

Much anxiety is felt here as to the fate of A. J. Sutton, the photographer of The Washington Post, and Doster, a Hearst correspondent, both of whom are in the interior, and no word has been received from them since they were reported to have started for Vera Cruz. As they have not arrived here it is believed that they may be at Puerto Mexico awaiting a ship to take them away.

Many refugees who intended to remain here only a short time expecting to be able to return to their homes, are going to the United States, because of the unlikelihood of any immediate action tending to re-establish peace.

The army and navy are beginning to organize social activities, evidently expecting a long stay here. The troopers of some regiments have already organized regimental classes and engaged assembly rooms.

BLANQUET ON PARKS CASE.

War Minister Says He Knows Nothing of Soldier's Fate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—Gen. Blanquet, the Minister of War, said tonight that no report had been made to him relative to the case of Private Parks, and that he knew nothing about it.

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—José Manuel Cardoza de Oliveira, Brazilian Minister to Mexico, has already protested to Gen. Huerta's Government against the execution by his troops of Private Samuel Parks, the American infantryman who disappeared from the lines at Vera Cruz. This is reported by passengers who arrived here to-day from the capital. No formal admission of any irregularity in regard to the death of Parks was made, but among the Mexican military men at Cordoba last night there was some gossip that the shooting of Parks had much to do with the substitution of Gen. Gustavo Maass by Gen. Garcia Pena, with Gen. Rubio Navarette in charge of the field operations.

The Brazilian diplomat spoke with Gen. Aureliano Blanquet, Minister of War, over the telephone. The reply of Gen. Blanquet was non-committal, but an order for the withdrawal of Gen. Maass from Cordoba was issued immediately, and Gen. Pena was sent forward.

A further indication of the conciliatory attitude of the Federal Government was displayed in the readiness with which the Minister of War gave passports to the seven railroad men from Orizaba who had been subjected to imprisonment and insults for more than a week. They arrived here on a refugee train this morning, with their families.

J. E. Hinton, an aged locomotive engineer, suffered more than any of the other railroad men. He was kept in jail for six days and had nothing to eat and drink but bread and water.

All the men were accused by Gen. Maass of tampering with locomotives in order to disable them.

Permission was obtained for two of the men to go to the capital for passports. When they appeared before Gen. Blanquet he gave them a signed document for the whole party without any questioning or delay.

Consul Canada is disturbed over the detention of a Cuban messenger who was sent out to Gen. Maass' lines with a letter urging the release of Admiral Fletcher's Filipino servant, who wandered out into Mexican territory and has been held by the Federals for more than a week. The Cuban has been gone for four days, and it is learned that he, too, is held by the Federals. The Cuban also bore a note to Gen. Maass regarding the Mexican General's personal property which he abandoned when he withdrew from the city on the landing of the Americans. The authorities are anxious to return the property or make what disposition of it Gen. Maass may wish.

Workmen are busy throughout the city removing the traces of bullet and shell fire resulting from the two days' fighting before the city was cleared of snipers. The gaping holes in the Benito Juarez Tower over the Municipal Museum, where the bluejackets planted three shells the first day, have been repaired. Private houses, except those on the water front, torn by the ships' guns, have virtually been restored, and only a few bullet scars at various points remain for the curious to inspect.

OUR PEACE PARLEYS PLEASE GERMANY

Foreign Minister von Jagow Expresses the Government's Gratification.

SOME DISSENT IN REICHSTAG

Clerical Leader Suspects Us of Land Grabbing—Radical Wants No "Second Cuba."

BERLIN, May 14.—Brief reference to the Mexican situation was made by Gottlieb von Jagow, the German Foreign Minister, in his survey of Germany's foreign relations addressed to the Imperial Parliament to-day. He said the German Government was gratified that the Government of the United States, with which Germany continued to have the best relations, had decided to accept the peace proffer of Argentina, Brazil, and Chile.

He said that the uncertainties of the Mexican situation had been accentuated by the conflict which had arisen between Mexico and the United States, while the business and personal interests of German subjects had been affected to a high degree by the civil war in Mexico.

The German Government, according to the Foreign Minister, has been exerting itself in behalf of the personal security of its subjects in Mexico, and its efforts hitherto have been crowned with success. With reference to the losses of property by Germans in Mexico, Germany, the Foreign Minister said, would state its position after the establishment of peace. Preparatory steps in that direction have already been taken.

Turning to the South American republics, Herr von Jagow expressed satisfaction at the friendly reception accorded to Prince Henry of Prussia and to the German war vessels on their recent visit. He added:

"The warmth of this reception proves that the people there are convinced of the sincerity of our wish to promote trade relations with those thriving countries without ulterior political designs."

Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the Clerical Party, in the course of the debate which followed the Foreign Minister's speech, said:

"The incidents in Mexico prove that the United States is trying to extend her borders to the south. Distrust of the United States has been augmented through her demand upon the South American republics to free themselves from the domination of European capital, whereas the North American trusts may enter them undisturbed."

"All the European powers," said George Gotbein, a Radical member, "have an interest in seeing that the United States does not make out of Mexico a second Cuba. We must demand the open door there, too, for Mexico's resources are very great, and promise a big future. The extension of the Monroe Doctrine to the whole of business interests is very dangerous."

Herr Gothein referred to the enormous saving made by the United States through lack of a standing army of European dimensions, and added: "In that direction lies the real American danger. If we in Europe do not want to abdicate in business matters, we must change our policy."

GREY IS NOT INTERFERING.

Denies Report That He Has a New Mexican Peace Policy.

LONDON, May 14.—A denial was issued to-day by the Foreign Office of the report, published in this morning's Standard, that Sir Edward Grey had predicted the failure of the peace conference at Niagara Falls and had promised to indicate an alternative line of policy in Mexico.

The official statement declares that The Standard's report is without foundation.

ORDERS TO COAST ARTILLERY.

Six Thousand to Prepare for Possible Service in Mexico.

Orders have been issued by the War Department for 6,000 Coast Artillery stationed along the Atlantic Coast to hold themselves in readiness for departure for Galveston or Vera Cruz. It is the intention of the Government, it is said, to add two brigades to the troops intended for possible service in Mexico. The provisional regiments, it is said, will be organized as infantry. Each artillery post will be called upon to furnish a certain number of men.

Col. John Barrette, commanding at Fort H. G. Wright, near New London, received his orders late Wednesday night. Receipt of the orders was followed by a midnight conference. From that district will go eight companies and the Eleventh Corps Band. These men, according to present plans, will be taken to Galveston by rail, or direct to Mexico by transport.

Army activities here yesterday centred in the loading and fitting out of the newly chartered transports and supply ships. The Minnesotan, loading in South Brooklyn, is to carry 15,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Most of this consignment was taken aboard yesterday, and it was said that she would be able to get away early this morning.

The Panaman may get away before the week ends. She will carry, besides ammunition, supplies for the cavalry, including blankets, saddles, and other equipment. The Panaman will anchor in Gravesend Bay outward bound and take on shrapnel.

TO PRAY FOR MEXICAN PEACE.

Bishop Cranston Requests All Methodists to Unite in Petition.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Prayers for the success of the South American powers in composing the Mexican situation were requested in all Methodist Episcopal Churches on Sunday, May 17, in a communication addressed to the churches to-day by Earl Cranston, senior Bishop of the Church. The Bishops, in session in Philadelphia recently, commended the President for accepting the peace proposals. In his statement Bishop Cranston said:

"In view of the fact that the representatives of the mediating powers, and of the two Governments concerned, are to open their negotiations at Niagara Falls, Ontario, on Monday, May 18, Bishop Earl Cranston of Washington, as senior Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, earnestly desires all district Superintendents and pastors of the Church to pray publicly in the congregations on Sunday, the 17th, and to exhort all the people to continue to pray in private for the divine blessing upon the efforts of the mediators, and for the spirit of conciliation and good-will among the representatives of the Governments concerned, to the end that peace may prevail and friendly relations be perpetuated.

"The hour is critical and the Church may render great service by such outpourings of faith and good-will. This is the Master's way."

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Returning, leaves Washington, 4:35 P. M.

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VERA CRUZ WOUNDED TELL OF FIGHTING

Women and Children Among the Snipers, Say Men Brought Here on the Solace.

SOFT-NOSE BULLETS' HAVOC

Thirty Snipers Who Fired on Red Cross Executed—Ship Brings 102 Wounded and Three Dead.

The hospital ship Solace arrived at the Navy Yard in Brooklyn yesterday with 102 sick or wounded from Vera Cruz. Of these patients sixty-eight—five sick and sixty-three wounded—were transferred to the Naval Hospital in Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn. The others are so far convalescent that they will return to their stations when the Solace sails again for Mexican waters, which will be in a very few days.

On board when the hospital ship came alongside her pier were three flag-draped coffins. They contained the bodies of Henry Pulliam of Virginia and Clarence Rex Harshbarger of Waverly, N. Y., who died as a result of their wounds, and Hunter Dobson of New York, a seaman on the Louisiana, who died from appendicitis. The three died after the Solace had started for New York. There was another death on the voyage. A waiter named Bateros from the Hotel Diligencia died of a wound and was buried at sea.

The wounded brought stories of the fighting in Vera Cruz—of the snipers and of how men, women, and children took pot shots at our men as they advanced through the streets of Vera Cruz. That there were not more dead, they said, was because the snipers did not dare to show their heads. In most cases they simply reached their guns around corners or over roof edges and let go without taking aim.

Of the sixty-three wounded men in the hospital, three had legs amputated, two lost arms, and others are so wounded that their fighting days are over.

The Solace arrived alongside her pier in the navy yard about 7 A. M.. There was waiting a corps of medical attendants and surgeons from the Naval Hospital. Medical Inspector L. L. von Wedekind, in charge, reported that nearly all of the patients were doing well. In nearly every case, it is believed, the danger of blood poison is past. The nature of the wounds shows that some Mexicans resorted to the use of soft-nose and copper-jacketed bullets. In many cases, the men say, the snipers filed the jacket thin at the end and cut crosses there so that when striking the charge would spread out and inflict terrible injuries.

Batch of 30 Snipers Executed.

The Mexicans, according to the stories told by the men, not only used the Red Cross symbol to shield their sniping activities, but also failed to respect the Red Cross and fired upon the men detailed to that work as they were gathering up the dead and wounded. In one case, it is said, thirty snipers who were proved to have fired upon the Red Cross were, after a twenty-minute court-martial, taken out at sunrise and executed. August Ebel and H. E. Holsinger, marines from the Utah, told the story.

"I was shot on April 23," said Ebel. "The men from the Utah were in the thick of things on that day. We were moving through the town, opening up the houses and searching for snipers and for arms and ammunition. As we moved along, the shots kept coming, now from this direction and now from that. The streets were deserted except for our men and we could only see, once in awhile, a hat, perhaps at the edge of a building. A rifle or a revolver would be pushed over the edge of a roof or around a corner and fired with no regard to aim.

"We were pounding upon a door and I had turned to watch down the street when a volley was fired through the door. I was shot three times in the back. Beside me was Rufus Percy. As I fell I saw him throw up his arms and tumble down beside me. It seemed to me that the whole top of his head was carried away.

"The shots were coming all around me, and I decided that if I continued to lie there I would be killed. I managed to get to a sitting position, and then I almost got it again. See here!"

The marine drew up one of his feet and showed his right shoe. Half the heel had been carried away by a bullet.

"I fell back," he continued. "Then a Red Cross man came. He stooped to pick me up, and as he did so some sniper's bullet struck him in the heel."

Holsinger was sent with the guard which took possession of the waterworks on the outskirts of the city. This done, the men worked in toward the centre of the town, cleaning out the snipers. Holsinger was wounded on the second day of the fighting. Sometimes, he said, the men had to lie flat in the street to escape the snipers' fire. At other times they would be advancing in an almost oppressive silence up a deserted street when a fire would be opened upon them from perhaps a score of roofs. Holsinger said that when the wounded, including himself, were being carried to the rear, the snipers fired upon them as they lay helpless on a flat car.

Fight at the Naval Academy.

With a bullet hole through his knee, H. J. Kappler, a seamen from the South Carolina, is in bed in the hospital. Keppler was wounded in the fight at the Naval Academy. He was kneeling in the street firing when a bullet struck him. With sixty other bluejackets from the South Carolina he was on duty in the artillery section.

"We landed in the darkness," he said, "and were moved to the Post Office Building. Here we stayed until daylight. Then we were ordered into the city. We had got to the Custom House before a shot was fired at us, but then they began to come! There was some firing when we turned the corner at the Naval Academy. Half of our party got around the corner, and then the Mexicans in the Academy opened up on us. After that it was getting around the corner the best way we could. We all got around. We could not see those who were attacking us. Every once in a while a little cloud of brick and stone dust would show where a hole had been made for shooting through. We would promptly plug the hole.

"Ensign Obers went right along with us, and I want to say he was fine. No place was too bad for him to go into. I had just fired at a hole in the wall from which shots had been coming when I got mine. I was kneeling and was reaching around to my cartridge clip, when it was just as though some one had come up and struck me in the leg with a baseball bat. I fell forward. The bearers came, and I was taken away.

"It was not like fighting an enemy in the open—it was worse. We had to be constantly on the watch; not only men, but women also, were firing at us, and children, too, some of them so small that they could hardly get their guns in position."

Met Fatal Wound With a Jest.

John Schumacher, the Brooklyn boy who was killed, died with a smile and a joke.

"Schumacher was one of the happiest men in the fleet," said Nathan Schwartz, who was with Schumacher when he was wounded. "Schumacher commanded the machine gun party at the first landing, and I was with him. We had hardly landed when I got hit in the arm. It was only a scratch and I kept right on. Schumacher stumbled and fell. We helped him up. He had been struck in the chest. He said it was only a slight touch and kept on.

"We got to the corner of a street when Schumacher turned, struck again. His revolver arm fell to his side, and with his other hand he took hold of the gun-carriage wheel. 'These Greasers make their bullets slippery with their grease,' he said with a laugh. He became unconscious, and an hour and a half afterward he was dead."

Robert Emmet Lee of the Vermont came limping ashore on crutches. He is a son of Mrs. Rose Lee, a widow, of 792 Eighth Avenue. Carried off after him was George Kinsman, his comrade, also from the Vermont. Kinsman had lost his right leg. These two boys went ashore with the landing party early on the morning of April 22.

"We were in one of the eight squads sent ashore by the Vermont," said Lee. "We landed at the dock facing the Naval Academy and started toward it in the darkness. We did not think much of the danger as we advanced or while we lay waiting for the light. Near us was an old boathouse which appeared to be deserted. Suddenly shots began to come from it. We lay down and then advanced and took the boathouse. It was deserted."

"It wasn't deserted for long," said Kinsman, taking up the story. "About 9:30 shots came from the boathouse again, and we were ordered to advance and take it. Not a soul was to be seen. As we moved forward shots came again, but as we ran the last half block toward it there was no more shooting. When we hammered in the door there was no one there.

Killed 15 Mexicans in Boat House.

"We moved off again, waiting to advance. After half an hour a single shot came from the boat house. We turned in that direction and as we did so several shots came. We advanced this time in a way to close in upon the boat house. We could see rifles under the eves. Then these were withdrawn. This time the snipers could not get away as we closed in, and we had them fast in the trap. In the boat house we found fifteen Mexicans. They were backed up against a wall and shot to death.

"Some distance away from the boathouse," Kinsman continued, "there was another house. Earlier in the day a sniper slunk out of the boathouse, rifle in hand, and attempted to gain the cover of the other house. We saw him. I brought my gun up and covered him. So did others. We waited, followed him with our rifle barrels until he reached the door of the house. 'Let her go,' I shouted, and we did. The man curled up, dead."

C. L. Doyle, messenger for Capt. Rush of the Florida and in charge of the landing party, went through a hail of bullets which riddled his canteen but did not wound him, and then was nearly killed by being run down by an automobile and a trolley car. Doyle was beside Capt. Rush when the firing from the Naval Academy became deadly. He was detailed to take a message to the Prairie asking her commander to open up with his big guns. The messenger got to the launch, although he was fired upon. He delivered his message, and while he was returning to shore the Prairie's guns began to silence the Mexicans. Doyle was struck by the automobile as he turned a corner in the city. Then the trolley car struck him.

Doyle described the fire on the Naval Academy.

"The shots took effect nearly every time. We could see the bodies of the Mexicans come tumbling out of the windows. It seemed to me there must have been twenty bodies under some of the windows. The Mexicans," he added, "are using soft-nise bullets and they are filing thin the ends of the copper-jacketed ones."

Boatswain McCoy's Bravery.

Those on the Solace had much to tell of the bravery of Chief Boatswain McCoy of the Florida. He was in charge of the launches towing the whaleboats between ships and shore. On one trip, when the boats were close inshore, McCoy was shot in the ankle, but would not leave his post. Twice the striking of a steam pipe on a launch rendered it useless and McCoy was obliged to transfer to another boat. Thus he continued his work until it was done.

The snipers, McCoy said, fired upon the temporary hospital on the pier. Others told of having seen snipers firing from a house above which floated the Red Cross flag.

"It was anywhere to get a shot at us," one of the men explained.

C. A. Gilman, 20 years old, was a messenger on the Arkansas.

"We landed two battalions early in the morning of the second day's fighting," he said. "It was pretty trying going ashore in the darkness, especially as every once in awhile there would be the sound of a rifle shot. We formed in the dark and sought shelter to wait until light came. I saw a barrel and I crouched down behind it to fire. It was near a house flying the Red Cross flag. I had a revolver. I stooped down to fire it, when a shot struck me in the shoulder. I looked up and saw the man who got me on the roof of the house with the Red Cross flag."

Ralph Jans of the Minnesota said that he, with others, was busy with a machine gun when they realized that they were under the fire of a concealed sniper.

"As we watched," he said, "we noticed an old man coming down the street. He limped, and he was old, and we thought he was on some mission of peace. One of the men noticed that he would disappear every once in a while, and about that time we would get several shots. We put two and two together and grabbed the old fellow. He had a revolver. When we searched him we found he had a cork leg. We unstrapped this and inside of it we found a compartment containing 200 revolver cartridges. He said he was proud of shooting Americans, had been a soldier under Diaz. A firing squad was assigned and the man was executed."

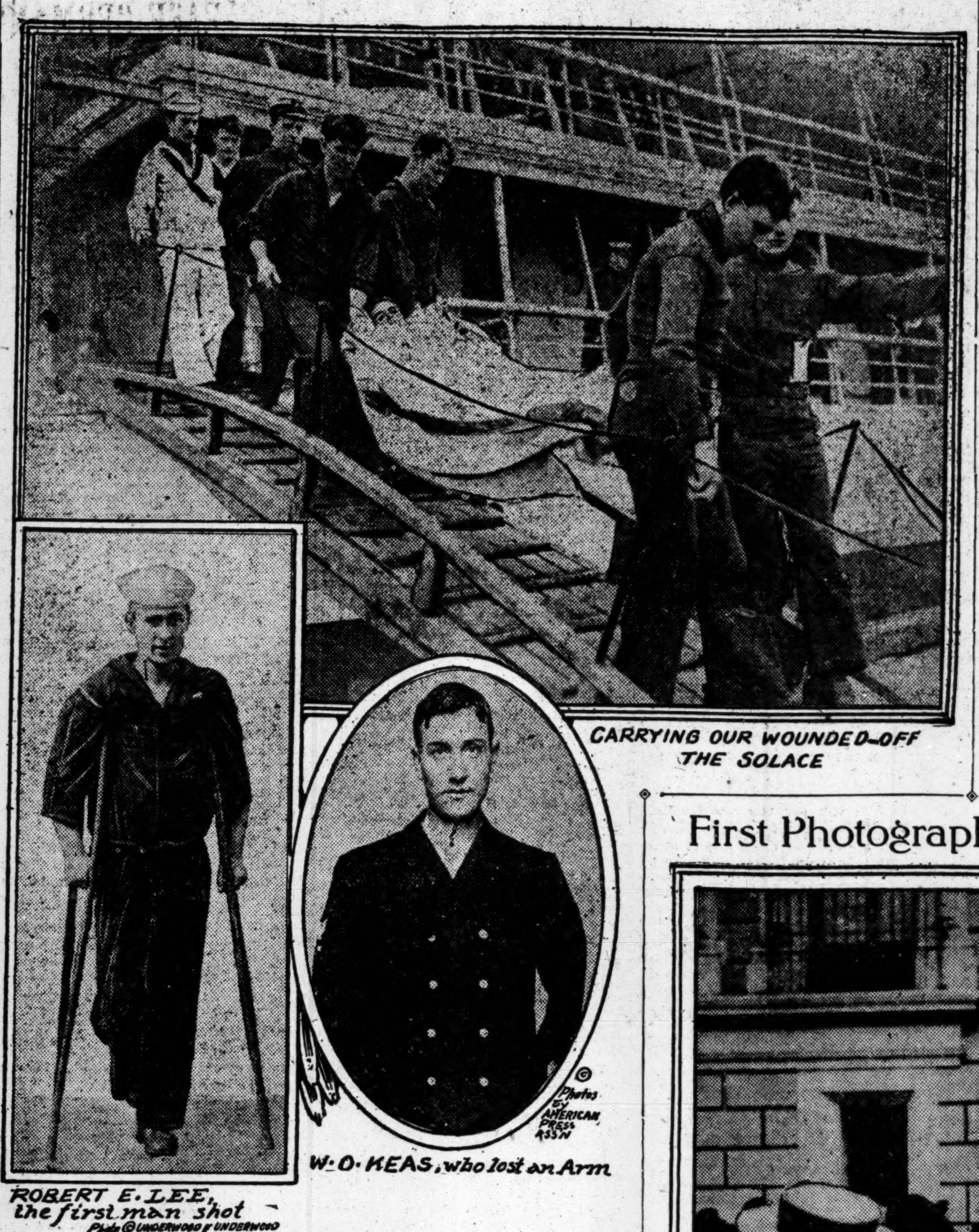
In searching for arms the men from the ships came to a house in which were gathered many women and children. All protested that they had gathered there only for protection and meant no harm. They seemed very much frightened. But the searchers found a rifle and two revolvers on the top floor, near the entrance to the roof. There was evidence that they had been used by snipers.

Yonkers Honors Seaman Mangels.

William H. Mangels of Yonkers, a seaman on the Utah, was welcomed by Chief of Police Daniel Wolff of Yonkers, as commander of Randolph Camp of Spanish War Veterans, and Commanders Henry C. Weeks and William Riley of Yonkers' Grand Army posts. The lad—he was only 19 years old—whose right arm was hit by a sniper's bullet while he was participating in an attack on the Hotel Mexico, was taken by the Yonkers men to the Elks Club for dinner. In the afternoon he was taken to Yonkers in an automobile and was greeted at the City Hall by Mayor James T. Lennon and Public Safety Commisioner James J. Fleming, who formally welcomed him on behalf of the city. The young man was greatly embarrassed by the to-do made over him.

"I can stand fighting better than this," he said.

Our Wounded Home From Vera Cruz.



CARRYING OUR WOUNDED OFF THE SOLACE

ROBERT E. LEE, the first man shot

Photo © UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

W. O. KEAS, who lost an Arm

Photos © AMERICAN PRESS ASSN

MORE AMERICANS REGISTER.

Many Decide to Remain in Mexico City—Roll from Monterey.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—The following Americans registered to-day up to noon at the Brazilian Legation, indicating their present intention of remaining in Mexico:

Mary A. Sartory and Dr. Franklin Arango, Orizaba, State of Vera Cruz; B. F. Bivins and Mr. Boatner, San Luis Potosi; C. A. Marosky and Tom Smith and wife, San Luis Potosi; George F. Sharpton, San Luis Potosi; Mrs. A. L. Sharpton, San Luis Potosi; A. T. S. Sharpton, San Luis Potosi; Henry H. Bartels, Toluca; E. George Duval, Edward Ching, W. L. Smith, and W. H. Simpton, San Luis Potosi; Albert E. Baird, J. W. Hall, and R. M. Healstead, San Luis Potosi; C. W. Murphy and Charles R. Adler, Aguascalientes; A. D. Kelshing and M. J. Phelan, Celaya, State of Guanajuato; E. E. Stillwell and wife and J. M. Fulton, Orizaba, State of Vera Cruz; William T. Mengel, W. C. McEwen, Morris F. Claffin and wife, O. P. H. Kipp, Mrs. C. Goodman, Alin B. Goodman, Clementine Goodman, Joseph Larre, Adams A. Weimer, E. Lafitte, A. Lafitte, Jeanette Lafitte, and Charles A. Pupan.

Thomas Lee, Mrs. T. R. Stockton, Lilly Bessie Stockton, Ida Edna Stockton, Fred Stockton, Ruth Stockton, J. R. McLane, James G. Minter, George Wilson Joseph Edward Burns, Mrs. Kate Steinbuch, Jerome Knowley, Charles J. Royce, G. I. Babcock, C. L. Hatchkiss, S. F. Fuller, Mrs. J. B. McManus and four children, and Byron McAfee.

The registration is now falling off, and it is not thought that many more names will be added to the lists. It is estimated that there are about 300 Americans in this city who have not and probably will not register.

A train is to leave here to-morrow night for Coatzacoalcos, chiefly for the accommodation of members of the Spanish colony who have planned to take passage by the Spanish Transatlantic Company's steamer the Alfonso XIII. for Spain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The American Consul at Matamoras to-day notified the State Department that these Americans remained in Monterey, Mexico:

Philip C. Hanna, American Consul General; Mrs. Mabel Hanna Davis, Mrs. J. A. Robertson, T. A. Robertson, Vice Consul General; Joseph Robertson, E. J. Wiggins, wife, and two children; Mr. and Mrs. Griggs, Mrs. Peterson, Thomas Cattell, Edward Gifford, Omar Bushnell, Charles Baxter, Mr. Nix, Mr. Hines, wife, and two children; Jake Leopold, W. E. Whitman, Mrs. Bertha Gant, J. H. Andrews, Theodore Moore, Dr. McDonald, Mr. Williams and family, Bernard Williams, Mr. Flynn, J. J. Murphy, Walter Houser, Charles Miller, W. R. Pierce and wife, Joseph Salsberg, W. B. Voorhies, L. F. Poston, wife, and daughter; George Schirmacher, wife, and two children; J., B. McMillan, H. C. Harrison, Garland Mayes and wife, Mr. King, Mr. Brabagh, Mr. Boughton and family, Mrs. Arthur Houser and three children, Mr. Serville and wife, and B. C. Bailey.

BURYING THE NAVY'S DEAD.

Home Folk Carry the Bodies of the Fallen to Their Graves.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—Daniel A. Haggerty, Corporal of Marines, who fell at Vera Cruz, was buried in Cambridge Cemetery with much ceremony to-day. More than 5,000 soldiers, sailors, marines, militiamen, and members of civic and fraternal organizations followed the caisson to the grave.

Schools were closed and business was suspended while the ceremonies were in progress. The body was taken this morning from the armory, in which it had lain in state, to St. Patrick's Church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated.

At the end of the services the procession was reformed and proceeded to the cemetery, passing City Hall, where 7,000 school children sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

CHICAGO, May 14.—Hundreds of soldiers and sailors in uniform to-day escorted the body of Samuel Meisenberg, the Chicago marine killed at Vera Cruz, to Waldheim Cemetery.

Gov. Dunne, Mayor Harrison, United States Senators Lewis and Sherman, scores of fraternal organizations and hundreds of citizens and public officials marched in the procession. A squad of marines from the Great Lakes naval training school at Lake Bluff, Ill., fired a salute as the body was lowered into the grave.

PITTSBURGH, May 14.—Business was suspended to-day while funeral services were conducted for Francis Patrick De Lowry, seaman of the U. S. S. New Hampshire, killed at Vera Cruz. Escorted by the Second Brigade, N. G. P., the body was taken from St. Paul's Roman Catholic Cathedral, where high requiem mass had been celebrated, to St. Mary's Cemetery, where it was interred. Schools were closed, the Stock Exchange ceased business, and even the courts paused during the funeral services.

Vice President Marshall, who reached Pittsburgh this morning to be the guest of the Pittsburgh Publicity Association, rode in the funeral procession.

THREAT TO SEIZE MINES.

Americans Must Resume Work in Parral or Lose Properties.

EL PASO, May 14.—Unless American and other foreign mine owners return to the Parral district and resume the operation of their properties within fifteen days the mines will be seized and operated for the benefit of the Mexican people, according to a notice which, it is said, was issued by Gen. Luis Herrera, Jefé de las Armas of the Parral district.

It is estimated that from $30,000,000 to $80,000,000 of foreign capital is invested in the Parral district. The mines produce a wide variety of ores, which are in constant demand at smelters throughout Mexico for fluxing purposes. It is said here the foreign mine owners are unwilling to go back under present conditions, and contemplate an appeal to the American State Department for protection for their properties.

DROP MORE BOMBS IN MAZATLAN ATTACK

Aeroplane Missiles Fall in Railroad Yards and in Federal Fortifications.

SAY GUNBOAT WAS HIT

But Guerrero, Another Report Asserts, Is at Salina Cruz on Mission for Huerta.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD FLAGSHIP CALIFORNIA AT MAZATLAN, May 14, (via San Diego.)—The rebels' biplane dropped bombs into the Southern Pacific Railroad yards at Mazatlan today. Snipers wounded a score of noncombatants. Five thousand persons are in the neutral zone. The Federal soldiers continue to desert.

By The Associated Press.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, Mazatlan, May 13, (Wireless to San Diego, Cal., May 14.)—Gen. Obregon's military aviators became effective again to-day in the battle that has been waged for many days at Mazatlan.

An aeroplane circling about the Federal entrenchments dropped bombs with considerable accuracy into the fortifications. They exploded directly within the Federal lines, but the extent of the casualties was not reported in the city.

The presence of the Mexican Federal gunboat Guerrero at Salina Cruz, the Pacific Coast terminal of the Tehuantepec Railroad, which was reported to the commander of the Pacific fleet to-day, gives rise to much conjecture.

When the Guerrero left Mazatlan she had aboard the city officials and various other refugees who had found that Gen. Obregon's Constitutionalist troops did not make for their comfort. Ostensibly she left to take these refugees to a place of greater safety, in anticipation of the fall of Mazatlan.

The city officials, however, were landed at Manzanillo and proceeded thence to the capital, while the Guerrero hastened to Salina Cruz. It is suggested now that the gunboat may have gone to Salina Cruz to cover the landing of military equipment which, it is reported, is aboard vessels hovering along the Pacific Coast.

The theory that the Guerrero's departure from Mazatlan as a refugee ship was only a blind is strengthened by the fact that the line from Salina Cruz to Mexico City is the only railroad connecting the national capital with the coast, over which it would be safe to attempt to make a shipment of ammunition.

DURANGO, Mexico, May 14.—The Federal gunboat Guerrero was disabled by bombs dropped by an aeroplane piloted by Capt. Salinas Carranza, a nephew of Gen. Venustiano Carranza, according to a report to Gen. Carranza received to-day from Gen. Alvaro Obregon, commanding the Constitutionalists' forces at Mazatlan. Capt. Carranza, who is chief of the aeroplane fleet, it is reported, received a slight flesh wound as he directed the fire of a battery of Constitutionalist artillery.

Gen. Obregon said the aeroplanes had done effective work in dropping bombs on the Federal intrenchments and had caused the abandonment of several strong positions. Gen. Obregon said his artillery was pouring a deadly fire into Mazatlan under protection of which his infantry was closing in on the town.

The Carranzista report that the Guerrero was disabled seems improbable in view of the circumstantial report from Mazatlan, which places the gunboat at Salina Cruz.

NO BAR TO BOMB ATTACK.

Mexico Failed to Ratify Declaration of Hague Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The practice of throwing high-explosive bombs and projectiles from aeroplanes, which the second Hague Conference discountenanced, is being continued by the Constitutionalist forces operating against the Mexican Federals on the west coast. The Mexican nation, however, has never ratified this ruling of the Hague Convention, and it is not binding upon either the Federals or the Constitutionalists.

The practice of dropping bombs from war aeroplanes, which began among the Constitutionalists at Mazatlan, has now extended to Manzanillo, according to a message which the Navy Department to-day received from Rear Admiral Howard. His message was the basis for this bulletin issued to-night by the Department:

> Continued activity of the war aeroplanes at Manzanillo is reported by Admiral Howard, who wires the department that two bombs were dropped in the intrenchments yesterday. Skirmishing continues, but apparently without decisive results.

Details were not given by Admiral Howard. From the paraphrase of his despatch, however, it would appear that this time the bombs were used against combatants without affecting non-combatants. Admiral Howard reported seven days ago that an aeroplane had dropped two bombs in the city of Mazatlan, killing three persons and wounding eight. As soon as Admiral Howard heard of the incident, he drew up a joint letter from himself and the Captain of the German cruiser Nuernberg, addressed to the Constitutionalist commander, informing him of the occurrence and requesting that a neutral zone for noncombatants be established.

The declaration in the convention adopted at the second Hague Conference of 1907 prohibiting the throwing of projectiles and explosives from balloons was:

> The contracting powers agree to prohibit, for a period extending to the close of the third Peace Conference, the discharge of projectiles and explosives from balloons or by other new methods of a similar nature.
>
> The present declaration is only binding on the contracting powers in case of war between two or more of them.
>
> It shall cease to be binding from the time when, in a war between the contracting powers, one of the belligerents is joined by a non-contracting power.

Mexico is one of the eleven nations participating in the Hague Conference that has never ratified this declaration. The Mexican Government refrained even from ratifying it "with reservations," or even from adhering to the declaration. The other ten nations which failed to ratify it were Japan, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Cuba, Denmark, France, Guatemala, Rumania, Russia, and Sweden.

Fourteen nations did ratify the anti-bomb-throwing declaration. They are the United States, Belgium, Bolivia, Great Britain, Haiti, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Panama, Portugal, Salvador, Siam, and Switzerland.

VATICAN WON'T INTERVENE.

Instructs Apostolic Delegate to Decline "A B C" Invitation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, May 15.—The Rome correspondent of The Morning Post says that Cardinal Merry del Val, Papal Secretary of State, has instructed Monsignor Bonzani, the Apostolic Delegate in Washington, to decline the invitation of the envoys of Argentina, Brazil, and Chile to join them in their attempt to make peace between the United States and Mexico.

Release an American Banker.

BISBEE, Ariz., May 14.—After forty-six days' imprisonment in Cananea on a charge of circulating counterfeit Constitutionalist currency in Sonora, B. S. Pelzer, an American citizen, arrived here last night. He was released under order of the Sonora Supreme Court, which dismissed the case. Fraternal orders made representations to Carranza. Mr. Pelzer expects to return to Cananea and re-engage in banking.

First Photographs From Mexico City Since Vera Cruz Was Seized.

CROWDS AWAITING NEWS AT THE WAR OFFICE

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Joseph H. Choate has for months been devoting very much of his time to the raising of an Endowment Fund of $300,000 for the NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND, of which he is the President.

Substantial progress has been made, nearly $220,000 having already been secured; and it is hoped that the full amount will be pledged before the first of June.

The undersigned, as a Committee, have undertaken to communicate this information to Members of the Bar of this city, so that they may be afforded the privilege and gratification of furthering the usefulness of an institution of which Mr. Choate is the honored head.

Subscriptions are payable on or before January 1st, 1915, at the option of the subscriber, and pledges may be sent to Mr. Choate, 8 East 63d Street, New York City.

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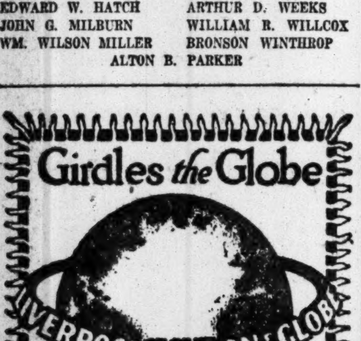

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VILLA SEES VICTORY AFTER SALTILLO

Mexico City Next, He Says, After He Captures the Town He Is Now Ready to Attack.

25,000 MEN IN HIS ARMY

But He Needs Ammunition and Suggests Commission to Determine the Amount.

Special to The New York Times.

CONSTITUTIONALIST HEADQUARTERS, Before Saltillo, May 14.—After Saltillo comes Mexico City. This is Villa's military programme condensed into five words, which were delivered at the commanding General's headquarters, near Estacion Paredon, at the rebel front before Saltillo.

Villa had been waiting for the news of Tampico's fall before ordering his trumpeter to blow the "Adelante," which meant the climax of the campaign against Huerta's final stronghold in the north. There was no note of triumph in Villa's voice as he explained his plan of campaign toward Mexico City. He never reveals immediate military movements, but will discuss most intelligently the general plan by which he is moving on Mexico City.

"After Saltillo comes Mexico City," Villa reiterated. "Why should we waste the Summer on the awful desert taking one little position after another when we could march to Mexico City, take the capital, and all of the smaller places would fall by reason of the momentum of the Mexico City crash and the downfall of the Huerta rule and the Cientifico Party?

Saltillo the Key.

"Saltillo, I have been informed by my confidential agents in the capital of the republic, is to be Huerta's last stand. If he cannot hold this town to the southeast of us, he cannot hold San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas, or the other towns to the south.

"Once we have taken Saltillo and disposed of this force of Federals, we will march right to Mexico City and lay siege to the city from all sides. We now have more guns, more men, more bravery, and more justice in our cause than has Huerta, and we will win by force of right and might.

"I have learned through my confidential agents that Huerta, the usurper, will take command at Saltillo himself. I do not believe it, for did he not tell my friend Madero that he would sacrifice his two sons rather than be a traitor? Yet he murdered him the very next day. I only wish that he would consent to take command, for then it would be easier to dispose of Saltillo and Huerta at one time. Once he is out of the way the rest would be easy, for the Government which he has tried to build up out of the ruins of the old Diaz Cientifico party is supported by him alone. But I am afraid it will not be that easy, and we will have the long march to Mexico City.

"There is nothing to fear from Zapata. He is in accord with our movement. He has no big guns and will not attempt to attack the capital city until we are there. However, should he take the city there would be no looting or killing, as his forces are filled with property owners in the Federal district and they would restrain any of the lawless element.

Wants Embargo Raised.

"There is one thing any army must have and that is ammunition. Without ammunition we cannot complete the work we have started. I wish your great President would see this and raise the embargo, for we must have elements in order to do the work which has fallen to our lot to finish. I do not believe that many people now think that we would turn against the United States if we received ammunition, but if there is any doubt let us have just enough to take Mexico City, and we will ask for no more, but, will do as many men have done in the early part of the revolution, go and get more from the enemy. I wish I could confer with Mr. Wilson for I could make this clear to him. However, I appreciate his friendship and have confidence in his sense of justice and right."

FAVORS ARMS COMMISSION.

Villa Suggests That One Be Formed to Decide What He Needs.

TORREON, Mex., May 14.—The last of the rebel troops which will take part in the campaign against Saltillo left here last night, accompanied by Gen. Villa and his staff. An army of 25,000 men will test the strength of the Federal stronghold.

Villa has given instructions that the movements of his army shall be kept secret for the present. Instead of enforcing a rigid censorship as formerly, he has exacted a promise from press correspondents that no information concerning the disposition of his troops shall be sent out.

"To establish constitutional government throughout Mexico we need ammunition—more ammunition than we now have—and I am willing that the Government of the United States shall supervise the importation of it," said Villa in commenting on newspaper reports which seemed to indicate that President Wilson and others would be glad to see the rebels take Mexico City and end the present unrest in Mexico.

"How can we take Mexico City if we have no ammunition?" asked Villa. "We must get ammunition after the fighting at Saltillo, as our supply then will be depleted.

"Of course, the United States Government must keep in mind the possibility that some one might provoke war between the two countries. It would be injudicious, to say the least, under such conditions, to permit the unlimited importation of ammunition into a country with which battles might have to be fought.

"For that reason I am willing to have a commission ascertain the amount of ammunition we need until Mexico City is taken, with a view to having the embargo lifted on the quantity we require for that purpose.

"A commission such as I propose easily could ascertain the amount of ammunition required by us to carry out our plans. Needless to say, the ammunition admitted by such a commission into Mexico would not be large enough to leave much, if any, after our operations, for war with the United States, which, by the way, is the very last thing I think possible. Meanwhile, we would do what we set out to do."

For six days trains have been taking soldiers, horses and equipment to some points on the line between Torreon and Monterey, the exact point of detrainment being unknown. Nothing is known beyond the possibility that Las Bocas, north of Saltillo, will be the base of operations against that town, and that many troops have left the cars at Hipolito.

The army which Gen. Villa will lead against Saltillo includes 15,000 cavalry, 7,500 infantry and 2,500 artillery. The latter branch of the service is equipped with forty-seven field guns and sixty-five machine guns.

ROB AND BEAT AMERICANS.

Refugees Reach the Border with Fresh Stories of Outrages.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, May 14.—Refugees arriving here to-day from Caltillo and Guadalajara brought reports of attacks on Americans. Wholesale destruction of American property was reported in Guadalajara. It was said that stores owned by Americans had been looted and houses stripped of their furniture. Several Americans, it was reported, had been beaten.

One American, who arrived from Guadalajara, where for years he had been in business, said that all Americans were herded together and ordered to leave the city at once. Several Americans with their wives and children, left the city in wagons. The refugees, it is supposed, are trying to make their way through a hostile country to the border.

A party of 150 Spaniards left here to-day for Havana, where they will be cared for by the Spanish Government. Most of these Spaniards were expelled from Torreon by Gen. Villa.

TAX ON RURAL ESTATES.

Bill Reported in Mexican Chamber Provides for Payment in Stamps.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—At this afternoon's session of the Chamber of Deputies a committee reported favorably on the passage of a bill creating a system of Federal taxation of rural estates. The new tax is made payable in stamps, as the stamp revenue is the only form through which the Federal Government can get at land in the various States for taxation purposes, the land tax being in its direct form under the jurisdiction of State Governments. The committee in its report says:

"The committee applauds enthusiastically the equitable and progressive spirit which predominates in the bill, inasmuch as it tends in a practical and just manner to improve the precarious and pitiable condition of the majority of our small land owners, and at the same time to stimulate individual initiative, which, as a general rule, is so torpid in our great land owners, with respect to a reasonable division of their large estates and their better cultivation."

The spirit of the bill is to suppress or to make as light as possible the burden of taxation for small farmers, while discouraging the hereditary tendency of large landowners to hold their immense estates together in a comparatively unproductive condition. Many Mexican landowners do this as a matter of family pride, as they consider it would be a blot on their escutcheons to break up estates which have remained intact in the same family since colonial times.

GEN. SALAZAR REARRESTED.

Acquitted of Smuggling Charge, but Taken by U. S. Army Officers.

SANTA FE, N. M., May 14.—Gen. José Salazar, one of Huerta's commanders who ran away from the battle at Ojinaga last January, and was captured on the American side, to-day was acquitted in the Federal court of the charge of violating neutrality. He was at once arrested by United States army officers and taken to Fort Wingate, N. M.

Salazar attracted attention in the United States several years ago because he was charged with having killed Thomas Fountain, an American, at Parral, Mexico, after vigorous protests against Fountain's execution had been made by the State Department.

After escaping from Ojinaga when the Federals were defeated by the rebels, Salazar rode along the United States border and was caught in Texas. He was arrested on an old indictment charging him with smuggling arms and ammunition across the border at Columbus, N. M.

His release from the Federals placed him in the same status as the other Mexican refugees now confined at Fort Wingate.

PAINTS VILLA AS HERO.

Missionary Describes Him as a Warrior Always at the Front.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 14.—George H. Lacy, a missionary at Torreon, Mexico, of the Southern Baptist Church, at the Missionary Convention, in session here, predicted to-day that "out of the present anarchistic condition in Mexico a new Mexico will arise, under which a spiritual revolution will be produced among the Mexican people."

He asserted that Gen. Francisco Villa was misunderstood. Mr. Lacy described him as a "warrior always to be seen at the front of or riding among his troops upon his jaded charger."

CHARTERED TRANSPORT SAILS.

The City of Memphis Leaves New York for Galveston.

The Savannah line steamer City of Memphis, which has been fitted up as a transport for the Government service, sailed from New York yesterday afternoon for Galveston, where, it is said, she will take on troops and stores for Vera Cruz.

The British and German steamers around the Erie Basin all dipped their flags to the City of Memphis as she went out, and one German freighter fired a salute from her two brass signal guns. A succession of shrill blasts came from the tugboats as the transport went down the bay.

W. H. Pleasants, Vice President of the Savannah Line, said last night that the City of Memphis had been fitted up to accommodate 2,910 men and had about 500 tons of commissary stores in her hold. She is commanded by Capt. B. H. Garfield and has a crew of sixty-two men, who all signed six months' articles to go to any part of the world instead of the usual articles for a certain number of voyages between New York and Savannah.

DR. RYAN TELLS OF PLIGHT.

Says Federals Seized Him Because He Was a Gringo.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—Dr. Edward W. Ryan, the American Red Cross physician in Mexico about whom great concern was felt for a time, will leave this city to-morrow for Washington, and from there will go to his old home in Scranton, Penn.

Dr. Ryan, in talking with reporters this afternoon, would not tell in detail his adventures in Mexico. He had lived, he said, in Mexico since December, 1912. He went there from New York City to become a private practitioner and to study the typhus fever situation. Shortly afterward he became associated, he said, with the American Red Cross Society.

Dr. Ryan at first would make no answer to the published statement attributed to Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross in Washington that he had not been a member of the society for more than a year. Finally he said he had received what he called a "commission" from Charles Jenkinson, head of the Atlantic division of the Red Cross, about a year ago. This "commission," he said, made him a regular member. Mr. Jenkinson, who was sent to Vera Cruz, did not meet Dr. Ryan in Mexico. When Mr. Jenkinson passed through this city three weeks ago he said his first mission was to assume charge of Red Cross work in Vera Cruz and his second to save, if possible, his old friend, Dr. Ryan.

In talking about his arrest Dr. Ryan said he suddenly was held up by a party of Federals, whose only question was: "Are you a Gringo?" Dr. Ryan said that he was. Then, he said, he was seized, his papers were taken away, and eventually he was taken to Mexico City and placed in a cell attached to the National Palace, where only prisoners of state are kept.

Dr. Ryan said that on May 6 he was released and was taken in an automobile belonging to Huerta's chief of staff to the railroad station. His journey to the coast was uneventful.

BECKER LAWYER ALSO WEBBER'S

Continued from Page 1.

part in the murder; that the whole plot involving Becker was a frame-up which had been furthered by Jack Rose to gain liberty for the real murderers.

It appears that the attempt to prove Webber's complicity in "framing up" Becker is to be made through three witnesses. One of these is Jack Sullivan. Another is Charles Reich, brother of Jack Sullivan. The third is Isidor Fishmann, a man who has not been previously mentioned in connection with the case.

Webber on cross-examination said that Fishmann lived at 610 West 150th Street, but inquiries at that address revealed the fact that Fishmann had moved away months ago. Fishmann used to play poker with Webber, and visited him as a friend in the West Side Prison, took walks with him on Riverside Drive, and invited him to his own home. He was trying to induce Webber to invest in a leather goods factory. The dictograph, according to Mr. Manton's questions, was set up in Fishmann's home and recorded everything that Webber said.

"Didn't you say to Fishmann," asked Mr. Manton of the witness, "that you would save that fellow Becker some day if not now?"

"I never did," replied Webber.

"If Fishmann were to say that under oath would you believe him?"

"I would not."

"If a dictograph record were to be produced showing that you had said it, would you believe it then?" pressed Mr. Manton.

"I would not," repeated the witness.

In affidavits by Jack Sullivan, Charles Reich, and Isidor Fishmann, the whole of District Attorney Whitman's case against Becker is attacked. It is alleged that the plot against Becker was concocted in the West Side Prison.

Mr. Whitman said last night he had never heard of this dictograph record, and that he did not take it seriously. Investigators were sent out on the trail of the three prospective witnesses. Mr. Whitman already has much information about the two Reich brothers, (Jack Sullivan's real name is Jacob Reich,) and he set out last night to become informed about the third man.

The District Attorney has important witnesses in reserve, but he would not say yesterday who they were. It is believed that to-day Moe Levy, the chauffeur who took the conspirators to the Harlem conference, where they met Becker, will be called. It is also probable that Mrs. Lillian Rosenthal, widow of the gambler, will take the stand and tell of Becker's early friendship and later hatred of her husband.

THOUGHT WEBBER HAD FLOWN

His Failure to Appear on Time Made Even Whitman Apprehensive.

There was a long delay before Webber appeared in court. It was known that he was to follow Rose on the stand, and there were whispered suggestions in the courtroom that he had failed to show up, and that he might disappoint the prosecution by remaining out of the court's jurisdiction.

Mr. Whitman finally asked for a short adjournment. A hurried investigation disclosed that Webber had left Passaic for New York on the 11 o'clock train. A few minutes later he entered the Criminal Court Building. The session was at once resumed and Webber was called to the stand.

"Bridgie"—who denied, by the way, that he was called Bridgie because he once had a sweetheart nomed Bridget—bears some resemblance to Willie Shapiro, the chauffeur of the murder car. His face is full and broad, and his dark eyes are deep set. While he appeared fleshier and looked less dissatisfied than at the last trial, there were deep lines in his face that were not there two years ago. He is 37 years old, is now interested in a paper box factory in Passaic, and is said to have given up gambling for good. He looks and dresses now like a prosperous business man.

How He Entered the Murder Plot.

Under direct examination by Mr. Whitman Webber was calm and deliberate as he retold the story of the murder of Rosenthal, but his voice was low and husky and did not carry very far. He was not brought into the murder plot, it appeared, until June 27, 1912. Rose had been plotting the murder for nearly a month before that, and it was because Rose was getting along so slowly, according to the State's theory of the case, that Becker asked for "Bridgie's" aid. Webber was a man of means and Jack Zelig's gunmen knew it. They were willing to undertake anything in which "Bridgie" had a hand because they knew that the money would be forthcoming.

Webber told of his acquaintance with the principals in the tragedy. He first met Becker five years ago in a saloon at Broadway and Forty-fifth Street, he testified. That was three years before the murder. Becker came to his poker rooms at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street a number of times, he said. He walked right into the rooms and knew all about them, but never raided them.

His connection with and participation in the plot to murder Rosenthal began, he explained, when he was called to meet Becker at the Harlem conference. That was "in the latter part of June, 1912," as near as he could fix the time. The date has not been set yet, as a matter of fact, but it will be fixed as June 27, 1912, when the District Attorney produces his new witnesses.

Webber next had a telephone conversation with Becker on July 10, also bearing on the murder, and then Becker telephoned a last time on July 14, two days before the murder. He saw Becker again several hours after the murder.

Tells of Becker's Insistence.

Mr. Whitman steered straight for the Harlem conference, which the Court of Appeals, in its reversal of the Becker conviction, called "the heart of the conspiracy." Webber said that Sam Schepps took him to the vacant lot in an automobile, following instructions left by Rose. Rose had gone on ahead with Vallon. He met Becker in the lot, he said.

"What did Becker say to you?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"Becker said: 'The —— is going all of the way,'" Webber replied.

"Louder, please," said Justice Seabury. "The jury can't hear you."

"Becker said: 'He has been down to see McAdoo and is trying to reach Waldo. He's trying to get to Whitman. If he get's to Whitman it will be all off. That —— must be croaked. He's making trouble.'

"I said: 'You want him murdered, Charlie? That's a preety serious thing. It is going to get a whole lot of people into trouble.'

"He said: 'That's all right, Bridgie. No one's going to get into trouble. I'll look after everybody. I want you to see that he is croaked. See the boys and see that that —— is croaked.'

"I said: 'All right, if you feel that way about it, Charlie, I will do that for you.'"

In this Webber followed his testimony at the first trial almost word for word.

"The next time I heard from Becker," the witness went on, "was on July 10, over the telephone. He said that he wanted to see me badly and made an appointment for in front of the Union Square Hotel. When he met me he said:

"'Bridgie, what are you going to do with that —— Rosenthal? Why don't you have him croaked quick. He is making trouble.'

"I said to Becker: 'Charlie, everything is being taken care of.'"

On July 14, according to Webber, Becker again called him on the telephone and told him to "get on the job": that subpoenas were out for Jack Rose and three other gamblers, and urged Bridgie to see all of the gamblers and tell them not to support Rosenthal's charges. "Bridgie" promised that he would see them, and he did. On July 15 Webber had a conversation with Jack Rose in which the murder was discussed.

He Gave the Death Signal.

Webber did not account for all of his movements on July 15, but on that night he went to a prizefight with Jack Sullivan, whose real name is Jacob Reich and who will be one of he principal witnesses for Becker in this trial. Some time after midnight on July 15 he went to his poker rooms, and there found three of the gunmen sitting at a big table, eating and drinking. A little later Jack Rose came in with the fourth, "Dago Frank." Sam Schepps was with them. There were a few others in the room whom he could not name. Nothing was said about murder.

At this point in the story there is a gap which never has been explained. How did the three gunmen come to be in "Bridgie" Webber's place on the early morning of July 16? Webber said yesterday that he did not know how they got there. Mr. Whitman believes he knows who took them there, but the fact has never been established.

Anyway, to continue in Webber's story on direct examination, he slipped out shortly before 2 A. M. without saying a word to any of them. He told Mr. Whitman yesterday that he went out to look for Herman Rosenthal. He found Rosenthal dining at the Metropole. He hurried back to his poker rooms and announced:

"Rosenthal is at the Metropole."

Without another word, or even a sign, according to Webber, the four gunmen trooped out. Vallon left a little later, leaving Jack Rose and Sam Schepps behind.

Webber went to the Cadillac Hotel, a few doors from the Metropole, and watched some of the post-murder proceedings. Then he went to the West Forty-seventh Street station, but Rosenthal's body had not yet arrived there. He got a telephone message from a man named Flaherty which called him to the Herald Building in Herald Square. He returned to Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street at about 3:45 A. M., and in the shadow of the doorway there he found Jack Rose and Jack Sullivan. He told Rose to call up Becker. Rose had already done so and not long afterward Becker joined them.

Paid Gunmen on Becker's Order.

"I congratulate you," Becker said to Rose, according to Webber.

"This is terrible," Webber said he heard Rose reply. "They've got the number of the automobile, and Whitman is at the police station."

To this Becker replied, according to Webber:

"I've been over at the station. They've got four numbers for the automobile. They are all wrong. I saw the body of the —— in the back room of the station house. If Whitman hadn't been there I would have cut his tongue out and hung it up as a warning to all future squealers."

"There'll be trouble over this," said Rose, according to Webber.

"There'll be no trouble," the witness said Becker replied. "I will take care of everybody. Now all you have to do for a time is to see that the boys lay low."

"Did he say anything else?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"Yes, Becker said to me: 'Bridgie, you give Jack $1,000 to give to the boys, and that is $1,500 I owe you.'"

"Who was your lawyer when you were arrested," asked Mr. Whitman.

"Mr. Marshall. He is in court," replied the witness.

Mr. Whitman was particular to bring out that Webber had made a full statement to him about his part in the Rosenthal murder before he went to the West Side prison. The District Attorney regarded this as important, because he believes the defense will try to show that the story which Webber told was concocted in the West Side prison after Rose, Webber, Vallon, and Schepps got together and compared notes. Mr. Whitman also brought out that he had entered into an agreement with Webber not to prosecute him for the murder if he turned State's evidence, and that this agreement was conditioned on Webber's ability to show that he had not fired a shot at Rosenthal.

Manton Savage with Webber, Too.

It was noon when Mr. Manton began the cross examination of Webber. Following the same method he used with Rose, Becker's counsel first dragged out all of the disgraceful details of the gambler's life and associations, his questions dealing with opium eaters, women of the street, thugs, and murderers in the effort to discredit him as a witness. This is the way he did it:

Mr. Manton—Where do you belong? A.—Passaic, N. J.

Q.—But you lived in New York the greater part of your life? A.—I did.

Q.—What is your occupation? Haven't you always been a gambler? A.—I was a gambler.

Q.—When did you start in to be a gambler? A.—When I was very young.

Q.—Well, did you start in at the age of 10, 11, or 15? A.—Around that.

Q.—Well, what age? A.—I started at about fifteen.

Q.—Have you ever been convicted of any crime? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Have you ever been fined? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Are you acquainted with a game they call stuss? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you have a place where they played stuss in First Street? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you ever work with a person by the name of Mike Harris? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you ever work for a man by the name of Smith? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you know a girl in Smith's place called Nellie? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Isn't it a fact that this Nellie solicited in Fourteenth Street for you? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Were you ever in partnership with Mrs. McDonald at 9 Pell Street? A.—Yes, Sir.

Admits He Ran an Opium Resort.

Q.—Did she keep a disorderly house? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Well, what kind of a house did she keep? A.—She lived there.

Q.—Did she sell opium there? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you bring girls in there? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Wasn't the place closed up by the police? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you say that she (Mrs. McDonald) didn't have anything to do with the place? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Well, you ran the place? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Do you still tell the jury that you did not have any women on the street? A.—I do.

Q.—Didn't you have a place on Chrystie Street once? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Weren't you ever connected with a man by the name of Davey Hoffman? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Wasn't the place raided and didn't you appear in court after the raid? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Didn't you run a poolroom at 105 Second Avenue? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Didn't you run a stuss game in that place? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Wasn't that place raided? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Wasn't an attempt made to convict you of running this place? A.—No, Sir; I wasn't even arrested.

Q.—Didn't you run a stuss house at Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue? A.—Yes, Sir

Q.—Didn't you keep some women there, too? A.—No, Sir

Hint at Another Murder.

It was during this line of inquiry that Webber brought in the name of Harry Vallon, and later undertook to defend him against an even lower characterization than had been applied to himself. Still another murder chargeable to Webber was hinted at. Mr. Manton asked:

Q.—Didn't you run a crap game and a crooked wheel house on Fourteenth Street between Second and Third Avenues? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Wasn't it raided by the police? A.—Vallon knows.

Q.—Weren't you in partnership with Vallon? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—How long have you known Vallon? A.—All my life. We grew up together.

Q.—Wasn't he known in the underworld as your "lobbygow"? A.—He was a friend of mine.

Q.—How long did you work together? A.—Four or five years.

Q.—Wasn't that place raided in 1907? A.—I can't remember.

Q.—Weren't you in court when the case came up? A.—I was in court at almost every case of that kind.

Q.—Didn't you swear that Vallon owned the place? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Do you know a person called "Beansey" Rosenfeld? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Didn't you live with him at Second Avenue and Fifth Street? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you ever live with a girl named Pearl and a man named Hyman Flyfax? A.—No.

Q.—Didn't you have Hyman murdered because he stole Pearl from you? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Didn't you run a crooked wheel house on Second Avenue between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets, and wasn't this place raided? A.—No, Sir.

Varies from Story At First Trial.

Mr. Manton next began a comparison of Webber's story under direct examination with his testimony at the first trial and disclosed some discrepancies. Here are some of the points which Mr. Manton sought to emphasize:

That Webber had changed the hour for the Harlem conference. In the first trial he said it was 11:30 P. M. Yesterday he said it was 9:30 P. M.

That Webber told this time of going to Herald Square after the murder. That he had not mentioned such a move at the first trial.

That he had sworn under oath at the first trial that he had sold opium to users of the drug for large sums of money. That he had sworn at the present trial that he had never sold opium.

That he had changed his testimony as to Sam Schepps's part in the Harlem conference. Mr. Manton insisted that this was done to aid the District Attorney to strengthen his case in that part of it relating to the "heart of the conspiracy."

That he had purposely changed his testimony on this trial so as to make it conform more nearly with that of Rose.

That he had left out things to which he had previously testified and for which he knew there was no supporting evidence.

Mr. Manton did not dwell so long on the discrepancies in Webber's testimony as he had done in the case of Jack Rose. It appeared certain, however, that the lawyer was prepared to put Webber through a course that had not been set for Rose. The main points scored on Rose had been deduced from Rose's own writings in the newspapers. In Webber's case, it seemed, it was his own "loose talk" repeated to friends of Becker which supplied the leads. Some affidavits from which Mr. Manton read showed that a great deal of attention had been given to the cross-examination of Webber.

Insists He Wasn't Coached.

Webber insisted that he had not read any of the testimony of the last trial. Then Mr. Manton brought out that District Attorney Whitman had gone to see Webber in Passaic; that Assistant District Attorney Groehl had gone twice to see him, and that Detective Al Thomas of Mr. Whitman's staff had seen him once there.

"Did you talk about the case?" asked Mr. Manton.

"No, Sir," replied Webber.

"Do you mean to say that Mr. Whitman, Mr. Groehl, and Thomas took all of those trips to Passaic to see you and never discussed the case at all with you?"

"Yes, Sir," came the decisive reply, while some of the jurors smiled. Mr. Manton harked back to the Harlem conference, and this testimony followed:

Q.—What time did you leave? A.—Between 9 and 10 o'clock.

(Mr. Manton read from Webber's testimony at the last trial, where he said it was about 11:30 o'clock when he started for 124th Street; that he looked at his watch to determine the time, although that he had no reason to fix the time.)

Q.—Did you testify to that at the last trial? A.—If it is there I did.

Q.—I notice you use the exact language Rose uses. Did you agree to do that? A.—No.

Q.—Are you trying to make your testimony now conform to the testimony of Rose? A.—No.

Murder Conference Held in a Hole?

Just here Mr. Manton held a book high over his head as he exclaimed:

"Would it surprise you to know that the only vacant place at 124th Street and Seventh Avenue two years ago was an excavation 30 feet deep?"

Mr. Whitman jumped to his feet and wanted to know whether an excavation wasn't a vacant lot.

"It may be for your purposes," retorted Mr. Manton.

"I knew the excavation was there," said Webber.

Q.—Do you say so because the District Attorney says so? A.—No.

Q.—You, Rose, Becker, and Vallon were within a few feet of each other, were you not? You heard everything that was said? A.—There might have been something said that I did not hear.

Q.—Weren't you asked to take charge and become leader of the murder gang?

Mr. Whitman objected to the use of that language and Justice Seabury instructed Mr. Manton to confine himself to the facts. Mr. Manton continued:

Q.—You were placed in charge that night, were you not? A.—I was.

Q.—Being in charge, do you think anything was said as to the plot of killing Rosenthal that you did not hear? A.—There might have been.

Q.—Have you told everything that was said at the conference? A.—To the best of my recollection I have told everything that happened there that night.

Q.—How long were you there? Half an hour or so. I stepped aside to talk with Becker. Becker also took Rose to one side and talked with him.

Did Not Embrace Rosenthal.

Once Mr. Manton attacked Webber's failing memory. He wanted to know why it wasn't as good now as it was two years ago. Webber made this reply:

"I'm trying to forget this murder. I'm not trying to remember it."

"But you were trying to put the murder through and had it well on your mind?" asked Mr. Manton.

"I was trying to help Becker," said the witness, and that went on the record to Mr. Manton's evident chagrin.

"Weren't you considered one of the richest gamblers of New York?" said Mr. Manton in another instance.

"I don't know that I was," replied Webber.

"Weren't you worth a quarter of a million?" shouted the lawyer.

Webber smiled and negatived the question with a shake of the head. "They couldn't hurt me," he added, presumably meaning that his standing with the gambling fraternity was secure.

At the afternoon session, which began at 2:30 o'clock, Mr. Manton delved into the incidents of the morning of the murder. Here is some of the testimony bearing on Webber's part in the crime.

Q.—When you went out and found Rosenthal in the Metropole did Rosenthal speak to you? A.—He said, "Hello, Bridgie," and I said, "Hello, Herman."

Q.—Didn't you place your arms about Rosenthal's neck and speak to him? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—What did you then? A.—I left the Metropole and returned to my poker rooms and said: "Rosenthal is around there."

Q.—To whom did you address yourself when you went back to the poker room? A.—No one in particular.

Q.—Did you run away from the murder scene, as the waiter Krause said you did? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Were you surprised to hear of Rosenthals' death? A.—No; I had expected to hear of it.

Murder Not Due to Sudden Impulse.

Mr. Manton did not ask Webber whether he had a conscience. When he had applied a question like this to Rose the day before Rose had frankly told him that his conscience was under the control of Becker. He put it to Webber in this form:

Q.—Didn't you think you were doing a terrible deed when you announced to the gunmen that Rosenthal was at the Metropole? A.—I said it.

Q.—Didn't you hesitate to tell the gunmen? A.—I don't remember. I ran up so quick I didn't stop.

Q.—But you had had a week of reflection and a chance for a change of heart, hadn't you?

Mr. Manton didn't wait for a reply, but hurried on to this significant question, which indicated again the line of the defense:

"Now, Webber, isn't it the truth that that murder was not thought of until that night?"

"Of course it was thought of," replied Webber, looking straight at the jury box. "I thought of it."

Seeks to Discredit Schepps.

Mr. Manton leveled many attacks upon Sam Schepps in his cross-examination of Webber. Schepps figured as a non-accomplice in the first trial. Mr. Manton believes that Mr. Whitman will not dare to produce him again. Mr. Whitman is not so sure of that. Here are some of the questions asked of Webber yesterday as applying to Schepps:

"Didn't you say about Schepps when he arrived from Hot Springs, 'Look at the corroborator! He knew about as much about the murder as anybody. It was a lucky thing for him he got out first'?"

"Didn't you say to Schepps: 'I envy you in being caught last. Whoever was caught last was bound to be the corroborator. I'd make a better corroborator than you'?

"And didn't Schepps reply to you: 'I wish I had your money, Bridgie. If you give me your money you can exchange places with me'?"

Webber replied in the negative to all of these. He said he had never discussed Schepps with anybody.

"Didn't you ever lie?" pressed Mr. Manton.

"Perhaps," was the reply.

"You lied to Police Commissioner Dougherty, didn't you?"

"Yes, I did," the witness admitted.

"Why don't you face the jury instead of watching Mr. Whitman nod his head?"

"I'm trying to give attention to you."

Mr. Whitman protested and Justice Seabury reprimanded the lawyer.

"This is entirely uncalled for," exclaimed the Justice.

"I'm trying to protect the interests of my client to the best of my ability. I know what I am talking about. I regret to say that I disagree with you," said Mr. Manton.

"Enough of that," admonished the court. "Your statement was wholly unjustified, wholly unwarranted. If you want to take the witness stand you may. Don't make any remarks off the stand."

"I dare you to take the stand," said the District Attorney.

Mr. Manton tried to get Webber to admit that he had denied Becker's guilt to a number of newspaper men on his return from Cuba in December, 1913. "Bridgie" was then quoted as having said Rosenthal was shot by the gunmen by mistake: that it had been planned to scare Rosenthal, but two of the gunmen became intoxicated and went too far.

"How about those statements?" asked Mr. Manton.

"They are untrue. I never made them," said the witness, and Mr. Manton could get nothing more out of him.

VALLON FINDS A NEW WITNESS.

A Colored Boy Talked to Becker at the Harlem Murder Conference.

Harry Vallon, the third of the informers, was far from being at ease when he took his seat in the witness chair. He held his hands together, locking and unlocking his fingers, and kept his gaze fixed on the floor while Mr. Whitman was conferring with his assistants. His answers were given in so low a voice that he was admonished a number of times to talk louder before the twelfth juror could hear him.

After he had gone a little way into his testimony, Vallon braced up and seemed to feel more at ease. He did not look at Becker, who, it will be remembered, attacked Vallon in the newspapers when he got out of the death house, charging that Vallon was the real murderer of Rosenthal, and that he would proceed to prove it just as soon as he was free. Vallon has repeatedly stated that he was drunk on the night of the murder and that he got drunk on Becker's money.

Mr. Whitman brought out that Vallon had been a gambler most of his life and that he knew all of the principals in the murder. He said he had known Becker only seven months at the time of the murder of Rosenthal.

Mr. Whitman took Vallon directly to the Harlem conference. There have been ten times as many references to this meeting during this trial as during the whole course of the first trial. Mr. Whitman realizes that the Harlem meeting is one of importance, one on which the Court of Appeals will demand considerable information, if there is another conviction and appeal.

Vallon told this story:

"It was in the latter part of June, 1912, when Rose took me in an automobile to Seventh Avenue and 124th Street. We waited on the northwest corner, where they were constructing a building. Rose told me he had an appointment with Becker. We left Schepps at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue and told him to bring "Bridgie" Webber up with him. We got up there about 10 or 11 o'clock.

"Becker came along and greeted 'Bridgie.' I heard him say to Bridgie: 'It looks as if that —— Rosenthal is going the limit. He has got to be croaked. I want you to talk to the boys and get them to croak him quick. He is making trouble.' I heard Bridgie say that that was going pretty far to murder a man, but finally Bridgie said: 'You leave it to me.' Becker said: 'No one will be hurt.'

The story was the same as that of Rose and Webber in almost every detail. Vallon added, however, that Becker had asked for a cigar, and that he, Vallon, had gone to a cigar store to get one for him. Becker, Rose, and he were sitting on a board, he said.

Vallon also paved the way for one of Mr. Whitman's new witnesses. The witness said that a colored boy came over to the lot to talk to Becker, and that after he had gone Becker said:

"That's a little stool pigeon of mine. I'm going to raid a crap game just a block from here, but he tells me that there are only two people in the place. I've got to wait."

Vallon further brought out that he had gone to Harlem in the automobile of Moe Levy, another of Mr. Whitman's new witnesses. He, Rose, Webber, and Schepps all drove back to Forty-second Street together.

Mr. Whitman expects to use Moe Levy, whose right name is Harry Cohen, to clinch the Harlem conference testimony

ROSE RECALLED TO EXPLAIN.

Whitman Easily Reconciles Some Seeming Contradictions.

The day's proceedings began with the re-direct examination of Jack Rose by District Attorney Whitman, who desired to explain away two seeming contradictions in Rose's testimony to which the defense was disposed to attach great importance. He succeeded to his own evident satisfaction.

One of these was that Rose was not in Chicago in April, 1912, as he had admitted on Wednesday. It was during that month, as Rose told in his main story, that he saw Charles Becker daily and collected graft for him and planned for the murder of Rosenthal. Mr. Whitman brought out that the trip to Chicago had been made the year before. Rose was unable to get into the record, however, that Becker had refused to permit him to leave town while he was acting as graft collector for the Police Lieutenant.

The other had to do with the Harlem murder conference on June 27, 1912. At the first trial Rose swore that he had given to Becker money which he had collected that day. On Wednesday he testified that Becker on that occasion gave to him $500 to be used in getting bail for Jack Zelig, the gangster, who was in the Tombs. Rose reconciled the two statements in this way:

"I had collected $900 for Becker that day and I turned it over to him in the vacant lot at Seventh Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street. Then he gave back $500 of the money and told me to apply it to Zelig's bail."

Mr. Manton's cross-examination of Rose on his re-direct testimony was very brief, and was devoted almost wholly to an attempt to show that Rose consulted with members of the District Attorney's staff after leaving the witness stand on Wednesday.

"Where did you go last night after you left the stand?" he asked.

"To my hotel," said Rose.

"Didn't you go somewhere else before you went to your hotel?"

"Oh, yes; to get my coat and hat. I went up to the District Attorney's office."

"So, that's it, is it?" said Mr. Manton significantly. "You hang your coat in the District Attorney's office, do you?"

Some of the jurors smiled at this. Later it was brought out that the coat was not hung in Mr. Whitman's office, but in the office of Assistant District Attorney Groehl.

Mr. Manton and Mr. Whitman had a dispute over this incident. Mr. Manton charged that Mr. Whitman was trying to help Rose out of an embarrassing position. Mr. Whitman retorted that he was trying to do nothing of the kind. Justice Seabury sided with Mr. Whitman. Mr. Manton smiled cynically as he said "That's all" to Rose.

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THE NIGHT CAP
SINCE 1788

NO TWO WAYS

An Owner who wants ideal results on his building operation simply must employ the best contractor available—and there are no two ways about it.

And when we state that we can and will do and give ideal results, we want an Owner to understand that there are no two ways about that either.

For many years we have been giving nothing else.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

'AD' FINDS $5,000 TRINKETS.

One Insertion in The Times Restores Lost Property to Woman.

The value of the Lost and Found Column of THE NEW YORK TIMES as a medium for recovering lost property was strikingly illustrated yesterday, when Mrs. W. R. Reynolds of Jackson, Mich., who is at the Waldorf, recovered a valuable gold mesh bag, vanity box, and several other articles which she lost on Tuesday. One advertisement in THE TIMES on Wednesday brought immediate results.

Mrs. Reynolds would not set any value upon the trinkets, but those who saw them aver they must have cost at least $5,000. The bag is of solid gold, and the frame is set with good-sized diamonds and sapphires. The vanity box, also of solid gold, is set with diamonds. Inside the bag was a small satin purse containing a $20 bill and three handkerchiefs. Attached to the bracelet on which the bag and the vanity box hang are also a gold penknife, a glove buttoner, a gold pencil, a gilded half crown, and a ten-pfennig piece.

When she discovered she had lost the trinkets Mrs. Reynolds immediately had a notice inserted in THE TIMES. No address of the advertiser was given except THE TIMES. During the day a telephone message was received at THE TIMES office from a lawyer downtown, who said that a client of his had found the bag, and Mrs. Reynolds was notified. Accompanied by Chief Detective Joseph Smith of the hotel, Mrs. Reynolds went to the lawyer's office yesterday morning and the trinkets were returned. No information was given at the hotel yesterday as to where or how these were found except that a woman had discovered them in the vicinity of the Waldorf.

"Really, I am very grateful to THE NEW YORK TIMES," said Mrs Reynolds yesterday. "I did not expect to get my missing trinkets back so soon—indeed, I feared I would never get them. I am in a position to appreciate the value of an advertisement in THE TIMES."

"It is wonderful," said Detective Smith, who is an expert on recovering lost property. "I must certainly take off my hat to THE TIMES."

A woman from Oregon, who is at the Wolcott, went out to dinner a week ago Tuesday night and lost a valuable real lace scarf. She thought she might have left it in the taxicab she rode in, but an inquiry brought no return from that direction, and it was decided that in some way the scarf must have been dropped as she was getting out of the car. An advertisement was inserted in THE TIMES on Thursday morning, offering $10 for the recovery of the article.

About 10 o'clock a woman called up to say that she had found the scarf in the street, and when the owner went to get it she was so happy over recovering the article that she paid over the reward without remembering to ask where it had been found, and she does not know whether she dropped it or whether it fell out of the window of the taxicab.

CRANE FOUNTAIN IN MARBLE

Sculptor MacMonnies Expects to Complete It in Two Years.

Park Commissioner Cabot Ward made public yesterday correspondence between himself and Frederick MacMonnies, who has the contract for designing the Crane Memorial Fountain in City Hall Park, to set at rest reports that he had been engaged in any controversy with Mr. MacMonnies or that he contemplated suing Mr. MacMonnies. In view of complaints that for a number of years no progress had been made, Mr. Ward inquired when the city might expect Mr. MacMonnies to complete his work under a contract awarded some years ago.

"As the public is naturally interested in the completion of the City Hall fountain, made possible by the Angelina Crane Foundation, I am glad to say that I have had a very satisfactory answer to my letter to Mr. MacMonnies," said Mr. Ward. "Mr. MacMonnies expects to complete the preliminary models by next November, and he has decided to have the statuary and decoration put into marble rather than into bronze, as being more in harmony with the City Hall Building, and, therefore, sure to produce a finer effect. On account of this change it may take nearly a year to carve the completed models into marble, and about two years to complete the entire work.

"The complainants stated that the contract made by the Park Department did not set any term or fix a penalty for the proper performance of the work; that $10,000 had been paid down of the total $60,000, and that nothing had been heard from Mr. MacMonnies for several years.

"After looking up the records I sent the contract in question to the Corporation Counsel with request for an opinion, in reply to which the Corporation Counsel advised me to communicate with Mr. MacMonnies and ascertain from him what, in his opinion, would be a sufficient time for finishing and delivering the preliminary models, completing and placing the stonework, basin, and the completion of the bronze monument."

Deputy Commissioner Parsons Out.

Commissioner William Williams of the Water Department announced yesterday that he had received the resignation of Deputy Commissioner Frederick T. Parsons, to take effect on June 1. The Commissioner said he received the resignation with regret and had asked Mr. Parsons to remain. Mr. Parsons refused, however, saying that he was going to Europe for a long-needed rest. He is an independent Democrat and has been in office since 1910. His salary is $5,000 a year.

Acknowledgment.

THE TIMES acknowledges receipt of $5 from L. M. Williams, sent to aid a widow's six children, the subjects of a recent Charity Organization appeal.

52ND YEAR

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Capital $2,050,000
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114 Years at
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OUR FOREFATHERS' SECRETS

Better Left Unpublished, Society of the Cincinnati Decides.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—In the archives of the Society of the Cincinnati are some facts about the early American patriots that would better be left unpublished, according to statements made at the final session of the triennial meeting of the society here to-day.

When a resolution was offered to have a special committee appointed for the publication of interesting facts in the possession of the society, it was promptly sidetracked by opposition led by Charles Beatty Alexander of the Pennsylvania branch of the organization.

"I have read all of the papers," said Mr. Alexander, "and there are tales of poverty of some of our best ancestors that would be better left untold in printed form. There are stories, too, about money difficulties with a gentleman who was sent to France that are best left where they now remain."

MINE RECEIVERSHIP SUIT.

Consolidated, Giroux, and Butte & Ell Companies Defendants.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 14.—Martin W. Littleton of New York has filed a petition in the United States District Court here asking for a receiver for the Consolidated Copper Mines Company, a Delaware corporation, and for the Giroux Consolidated Mines Company and the Butte & Ely Copper Company of Montana.

An injunction is asked to prevent the companies from disposing of the bonds of the Consolidated Company and for the latter's dissolution. A hearing will be held May 27.

BRADLEY TO QUIT SENATE.

Ill-Health Prevents Kentuckian from Seeking Re-election.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Senator Bradley of Kentucky, Republican, announced to-night that on account of ill-health he would not be a candidate for re-election.

"I am totally unable to bear the hardship of a campaign," he said.

Senator Bradley is serving his first term, which ends next March.

Senator Gallinger, leader of the minority and oldest Senator in point of continuous service, is expected to announce on Saturday whether he will be a candidate. Many of his friends believe he has decided to run again.

MASTER THIEF CONVICTED.

Accomplices Swear Gargare Hired Them to Steal Autos.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., May 14.—John Gargare accused by his accomplices of being the head of a band of auto thieves who plied an extensive trade in New York, was convicted to-day before Judge Daly in the Court of Quarter Sessions, of receiving stolen goods. Gargare's accomplices, Dan Riley, Chester Travers, and John Chandler, all took the stand against him and swore that Gargare had hired them to steal.

AMBULANCE OUT FOR DOG.

Child Reported Run Over by Auto Proved to be Bull Pup.

Lieut. Maxwell of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station was on the desk last night when the telephone bell rang, and a woman in excited tones asked that an ambulance be sent to West Fifty-ninth Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, adding that a child had been run over by an automobile. The Lieutenant communicated with the Polyclinic Hospital and dispatched a patrolman to the scene.

When Patrolman Mooney arrived he found Dr. Decoursey of Polyclinic Hospital in a heated argument with James Fassaroen, a barber, of 543 West Fifty-ninth Street, in front of the latter's door. The barber was holding in his arms a very much frightened bull pup, which a few moments previous had been tossed to the sidewalk from the roadway by a passing automobile. The barber was insisting that the ambulance surgeon examine the dog, and the ambulance surgeon was expressing his opinion of what his duties were.

Patrolman Mooney examined the dog and asked Dr. Decoursey if he would advise shooting the animal. The reply of the ambulance surgeon was inaudible as he swung on to the 'bus and the barber carried his injured pet indoors.

TWO BURNED IN MANHOLE.

Gas Tank Explodes in Conduit, Fifteen Feet Under Street.

Frank Clark, 26 years old, an electrician, of 379 Hamburg Avenue, Brooklyn, was severely burned last night while at work in a manhole at Tenth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, fifteen feet below the surface, following the explosion of a torch he was holding. With him was Harry Tammane, 23 years old, of the same address, his assistant.

Most of the clothing was burned from Clark's body, and he was taken to New York Hospital. Tammane was only slightly burned about the face and hands.

Clark had been sent to the manhole to stop water that was leaking into the conduit and threatening a short-circuit. He was holding an acetylene torch, which exploded.

$65,000 Bond for Meyers.

John J. Meyers, a partner in the firm of A. L. Wisner & Co., who with Wisner was convicted some weeks ago at their second trial of having used the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of mining stocks, appeared yesterday before Commissioner Houghton, and gave a bond for $65,000 to secure his appearance in the Circuit Court of Appeals, when his appeal from his conviction comes up. He also undertook not to leave the United States.

IMPORTED MINERS HALTED BY TROOPS

Federal Forces Will Admit Men Seeking Work in Colorado, but Bar Strikebreakers.

PLACE BAN ON PICKETING

Won't Be Permitted at Railroad Stations—State Troops Fired on Tent Colony, Testimony Shows.

TRINIDAD, Col., May 14.—Twenty-five miners imported into the strike region by the Oakdale Coal Company to work in the Oakdale mine, near Laveta, were stopped to-day by United States regulars under Capt. C. C. Smith. Five men were also held by Capt. Cushman at Primero, a Colorado Fuel and Iron Company property, on the ground that they were employed by the company in violation of the order of Col. James Lockett against the importation of strikebreakers.

None of the men was arrested or deported. The two commanders received orders from military headquarters simply to prevent them from going to work in the mines.

Attorneys for the Oakdale Company called up Col. Lockett's headquarters and asked for an interview. They were told that they might plead their cause before Col. Lockett to-morrow, but that the orders from the Secretary of War were explicit against permitting strikebreakers to be imported.

Officers of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company took up with the military authorities the case of the five miners prevented from going to work at Primero. B. J. Matterson, assistant general manager, declared that the men were former employes at Primero and had returned of their own accord. The case was expected to be investigated to-morrow.

The developments of the day caused the issuance of a statement of policy by the military authorities, which may be summed up as follows:

Men brought into the district by the coal companies will not be allowed to work in the mines.

Men who come voluntarily seeking employment will be permitted to work.

Skilled workmen whose services are needed to prevent the deterioration of property will be permitted to go from one to another mine owned by the same corporation.

At the same time the military authorities announced that picketing of railroad stations by strikers would not be tolerated. It was stated at army headquarters that William Diamond, strike organizer, had agreed that the United Mine Workers' officers would make efforts to put a stop to picketing, regarding which several complaints had been received by Col. Lockett.

It developed to-night that the mine guards at the Cokedale mine of the Carbon Coal and Coke Company, a property controlled by the Guggenheim interests, had not been disarmed. This was explained at military headquarters as being due to the fact that it had not yet been found convenient to send men to take possession of the guns, which were reported stacked in the office, ready to be turned over to the troops.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., May 14.—Troop L, Twelfth United States Cavalry, consisting of seventy enlisted men under command of Capt. Morgan, left here last night en route from Fort Wingate to Steamboat Springs, Col.

FIRED ON TENT COLONY.

But State Troops Did It to Repel Strikers' Attack, Witnesses Say.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, May 14.—The State militia fired directly into the tents at Ludlow where subsequently two women and eleven children were suffocated in a pit on April 20, according to the admission made to-day by First Lieut. Maurice C. Bigelow, a witness before the court martial at Golden. So far as known, this was the first time such an admission had been made by a member of the militia. Bigelow said, however, that the tents were not fired upon until after the strikers had attacked the militia.

Bigelow said he and his companion officers and ten men "opened fire on the tent colony proper," but that it was after they had been receiving the heaviest fire of the day from the rifle pits among the tents of the southwest corner of the colony. He declared that after the tents caught fire he and his men rushed in to rescue the women and children and were fired upon by strikers.

Rifle fire was turned on the tent colony by the State troops after the battle had been in progress for several hours, and after strikers in the colony had fired on the soldiers, according to the testimony of Capt. T. C. Linderfelt. Immediately following, both Linderfelt and Bigelow declared, fire broke out at the extreme southwest corner of the colony and, fanned by a high wind and scattered by numerous explosions, spread to every quarter of the tent colony. Both swore positively that no soldiers entered the colony until after the fire started and that there was no looting.

The witness declared that no women or children were seen about the colony at any time during the day, and that they believed all had been removed by the strikers.

"There was a general rush across the tracks when we saw women and children among the burning tents," said Lieut. Bigelow. "A large number of women and children were rescued. I rescued a woman and a child from a pit under one of the tents after removing two trunks, a rug, and a trap door that had been placed over the opening."

Major Patrick J. Hamrock, the first of the thirty-nine members of the National Guard to go to trial on charges of murder, arson, and larceny, announced to-day that his defense would be that the soldiers were compelled to fire on the strikers. He declared that the finding of the mutilated body of one of the militiamen caused the soldiers to seek revenge.

No strikers or representatives of the United Mine Workers of America will testify before the court-martial, according to a statement issued by the District Policy Committee of the union to-day, and no reply will be sent to the invitation of Capt. E. A. Smith, Judge Advocate, to produce witnesses.

In the Legislature to-day Gov. Elias M. Ammons formally was asked to retire from office in a resolution presented by Senator W. C. Robinson, Progressive, of Colorado Springs. The resolution calls, not for Ammons's resignation, but for his retirement. It is demanded, according to the measure, "for the good of the State," and the resolution alleges incompetence.

President Wilson is asked in a joint resolution introduced by Representative Thomas, Progressive, of El Paso, to appoint a Federal peace commission to settle the Colorado coal strike, similar to the one named by President Roosevelt during the anthracite war in Pennsylvania.

The women of the Colorado Peace League held another meeting to-night and planned to organize a "crepe committee" to-morrow to picket Gov. Ammons. It was also suggested that four of the children who survived the Ludlow horror be taken to Washington, dressed in black, to appeal to President Wilson to order all mines closed, and thus force the operators to end the strike.

The women of the Law and Order League met to-night also. They applauded a minister who denounced acts of violence by the strikers, who were termed by him "ignorant foreigners."

FIND MURDER INDICTMENTS

High Union Officials Among Those Accused by Grand Jury.

BOULDER, Col., May 14.—Indictments charging first degree murder were returned here to-day against William Thickey, Secretary of the Colorado State Federation of Labor; John O'Connor, President of the Louisville (Col.) local union of the United Mine Workers of America, and Jerry Carter and Joe Potestio, union leaders.

Indictments charging conspiracy to murder were returned against Edward L. Doyle, Treasurer of District 15, United Mine Workers of America; John R. Lawson, International Board Member of the American Federation of Labor, and forty-eight others, including the four men named in the indictments charging first degree murder.

The action of the Grand Jury followed the return yesterday of fourteen true bills against strikers and sympathizers alleged to have been active in the attack on April 28 on the Hecla mine, near Louisville, in which one man, Peter Steinhoff, was killed and several were injured.

Gus Brack and William Knowles, strikers among those indicted for conspiracy to the murder, were arrested to-day.

TRANS-BAY AERO SERVICE.

Passenger Schedule Begun Between San Francisco and Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Aeroplane passenger service across San Francisco Bay from this city to Oakland was instituted to-day with a regular schedule of trips. Mayor James Rolph, Jr., was the first passenger carried, making the round trip.

The distance between the terminals is 6.7 miles.

ISELINS SUE DRESSMAKER.

They Say Mrs. Flynn's Establishment Cheapens Their Property.

The suit of Mr. and Mrs. Columbus O'Donnell Iselin of 3 West Fifty-second Street for an injunction restraining Mrs. Margaret Flynn, a dressmaker, from carrying on her trade at 29 West Fifty-second Street, in a neighborhood which, according to Mr. and Mrs. Iselin, is restricted, came up in the Supreme Court yesterday before Justice Blanchard. The Justice decided to put the matter over until Fall.

Mr. Iselin is a banker of 36 Wall Street. He is a member of the Union, Knickerbocker, Metropolitan, Country, Down Town, and Riding Clubs, the Automobile Club of America, the New York Yacht Club, the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club, and the New York Athletic Club. His wife was Miss Edith C. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Iselin say that they have lived in their present home for twenty-six years. Mrs. Flynn, they say, has caused letters five inches high to be put at the entrance of her place of business, and has provided an entering wedge for business of all kinds. This will lower the value of the property, Mr. and Mrs. Iselin say.

In the same neighborhood with Mr. and Mrs. Iselin are the homes of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Schley, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, and William K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

THAR'S mo' happiness in th' little injoyments to be picked up along life's highway than in th' great big injoyment thet most of us is allus lookin' t' find at th' next turn in th' road.

Velvet Joe

There's a many-times-a-day happiness waiting for you in VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco. Full weight 2 oz. tins, 10c.
COUPONS OF VALUE WITH VELVET.

HIPPO BORN IN PARK ZOO.

"Mrs. Murphy" Has 55-Pound Youngster—$5,000 Offer Received.

"Mrs. Murphy," who has been stopping in Hippo Tank, Central Park, for a number of years, is receiving congratulations from her wide circle of friends in the Central Park Zoo on the birth of a 55-pound youngster. The baby hippo was born yesterday afternoon, and last night caretaker Bill Snyder announced that both mother and child were doing very nicely. He said that the city had an offer of $5,000 several days ago for the prospective increase in its live stock.

Park Commissioner Ward, whose duty it is to name the new arrival, said last night that he had not yet learned whether it was a boy or a girl, and so had not decided upon a name. This is the ninth hipppotamus "Mrs. Murphy" has given birth to since she has been the property of the city. A few years ago a young hippo was drowned in the tank immediately after its birth and, to prevent a recurrence of the accident, Synder drained off nearly all the water from the tank a few days ago.

Shawl Around Baby Breaks Fall.

A heavy shawl wrapped about her shoulders possibly saved the life late yesterday afternoon of Hannah Growner, 22 months old, daughter of Mrs. Hannah Growner of 2,224 Amsterdam Avenue, near 176th Street. The baby climbed on a chair in the front room of her home and dropped fifteen feet into an areaway. The shawl acted as a cushion and broke the force of the fall. She was taken to the Washington Heights Hospital suffering from a slight concussion of the brain and shock. Dr. Jacobs said she would recover.

J. C. MARTIN'S ESTATE.

Coal Operator Left Property Worth $816,612 in This State.

John Calvin Martin, a coal operator of Pennsylvania, who died on Sept. 3, 1912, owned property in this State worth $816,612, according to an appraisal filed yesterday. The net value of his New York estate is $740,627. Mr. Martin's residuary estate worth $605,619 was left in equal shares to three Presbyterian charities.

Mr. Martin was the owner and developer of large Pennsylvania coal properties, from which he amassed a fortune of about $10,000,000. He was noted for his philanthropy. Three years before his death he became insane and was committed to a sanitarium. His will was contested recently on the ground that he was of unsound mind at the time the document was drawn.

GROUT MUST STAND TRIAL.

Court Refuses to Dismiss Indictment Against Him and Ashley.

Justice Kelly of the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, refused yesterday to dismiss the indictment for perjury against Edward M. Grout, President of the defunct Union Bank, and James T. Ashley, its Cashier. Justice Kelly said that the proper procedure would be to submit the motion to dismiss the indictment to the trial Judge rather than to ask a Special Term Justice to assume the function of Justice and jury. The decision of Justice Kelly means that both men must stand trial.

GIMBELS
Store Opens at 8:30—Closes at 5:30

Dry Cold Air Vaults for Furs, Rugs and Draperies.
Telephone, Madison Square—8200.
Fur Storage Desk. Extension 35.
Third Floor

Ready This Morning!

655 Men's Suits (*Regular $25 Grade*)
360 Men's Overcoats (*Regular $25 to $35 Grades*)

All at $17.50

Nearly 500 of these Spring and Summer Suits came to us from a GIMBEL manufacturer in good standing—his season's-end surplus. The rest are broken size-ranges from our own stock. $25 is the standard value of each suit.

Full-lined. Half-lined. Quarter-lined. Many with patch pockets. Over a dozen models—all of them new this season. Fabrics to suit every man's taste. Plain blues, blacks and mixtures. All sizes, 33 to 46.

The Overcoats are all from our Spring stock, where they have sold at $25, $30 and $35, and a few even more.

Single and double breasted styles. Cloth or silk-faced lapels. Full or quarter silk lining. Many fine Raglan Overcoats that will come in handy on motoring trips or ocean voyages this Summer.

Your unimpeded choice of any Suit or Overcoat in the collection...... } At $17.50

Fourth Floor

Important Sale of 4000

Men's Summer Shirts at 85c Each

for $1.25, $1.50 and $1.65 Grades

The values we assign to these Shirts are fixed by OUR OWN PRICES for shirts of like quality and desirability.

Made of the fine soft mercerized cotton materials that have such deserved popularity for men's summer shirts.

More Than 75 Distinct Designs and Colorings in the Collection

Because we took from the makers a dozen of one pattern, two dozen of another, at the close of their season's business, at a corresponding price concession.

GIMBEL Shirt offerings are becoming famous among men who know good Shirt values. This Sale—for today and tomorrow—will strengthen this reputation. Main Floor

Men's Summer Socks in a Sale

13,000 Pairs at Very Marked Savings

At 18c Pair, regularly 35c
Mercerized lisle in black and colors. 6 pairs for $1.

At $3 Dozen Pairs, regularly $4.20
Or 25c pair. Imported silk lisle in black and favorite colors.

At $3.50 Dozen Pairs, regularly $6
Or 35c pair. Highly lustrous silk lisle in black and colors.
Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Store Opens at 9:00 A. M. Closes 6:00 P. M.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Merchandise Here Advertised on Sale To-day and To-morrow.

Silk-Lined Spring Suits for Men & Young Men $18.50

Suits of Similar Quality Sell Elsewhere at $22.50 and $25.00

These silk-lined Suits are the best value we have offered in a long while. They were made specially for us by a high-grade manufacturer at a time when he needed work to keep his organization intact.

The lining of the Suits is *guaranteed silk*, in plain and striped effects. Some are lined with silk taffeta.

These garments represent the last word in style and excellence of fabric and tailoring.

English or conservative models, with patch pockets and cuffs on sleeves, or in plain effects.

The materials are the new pencil or chalk line stripes, Tartan checks, plain gray worsteds and fancy mixtures in nobby colorings.

300 Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, Special at $14.75

Styles to meet the taste of every man. Strictly all wool material, made up in English or conservative models. Hand-tailored. Plenty of blues, and white pencil stripes, and plain gray worsteds.
Fifth Floor, Broadway.

1914 Straw Hats for Men and Young Men

Panamas—Price $4.96
Leghorns French Imported Price $4.89
Milans—Price $4.89
Split Straws, The Best Makes Prices $1.39, $1.89 and $2.74

The Hat Store, Main Floor, 35th St., is showing the most complete assortment of Straw Hats we have ever displayed.

Walking Canes, $1.98

A fine selectoin of walking canes, in all the up-to-date shapes, sterling bands and caps, in the following woods:

Pimento,	*Malacca,*	*Hazel,*
Crocus,	*Plum,*	*Panama,*
Ash,	*Bamboo,*	*Castania,*
Ebony,	*Cornell,*	*Etc.*

Main Floor, Broadway.

Men's Belts, the $1.00 Kind, 59c

Calfskin tubular, suede-lined, Morocco and white kid. A big assortment.
Main Floor, Broadway.

Plain and Fancy Crepe Cravats, 59c

There are 100 dozen in the lot and the assortment includes all the new colorings. In specialty shops these are $1.00 goods. Main Floor, Broadway.

Men's Chamois Gloves, 97c

Suitable for street wear, in natural and white. These Gloves are washable (plain soap and water); pique and prix seam sewn; one clasp; embroidered backs.
Main Floor, Broadway.

"Flor de Merode" Cigars box of 50, $1.98

Macy's Price Was $2.49

Some stores ask $3.25 for a box of these Cigars. Just a little milder than a straight Havana. Made of a fine Havana filler with Sumatra wrapper.

"La Luchbana" Cigar (box of 50) $1.98

Macy's Usual Price, $2.34

Londres size. Made in the "La Luchbana" factory in Manila. Smooth and aromatic. Only 200 boxes for this sale.

"Spanish Club" Regalia Grandes are specially priced at $1.98 for a box of 50.
Fifth Floor, 35th St.

"Porosknit" Shirts & Drawers, Slightly Imperfect (ea.) 29c

Standard Price for Perfect Goods, 50c.

Just the garments for summer wear. Shirts are short-sleeve and athletic style. Drawers are knee and ankle length. The imperfections are scarcely noticeable and will not affect the wear of the garments.

"Porosknit" Union Suits, Slightly Imperfect, 69c
Standard price for perfect goods, $1.00
Shirts are short sleeved; in knee, ankle length and three-quarter length, also athletic (no sleeves), loose knee length.

Men's French Balbriggan Underwear (ea.) 29c
Imported. Shirts long or short sleeves. Drawers ankle length with double reinforced seat.

Sea Island Cotton Underwear (ea.) 98c
Men's Conradi and Friedman's imported. Shirts have long or short sleeves. Drawers ankle length, with double gusset.

Men's Cashmere Underwear (ea.) 98c
Very light weight. Shirts with long or short sleeves. Drawers with double seat; natural color.

White Finish Lisle Unde wear, 49c
For men—Shirts athletic style, also in long and short sleeves. Drawers knee and ankle length with double gusset seat; pearl buttons and suspender straps.

Ribbed Cotton Union Suits, 49c
Men's Spring needle. In half sleeves and ¾ length Drawers. Garments are slightly imperfect. Standard price for perfect goods $1.00.

Union Suits in White & Ecru, 98c
Men's fine Spring needle ribbed. Short sleeves and sleeveless, knee and ankle length Drawers.

Men's Seersucker Union Suits, 98c
Athletic style Shirts and knee length Drawers, very light weight for warm weather.

Motor Dust Coats for Men and Women, $4.49

A special purchase at a very special price. Linen and Mohair. The garments have square or Raglan shoulders. The women's coats are in Mohairs, in tan, blue, and black and natural tan Linens; the men's in gray Mohairs and tan Linens. The size range is complete. Fifth Floor, 34th Street.

Three Summer Shirt Offerings of Interest to Careful Dressers

All Silk Shirts, Like Quality $2.89
(*Elsewhere $5.00*)
Satin stripes and extra quality Crepes. Heavy silk and coat style. Soft cuffs. Sizes 14 to 17. Finished with first-class ocean pearl buttons.

Silk and Madras Shirts, Like Quality $1.69
(*Elsewhere $3.00 and $3.50*)
Jacquard woven and fine corded materials. Absolutely new designs and colorings. We ordered the goods five months ago, else the price quoted would not be possible. Sizes 13½ to 18.

Soft Summer Shirts, Like Quality 94c
(*Elsewhere $1.50*)
Fine Crepes, Corded Madras, Woven Madras and soft mercerized materials. Made over Macy measurements and specifications. Coat style, soft cuffs. Sizes 13½ to 17.

MELLEN TELLS OF NEW HAVEN'S HIGH FINANCING IN WESTCHESTER TROLLEY STOCK

MELLEN REVEALS NEW HAVEN DEALS

Continued from Page 1.

said that this situation should remain in statu quo until such time as certain needed modifications in the Westchester franchises were made."

Mr. Mellen did not make the exchange along the line mentioned, but gave his due bills to former Inspector Byrnes, who distributed them and gave back the Westchester stock to Mr. Mellen. These due bills were Mr. Mellen's own personal obligation, he said, and as he had settled with the New Haven Railroad for the shares transferred to him, he "was responsible to the holders of these due bills" for the number of shares represented by the figures on the backs of each of them.

Mr. Mellen did not state clearly that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York had made the desired modifications in the Westchester Company's franchise, but it was apparent that he meant to imply this. He said there was no written agreement in regard to the exchange of due bills for stock with Mr. Byrnes, and this statement drew from Chief Counsel Folk an inquiry as to "why the other party" had not signed such an agreement. "I think," said Mr. Mellen, "he was congenitally and constitutionally so fixed that he did not want to put his name to anything."

About $50,000 of the due bills was still outstanding and Mr. Mellen said that if anybody present in the hearing room had any of them the holder could cash them before Mr. Mellen left town to-night.

The hearing was adjourned until next Tuesday in order to give Mr. Mellen an opportunity to go to New Haven, Conn., and Stockbridge, Mass., to gather papers which the commission wanted and to give time to the commission to examine an enormous quantity of documents that had been furnished by Mr. Mellen.

A battery of photographic cameras, a company of Government attorneys and examiners, a squad of railroad lawyers, a brigade of newspaper reporters, and a score or so of stragglers, governed by curiosity, were faced by Mr. Mellen when he took the witness stand to-day. Mr. Mellen was accompanied by Mr. Crim, his personal counsel, and Timothy E. Byrnes, former Vice President of the New Haven. He answered questions readily and gave the impression of a man who had decided to make a clean breast of everything.

MR. MELLEN'S TESTIMONY.

How the New Haven Acquired the Westchester Road.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—When Mr. Mellen took the stand for his examination by General Counsel Folk of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the former Governor began by asking Mr. Mellen many questions as to his career.

"Helping the Interstate Commerce Commission" was the railroad man's smiling answer to an inquiry as to his occupation. Afterward he explained that since leaving the New Haven he had had no occupation. Mr. Mellen said that he would be 65 years old soon; that he lived in New Haven, and that until August, 1913, he had been President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. He said also that he had brought with him papers required by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

After Mr. Mellen had given some account of his career as a railroad man he was asked about his connection with the New Haven. Here Mr. Crim, his personal counsel, interrupted to make the following statement:

"I think that it is becoming that I should say this, and particularly in view of his more or less facetious statement in reply to an inquiry from Gov. Folk, that he was assisting the Interstate Commerce Commission. Mr. Mellen, during all of the time since his indictment in the Grand Trunk case, has been perfectly willing to state fully and completely his identification in every respect and his administration of the affairs of the New Haven Railroad. He courts an opportunity to give a full and complete history of that administration. He has not done that heretofore because I have insisted that he should not. He comes here in obedience to a subpoena, and in obedience to the spirit of that subpoena is willing and will testify fully and completely with respect to every detail, and he desires the commission to interrogate him fully in regard to every phase of his administration of the New Haven Railroad."

Made President by Morgan.

Mr. Folk continued his examination:

Q.—Please tell the commission the circumstances and persons that induced you to become President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. A.—Why, the person whom I have always regarded as almost entirely responsible for my connection with the New Haven Railroad—that is, the person who took the greatest personal interest in making me President was the late Mr. Morgan.

Q.—Did Mr. Morgan first suggest to you the idea of becoming President of the New Haven? A.—I forget whether it was Mr. Morgan or the late William D. Bishop. They were both interested in having me leave the Northern Pacific and come to the New Haven, but my personal relationship was more with Mr. Morgan than with Mr. Bishop.

Q.—Did you go to Mr. Morgan of your own accord or did he send for you? A.—My connection with the Northern Pacific—that was controlled by Mr. Morgan—brought me into a close relationship with Mr. Morgan, and whenever I was in New York, which was about ten times a year, I used to come on to the Directors' meetings about ten of the twelve months of the year. If he were in the country I would always meet him on those occasions.

Q.—State what was said by him in connection with your becoming President of the New York & New Haven. A.—I did not have anything to say to him. He did it himself.

Q.—In what way did he do it? A.—Secured by election by the Directors. I had no negotiations. I did not know what my salary was to be. Mr. Morgan told me he was going to make me President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Road. Naturally I was gratified and I thanked him. I thought it was the reward of good service.

Q.—State what else took place, if anything? A.—Nothing except that I was elected.

Q.—You said you did not know what your salary was to be? A.—No.

Q.—At what amount was it fixed? A.—Fifty thousand dollars at first.

Q.—Then later what amount? A.—Sixty thousand dollars.

Q.—When you took charge of the New Haven Railroad as President, what was the policy of the Board of Directors in reference to extension of the investments of the road in securities of other roads? A.—I found that they had been acquiring for years large amounts of securities of their leased lines apparently with an ultimate view of their merging or union with the main line or parent company. They had control of several trolley companies and several steamship companies.

Q.—Did that policy continue during your term? A.—It did. I was in accord with the policy.

The New Haven's Acquisitions.

Mr. Mellen then told in answer to questions of the acquisition by the New Haven Railroad of the trolleys of the City of New Haven.

Q.—From whom did you acquire them? A.—From stockholders. We issued debentures, two for one. That is, $100 of the stock of the Fair Haven & Westville Railroad Company was exchanged for $200, or 3½ per cent. fifty-year debentures of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, which was the equivalent of paying 7 per cent. for fifty years for the control of the property.

Q.—Who figured in that transaction? Who arranged the deal? A.—Very largely myself, on the part of the railroad.

Q.—Who on the part of the trolleys? A.—The President and attorney and perhaps one or two of the Directors of the company.

Q.—At what amount did you buy the stock—at 50? A.—It would be the equivalent of 200. One share of Fair Haven & Westville stock was reckoned as the equivalent of $200 par value of 3½ per cent. New York, New Haven & Hartford debentures.

Q.—The par value was $25? A.—I think not. I think it was $100. That is my impression, but I would not be too sure about it. I figure it approximately, in round numbers, $5,000,000 of the Fair Haven & Westville, for which $10,000,000 3½ per cent. debentures were issued.

Q.—And you turned the stock over to the Consolidated at a less price than you paid for it? A.—I do not understand you.

Q.—Did you turn the stock that you received in the trolleys over to the Consolidated Company? A.—Oh, it was the Consolidated Company that made the trade. There was no money passed in the transaction. So many shares of the stock of the trolleys became the property of the New Haven Company and so many debentures of the New Haven Company became the property of the trolley company, and were distributed to its stockholders or were directly placed by the New Haven Company with the stockholders for their stock.

Q.—The New Haven Railroad Company then exchanged its debentures for this trolley stock, did it not? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Then the New Haven road turned the stock over to the Consolidated Company? A.—The Consolidated Railway Company, which was the New Haven's trolley company at that time.

Q.—And the stock was turned over to the Consolidated Company at a loss of how much? A.—I never understood there was any loss. I suppose that it was turned over, and it is my understanding that it was turned over at the same price that was received.

Q.—The acquisition of the Westchester property was when? A.—There are two Westchester properties. I suppose you mean the one that has been prominently mentioned in the newspapers. There is the Westchester Railroad Company, and then there is the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Company. One is a trolley company and the other is a high-speed, standard electric railroad.

Mr. Mellen's Personal Due Bills.

Mr. Folk fumbled among some papers and produced a slip which read as follows:

"New Haven, January, 1909. Upon presentation of this memorandum there will be delivered (blank) shares of the capital stock of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, with all dividends accrued thereon from above date, or this memorandum will be cashed at the market value of said stock on the date of presentation, with such accrued dividends, but in no event shall the stock be valued at more than $150 per share."

Q.—What is that memorandum, Mr. Mellen? A.—That is a form of a personal due bill which I gave for New York, Westchester & Boston shares. It was eventually redeemed by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in its own shares of capital stock. You will find in the records, if you have the New Haven records in your hand, a vote of the Board of Directors by which some 8,000 shares of New Haven stock were transferred to me for the purpose of acquiring outstanding minority shares of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad.

Q.—Were these 8,000 shares transferred to you in escrow? A.—Not so stated, but that is the real intent of the transaction.

Q.—In escrow for what? A.—For the acquisition of three times that number of shares of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Company.

Q.—And these shares were to be delivered to you? A.—They were to be delivered to me, and it was the understanding of the parties that I was to hold this stock for the redemption of these shares which they held.

Q.—Who were the parties? A.—I never was able to meet the parties. I never met them myself. There was a man sent up to deal with me in the transaction. I never supposed he was anything more than what should I call it—a "fence?" that is it.

Q.—There were certain franchises which you desired to secure and have amended with reference to the Westchester? A.—There were certain franchises which the Westchester held, which were insured and needed modifications.

Q.—And these shares of stock amounting to $1,200,000—(Mr. Mellen, interrupting: That is the cash value of the shares, it was reckoned)—were placed in your hands in escrow to be delivered when the franchise should be amended in certain specified particulars. Is that correct? A.—As I recall it—and I was not particular to understand it very well—as I recall it, we refused; we were perfectly willing to put up the 8,000 shares—the New Haven road was—in my hands. The other parties apparently had their 24,000 shares accumulated ready for delivery. They wished to make an immediate exchange. Our people were unwilling to make the immediate exchange and said that this situation should remain in statue quo until such time as certain needed modifications in the franchises, certain litigations then pending, and certain things which were of questionable validity, certain acts which were of questionable validity, were validated. It was not an agreement in writing. It was an agreement typewritten on a piece of paper in which were enumerated thirteen different things.

Dealt with Police Inspector Byrnes.

Mr. Folk wanted to know with whom the witness dealt regarding the delivery of the $1,200,000 worth of stock upon the amendment of the franchise of the Westchester. Mr. Mellen answered that the person was dead. Pressed further, he said this person was Police Inspector Thomas J. Byrnes of New York, but he explained that Byrnes had ceased to belong to the Police Department at that time. Mr. Folk resumed:

Q.—Were any of these due bills presented to you for any of that stock? A.—There is an indorsement on the back of the due bills that were outstanding at the time that memorandum was made, one of which you will note was redeemed in March.

Q.—March of this year? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—I notice some figures on the back of this paper. Will you please explain what these figures mean? A.—Those are the outstanding due bills that have never been presented to me.

Q.—Explain about the due bills. A.—The situation was this: This stock was in my hands for the purpose of redeeming the due bills. These are the dates of the due bills, and the number of New Haven shares I was obligated for under these due bills. These due bills were my own personal obligation. I had settled with the New Haven Railroad for the shares. I was responsible to the holders of the due bills for the number of shares that are enumerated on the back. I keep them for my own personal information in case somebody should ask me to redeem one of those due bills some day when I am in New York. One of the due bills outstanding is dated Jan. 11, 1909, and represents ninety-three shares of New Haven stock. One is dated Jan. 19, 1909, and represents 100 shares of New Haven stock; one is dated March 1, 1909, and represents 100 shares of New Haven stock; one is dated April 25, 1909, and represents 100 shares of New Haven stock, and one is dated May 7, 1909, and represents 100 shares of New Haven stock.

Q.—Where are those due bills now? A.—God only knows. They have been outstanding for over five years, and I am really thinking that possibly I will not have to pay them, they have been outstanding so long.

Q.—You paid one this year, however? A.—I did, on March 7, 1914.

Q.—Under what circumstances did you pay that one? A.—A man presented it to me and told me he wanted cash, and I paid him $10,450 in bills.

Q.—State what took place at that interview. Did you know that man? A.—No.

Q.—What did he look like? Describe him. A.—Well, I thought he was somebody from the east side by the looks of his nose. (Laughter.)

Q.—What did he say? A.—He said he had my due bill. I said, "Let me see it."

Q.—Where did this take place. A.—It took place at the Vanderbilt Hotel.

Q.—Did he come to your room? A.—No; I went down into the rotunda.

Q.—He called for you at the hotel? A.—He did.

Q.—You went down to the rotunda? What was the name he gave, do you know? A.—He did not give any name, and I was not anxious to know it.

Commissioner McChord—Why, Mr. Mellen, were you going to pay this stranger $10,000? A.—He had a due bill, Mr. Commissioner, in my own personal hand writing, which was easily recognizable.

Commissioner McChord—Yes, but did you know he was the person legally entitled to collect it? A.—Yes, I knew it, because it was due to bearer, and I had no occasion to ask him any questions, and I should have no occasion to ask any one else any questions. If any man in this room has one of these due bills he will get the cash for it before I leave town to-night.

Crim Objects to Folk's Conclusion.

Mr. Folk took up the questioning again at this point. "In other words," he said, "in order to make it plain that $1,200,000 was for the purpose of correcting the franchise in the particulars mentioned?"

Mr. Crim interpolated the objection that Mr. Folk's query was a conclusion. "Let us get at the facts and then see what it was," he urged. "There is no element of corruption in it."

"Just answer the question," said Mr. Folk, addressing Mr. Mellen. "Was it for the purpose of correcting?"

"Absolutely no," answered the witness calmly. "It was for the purpose of redeeming a valid obligation of Mr. C. S. Mellen; that is all."

The examination then continued.

Q.—What were you to get for these obligations? A.—In the original transaction for which this due bill was issued I got three times as many New York, Westchester & Boston shares as I agreed to deliver of New Haven shares.

Q.—You were to get this franchise amended in thirteen different particulars? A.—We did.

Q.—And this stock was placed in your hands in escrow? A.—Not for that purpose, but to redeem Westchester & Boston stock.

Q.—And these due bills were issued so they would be payable to bearer, in order that you might know who actually got the money; is that correct? A.—No, the due bills were issued in this way: I was very frequently in New York, perhaps 50 per cent. of the time; these Westchester shares were presented, and I was asked for the redemption value of these shares which I had agreed upon with Mr. Byrnes. I did not always have conveniently with me either money or checks or the stock of the New Haven Railroad. In many instances they were willing to wait until I could get it the next time I was in New York. In many instances they asked me if I would not give them a memorandum. I gave them various memoranda. The only ones that are now outstanding are the ones that I have read to you this morning.

Commissioner McChord—Tell us who it was that asked you to do that, and to whom you gave the memorandums.

Mr. Mellen—The party that asked me to do this was Mr. Byrnes, who was the negotiator for—

Commissioner McChord—Who?

Mr. Mellen—I do not know.

Commissioner McChord—Did he tell you?

Mr. Mellen—No, he was very particular not to tell me.

Mr. Folk—That is just what I am trying to get at.

Mr. Mellen—If he told me, I should be as willing to tell you their names as I am to tell you his name.

Q.—Do you know why he was anxious not to tell you? A.—Why, I suppose, Governor, I may have had in the back of my head a suspicion of what was going on, but I did not find—I was President of the New Haven Railroad and I was not a detective.

Q.—All right, just tell us that suspicion. A.—The suspicion was that those shares of Westchester stock were scattered in the hands of people of what you call influence.

Q.—Influence—politicians? A.—I do not know that they were politicians.

Q.—Officials? A.—Why, I do not know that.

Q.—And the shares of stock amounting to $1,200,000 were to be scattered in this way through Mr. Byrnes, in order to secure the amendment of your franchise in the particulars mentioned? A.—That was not the cause.

Q.—Tell us the facts. A.—The situation in regard to the Westchester was a situation with which the New Haven Road had absolutely nothing to do. The position of the New Haven Road was one of desire to acquire the outstanding shares of the Westchester Company. They had accumulated in the hands of parties—I do not know who—who were represented in their negotiations with me by Mr. Byrnes. When Mr. Byrnes made this agreement with me, I had an impression, a hunch, that he was a man of some considerable influence or that he could reach people who were of influence, and I know of what I considered to be defects in the charter, things that I would like to have remedied. I made a list, or rather, Mr. Moulton did for me—Mr. Moulton was at that time the President of the New York, Westchester & Boston. I made a list of all the things that I thought were desirable to have corrected, and I said I would hold the stock until they were corrected, and I did hold it until they were corrected. They were corrected to my entire satisfaction.

Commissioner McChord—Who was it you wanted to reach to do this? A.—I do not know, Mr. Commissioner. I never knew who I wanted to reach, but I wanted to reach a result.

Commissioner McChord—What was the result you wanted to reach? A.—The amendment and changes in the charter to make it satisfactory.

Commissioner McChord—Amendments by whom? A.—Necessarily by New York. The amendments to franchises are granted by the city or the municipality in which the charter exists.

Commissioner McChord—You wanted to reach the city authorities and have these changes made? A.—The changes have to be passed on, in my best judgment, by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York.

Knew Only Inspector Byrnes.

Mr. McChord persisted in his attempt to ascertain who it was that he assumed Mr. Mellen sought to reach, but Mr. Mellen reiterated that he wanted to reach only a result. "Mr. Commissioner," he said, "I did not want to reach any person—any fellow, the devil or anybody else was entirely satisfactory to me if I got what I needed. I did not deal with anybody but Mr. Byrnes, and I have absolutely no personal knowledge of anybody in the transaction but Mr. Byrnes."

"Were you willing to pay this $1,200,000 to accomplish that result?" Mr. Folk wanted to know.

"No," answered the witness. "I paid that to get the stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, and I felt they were anxious to get the New Haven stock or its equivalent, and in the trade I said: 'We will do it after these things are done.' That was the situation. I have no reason, Mr. Commissioner, to withhold any knowledge or shield any one. But I tell you I know certain things and certain things I do not know. But I tell you that it was in my mind to get for the New Haven Railroad ownership of the Westchester & Boston—first, the shares, and, second, I thought I saw an opportunity to get some desirable amendments, and I made them throw those amendments in in the trade."

By Mr. Folk—What was the date of the matter you are referring to there? Look at your due bills. A.—Oh, those are the dates of the due bills. That is long after.

Q.—That was afterward, was it? A.—Oh, yes. The negotiation, Governor, to the best of my recollection, I should state to be about the early Summer of 1908, and this stock was in my hands, and this transaction of exchange was in abeyance probably for six or seven months while they were accomplishing what I desired to have accomplished.

Q.—It was in 1908 that you desired these amendments to this franchise? A.—The first transaction; you must not confuse the two.

Q.—I am trying to get the dates, so I can tell who were the officials at that time. A.—I will state to you that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this transaction with Mr. Byrnes commenced—if I were obliged to fix a date, I would say June, 1908. It is a pretty hard thing for a man who has transacted the business I have to be pinned on dates, but it is approximately June, 1908, the exchange of securities under that agreement or understanding; for there was nothing in writing signed by anybody.

Q.—Why did you not have it in writing? A.—Well, I could not sign an agreement in writing without the other party signing the agreement. I was perfectly willing to sign anything so far as I was concerned.

Q.—Why would not the other party sign it? Do you know? A.—I think he was congenitally and constitutionally so fixed that he did not want to put his name to anything.

Q.—Was anytihng said at the time about having this agreement in writing? A.—No; I felt perfectly confident that Mr. Byrnes would do what he said he would do. I did not ask him. He did not ask anything except that the New Haven stock should be put in my hands. He was willing to trust me and I trusted him.

Q.—Soon after this stock was placed in your hands did you sell 8,000 shares and turn it into money? A.—Oh, no.

Q.—You kept it in your hands? A.—It stayed right as 8,000 shares, as collateral to my note in the Treasurer's office of the New Haven Railroad, until I began to draw on the shares for the purpose of exchange, and then I turned over Westchester shares as fast as I delivered New Haven.

Q.—And these unknown persons behind Mr. Byrnes would present these due bills, and either get stock or cash? A.—No; the large majority, the very great proportion of these parties, took those New Haven shares, three for one. The shares of the New Haven Railroad were all in the name of C. S. Mellen. When I drew the shares from the Treasurer, I gave him a memorandum "to be redeemed in Westchester shares." I took the shares to New York, indorsed them to blank, passed them over, and got the Westchester shares.

Q.—Passed them over where? A.—To the parties who brought a memorandum to me, and bought the Westchester shares.

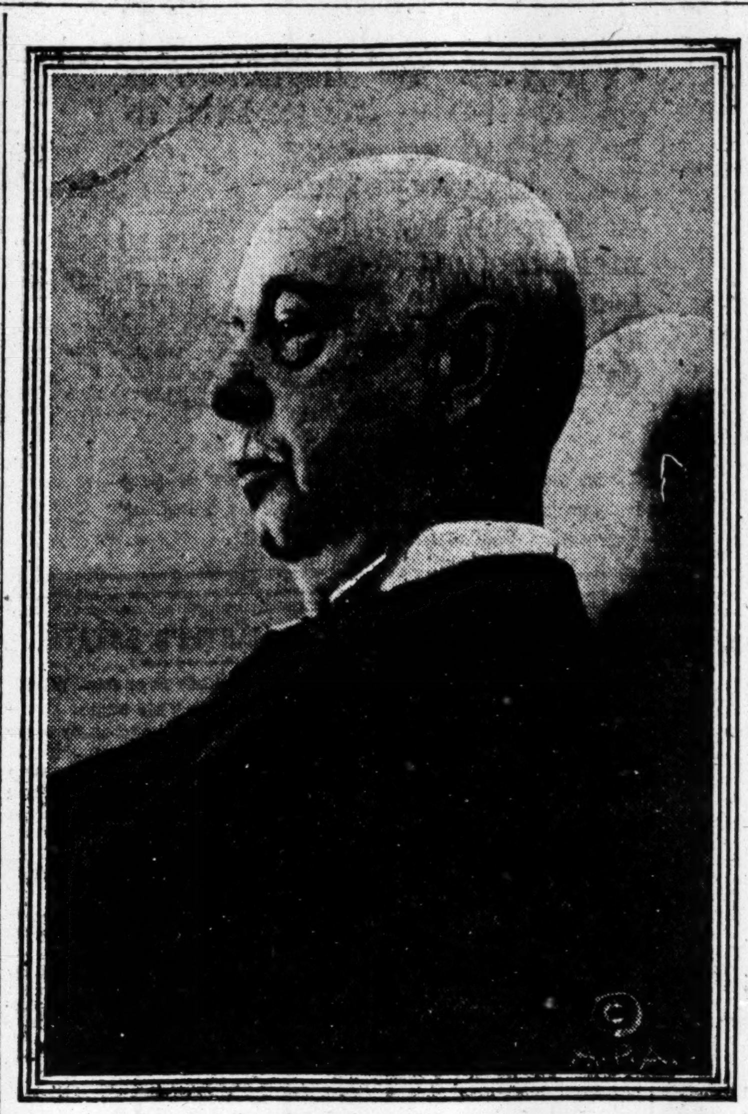
All Looked Alike to Him.

Mr. Folk adverted to the incident of the stranger with the due bill whom Mr. Mellen had said looked like a man from the east side, and requested the witness to mention some other instance where a bill was presented and to describe the caller, but Mr. Mellen said his visitors all looked so much alike that he could not remember. "They were all strangers to you, were they?" questioned the chief counsel. "Every one of them," responded Mr. Mellen with a smile.

Commissioner McChord tried a new tack. He wanted to know whether the Westchester shares were indorsed by any one. Mr. Mellen explained that they had apparently been made out in the name of clerks and were indorsed in the blank. "I had a natural curiosity," he vouchsafed, "and I tried to find out if I could who had owned these shares, but I ran up against a stone wall every time, and I have not the slightest idea. I know that the party in whose name the shares were issued and who indorsed them in blank did not own the shares. I discovered that fact."

By Mr. Folk—How did you discover that? A.—Because I knew the parties in many instances to whom the shares were issued, and those parties declined—did not know and could not tell me except that they did not own the shares.

Commissioner McChord—Do you know who those parties were? A.—They are all matters of record, or were on Aug. 31, 1913, in the office of the President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., in New Haven, Conn. I had lists of all the outstanding shares typewritten. They would read 'like this: Such a date, such a number of shares, such a name. As fast as these certificates would come in, and there was absolutely nothing to distinguish who owned them, I would check them off, and you will find those lists with my check marks in lead pencil. They were in the office of the New Haven Railroad on Aug. 31, 1913, when I said good-bye.



CHARLES S. MELLEN,

Photographed as he testified yesterday.

Q.—They were indorsed in blank by the persons to whom they were originally issued, were they? A.—I recall one name particularly. I do not think I recall any save that one. But there was one who had a very large number of the shares in his name. It was a peculiar name—Ralph Polk Buell. I remember that. You get those lists and you may find a half dozen names, but I think you will find there were 30,000 or 100,000 shares in the names of parties who had no more relation to the ownership of the shares than did this man whom I have mentioned.

Commissioner McChord—Did you know him? A.—I knew he was a clerk, and I know he is still a clerk in some capacity, or an officer of the Westchester & Boston Railroad.

Mr. Folk—What efforts did you make to find out to whom these shares were transferred? A.—I made inquiries of Mr. Moulton, who was then President of the Westchester, and he said there was absolutely nothing in the office to indicate who had those shares.

Q.—So the real ownership was concealed? A.—Absolutely, and it was done for the purpose, in my judgment, of concealing who was the real owner.

Q.—Were you able to determine from your investigation whether these shares issued to owners whose names were concealed were based on any value paid to the Westchester? A.—You are asking me a question which I can only reply to by giving suspicions.

Q.—All right, give your suspicions. A.—My impression is, and my suspicion is, that those shares were issued to contractors to do work for the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, and that those shares were placed by those contractors where they would do the most good.

Q.—Placed where, now? A.—I do not know. I assumed they did not go to people without any interest. I do not know beyond that.

Q.—Give me the names of those contractors. A.—I do not know. It was before the New Haven became connected with the property.

Q.—Were there any contractors that did any work on the Westchester amounting to $100,000 up to that time? A.—I think at the time the New Haven bought the Westchester there had been expended upon it in the vicinity of $1,000,000, and there were contracts outstanding for additional work which were acquired afterward by the Westchester organization, that is, the contractors were settled with and retired from their contracts.

Q.—And you do not know whether these shares went to contractors who actually did work or contractors who did nothing but simply used the shares to get political and official influence?

Stock Worth 10 Cents a Pound.

Mr. Mellen assured his questioner that he knew absolutely nothing about it. It was before the New Haven became interested in the property in any way.

"We found these shares scattered," he said. "We found a bunch of them concentrated, represented by Mr. Burns. We were in such a position that we felt it necessary to acquire the outstanding shares. We acquired them in the best way we could, and I made all the conditions that I thought that I possibly could get complied with before delivering our good stock for what I considered practically their worthless stock."

"You did not consider the Westchester stock worth anything, then?" queried Mr. Folk, apparently surprised.

"I have been quoted, and I think I might just as well state it on the stand, that I thought it was worth about 10 cents a pound," replied the witness.

Q.—And so you had due bills out to deliver good stock or its equivalent in cash for stock you considered worth 10 cents a pound? A.—No, Governor, you mistake. I had no due bills out of C. S. Mellen's that I did not have the wherewithal from the New Haven Railroad to redeem those due bills with.

Q.—Of course, the New Haven stood back of them? A.—I gave my personal obligation, and there has never been a default yet to the New Haven through anything the New Haven has given me.

Q.—Can you tell us how many of those due bills you gave? A.—I have redeemed—of course, I have got to approximate it—in the vicinity of $150,000 in cash.

Q.—In cash? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—All to persons you did not know? A.—I did not know, and it was never intended I should know.

Q.—And it came to you in this same mysterious way? A.—Absolutely, absolutely. There are now outstanding the equivalent of about $50,000 value of these due bills, and they have been outstanding for over five years, and I am hoping they will outstand until six years, when the statute of limitations will bar them collecting anything on them.

Q.—Do you mean to say there are outstanding about $50,000 of those due bills that could be presented and cashed by you? A.—There are outstanding to-day due bills representing the value at the market price when they are presented of 493 shares, with the accrued dividends for five years, and the dividends, which until the present time have averaged 8 per cent. per annum. Therefore, you may say that the stock is worth $70; that the accrued dividends represent about 40 per cent. That would make those shares worth $110 a share, if they were presented before night, and I should have to pay them in cash or in my check. And I never drew a check in this transaction that was not drawn by C. S. Mellen, endorsed C. S. Mellen, and when it came through the bank it was as clean a piece of paper as you ever saw; there was not even an indication that anybody ever had it, except myself.

Q.—They did not indorse the checks you gave them? A.—They did not indorse them, and there was not the usual bank stamp on the back to indicate they had passed through the bank.

Q.—Have you got those checks in these papers here? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you get them? A.—I have got one of those checks in my possession, and that is the last one. I have never been in the habit of keeping my paid checks.

Q.—Where is the last one? A.—I will produce it. I will produce anything I have.

Q.—You paid a total of $150,000 out of these due bills? A.—Approximately.

Q.—In cash? A.—No, some may have been in checks, indorsed. It was practically cash.

Q.—And those payments were made to about fifteen different persons? A.—You could figure that—

Q.—Ten thousand dollars each due bill? A.—If they were $100 shares, but some were mixed amounts.

Q.—About how many different persons did you pay this $150,000 to? A.—I do not demur to your number. There may have been fifteen and may have been twenty.

Q.—You spoke of this east side resident visiting you without giving his name and presenting one of these due bills and paying him $10,000 on the due bill? A.—Why, I recall that somebody came every time, but there was nothing about the transaction—sometimes they did not even come in to see me. They passed the due bill in through my clerks.

Q.—But you saw the person who presented the due bills? A.—I have seen some of those people. Some insisted on getting by my clerks and claimed they had a personal matter to transact with me. These people would get in.

Q.—Just tell what took place at any of those interviews.

Here Mr. Mellen indulged in a piece of mimicry which tickled the audience hugely.

"They would say, 'Is this Mr. Mellen?'

"'Yes.'

"'Well, I have a due bill of yours.'

"I would say, 'Yes? Let me see it.'

"They would pass it out to me.

"I would say, 'That is all right. How shall I pay you? Do you want it in stock?'

"'No.'

"'Do you want a check?'

"'No.'

"'Do you want cash?'

"'Yes.'

"'Do you want large bills or small bills?'

"Generally they would want small bills."

When the laughter created by this piece of acting had subsided the examination continued.

Q.—And these persons who presented these due bills of different kinds were very much alike, you say? A.—Well, if the occasion will permit, I can tell you a joke on that. There was nothing about them that would impress them on my memory, and I do not say that with any desire to shield them, but it was an incident. I was after their stock in the first instance. I gave these due bills, which was the quickest way to get rid of them, and I put myself in funds to redeem the bills. The due bills were presented, very much to my surprise, years after they were issued. In fact, the bulk of those due bills, to the best of my recollection, were presented for redemption after my resignation from the New Haven Railroad was announced. In other words, I think that the large proportion of those due bills were redeemed by me in July or August last year. The due bills were not all of the same character. The reason I retain that memorandum is because only due bills of that character are still outstanding. As fast as I got a due bill it went into the dump right off. All I wanted to know was that all things that bore my name were canceled, and when they were out of the way I did not want to ever think of them again. I am sorry to have to repeat it now.

Q.—Have you the other canceled due bills? A.—I have none of them.

Q.—Where are they? A.—I also make it a practice with papers of that kind to tear them up in small pieces and throw them in the watercloset.

Q.—Why? A.—Because I do not think they leave any trace.

Q.—For it's not to be— A.—What is that?

Q.—So there will be no hereafter! A.—If I could have gotten hold of those five due bills there would have been no present nor any hereafter about these subjects.

Q.—Where is that canceled check you spoke of? A.—That canceled check is in my papers in New Haven. I have made it a practice for a good many years to throw away my checks whenever I have finished checking, and I started a new book some time in December, I should say, and anything I paid since the starting of that check book I have in vouchers until the checkbook is used up. I know I have that last check, and I shall be very glad for you to have it, or anything else I have.

Mr. Folk announced at this point that there were many papers to go over, and he asked the commission to adjourn until Monday.

Mr. Mellen said he would go to New Haven and get some desired papers there, and as the search might take some time he suggested that the hearing be adjourned until Tuesday. He had also a large number of papers at his Summer home in Stockbridge, Mass., and he would like to go there, also. He promised to bring all papers that had anything to do with the New Haven.

Mr. Mellen's suggestion was agreed to, and the commission adjourned until Tuesday.

Before he left the stand Mr. Mellen said that he had a paper with him that "is worth $50,000 to somebody." This was taken over by the commission.

TALK OF RECEIVERSHIP.

Interstate Board Said to Favor This as New Haven Solution.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—The Transcript to-night publishes the following dispatch from its Washington correspondent:

"That a Federal receivership of the New Haven as the best and shortest way out of the present difficulties of the system is the objective of the Interstate Commerce Commission is the privately expressed opinion of men who are in the counsels of the commission.

"It is known that a Federal receivership, as a result of the possible revelations of former President Mellen, is also the fear of the Attorney General, who is wedded to the solution of the problem through negotiations conducted by his department, aided by the overhanging threat of criminal prosecution of Mellen and maybe other officials.

"'A receivership would bring the Directors and responsible officials of the present system in the courts,' said a man to-day who is in a position to know how the commission views the case, 'and in no other way could those who have suffered from the way the road has been handled be recompensed for their losses. No amount of adjusting by the Department of Justice could have a similar salutary effect.'

"Whatever may be the results, it is to-day, at least, certain that the commission, having got its teeth at last into the New Haven, is not going to allow itself to be shaken loose without securing some satisfaction from the process."

MELLEN DESCRIBES CANADIAN DEALS

Tells How C. P. R. Came to Run Here Over New Haven Tracks.

HITCHES WITH GRAND TRUNK

His Attitude to Its Extension to Providence Controlled by New Haven Electrification Plans.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—President Mellen's formal statement submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day in connection with his appearance as a witness was as follows:

"Early in 1906 there were negotiations started between the Grand Trunk and the New Haven, looking to the establishment of through routes for the interchange of passenger and freight service.

"These negotiations were more or less continuous, and while at various times approaching an agreement, something with other connections of the New Haven was continually transpiring making changes necessary in the basis of the arrangement contemplated with the Grand Trunk.

"For instance, at one time, as shown by the letters produced herewith, an agreement would have been reached but for an arrangement having been completed as a result of the negotiations in progress during the same period with the Canadian Pacific Railway; and as an agreement on the basis before contemplated with the Grand Trunk would have left the Grand Trunk in a more favorable position than the Canadian Pacific, the completion of the Canadian Pacific negotiations precluded an arrangement with the Grand Trunk on a basis which, but for the arrangement with the Canadian Pacific, would have been accepted and approved by the New Haven.

"Various interviews from time to time occurred with the Grand Trunk officials after the conclusion of the arrangement with the Canadian Pacific. The situation was thoroughly explained to the Grand Trunk, and that company's officials were offered an arrangement based upon the Canadian Pacific's, but wanting better terms, the negotiations came to nought.

"It has always been my personal policy to make arrangements with connecting lines on practically a parity, so there can be no feeling that the New Haven was permitting discrimination in favor of one or against another.

"The arrangement with the Canadian Pacific was a very beneficial one to the industries and business on the line of the New Haven System, and it reduced the rates to the manufacturers located on the line of the New Haven to the extent of the differential rates permitted by the Trunk Line Association applied to the business of the Canadian Pacific as compared with the rates on the business handled by the trunk line, which latter were always on a higher basis.

"The Canadian Pacific arrangement put the Canadian Pacific over the line of the New Haven into and out of New York City, and thereby applied to the New Haven's lines the Canadian Pacific's differentials out of New York City by way of an all-rail line much longer in mileage, but a continuous rail line.

"This brought about a storm of protest on the part of the established lines, notably the Pennsylvania and the New York Central, with the result that there were frequent conferences at the Trunk Line Association lines in New York, brought about for the purpose of inducing the New Haven to withdraw from its Canadian Pacific arrangement so far as its all-rail line was concerned. This, after considerable lapse of time and negotiations, brought about a compromise by which the New Haven did withdraw from the Canadian Pacific arrangement so far as its all-rail lines were concerned and substituted its boat line between New York and New Haven for that portion of the route in lieu of its continuous all-rail line, and the matter was adjusted on this basis.

"This basis was held by all the parties to correspond to the basis that had for many years existed out of New York by the Central Vermont boat line to New London and the Grand Trunk's rail line from New London to the West, and since that adjustment the Canadian Pacific's lines have maintained out of New York the same basis and rates as has the Grand Trunk by way of New London.

"Later negotiations were resumed with the Grand Trunk represented by Mr. Hays, Vice President, and later President of that company. I had known Mr. Hays intimately for many years, as will be shown by the correspondence between us submitted.

"The Grand Trunk, of which Mr. Hays was the controlling man in this country, controlled by stock ownership the Central Vermont Railroad. The Central Vermont Railroad controlled by lease over a long term the New London Northern Railroad, reaching tidewater at New London, Conn. It also owned and controlled a steamboat line plying between New London and New York.

"The relations of the Central Vermont with the New Haven became extremely complicated as a result of the New Haven's acquisition and control by stock ownership of the Boston & Maine Railroad for reasons which I will relate.

"The Central Vermont owned no line between Windsor, Vt., and Brattleboro, Vt., a distance of fifty miles. Its line was disconnected by this break and it could only relieve the break by the use of the Boston & Maine's controlled lines between those points.

"The Boston & Maine Railroad had two breaks in its lines which were in turn controlled by the Central Vermont; one between South Vernon and Brattleboro, Vt., a distance of ten miles, and one between Windsor and White River Junction, a distance of fourteen miles.

"There had been for years a mutual arrangement between the Central Vermont and the Boston & Maine covering the use of their respective rails for the purpose of piecing out and completing their respective systems of transportation. These arrangements were more or less temporary in their character, liable to termination by either party upon short notice and productive of a great deal of apprehension and annoyance and danger to the continuous operation of both systems.

"To give an example: The trains of the Boston & Maine Railroad between the White Mountains and New York, upon arriving at White River Junction, had to get authority to run in each instance over the fourteen miles of the Central Vermont between White River Junction and Windsor; tickets had to be provided, accountings had to be made, and tolls paid to the Central Vermont for the use of these fourteen miles. On arriving at Windsor the trains went over the Boston & Maine line to Brattleboro. Here again they had to get orders and pay tolls, separate tickets had to be provided, and separate accounting for the ten miles of road until they reached their own rails again at South Vernon, Vt.

"On the other hand, the trains of the Central Vermont arriving at Windsor from any point on the Central Vermont had to stop and get orders from the Boston & Maine, had to pay tolls to the Boston & Maine, had to account to the Boston & Maine for everything between Windsor, Vt., and Brattleboro, Vt. The arrangement was complicated; there were questions of risk in case of accidents and the responsibilities of each party were in many cases matters of doubt and controversy, and there were many accidents and many claims and counterclaims resulting from the cumbersome and complicated situation in which both parties found themselves.

"As a result of the friction developed over the use of these three pieces of road referred to, as a result of the failure of the Grank Trunk to make an arrangement satisfactory to itself for joint interchange of freight and passenger business with the New Haven, as a result of the jealousies and apprehensions exerted by the New Haven's stock control of the Boston & Maine, the Grand Trunk sought a line from Palmer, Mass., a station upon its New London Northern tracks, to Providence, R. I.

"These movements, looking to the construction of a line between Palmer and Providence, led to further negotiations, interviews, and correspondence between Mr. Hays and myself. These negotiations occupied a considerable period of time, many months, as will be shown by the correspondence submitted, and resulted in the consideration of various methods of adjustment looking at one time to the control of the Central Vermont by the New Haven, the control of the New York, Ontario & Western by the Grand Trunk, afterword modified to the control of the New London Northern by the New Haven, and the control of the New York, Ontario & Western by the Grand Trunk.

"The New Haven wanted at all times while I was connected with it an arrangement with the Grand Trunk for the distribution of business coming by way of the same territory served by the New Haven lines. It wanted for its manufactories and industries the benefit of the Grand Trunk's differential rates, but its business was so tied up with the trunk lines, notably the Pennsylvania and the New York Central, that every effort to open the territory of the New Haven to these differential rates met with decided opposition on the part of the trunk lines, and these lines were potent in the affairs of the New Haven and were represented on its Board of Directors and by substantial holdings of its capital stock.

"These interests were apprehensive of the effect upon the traffic they enjoyed with the New Haven Railroad if an additional participant with a lower basis of rates were permitted in the territory in question.

"There never was a time, probably, during my administration of the New Haven Road, when I could have successfully put into effect a traffic interchange with the Grand Trunk on its differential rate basis until threatened extension into Providence came before my board for consideration. Then I have no doubt it could have been done, and I acted upon that basis in the arrangements and negotiations or attempted negotiations with Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Hays's successor, which were interrupted just as they were apparently on the point of success by the action of the Department of Justice in its indictment of Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Smithers, and myself for an alleged conspiracy in stopping the extension of the Grand Trunk's line from Palmer to Providence.

"At no time during the period the Grand Trunk was apparently constructing its line from Palmer to Providence was I impressed with the good faith or intentions of the Grand Trunk people actually to construct such a line. I always believed, and do believe at the present time, the original and primary intention was simply to force a very good trade for the interchange of business between the New Haven and the Grand Trunk on terms which would appeal to the Grand Trunk people, but would cause the New Haven a very serious loss through the necessity the New Haven would have been under of readjusting its relations with all its connections. In saying this, I am not unmindful of the fact that ultimately financial considerations caused by the depression in Europe occasioned by the Balkan war brought about the cessation of the project in 1912.

"My belief that the Grand Trunk never contemplated constructing the projected lines for which it had obtained charters in the several New England States is justified by statements made by Mr. Hays in correspondence which has come to my atention.

"It has been stated that I used all the force at my command to prevent the Grand Trunk from getting its charters for a parallel of the New Haven and Boston & Maine lines.

"This is incorrect. So far as the lines in Rhode Island were concerned my record is clear; my instructions were explicit to all my subordinates to oppose the Grand Trunk in no way except the following:

First—That they should not be permitted to take or use any portion of the property of the New Haven Railroad necessary for its own use.

Second—That they should not be permitted to cross highways at grade.

Third—That if the New Haven should electrify its lines in Providence, the same system of electrification should be adopted by the Grand Trunk, and that the Grand Trunk should be required to electrify its lines at the same time.

"The first reason was that the New Haven's property was already seriously congested, and had to be enlarged to accommodate its own business. To have required it to accommodate a tenant on its expensive property would have been the equivalent of requiring the New Haven to furnish the capital to enable the Grand Trunk to compete with it.

"To have allowed the Grand Trunk to have made grade crossings on highways with its railroads would have eventually meant that the State would have had to participate in the cost of the elimination of these crossings, and the taxes of the State would thereby have been greatly increased, and the New Haven was one of the largest taxpayers in the State; therefore, it would have been an assessment on the New Haven to have facilitated the Grand Trunk's entering into competition with it.

"The New Haven had had in contemplation for several years the ultimate electrification of its main line between New York and Boston. This would have necessitated the electrification of the Union Station and approaches in Providence. If it should electrify its line it did not want another line in that station as its tenant that was using steam. Two kinds of electrification within the same station were impossible; therefore it asked that any other tenant should adopt the electrification that had been adopted, whatever that might have been at the time by the New Haven.

"All of the above were reasonable requirements, having the best of arguments from a public as well as a corporate standpoint, and appealed to the Legislature of the State of Rhode Island and were adopted as a part of the charter requirements of the Grand Trunk's entrance into that State. Similar requirements we sought to have introduced into the charter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, with the exception of the electrification requirements, for which there was no necessity, there being nothing in contemplation in the way of electrification in the section of Massachusetts through which the Grand Trunk's lines were to run.

"Submitted among the papers is a pencil draft of the speech I made before the Railroad Committee of the Rhode Island Legislature in connection with the petition of the Grand Trunk for the granting of its charter, which in the main conforms to the above statements.

"There were many places on the line of the proposed Grand Trunk extension where the interests of the Grand Trunk conflicted with those of our company. In all cases I gave instructions to amicably adjust them with the Grand Trunk engineers and insist upon no unreasonable requirements that would add to their expenses, distort their lines, or seem to an unprejudiced person at all unreasonable.

"The policy I was pursuing and did pursue so long as I was connected with the company was not to harass or delay or prevent the construction of the Grand Trunk lines, but only to protect the property of which I was the head from any unreasonable interference, undue seizure or impositions that would have operated to decrease its efficiency as a public server.

"At no time was I desirous of either constructing lines parallel or in opposition to the Central Vermont, nor did I see the necessity of the Central Vermont's constructing lines parallel or in opposition to those of the New Haven. I offered the joint unrestricted use of our property, with participation in the local business upon our lines from Palmer into Providence to the Central Vermont, and I was perfectly willing to take in exchange similar joint use between White River Junction and Windsor and between South Vernon and Brattleboro; between Montpelier and Burlington and between Swanton and Allburg, and whatever difficulties there were might be adjusted by arbitration, each receiving the same consideration for the advantages accruing to it, and I would have been and so expressed myself willing, in case of disagreement, to have referred to arbitration all questions of compensation. Propositions to this effect were submitted to Mr. Fitzhugh, President of the Central Vermont Railroad Company, but came to nought, as will be seen by the correspondence submitted.

"To the best of my ability I was on the lookout all the time to keep posted regarding what was being done; no construction had been engaged in and no expenses had been incurred other than the purchase of a few pieces of real estate and the expense incident to securing the charter rights by the Grand Trunk in connection with the proposed extension into Providence, until after the death of Mr. Hays through the foundering of the steamship Titanic, and I was convinced and am still, that had Mr. Hays lived and there had not been an interregnum in the affairs of the Grand Trunk, no money would have been expended in any serious construction of the Providence line.

"I had careful estimates of all the traffic tributary to the proposed extension from Palmer to Providence made, and, assuming that the Grand Trunk could have carried 50 per cent. of all the traffic in all directions originating at stations on the proposed line, including the traffic of the City of Providence, I never could convince myself that the line would ever pay more than its operating expenses, and that it should be a financial success was impossible from any reasoning I could give to the situation myself or could gain through the investigations of my subordinates.

"The serious feature of the Grand Trunk's extension from Palmer to Providence was not in the business it might take away from the New Haven Railroad nor in its effect on that particular construction upon the New Haven's revenues, but rather in the fact that it was the inauguration of a policy on the part of the Grank Trunk that would have necessitated an enormous amount of unnecessary railroad construction in New England through the ill feeling, hostility and the railroad fight that was inevitable as a result.

"This was later appreciated by Mr. Hays himself, for he started to build an inconsequential line from Palmer to Providence, and before he had expended any considerable money on that line he found himself obliged to secure charters for the construction of several hundred miles of line in other sections of New England, which, if they had been seriously undertaken, would have cost more money than has cost his whole extension of the Grand Trunk to the Pacific Coast. The result of his construction, had the Grand Trunk been financially able to have completed it, would have been to force the construction of a vast amount of mileage by the New Haven, and both companies would have been worse off, seriously encumbered and probably bankrupt, with the attendant assessments upon the public for several unnecessary lines to be maintained.

"This, in a word, was the situation at the time of the foundering of the Titanic and the death of Mr. Hays. That this situation would ever have been allowed to have materialized is something that my knowledge of Mr. Hays, as a result of an acquaintance of twenty-five years, will not permit me to believe ever would have occurred.

"Very shortly after the death of Mr. Hays I learned of the letting of the contracts for the construction of the line. I kept careful watch on the progress of the construction, and it began to assume such proportions that I was in doubt whether my previous conclusions were correct, but I still adhered firmly to the belief that there could not be a proper understanding of what was going on on the part of the Grand Trunk officials at Montreal and London. The project was so wild and the returns of so little moment and the estimates of expense such, for I had the route estimated by my subordinates, and in no instance did I get any estimate that was not at least double the estimates that were publicly made by the Grand Trunk in its efforts to get its charter rights, and I could not believe the construction to be seriously considered or possible.

"When the knowledge reached me that Mr. Chamberlain had been selected as President of the Grand Trunk to succeed Mr. Hays I wrote him a personal autograph letter of congratulation, and suggested that although we were apparently bound to disagree, it ought not to interrupt the acquaintance we had had for many years past, and that I hoped when he was coming my way he would sit down with me and discuss the respective shortcomings of our respective companies nevertheless. I cannot recall just the terms or language expressed in my letter because I kept no copy. It was a hasty, personal, friendly note such as a man would write to another with whom he had been well acquainted in years gone by, but whose business relations had kept them apart for a period of fully twenty years. To that letter I received a very cordial reply, and as a result of that we later met and had more or less negotiation or conference regarding the difficulties the two companies were laboring under, and discussed in a general way the possibilities of arriving at a better understanding, as evidenced by the correspondence submitted.

"At some of these interviews, as was my invariable custom in discussing business matters with another in my office, I jotted down the different points made or suggested by either party. These memorandums sometimes were typewritten by my stenographer and preserved for reference at a future date. Some were initialed, others were not. In the two instances in which they were used in the Grand Jury proceedings others are submitted herewith; they were given to subordinate officers to show what had been considered between Mr. Chamberlain and myself, and as a guide for details which they were asked to thrash out and submit their conclusions and advices thereon.

"These particular memorandums were copied on the typewriter by my stenographer at Mr. Chamberlain's request in order that he might have time to think the matters over before we met another time.

"These conferences continued and resulted in a proposition from the New Haven to the Grand Trunk which I sent to Mr. Chamberlain, signed and sealed, on behalf of the New Haven Railroad at about the time the Grand Jury proceedings were started in New York at the instance of the Attorney General.

"This proposition was simply for an interchange of traffic, passenger, and freight, and of just about the same character and basis as was suggested to Mr. Hays in negotiations half a dozen years previously. It was only different in respect that at the time of the negotiations with Mr. Hays the New Haven had not acquired the control of the Boston & Maine and the modifications, such as they were, were almost entirely with respect to this extension of the New Haven, making the point of interchange White River Junction, Vt., instead of Springfield, Mass., which would have been the point of interchange had the arrangement been completed with Mr. Hays. The New Haven lines extended no further north than that point at that time.

"The basis of the arrangement or suggested agreement or proposition, if it may be so called, (and a true copy is submitted herewith,) sent to Mr. Chamberlain, contemplated leaving the question of divisions on joint business to arbitration, the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission as arbitrator in one instance, and the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada arbitrator in the other instance, or their appointees.

"The occasion for putting in the arbitration clause in the proposition was that previous negotiations with the Grand Trunk had led me to believe we could not agree by negotiation, because of the Grand Trunk's desire to secure a better arrangement than our basis established with the Canadian Pacific would permit, and we felt it necessary to maintain an equality of basis with the two lines connecting with us, which were competitors. Therefore, feeling there was no use trying to agree definitely upon the divisions, we showed our good faith in seeking an arrangement with the Grand Trunk by agreeing to abide by divisions that might be established by arbitration, intending as a result of that arbitration to readjust (as had been promised) our Canadian Pacific arrangements to any basis that might be established.

"The personal letter of congratulation which I wrote to Mr. Chamberlain was dated June 4, 1912. That began the negotiations with him which resulted in the indictment of Dec. 23, 1912.

"The negotiations, which were all between the dates above mentioned, were without any attempt at secrecy, were all well known to my subordinates and to my associates on the Board of Directors, and were participated in one or more occasions by Mr. Morgan and Mr. Smithers and Mr. F. C. Smith, and at no time contemplated any cessation of activity that might seem advisable in the interests of the Grand Trunk in the construction of any of the lines it had under contemplation.

"At no time was there any agreement, expressed or implied, of consideration in any form to the Grand Trunk for any of its expenditures, nor was there any consideration other than as a restoration of pleasant relationship between the two companies, which may have been considered by the Grand Trunk a consideration for anything that had occurred or might occur in connection with its activities in New England.

"In no respect, so far as I can recall, was there anything done or contemplated that would have restrained either party from doing anything in the way of construction of lines in New England that its interests at any time may have warranted, and I was particular to express this to my Directors and my Executive Committee when I asked them to authorize the agreement which I executed and sent to Mr. Chamberlain as a proposition from our company to his, and I expressed to them that this in no way affected the situation with regard to the Grand Trunk's extension into Providence.

C. S. MELLEN."

TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

DOUCET REFUSED FOULC COLLECTION

M. Foulc, Who Is 85 Years Old, Much Distressed by the Forthcoming Sale.

DIDN'T EXPECT DISPERSAL

Morgan Librarian Here Explains That the Collection Did Not Come Up to Their Expectations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 14.—The Edmond Foulc collection of rare volumes on ornament and architecture, which is to be sold by auction at the Hôtel Drouot on June 3 and the three following days, was recently offered to Auguste Jacques Doucet, head of the famous firm of couturiers, who declined it.

M. Foulc, who is 85 years old, is greatly distressed by the dispersal of the collection. He is in bad health, and refuses to see anybody. A member of his household said to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent:

"M. Foulc understood at the time of the sale to the late J. Pierpont Morgan that the collection would forever remain intact and would at Mr. Morgan's death be presented to the American Nation. M. Foulc would not have sold it otherwise, as it had been his life hobby. All the books bear M. Foulc's bookplate."

The collection comprises over 600 volumes, collected piece by piece in all the capitals of Europe between the years 1865 and 1895. M. Foulc, a rich French amateur, attended sales personally, buying as a connoisseur for the love of collecting.

Loys Delteil, the expert in charge of the woodcuts in the collection, said to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent:

"In the past twenty years M. Foulc was a rare figure at sales. He found his collection unwieldy, needing excessive room and attention. Moreover, prices had increased beyond the possibility of an ordinary purse, and experts considered that the collection was practically complete.

"M. Guilmard, the author of a standard book on the masters of decorative art, makes numerous allusions to the Foulc collection, from which he drew many illustrations.

"After the sale to Mr. Morgan, Sr., for $200,000 the collection was sent to Mr. Morgan's London mansion, afterward crossing the Atlantic, but Mr. Morgan, Jr., not wishing to retain the collection, returned it here some six months ago. I cannot say whether Mr. Morgan, Jr., resold it, or whether the coming sale is directly in his interest.

"The books on decorative ornament are now stored at the premises of the bookdealer Besombes, for the purpose of cataloguing. The prints, &c., are at my house for the same purpose. I have not been advised of anything concerning the present actual ownership."

M. Doucet is away from Paris. His secretary said to the correspondent:

"Despite the unique character of the collection, it is not of the kind to interest M. Doucet, who never entertained the idea of purchasing it, although the offer was made by M. Besombes, who will exhibit it at his library on May 25. The offer was made shortly after it arrived here, six months ago."

All experts agree that the collection is likely to bring an enormous sum, possibly over $200,000.

The first day's sale, June 3, will be of illustrated books, many unique, in Latin, French, &c. They include the "Album Amicorum" of 1604, containing light French verses with twenty-one colored illustrations. The first day's sale will also include books dating from the sixteenth to the eighteenth century on architecture, ornaments, decoration, armor, rings, and jewels.

On the second day will be sold books describing decorative work by Italian, Dutch, French, and German artists from the sixteenth to the eighteenth century. An illustrated edition of the Psalms in French verse, printed at Lyons in 1563, and a book containing twenty-three portraits engraved by Hans Liefrinck of Antwerp, will also be sold.

On the third day will be sold books describing decorative pieces by French artists up to the eighteenth century, and books on architecture and perspective, notably the illustrated first edition of the treatise of Albrecht Dürer, printed at Nuremberg in 1525.

On the fourth day similar books will be sold, notably the younger Pouget's very rare treatise on precious stones, Paris, 1762, together with Renaissance woodcuts and engravings, among them works by Dürer and other masters.

Miss Belle da Costa Greene, librarian to J. P. Morgan, gave out the following statement yesterday afternoon on the authority of Mr. Morgan:

"The Foulc collection of prints, engravings, and books on ornaments was purchased by the late Mr. Morgan on its reputation as the finest of its kind in existence. When he received the books at his library in New York he found after careful and thorough examination that the collection was not of the quality represented; that in most instances the engravings were poor, of late states, and badly cut down or remargined. Mr. Morgan was always careful not to admit to his collection any book or print in poor condition or below the standard he had set for his library. For that reason he did not wish to retain this collection, and it was sold in Paris.

"At the time of the sale it was distinctly stated by Mr. Morgan that the books were sold 'as the Foulc collection,' and not in any way as part of Mr. Morgan's library. The Paris col- examined the books, but bought the collection on its reputation. When the books were examined by him he found the material in general so inferior in quality that he did not care to retain the collection, and, as stated in THE TIMES, has offered it for sale at public auction in Paris."

AGAINST DR. FRIEDMANN.

Unfavorable Statement Presented to Berlin Medical Society.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 14.—Prof. Karewski informed the Berlin Medical Society last night that the conclusions he had reached at the end of a long series of experiments with Dr. F. F. Friedmann's tuberculosis "cure" were as follows:

First—The method is not harmless, though Dr. Karewski had no deaths to report.

Second—It produces no cures. Only one out of fifty-four cases treated revealed any apparent benefit.

Third—The method is in no way preventive.

Fourth—It cannot be described as a means of strengthening a tubercular patient's system.

Fifth—The Friedmann preparation offered for sale is frequently unclean.

URGES BRITAIN TO EXHIBIT.

Her Absence from Panama Fair Will Look Bad Here, Says Chronicle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—Austria's decision to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exhibition has induced The Chronicle to make a further appeal to the British Government to reconsider its attitude. After pointing out that Great Britain and Germany are practically the only countries which are not officially represented, The Chronicle adds:

"We would put it to the Government in the strongest possible way that the longer they postpone dealing with this matter the worse is the inevitable impression upon American opinion, and that if we are to extricate ourselves with any sort of grace from a thoroughly false position suitable action must be announced without further delay."

SOCIETY'S BIG DEFICIT.

Bad News for English Civil Servants—No Suggestion of Fraud.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—A bombshell has fallen among the 30,000 members of the United Kingdom Postal, Telegraph, and General Civil Service Benevolent Society, who have received an actuarial report showing that the society has a huge deficiency in the funds necessary to meet any future obligations that may arise.

The benefits provided by the society include payments to a member on his retirement from the service or to his dependents on his death.

There is no suggestion of fraud, the deficit being the result of the unsound methods adopted at the establishment of the society.

3 YEARS FOR 'DR.' MACAURA.

Americans and Others Sentenced for Vibratory Massage Fraud.

PARIS, May 14.—Gerald Macaura, an American citizen, was to-day sentenced to three years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $600 on a charge of fraud in connection with the sale of a vibratory massage instrument.

Macaura, who called himself "Doctor," represented himself as of the "Faculty of Chicago." He and ten others were arrested two years ago as a result of a crusade against the illegal practice of medicine which was then started by the French authorities.

John Robinson, an associate of Macaura, was sentenced to a year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100. John Hacks and Jean Hartig were sentenced to six and two months' imprisonment respectively in addition to small fines. Several French associates received light sentences.

The Korea Quarantined at Shanghai.

SHANGHAI, May 14.—The Pacific Mail liner Korea, from San Francisco, was put into quarantine here to-day on account of sickness on board. She will probably sail again on May 22. The Korea left San Francisco on April 14, called at Honolulu April 10, and left Yokohama April 22 for Hongkong.

MILITANT CAMPS ON CARSON'S STEP

"Gen." Drummond Seeks Protection There—Another Woman Goes to Lansdowne's.

BOTH FINALLY ARRESTED

Mrs. Dacre-Fox Takes Her Night Attire to the Residence of the Unionist Leader in the Lords.

LONDON, May 14.—"Gen." Mrs. Flora Drummond, one of the leaders of the militant suffragettes, this morning pitched her camp on the doorstep of Sir Edward Carson's residence in Eaton lace and informed the Ulster Unionist leader that she, as a militant, had come to him as another militant to seek his protection from arrest.

Mrs. Drummond had been summoned to appear at the police court this afternoon in connection with the campaign of militancy and, as she had made up her mind not to appear before the Magistrate, she expected to be arrested and declared that she would remain on Sir Edward Carson's doorstep and appeal to him for protection when the police arrived to take her into custody.

Mrs. Dacre-Fox ,another well-known militant suffragette, whoalso had been summoned to appear at the police court on a charge of inciting women to commit crime, appealed to the Marquis of Lansdowne, Unionist leader in the House of Lords, at his residence in Berkeley Square. She hammered at thedoor for a long time and caused the assemblage of a big crowd before she was arrested.

Mrs. Dacre-Fox was subsequently released, and immediately returned to Lord Landsdowne's house and renewed her demand for sanctuary. Apparently, however, she had given up hope of obtaining a lodging, as the night attire which she had brought with her in the morning was taken away by a friend in the course of te afternoon.

Neither Mrs. Dacre-Fox nor "Gen." Drummond appeared at the Police Court to answer the summonses sent to them, and the Magistrate therefore issued warrants for their arrest. The police later arrested both women.

WOMEN'S CONGRESS ENDS.

English-Speaking Members to Aid Peace Centenary Celebration.

ROME, May 14.—The quinquennial sessions of the International Council of Women closed to-day after it was decided that the Executive Committee should meet in England in 1916 and at Budapest in 1918, and that the quinquennial conference should be held in Norway in 1919.

Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett of Washington, President of the American section, was appointed Chairman of the Press Committee.

One hundred and fifty English-speaking women, presided over by the Countess of Aberdeen, discussed participation in the centenary of Anglo-American peace.

It was decided that the American and Canadian women should join in the publication of a history of the effects of Anglo-American treaties and that four great peace meetings should be held, at Buffalo, Boston, Detroit, and Seattle respectively, in addition to a special meeting at Washington. Canadian women will speak at all these meetings, and American women will take part in meetings at Ottawa.

PRINCE GUSTAF MAY COME.

Heir to Swedish Throne Wants to Visit Panama Exposition.

STOCKHOLM, May 14.—Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf may possibly visit the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco. The Prince is very desirious of going to the United States and will do so unless the health of his father or the political situation in Sweden should interfere with his project.

King Gustaf has completely recovered from the effects of the operation for ulceration of the stomach which he underwent on April 9. His Majesty to-day resumed the conduct of the affairs of State and the Crown Prince gave up the duties of Regent, which he had performed during his father's illness.

DUMA REJECTS THE BUDGET

For the First Time on Record—Majority Against It 70.

LONDON, Friday, May 15.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg says that for the first time in its history the Duma has rejected the Budget.

The majority against it was seventy.

Verdict on Magnus's Death.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIVERPOOL, May 14.—An inquest on Otto Magnus to-day resulted in a verdict of death from diseased heart arteries. Otto Stenhauser, a nephew, said the deceased had consulted a doctor at Bremen for indigestion symptoms.

$500,000 Fire at Iloilo.

MANILA, May 14.—Twenty business houses in Iloilo were burned to-day. The loss aggregates $500,000.

ANGLO-AMERICAN OPENING.

Duke of Teck Presides with Ambassador Page at Show.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—The Anglo-American Exhibition at Shepherds Bush was opened formally to-day by the Duke of Teck in the presence of a number of invited guests. The proceedings were not open to the general public, owing to the London County Council Committee, charged with the inspection of the exhibition buildings, requiring at the last moment alterations which it was impossible to carry out in time.

Ambassador Page supported the Duke of Teck on the platform.

A chorus of 1,000 voices sang an ode to Peace and a number of familiar American airs.

The Earl of Kinbore, Chairman of the Executive Committee, said no more appropriate means of emphasizing the advantages of friendship between the British and American peoples could have been devised than by displaying before the world the wonderful triumphs in the realms of science, art, and industry which an atmosphere of 100 years of unbroken peace had enabled the conjoint genius of the United States and Great Britain to achieve.

The Duke of Teck, in declaring the exhibition open, said it was impossible to overestimate the importance to civilization and to the world's progress of the hundred years' unbroken peace, which had enabled the English-speaking peoples to create, by their inventive genius, the conditions of the modern world. He referred to the colossal working model of the Panama Canal as an impressive and instructive representation of the greatest wonder of the world, achieved by the undaunted enterprise of American engineering.

At the inaugural luncheon Dr. Scherer of California, in proposing success to the peace celebrations and to the exhibition, said they of America claimed England as theirs, with all her literature and traditions, and that the time had come when it was impossible for the sword to be drawn or a shot to be fired in nay land where the tongue of Shakespeare was spoken or the songs of Burns were in the air.

PLAYERS AS AMBASSADORS.

London Paper's Comment on Cyril Maude's Success in America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—The Pall Mall Gazette says to-day of the production of "Grumpy" in London last night:

"Cyril Maude made his appearance last night, after his remarkably successful visit to Canada and the United States, and was received with a prolonged burst of applause from an audience that filled the New Theatre to its utmost capacity. At the end of the evening came another ovation, at the end of which he made a very felicitous speech, expressing his gratitude for the welcome home he had received, and also for the friendliness that had been extended to him on all sides, both in the Dominion and in the United States.

"'In New York,' he said, speaking with emotion, 'they treated us as if they were anxious to show how much they like Englishmen.'

"There was, of course, nothing new in this. An artist and a gentleman has ever found as warm hearts in New York as in any other city in the world, and when he happens also to be an Englishman, there is generally an added touch of friendliness in his welcome. Such men as Cyril Maude and several American players we could name who have visited our shores make, indeed, admirable ambassadors between nation and nation."

ANOTHER DUEL FOR TISZA.

Premier Has Fought So Many That He Has Lost Count of Them.

BUDAPEST, May 14.—Count Stephan Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, to-day challenged to a duel Stephan Rakovsky, a fellow-committeeman, after a lively altercation in a committee room of the Hungarian Parliament.

Seconds were at once appointed.

Count Tisza has fought more duels than any other man in Hungary, where more duels are fought than anywhere else, and consequently possesses the world's record in this respect. He has never been even seriously wounded.

The Premier is an expert with both sword and pistol, despite bad eyesight. He himself says that he has fought so often that he has forgotten how many duels he has engaged in. He was slightly wounded in a duel last August, which was his third "affair of honor" that year.

Hungarian duels are serious affairs, and Tisza prepared himself for his political career by going to Germany and learning all that was to be learned in the best schools of swordsmanship and marksmanship.

Tisza is 52 years old. His most celebrated duel was fought with Count Karolyi. It lasted fifty-five minutes, and resulted in the putting of Karolyi hors de combat.

PARIS APPLAUDS NEW STRAUSS WORK

Composer Conducts "The Legend of St. Joseph," an Opera Without Words.

SCENERY IS WONDERFUL

Russian Dancers Win Much Applause—Seats Sold for the Performance Months in Advance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 14.—At the Opéra to-night the Russian ballet season opened with the première of Richard Strauss's "The Legend of St. Joseph." It scored a great success. Herr Strauss conducted.

The Biblical story was transferred to old Venice by the writers of the ballet, Count von Keller and Hugo von Hofmannsthal, and this provided occasion for gorgeous and highly artistic scenery, most effectively employed. Some of the pantomimic scenes were highly symbolic and hardly comprehensible, though throughout they were picturesque beyond description.

The part of Joseph was excellently performed by a young member of the Moscow "Artists' Theatre," Leonide Miassine, who joined M. Diaghilew's ballet company for this purpose. Mme. Kousuetzoff abandoned singing for the time being to impersonate Potiphar's wife.

The ballet opens with a number of dances, which leave the wife of Potiphar unmoved. When Joseph appears she is immediately electrified. He ignores her. The festivities are abruptly broken off.

Joseph is then shown asleep. Potiphar's wife enters and passionately demands his love. Joseph remains firm, is accused, and put in chains. An angel of light appears to him.

The music is rather melodious, though filed with strange harmonies. There is exquisite orchestration, violent effects changing to scenes of extreme tenderness.

A crowded house was evidently highly pleased.

Preceding and following Strauss's "The Joseph Legend" were two briefer ballets, by Schumann and Rinski Kovsakoff. There were many recalls for the composer, ballet master, and principals.

PARIS, May 14.—All the seats for "The Legend of St. Joseph" were sold a month in advance, and the audience was one of the most distinguished ever seen here.

The work is not, strictly speaking, a ballet, but rather an opera without words. The composer and designers were inspired by Italian sixteenth century tapestries, the result being a most beautiful stage picture. The Strauss music equals his best. It is most melodius, full of new and striking rhythms, and brimming with life and color.

After the performance it was announced that the French Government had promoted Strauss to the grade of Officer of the Legion of Honor.

MORE DAMAGE BY QUAKES.

Panic in Sicilian Villages, but No Loss of Life—Etna Still Active.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CATANIA, May 14.—A million dwellers on Mount Etna are being kept in a state of terror owing to the increased activity of the central crater and the continual recurrence of earthquake shocks since the destruction of hamlets around Acireale a week ago.

Throughout last night and several times to-day severe shocks occurred at Linguaglossa, Milo, Santa Venerina, and Giarre. At the last-named place the whole population rushed from their beds into the streets, where they camped in groups for the rest of the night.

No fewer than fifteen shocks were recorded. Several factories were demolished and many other buildings were rent asunder, but no further loss of life is reported.

Etna is throwing out a dense cloud of smoke and cinders. Prof. Recci of the Royal Observatory says a fierce tempest of molten lava is raging at the bottom of the new crater formed at the summit of the volcano two years ago.

Word from MacMillan Expedition.

COPENHAGEN, May 14.—Knud Rasmussen, the Danish explorer, has brought back word here from Donald B. MacMillan, leader of the Crockerland expedition, that all the members were well on March 27. Mr. MacMillan was then at Cape York.

CELESTINS

VICHY

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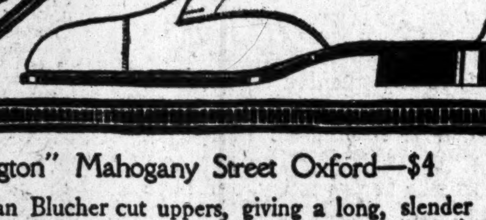

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SALE OF BLOUSES—$7.50, $10, $15
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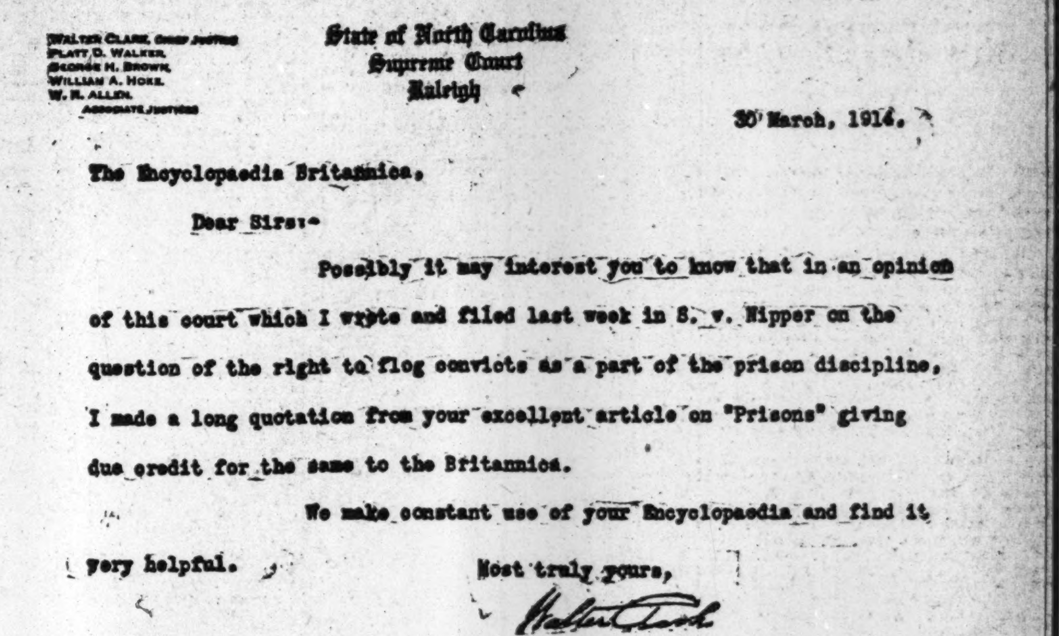
A Letter from the Chief Justice of North Carolina



WALTER CLARK, CHIEF JUSTICE
PLATT D. WALKER
GEORGE H. BROWN
WILLIAM A. HOKE
W. R. ALLEN
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES

State of North Carolina
Supreme Court
Raleigh

30 March, 1914.

The Encyclopaedia Britannica,

Dear Sirs:-

Possibly it may interest you to know that in an opinion of this court which I wrote and filed last week in S. v. Nipper on the question of the right to flog convicts as a part of the prison discipline, I made a long quotation from your excellent article on "Prisons" giving due credit for the same to the Britannica.

We make constant use of your Encyclopaedia and find it very helpful.

Most truly yours,
Walter Clark

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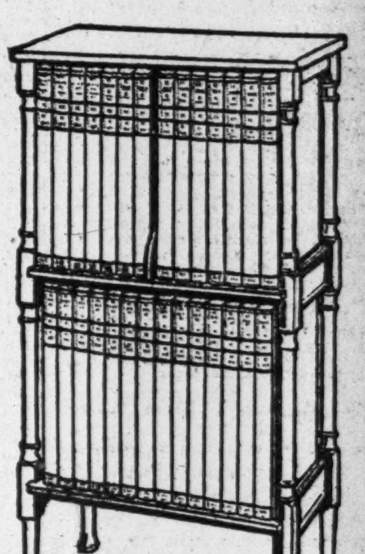

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TALK BY WIRELESS SOON TO BE GENERAL

The Voice Expected to Supplant the Dot and Dash Over Great Distances.

APPARATUS NEARLY READY

Transmitter Now the Only Secret—Headway Making Toward Privacy of Messages.

Wireless telephony as developed at the Marconi station at the Wanamaker store building, which made it possible for New York to talk to Philadelphia and to steamers at sea on Wednesday, was explained yesterday by R. T. Crane, one of the three operators at the plant. This was the first time in this country that a commercial message had been sent by wireless telephone.

"Now that we have succeeded," said Mr. Crane, "there is nothing very wonderful about it. F. A. Hart, H. E. Campbell and myself are the operators at this station and we have been trying for three months to send the voice. Several times we thought we had succeeded, only to find that the success was only partial. Last night it worked and there will be no difficulty in the future.

"Wireless telephony and wireless telegraphy are very similar. The only difference is that the voice is heard in one and dots and dashes in the other. To begin with, this station uses a current of four amperes and 220 volts. That gives a radiation of about two amperes, which means that the message leaves our antennae with the strength of two amperes, which, under favorable conditions, will carry the voice 1,500 miles. Under moderately adverse conditions we should talk 800 miles, and under the worst conditions should always reach Philadelphia.

"Sending a wireless message is like dropping a stone into a still pool. The message leaves the wires in oscillations or waves and travels with equal force in every direction. When the telegraphic sender is used this message is broken into dots and dashes. That means that the receiving station gets waves broken into varying lengths, and these are translated into words. By using the vocal sender, the words are sent off in waves in just the same manner. This transmitter reduces the voice to the same kind of units as in wireless telegraphy, and they are caught on the same wires and heard in the receivers already in use.

"The whole secret of the wireless telephone is the sender. This has not been protected with patents as yet and its details will not be made public until it is. The new device is simple and can be made cheaply. As soon as possible it will be put into use in every wireless station. As the voice can travel as far as dots and dashes there will arise the need for an international language. The present international code speaks in all tongues and the new wireless telephone must be made to do the same thing."

The problem of making wireless telephone messages private is almost solved, according to Mr. Stone. This is to be accomplished through perfecting an instrument that can be attuned to receive only messages sent in certain pre-arranged keys or tones. This receiver can be adjusted to receive messages in any key provided that the code number of the key is already known. The private keys will be arranged so that the ordinary wireless receiver will only detect a disturbance and cannot catch an intelligible message. They will have the same effect on the ordinary instrument as lightning. Lightning, being identical with the flashes of electricity forming a message, is received by the wireless men as a buzzing in the receiver. "It sounds as though some one was stammering badly," Mr. Stone explained. Interference from this cause will be much less marked when the voice is received owing to the fact that spoken words are more intelligible than the dot-and-dash code.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company is making the new instruments and by the first of next week it will be possible to hold conversations with Philadelphia and several other places. The wireless telephones are to be installed on steamships and at shore stations, to be used in conjunction with the telegraph.

TEACHERS TO JOIN A UNION.

Cleveland Women Cheer and Throw Hats When Motion Carries.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 14.—Women teachers of the public schools of this city are to form a union and affiliate with the Federation of Labor. This was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Grade Teachers' Club, at which 800 women were present. The vote was two to one in favor of the labor union. The action is a result of the fight with the Board of Education for higher salaries.

When the result of the vote was announced the women cheered and many of them pulled off their hats and threw them across the room. The union is to be formed at once and a committee of three was appointed to arrange the details.

OLIVE OILS DEFINED BY NOTED CHEF

"Some delight palate and stomach, others are good for cooking, while most of them make fair soap."—This is a true statement. Rich, delicious olive oil can only be obtained from first pressing of selected French olives. Subsequent pressings are naturally inferior, therefore subject to adulteration.

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CUYLER ACCUSED IN HIS $500,000 SUIT

Answer of Mrs. Barton, His Mother-in-Law, Names Several Women.

TELLS WHY WIFE LEFT HIM

Denies That She Alienated Her Daughter's Affections from Cotton Broker.

Mrs. Isabella T. Barton, one of the wealthiest residents of Alameda, Cal., filed her answer with County Clerk Schneider yesterday to the suit brought against her in November last by Telamon Cuyler, her son-in-law, for $500,000 on the charge of having alienated the affections of his wife. The document is a scathing arraignment of the plaintiff. It accuses him of conduct that runs from petty lying to brutality and gross immorality. Mr. and Mrs. Cuyler were married in Atlanta, Ga., on Nov. 14, 1900, and lived together until March, 1912, when Mrs. Cuyler went to her mother's home.

In his complaint Mr. Cuyler accused Mrs. Barton of having persuaded him to surrender his law practice in Atlanta and to make his home in this city. He says he did so, much to his financial injury, and that later his mother-in-law so worked upon the feelings of his wife as to cause her to leave him. Cuyler's family is prominent in Georgia, and many well-to-do connections reside in this city.

At the outset of her answer Mrs. Barton denies that Cuyler ever had a law office or ever practiced law. She said he was associated with his father in business in Atlanta until 1902, when he connected himself with the cotton brokerage firm of Bacon & Co. in this city. Mrs. Barton emphatically denies that she ever induced her daughter to leave her husband, and says that the trouble between them was caused entirely by Cuyler's misconduct.

She says that in order to avoid public scandal she dissuaded her daughter at least four times between 1905 and 1911 from bringing an action for divorce against Cuyler on the ground of his cruelty and his "improper conduct with other women." She says one of the women was known as "Fluffy Ruffles." This was evidently a nickname, but Mrs. Barton permits it to remain in her answer in this obscure way, although she says that this woman was also a friend of Mrs. Cuyler.

Another woman mentioned in the answer is a Constance Brown, who used to know the plaintiff in Atlanta. Once in Dinard, France, the plaintiff was walking with Constance, the answer says, and Mrs. Cuyler happened to walk up behind them, whereupon Cuyler turned savagely upon his wife and said to her with an oath: "Why are you following me? I do not need your society."

It is also related that Cuyler excused himself from attending a Grand Prix race by saying he was ill and that later he was seen there with Constance and another woman.

The answer also mentions the name of Molly Mergtha, who was at one time a servant in the employ of Mrs. Cuyler. Mrs. Barton says that letters were found that had come from this woman to Cuyler. An extract from one of them, read into the answer, runs: "I hope you are enjoying yourself, darling. With love and kisses, Mary."

This letter was dated Jan. 23, 1910, and reached Cuyler, Mrs. Barton says, while he was with his family in France. Another letter from Molly to Cuyler asks that a little apartment be prepared for her in the University Apartments where they might meet and afterward, the writer says, she will look for a position. The answer says that a number of bills for lingerie, sent to Molly, were found among the papers of the plaintiff.

Other parts of the answer accuses Cuyler of sponging upon Mrs. Barton and of begging money from his wife while he had plenty of his own. Mrs. Barton says she did not visit her daughter after the latter's marriage until April, 1902, and that she went to her then in order to be in the same house when the child, that was born on July 19, 1902, arrived. She says she paid all of the expenses attending the birth, including nurses, doctors, and the layette. Also, she says, she paid all of the housekeeping expenses and for the house where they lived, at 56 East Seventy-eighth Street. She returned to California, she says, in April, 1903, but still paid half of the expenses of the house, while her daughter paid the other half, Cuyler contributing no money whatever to the cost.

In the Fall of 1903, Mrs. Barton says, Cuyler's mother came to the house and lived there at the expense of her daughter and herself. But even this arrangement wasn't satisfactory to Cuyler, and Mrs. Barton says that he suggested the purchase of a house, the expense to be borne equally between them, and he was to pay for the living expenses. Mrs. Barton says she bought the house at 61 East Seventy-second Street in October, 1903, and bought all the furniture for it and paid all the other bills. Then, Mrs. Barton says, she spent the Summer of 1905 in California and remained there until the earthquake in San Francisco; that her daughter was with her, and that Cuyler paid nothing at all for the support of his wife.

Instead of supporting his wife, Mrs. Barton says, he was constantly nagging her for money on one plea or another, and that during all this time Cuyler had made a successful speculation and won more than $20,000. This money he kept for his own purposes, Mrs. Barton says, and she tells of one occasion in Paris, while Cuyler was following his usual plan of getting money from his wife, where an accident happened to him. He was brought home, and while his wife and Mrs. Barton were ministering to him $3,000 was found in his clothing. This was a shock to Mrs. Barton and to Mrs. Cuyler who had supposed him to be without much money.

Mrs. Barton goes into much detail of their life abroad in 1909 and 1910, and tells of the scenes made by Cuyler for the purpose of inducing his wife to give him money. Once in the Theatre Comique in Paris, she says, Cuyler abused his wife so dreadfully that she fainted from shame and was ill for nine days. On another occasion the answer says, he locked her in a room and refused to let her go out until she promised to go out to dine with him in a hotel every evening and that finally she escaped by giving him 100 francs so he could go out to dine. On another occasion, Mrs. Barton says, Cuyler told his wife that his life would be ruined unless she gave him some money.

One of the most serious accusations made against Cuyler by Mrs. Barton is the charge that in the latter part of 1911 Cuyler so maltreated his little girl that Mrs. Cuyler refused to have anything further to do with him as a husband. Mrs. Cuyler had ordered him out of her house before that, the answer says, "because of his cruelty, willful neglect, and improper conduct with other women." Each time, Mrs. Barton says, Cuyler would return and apologize and beg forgiveness and induce his wife to give him another chance to live "as a proper, self-respecting man should," but always he relapsed, Mrs. Barton says.

Mrs. Barton says that in 1911, when Cuyler was begging his wife for money, he gave a dinner party to friends in the Piedmont Driving Club in Atlanta, and after the most lavish expenditure presented to each guest as a souvenir either a silver tray or Dresden cups and saucers. Mrs. Barton says that Cuyler owes her at least $50,000 for money which he had received from her directly and through her daughter.

She says he left his wife in the honeymoon on the plea that business called him away; that he would purchase things, like cigars, for instance, at $20 a box, and send them home for his wife to pay for, and that before he was married another woman to whom he had been engaged broke the engagement.

Concerning this alleged early love of Cuyler's Mrs. Barton says that Cuyler always carried her miniature with him, and that his mother used to discuss this dead love with him in the presence of Mrs. Cuyler, much to the pain and distress of the latter. Mrs. Barton's answer was filed by Dittenhoefer, Gerber & James.

GONE WITH A YOUNGER MAN.

Neefus Sues on the Strength of Wife's Farewell Letter.

Harry P. Neefus of 46 Stuyvesant Street began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against his wife Hannah K. Neefus for an annulment of their marriage. With the complaint was this letter which Mr. Neefus thinks will present a case strong enough to rid him of his marriage ties without much delay or expense:

> Mr. Harry P. Neefus: Perhaps you will be very much astonished to find me gone. But after our talk this morning I cannot remain with you any longer. I dont' wish to live like a hermit. I am scarcely 23 years old and you are 60 and you seem to want to make an old woman of me. I have met a young man I think could make me happy. I hope you will get a divorce and set me free. I make no claim on you for support. I desire only that you set me free as soon as possible. I have learned to my sorrow and disappointment that a young girl cannot be happy as the wife of a weak and nervous old man. I refuse to waste my life and youth by continuing to live with you. I hope this will not be too severe a blow for you to bear and that you will soon forget me is the wish of your unhappy wife.
>
> MRS. HANNAH KAHLE NEEFUS.

Mr. and Mrs. Neefus were married on Oct. 21, 1913. The last heard of Mrs. Neefus she was in Chicago on the way to California.

FAVORS PRESS ACCURACY.

Newspapers Should Correct Their Errors, Says Isaac D. White.

LAWRENCE, Kan., May 14.—The honest newspaper men of the country are in danger from the reckless editors and reporters who habitually distort the truth, Isaac D. White of The New York World told the National Newspaper Conference at the University of Kansas to-day. Mr. White discussed the legal restraint that is being proposed in several States.

"When the well-seasoned journalist hears of some new law designed to affect the newspapers," he said, "he is quite certain to resent the idea without stopping to consider whether it is good, bad, or indifferent. We seldom seriously consider the other side of the proposition—that a lawless and licentious press might prove worse for all concerned, and particularly for us as journalists, than no press at all.

"'We have not always been fair in our criticisms or taken pains to admit our errors and correct them. We should let our readers know we want to be accurate. Invite them to point out errors. Correct them. Notify all news sources to make special effort in the direction of accuracy and fair play."

PAY MORE AND SELL LOWER.

That's What American Business Men Can Do, Says Redfield.

BOSTON, May 14.—"The familiar complaint of American business men that they cannot compete with Europe, where wages are less than in this country, is nonsense," Secretary of Commerce Redfield declared at a luncheon given to him by the Chamber of Commerce to-day.

"We pay more for our railroad cars, tracks, and locomotives, and double the wages," he continued. "Tell me of any country on earth that has as low freight rates as America. In Great Britain they are sometimes two and a half times higher, and in Germany 50 per cent. higher. The head of a railroad system in India, where wages are one-eighth those in America, told me he was proud of his ability to keep freight rates at approximately our own level.

"It is not reasonable to believe God has endowed our railroad men with any greater power than our merchants. I know factories within fifty miles which have consistently expanded their foreign trade. They don't talk about it, however. It is the little fellow who isn't doing the business who talks."

CAT MOTHERS A PUPPY.

Cares for It When a Dog Refuses to Succor It.

They are asking at the hospital, maintained by the New York Women's League for Animals, of which Mrs. James Speyer is President, whether cats have more benevolent dispositions than dogs or whether they are less intelligent in regard to their offspring. A poor man having a much-beloved cat brought the animal to the hospital the other day. Many kittens were born and Mother Pussy took the best of care of them and of an orphan puppy that was given to her.

In the meantime, a dog mother was brought to the hospital and not one of her puppies lived. To do the poor dog mother a kindness the puppy was taken from the cat and offered to her. But she growled at the little stranger savagely and its cat foster mother received it again with open paws.

CAMERONIA TO BE DOCKED.

Campania Chartered by Anchor Line to Replace Her for Two Voyages.

The agents of the Anchor Line announced yesterday that the Cameronia, which sailed at noon on Wednesday for Glasgow for repairs, will not sail from New York on June 6 or July 4 as scheduled. The Cunarder Campania has been chartered by the Anchor Line to take her place and passengers booked for the Cameronia on those dates will travel on the Campania.

Capt. Harry Wadsworth left the Cameronia here and sailed on the Adriatic yesterday for Liverpool to take command of the Campania, which will be manned by officers and men from the Anchor Line during the charter period.

Weekly Wage of $8.90 for Women.

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 14.—A minimum weekly wage of $8.90 for women employed in factories was recommended last night by the State Conference called to decide on a minimum rate of pay subject to the State Minimum Wage Commission. This wage, which may be adopted by the State Minimum Wage Commission, becomes effective July 13, and will continue in force at least one year, after which the commission may, in its discretion, call another conference.

SUBWAY TO HASTEN, NOT HAMPER, MAILS

William R. Willcox Shows the Benefits to Come from Tunneling Under Post Office.

MAIL TRAINS TO STATIONS

Former Postmaster Tells of Plan to Do Away with Trucks—Arguments for McAdoo.

William R. Willcox, who was Postmaster before he was Chairman of the Public Service Commission, talking yesterday of the attitude adopted by the Treasury Department toward the request of the city for permission to put the new Interborough subway under the northern end of the Post Office Building, said he thought that Secretary McAdoo had not been fully informed of the use to which the subways might be put for Post Office purposes.

He was sure, he said, that if Mr. McAdoo had realized what a great saving of time in handling the mails might be effected by means of the subways, he would have assented promptly to the city's proposals.

"Few people realize," said Mr. Willcox, "how antiquated are our methods of handling the mails within the city's limits. We bring them to the termini of the trunk lines with all the expedition modern science can devise, and then we transport them from New Jersey and the big stations by truck. This was inevitable some years ago, but it need not be continued after the dual subway system is completed.

"When the first subway was building I was Postmaster, and I had a number of conferences with E. P. Bryan, then President of the Interborough, with regard to a spur from the subway into the General Post Office. My idea was that we should run special mail trains to Grand Central Station in the Subway, at any rate at times when the Subway was not crowded. For various reasons these negotiations came to nothing. We found that the passenger traffic was far heavier than had been anticipated, and that extensive reconstruction was in contemplation at the Grand Central. We realized, too, that further subway construction was inevitable, and we left the question open for the time.

"However, when, as Postmaster, I signed the lease with the Pennsylvania Railroad for the Post Office behind its new station in Thirty-third Street, I inserted a clause reserving such easements as might be needed for a spur from new subways into that office. When the agreement was made with the New York Central for the Grand Central office, the possibility of constructing a spur from the Subway was provided for.

"I have no doubt of Secretary McAdoo's desire to do all he can for the good of the city, and I am sure, if he realized that even if the traffic on the new subway system is heavy there will always be periods at night, in which it will be possible to run mail trains between the General Post Office and the railway terminals, he would take a different view of the question before him."

Asked if, as a former Postmaster, he could see any reason why a subway under the Post Office should interfere with postal business, Mr. Willcox laughed and said:

"Why, according to the bill which I took to Washington for the Public Service Commission and with the aid of Senators Root and O'Gorman and some of the New York Representatives got through in exceptionally short time, the top of the subway would be thirty-five feet below the street grade at Broadway and Park Place, and that would be far below any of the present cellars of the Post Office. I cannot see how it could interfere with operations as carried on to-day."

Mr. Willcox, like many other citizens, looks forward to the time when the Federal Building will be removed from City Hall Park, and does not believe that the city would ever consent to the erection of a skyscraper on its present site. But, he said, even if that were done, it would be perfectly simple to design its foundations so as to straddle a subway structure forty feet broad.

Secretary McAdoo has suggested that the city provide funds to retain an engineer to report on the subway plan before he passes upon it. Mr. Willcox asked yesterday why, if Mr. McAdoo wanted such a report, he did not request Commander Alfred B. Fry to examine the plans. He is the engineer in charge of all the Federal buildings in this district, and is thoroughly familiar with the Post Office and its needs. Mr. Willcox considered him, he said yesterday, one of the most efficient of engineers, and with his knowledge of the Federal Building, thought he was particularly fitted to pass upon this subway plan.

Bar Teaching of 'Peace at Any Price'

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Plans for the celebration of Peace Day by the public school children of Baltimore next Monday were abandoned last night, after the Board of School Commissioners had adopted a resolution directing the Superintendent of Public Schools to give orders "that the instruction of public school children at any time and in any place in the propaganda of 'peace at any price' be prohibited." The preamble of the resolution said that the propaganda of "peace at any price" was disloyal to the country and the flag.

Smash Window to Steal Rare Violin.

CHICAGO, May 14.—An Amati violin said to have been sold by the late Theodore Thomas to former Congressman Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati, son-in-law of Theodore Roosevelt, was stolen early to-day from the show window of a Wabash Avenue dealer in rare musical instruments. The thief after smashing the plate glass used a long pole to reach the violin.

WINDOW ROBBERY REPEATED

For Second Time Thief Breaks Heber's Glass and Gets Jewelry.

For the second time in the past two months Jacob Haber, a jeweler of 96 East Houston Street, was robbed last night by a man who threw a stone through his plate-glass window, grabbed a handful of jewelry, and escaped. Haber lost about $550 worth of property last March in this way, and last night the thief got away with the aid of an automobile with about $1,000 worth of watches and trinkets.

Haber was in the store with his brother-in-law, Max Isser, who is his assistant, and his son, Emanuel, 8 years old. They heard a crash and then saw two hands come through the window and pick up all the jewelry in reach. Four lavalieres, two bar pins, and some engraved jewelry were taken, as well as some valuable watches.

Haber and Isser ran from the store and saw the thief running toward the Bowery. Just ahead of him was a red touring car which was going along slowly. As the jeweler and his assistant pursued, the thief caught up with the touring car and jumped aboard. The chauffeur immediately put on speed and turned into the Bowery. By the time Haber and Isser had reached the Bowery they could see no trace of the car, which had gone north.

THEIR HIKE SOON OVER.

Invasion of Mexico by Five Boys Ends in Pawtucket.

Five boys of East New York left Brooklyn on Monday morning after having confided to playmates that they were going to Mexico to help "shoot up the greasers." They were back in their homes last night, a Catholic priest having given them carfare from Pawtucket, R. I. They were greeted warmly by their parents, who had caused general alarms to be sent out for them. But later their fathers took them aside for a session that left the lads red-eyed and whimpering.

One of the boys, Louis Bock, 12 years old, of 154 Glen Street, was taken in hand by Detective Frank Dougherty of the Liberty Avenue Station on the charge of having a loaded pistol in his possession, and he was sent to the Children's Society. It was a weapon with which he had hoped to make things lively around Vera Cruz. The other runaways were Dewey Gordon of 1,050 Liberty Avenue, Thomas Berry of 150 Weldon Street, John Lennon of 393 Crescent Street, and Frank Maloney of 34 Hill Street.

CHILDREN SAW HER LEAP.

Carnegie Medal Wearer Rescues Would-Be Suicide.

Leaving her two children on the shore of the Kill Von Kull, Mrs. Mary Hunt, 35 years old, of Bayonne, jumped into the water in an attempt to end her life on Wednesday night. Charles Ketcham, a member of the United States Volunteer Life Saving Corps, who wears a Carnegie hero medal, leaped into the water and rescued the woman.

She was taken to the Bayonne Hospital, and her children were taken home by the police.

James McCreery & Co.

34th Street 5th Avenue

Furs Stored

(Dry Cold Air)

Insured against loss or damage

At Moderate Rates

Remodeling and Repairing at Special Summer Prices.

On Sale To-day and To-morrow

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

On Sale To-day and To-morrow

1200 SMART TRIMMED HATS

We Have Closed Out the Entire Early May Output of One of New York's Foremost Makers

Hats Made to Sell at $6.50 to $12.00

Choose at $3.79 Each

Semi-dress and dress Hats representing all the newest and smartest styles of the moment, including many all-white Hats, white Hats with black trimming, all-black Hats and black Hats with white trimming, also navy, brown and other colors.

There are Hats for Misses and Women; Hats for every occasion; Hats to suit every need and every whim and inclination.

These Hats have been very carefully made, and expertly and stylishly trimmed.

Made of the finest Milan, Milan hemp and Lisere straw, trimmed with flowers, ribbons, feathers and white wings, according to the best Paris styles.

The two Hats *illustrated* give only a faint idea of this wonderful collection of 1200 of the season's most modish Hats.

Millinery Salons, Second Floor, Broadway.

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

Change of Name
BUT
No Change of Ownership

On and after next Monday, May 18th, this business will be conducted under the name of the "J. B. Greenhut Company" This change of name involves no change of ownership, as Captain J. B. Greenhut has been the chief owner and controlling head of the establishment since 1902.

MAIN BUILDING

For Men and Women—14,864 Pairs of Slightly Imperfect

"Walk-Over" Shoes and Oxfords

$1.98 For Women's $3.50 to $5 Shoes and Oxfords

$2.25 For Men's $3.50 to $6 Shoes and Oxfords

This news will undoubtedly create the greatest stir that the shoe trade has had in years. Beginning TODAY we place on sale 14,864 PAIRS OF THESE WORLD-FAMOUS SHOES (slightly imperfect), which came to us direct from the Geo. E. Keith Co., of Campello, Mass., makers of the world-famous "WALK-OVER" SHOES.

FOR WOMEN—Usual Prices $3.50 to $5 Pair, at **$1.98**

Daintiest, smartest, up-to-the-minute models in high button or lace SHOES, OXFORDS, PUMPS and COLONIALS, in PATENT LEATHER, GUN-METAL CALF, KIDSKIN, TAN RUSSIA CALF, SUEDES AND WHITE CANVAS. Sizes 2½ to 8. Widths AA to E.

FOR MEN—Usual Prices $3.50 to $6 a Pair, at . . **$2.25**

The season's most up-to-date lasts and styles in high shoes and Oxford ties. Leathers are GUN-METAL CALFSKIN, PATENT LEATHER, TAN RUSSIA CALF and KIDSKIN. Sizes from 5 to 11; all widths from AA to E.

Immense Assortment in Best Styles and Finest Leathers For Men and Women

In the factory these shoes are classified as "slightly imperfect," but the imperfections are not worthy of serious consideration. For all practical purposes these shoes are as good as any that can be bought at the regular prices—$3.50 to $6 a pair.

The system of inspection in the "Walk-Over" Company's factories is very strict, and shoes with even slightest faults, which would be overlooked in most factories, are immediately put to one side and classified as "slightly imperfect."

"The Big Store" Is the Only Store in Greater New York Today Where You Can Buy These Slightly Imperfect "Walk-Over" Shoes

We expect a record attendance when this sale begins today, and have arranged for EXTRA space and extra selling force.

Finally—There Is a Style, a Size and a Leather for Every Man and Woman Who Attends This Sale

This is unquestionably the most carefully planned and the greatest sale of its kind ever attempted by any store in the United States.

This Sale Begins This Morning—Extra Salespeople to Wait on You Quickly. Shoes Arranged on Tables for Easy Choosing. Positively No Mail Orders Filled.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

What "At Your Service" Means

A Franchise granted by the Public is a continuing obligation to serve the Public, under the highest attainable ideals. Such service requires large capital, relatively unlimited generating and distributing equipment and a human organization of special training and skill. The New York Edison Company endeavors to put all this, with ever-growing efficiency, behind its motto: "At Your Service." Its resources, to their utmost limit, in its organization of more than six thousand human beings, its great plants aggregating hundreds of thousands of horse power, and distributing systems, all are unceasingly devoted to the service of the Public

The New York Edison Company

the largest of its kind in the world, has an annual payroll of five and a half million dollars; supplies current for 5,722,800 incandescent lamps, 37,800 arc lamps and more than 400,000 horse power in electric motors

Generating Stations

The great Waterside Stations, each larger than the Madison Square Garden, face the East River between 38th and 40th Streets and have a capacity of 500,000 horse power. They frequently consume nearly 2,500 tons of coal daily. Their steam boiler equipment, confined to commercial electrical service, is the largest ever installed anywhere in the world

Power Concentration

By so concentrating the coal consumption for the public supply of light and power, the atmosphere is rid of great quantities of smoke, ashes and cinders, which otherwise would be spread all over the city. This is a distinct contribution to the solution of New York's pure air problem

Coal Storage

Across the North River, at Shadyside, is the Edison coal depot, storing 300,000 tons, guarding against any possible coal shortage

Sub-Stations

The electric power generated at the Waterside Stations is transmitted to 33 sub-stations and thence supplied through 200,000 meters to the customers of the Company, each of whom is entitled to equally good service, whether having one lamp or 100,000 lamps

Underground System

Underneath the streets lies the Edison network of high and low tension mains and feeders, aggregating 1,488 miles

Rate Schedules

All rates for light, power, heat, storage battery or any other purpose are plainly printed and are on file in our general and branch offices in accordance with the rules of the Public Service Commission

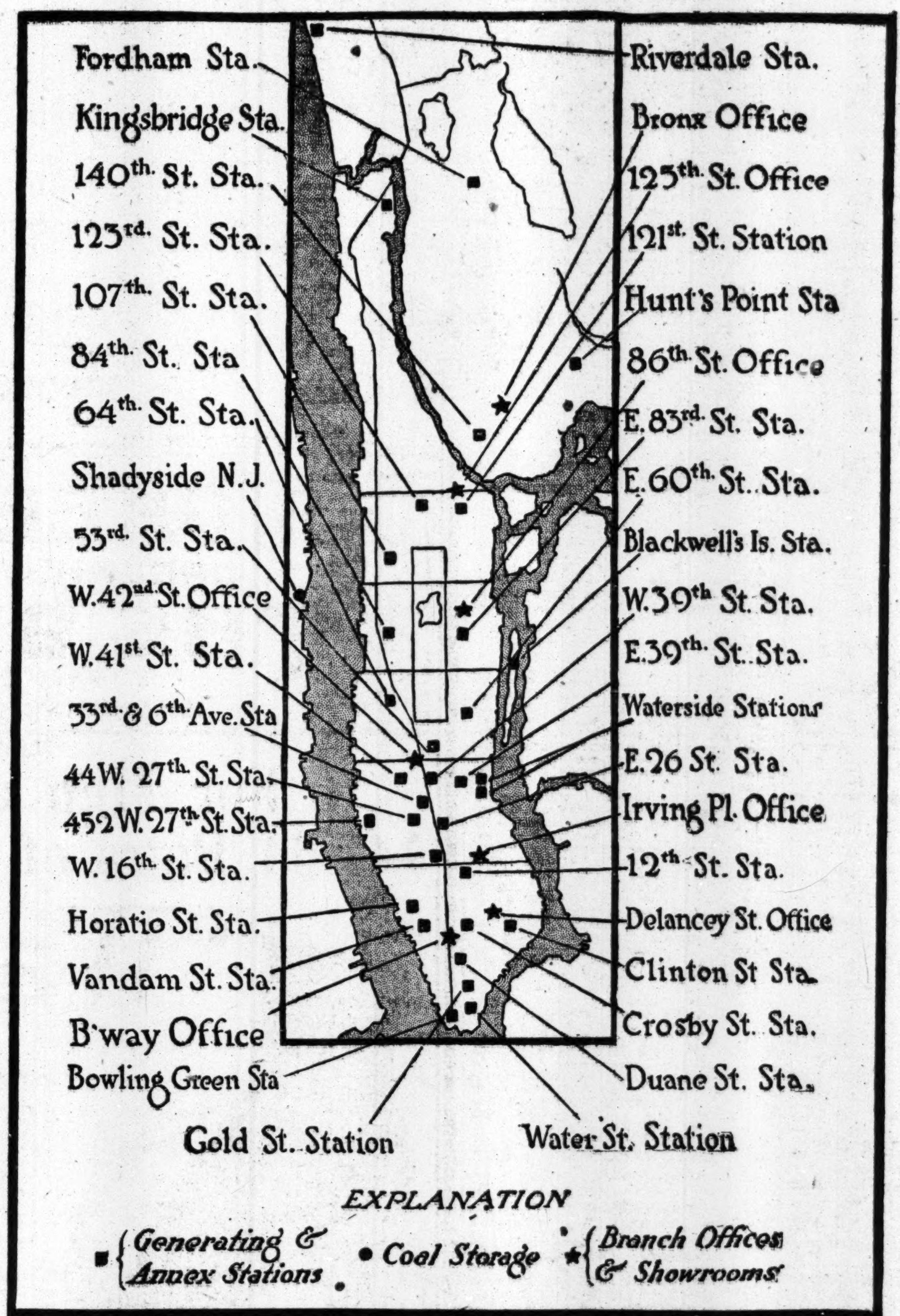
Emergency Service

Skilled men are available every moment, day and night. They are ready to respond instantly to any call anywhere on the Edison System

Branch Offices

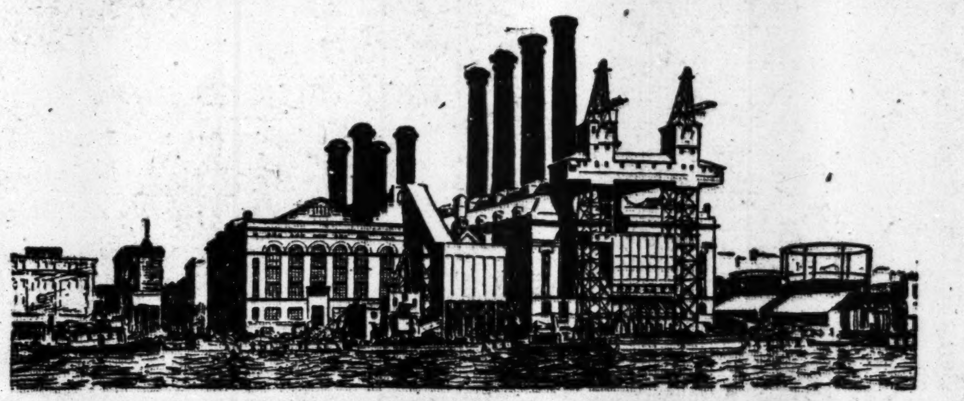
Seven branch offices and show rooms are maintained, each equipped for every service need, in which bills may be paid and contracts signed and the latest electrical devices for light, heat and power are on permanent display

The New York Edison Company's Stations, Offices and Show Rooms



EXPLANATION

■ *Generating & Annex Stations* ● *Coal Storage* ★ *Branch Offices & Showrooms*



The Waterside Generating Stations — Covering Two Entire Blocks
38th–39th–40th Streets and the East River

Departments

Electrical experts, specializing in every department of electrical service, give their best efforts to the public, without charge. Some of these departments follow

Commercial Engineering

Reporting in simple language upon any electrical problem involving the use or possible use of Edison Service

Power

An efficiency organization making modern shop and factory plans and reports and giving unbiased power advice

Wholesale

In which large building questions receive exclusive attention. 97% of all large buildings erected on Manhattan Island last year adopted the service of this Company

Automobiles

Whether for business or pleasure, considering battery, garage and kindred questions, to insure the utmost satisfaction with this type of conveyance

Illuminating Engineering

Planning modern lighting installations for efficient results and enhanced satisfaction with the Edison Service

Electric Signs

Of every size and design, furnishing sketches and estimates of construction and running costs

Domestic Science

Devoted to the solution of home labor problems; to the elimination of burdensome labor from the home

Electric Heating

For the laundry or kitchen, or other household purposes, and many industrial applications

Lighting Inspection

For thorough investigation and report upon any questions relating to the bills of the Company

Special Service

To insure immediate and careful attention to any complaint of any nature concerning the Company's service

Electro-Therapeutic

In which experts study every approved application of electric current to the human body

Isolated Plant

Showing in carefully verified detail the economy of Edison Service over any other method of obtaining electric light and power

Retail

Devoted exclusively to the service needs of the small consumer

Educational

In which men and women are trained for a better public service in all departments of the Company's work

Bureaus of Information

At all offices, information bureaus are maintained where any available information concerning the Edison Service may be quickly obtained

The Edison Monthly

Illustrated and containing the Edison Directory of everything Electrical in New York. "At Your Service" for the asking

The New York Edison Company

At Your Service

Branch Offices for Your Convenience

424 Broadway	Spring 9890	151 E 86th St	Lenox 7780
126 Delancey St	Orchard 1960	27 E 125th St	Harlem 4020
124 W 42d St	Bryant 5262	362 E 149th St	Melrose 3340

10 Irving Place Stuyvesant 5600

General Offices Irving Place and 15th Street
Telephone Stuyvesant 5600
All Branch Offices (excepting Broadway) Open until Midnight
Night and Emergency Call Madison Square 6001

Tucker Agency

IN THE WHITE MOUNTAINS
WAUMBEK AND COTTAGES
Jefferson New Hampshire.
OPENS JUNE 27th
Delightful family resort in a most picturesque section, with accommodations for 500. Table supplied from our own farm and dairies, 18-hole golf course, tennis, saddle horses, garage and livery.
ON FAMOUS SCENIC ROUTES
Detached family cottages, completely furnished with hotel service.
White Mountain Amateur Golf Championship will be held here last week in August.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, Mgr.
Address LAUREL HOUSE, Lakewood, N. J., until June 1st.

Look Inside the
PEASE PLAYER PIANO
What do you See?
A mechanism whose smallest detail proclaims practical simplicity. All unnecessary parts are eliminated and the player action is as responsive as a fine watch. Wilbur and Pease Player Pianos.
$475 up
FREE use Music Roll Library
Open Wednesday Evenings.
Pease Piano Co.,
RETAIL WAREROOMS,
128 West 42d St., New York.
34 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.
10 New St., Newark, N. J.
A Full Line of Victor and Columbia Records and Supplies.
SUPERIOR SERVICE.

S.D.&G.
Hand Made Golf Clubs
93 Styles
We make our own clubs by hand. They compare in every respect with the individual product of the best professionals. All heads are imported. Grips are of calf skin. No better clubs are to be found in New York.
We are also showing the complete sets of Forgan's Imported Clubs. Full line of balls and accessories, including a big assortment of caddy bags.
Schoverling Daly & Gales
Sportsmen's Supplies
302-304 Broadway at Duane St.

Dobbs & Co Hatters
242 Fifth Ave.
between 27th & 28th Sts.
Seasonable Hats in exclusive Dobbs & Co's shapes.
Straws & light felts.
Knapp-Felt Hats $4
Dobbs & Co's Fifth Av. Hats $5
Knapp-Felt DeLuxe Hats $6

Ask your Dentist
Pyrodento
LIQUID ANTISEPTIC
Destroys harmful germs, stops shrinking gums and keeps the mouth purely clean.
Address "Pyrodento, Baltimore, Md.," for free sample.

JOHN W. CUNNIFF VANISHES IN SOUTH

Taken Ill in Raleigh, He Starts for New York Home and Then Disappears.

BROTHERS TO MAKE SEARCH

Hotels and Hospitals Between Here and Southern City Will Be Visited—No Record on Pullman.

Relatives of John W. Cunniff, in business at 1 Madison Avenue, and living with his wife and two children at 492 East 139th Street, the Bronx, who became ill at Raleigh, N. C., and started for his home, but has not since been heard of, asked the police yesterday to find him. The police in the larger cities between here and Raleigh were also notified to search for the missing man. He had been on a business trip of three months in the South with his brother Frederick and was suddenly taken ill in a hotel at Raleigh. Frederick Cunniff and another brother, Frank G. Cunniff, are associated with John W. Cunniff in the American Chicle Company.

After wiring his firm and the members of his family that his serious condition compelled him to return home for medical treatment, the sick man was assisted to the railway station at Raleigh. He had a ticket for berth 7, in the through Pullman which left at 1:20 A. M., on May 6. When Frank G. Cunniff met the train on its arrival at the Pennsylvania Station that afternoon his brother was not on it. Conductor F. C. Booth of the Pullman had no record of the missing traveler. Hundreds of telegrams to railway officials, including the general offices of the Pullman Company, and to officials of the various cities have brought no information to indicate what became of Cunniff.

The only stops made by the train were at Henderson, N. C.; Petersburg, Richmond, and Fredericksburg, Va.; Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. All the hotels, hospitals, and many other places will be searched by Cunniff's brothers. Frank Cunniff left here last night to meet Frederick at Richmond, to begin the search. The former will cover the territory between here and Richmond and Frederick will make inquiries over the route to Raleigh. The Illinois Commercial Men's Association, of which Cunniff is a member, will notify its members to aid in the work.

Before he departed Frank G. Cunniff, who lives with his mother at 990 East Twelfth Street, Brooklyn, said his brother had a membership card in the Commercial Men's Association, and numerous letters and business memoranda that would disclose his identity in the event of his being taken to a hospital. He had $100, two handbags, and several pieces of jewelry.

"In the condition he was in when he parted with Frederick," said Mr. Cunniff, "it is almost certain that he could not have left the train without the assistance of some one. Had he fallen from the train his baggage should have been in his berth or the coach. My mother is seriously affected by his absence. My father was killed while my mother was on her way to Europe some months ago, and she had hardly recovered from that when she heard of John's mysterious disappearance."

John W. Cunniff is 37 years old, 5 feet 10 inches, and weighs 140 pounds; dark brown hair, partly bald, smooth shaven, and wears glasses. He was dressed in dark clothing when last seen.

INDICT DURYEA FOR MURDER

Man Who Killed His Father Will Go to Matteawan, Probably.

Chester B. Duryea, who shot and killed his father, Gen. Hiram Duryea, the starch manufacturer, at his home at 120 Eighty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, on May 5, was indicted yesterday on the charge of murder in the first degree by the Kings County Grand Jury. District Attorney Cropsey after the finding of the indictment appeared before Judge Fawcett in the County Court and asked for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the sanity of the defendant. There was no opposition to the motion by counsel for Duryea. Judge Fawcett appointed Dr. Thurston H. Dexter of 411 Hancock Street and Dr. Nathan P. Rathbun of 442 Greene Avenue.

Duryea was not in court, as he is still confined in the psychopathic ward at Bellevue Hospital. It is the general opinion that Duryea is insane and that he will be committed finally to the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan.

RAN, HIS CLOTHES ABLAZE.

Drug Clerk Smoked Cigarette While Pouring Alcohol.

A spark from a cigarette which John Robinson, a clerk in C. A. Deshill's drug store, at Lexington Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, was smoking while pouring alcohol from one retainer to another in the basementof the store last night, caused an explosion which knocked him down and set his clothes afire. He rushed upstairs and to the street. Another clerk seized a rug and overtook him. Robinson was taken to Bellevue Hospital badly burned.

Abraham Marber, 17 years old, of 224 East 112th Street, a porter in the store, was in the basement at the time of the explosion and received burns on the hands from the blazing liquid. The damage by fire in the basement amounted to $50.

AUTO PLUNGES OFF PIKE.

Occupants Were Discussing Tragedy of May 2 at Same Point.

Mrs. Kirk B. Newell, Mrs. James A. McGraw, her daughter, and Mrs. Kirk B. Newell, Jr., Mrs. Newell's daughter-in-law, of Montclair, N. J., narrowly escaped death or serious injury last night when a touring car in which they were riding plunged off the Belleville Turnpike near the railroad crossing at Kearny. The accident occurred within 100 feet of the scene of the tragedy on the night of May 2, when Samuel S. Willis of Jersey City, his son, Walter, and Mrs. John J. Walsh were burned to death when their car left the pike and the gasoline tank exploded.

Thomas Anderson, Mrs. Newell's chauffeur, said the pike was poorly lighted and he did not know he was near the side of the road, when the car suddenly plunged down the fifteen-foot embankment last night. The car did not upset, however, and its occupants were taken from the marsh below in hysterical condition. They said they were discussing the accident of May 2 when their car left the road.

WON'T SEPARATE WHITSONS

But Cuort Orders Man Once Wealthy to Pay Wife $10 a Week.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., May 14.—Justice Blackman in the Supreme Court here, denied to Mrs. Julia S. Whitson a decree of separation from her husband, Frank L. Whitson of Amityville, to-day.

The Whitsons were married in Washington, D. C., in 1908, and for several years lived at the rate of $15,000 a year, according to the testimony. They kept two yachts and two automobiles and entertained lavishly. Whitson testified that his present income was $1,300 a year and that he was the manager of a traveling carnival. Mrs. Whitson said that he had squandered $250,000 he received from his father's estate and had then deserted her.

Justice Blackmar ordered Whitson to pay his wife $10 a week for the support of herself and their child, which he agreed to do.

TEARS UP LETTER IN COURT.

"Would You Like Your Love Letters Read?" Mrs. Claussen Asks Judge.

Mrs. Ida Claussen, who is on trial before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions for writing a threatening letter to Charles Strauss, President of the Board of Water Supply, upset the decorum of the court yesterday, when she seized angrily a letter that was being shown to her for identification and tore it into bits. The letter, which was in evidence for the prosecution, was written by Mrs. Claussen to L. Fred Davis. According to Assistant District Attorney Medalie, she acknowledged in it that she wrote the letter to Strauss.

"Did you write this letter?" Mr. Medalie asked her.

"That is one of my love letters to L. Fred Davis. The law has nothing to do with it," Mrs. Claussen said, tearing the letter to pieces.

Three court attendants seized her arm and Mr. Medalie took the letter from her, preventing further destruction. The letter will be pieced together again and will still be part of the evidence.

"Aren't you ashamed of yourself?" Mrs. Claussen said, addressing Judge Rosalsky. "How would you like your love letters to your wife to be read?"

Later during the afternoon, when other letters were presented for identification, three court officers stood by her to prevent any more mutilation of the evidence.

The defense scored a point when David N. Carvalho, a handwriting expert, was under cross-examination. He had testified that Mrs. Claussen wrote the Strauss letter. A note marked "Exhibit L" was then handed him and was asked if Mrs. Claussen had written it. He said that she had, whereupon Mrs. Elizabeth Hand, wife of one of the counsel for the defense, was put on the stand and swore that she wrote the note in question.

"Isn't that the funniest thing you ever saw?" Mrs. Claussen said, apparently addressing everyone in the courtroom.

Should Mrs. Claussen be acquitted on the ground of insanity, it is believed that she will be returned to the Matteawan Insane Hospital, from which she was released a few weeks ago on habeas corpus proceedings.

HELD AS BAGGAGE THIEVES.

Two Men Accused of Robbing Staterooms on New England Line Boats.

Recent thefts of baggage and other personal property on the boats of the New England Steamship Company may be cleared up by the arrest of two men who were held in $1,500 bail each yesterday by Magistrate Krotel in the Tombs Court. They gave their names as John Porter, 22 years old, a chauffeur, of 243 West Forty-third Street, and Albert Hartfiel, 21 years old, a waiter, of 401 West Forty-sixth Street.

Porter was arrested on Monday just as the Plymouth was leaving her pier. Louis Smith, Special Agent of the company, who has been investigating the thefts, told the Magistrate that he saw Porter take a suitcase and an overcoat from Stateroom 303 which proved to be the property of Frank P. Howe, President of the East Tennessee & North Carolina Railroad Company.

The boat had left her pier, so Porter was handcuffed and held prisoner. He was not taken ashore at Fall River, thus avoiding extradition proceedings, and was brought back to New York.

On the trip back he made a statement in which, according to the steamship officials, he implicated Hartfiel. A pocketbook bearing the name "Wilbert C. Black" was found in Hartfiel's possession. According to the steamship officials, a man of that name living in Little Rock, Ark., complained of the loss of a suitcase containing such a pocketbook.

WOMEN STRIKERS PARADE.

Waitresses at Conrad's Bakery Want $5 a Week and Meals.

The striking waitresses who attracted such a crowd to Conrad's bakery and lunchroom at 864 Broadway, near Seventeenth Street, on Wednesday that the police reserves were called from the East Twenty-second Street Station to restore order, continued their activities yesterday. A parade was held near the restaurant at noon and a meeting was organized.

The strikers carried placards which read:

"We are striking for $5 a week and meals. lease help us."

When the manager of the restaurant saw these placards he put this sign in the window: "Three discontented girls have left us. There is no strike."

The police watched the meeting, but did not interfere. The speakers were Miss Rose Schneiderman, of the Executive Committee of the Women's Trade Union League; Miss Catherine Mills, Mrs. Mary Beard, and Miss Stone. Among the strikers was Miss Dean Stone, who took a prominent part in a strike of waitresses in Chicago some months ago.

GUARD FOR MISS DAVIS.

Mayor Orders Detective to Accompany Commissioner of Correction.

Because of the threatening letters she has received, a guard has been supplied for Miss Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction, at the instance of Mayor Mitchel. A detective from Police Headquarters has been assigned to follow her from the time she leaves her home in the morning until she returns at night. The threatening letters have come from dealers in cocaine and other drugs, who are no longer allowed to sell "dope" to prisoners in the Tombs.

"I was surprised to learn that a guard had been assigned to protect me," said the Commissioner yesterday. "I received a number of threatening letters and I showed them to the Mayor and I suppose my chivalrous friends in the Administration decided that I needed protection. As a matter of fact, I am not afraid. I have dealt with criminals of all kinds for thirteen years and I have been in all sorts of places. I have never carried a pistol, although I have one at home and it is not loaded."

The Commissioner is said to be a good shot with a rifle or a revolver.

FINDS CHECK FOR $1,500.

Boy Picks Up Valuable Bit of Paper in Times Sq. Subway Station.

A slip of paper on the floor of the uptown side of the Times Square Subway station had been walked over by many persons last evening before a boy picked it up and found it to be a check for $1,500. The finder, Julius Kaston of 1,645 Madison Avenue, gave the check to Policeman Frank Sullivan on traffic duty, at Broadway and Forty-second Street. The check was drawn on the Chemical aNtional aBnk to the order of the International Power Company, and was signed by James H. Hoadley, President and Treasurer of the Cramp-Hoadley Company.

Mr. Hoadley, who lives at 18 West Eighty-second Street, and is the President of several other corporations, including the International Power Company, Manhattan Transit Company, and the Trinity Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company, said the check was evidently lost by his private secretary, George Bouchie, while entering the Subway before 7 P. M., to go to his home at 507 West 179th Street.

LEAVES $5,500 TO SERVANT

But Mrs. Sisson Stipulates That Old Employe Must Not Quit Her Family.

Mrs. Mary J. A. Sisson, who did on May 1 at Rockaway Park, Queens, made a codicil to her will on the day before her death in which she left the income of a trust fund of $5,500 to Kate H. Hymus, for many years a servant in the Sisson home. The codicil provided that Miss Hymus, in order to obtain the income, must remain in the employ of the family. If she leaves the income stops and the principal goes to John W. Sisson, Mrs. Sisson's husband.

Mrs. Sisson's estate was valued at $42,000.

GIANINI CONFESSED HE KILLED TEACHER

Statement Sworn To by Lad at Time of Arrest Is Produced at His Trial.

COAT BUTTON IN EVIDENCE

Witnesses Testify That Youth Admitted His Guilt to His Mother and Father.

HERKIMER, N. Y., May 14.—John F. McIntyre, counsel for Jean Gianini, the boy who is on trial here for the murder of his teacher, Miss Lida Beecher, made a hard fight to-day to exclude from the evidence a confession made by the lad at the time of his arrest, but the court ordered the confession to be read into the record. The defense also sought to exclude as an exhibit a button said to have been torn from Gianini's coat and picked up near the scene of the crime. The court took this point under consideration until to-morrow, when the arguments will begin.

In the confession, which the boy made to John Nellis, a Deputy Sheriff, and swore to in the presence of a notary, he said:

"I went to school to Lida Beecher and had trouble with her, and wanted to get revenge.

"I met her above the hotel and walked up the street with her up beyond the stone quarry. She had been coming to see my folks about school and was coming up to see them last night, and I told her they lived up the hill. When we got up there on the left side of the road, I hit her with a monkey wrench that I got out of my father's barn. I had the wrench in my pocket when I went up.

"After I had hit her about three times with the wrench I hit her with a knife several times to be sure to finish her, and then I took her over in the lot. I dragged her by the foot. Then I went home."

Nellis testified that the boy had said he was away from his home less than an hour in committing the crime. He also told the deputy he had slept soundly after returning home.

Sheriff Stitt and Deputy Wilson testified that Gianini also had confessed to them. They gave the story of the murder substantially as told by Nellis. The Sheriff summoned the boy's parents to the jail on the evening of March 29, three days after the murder. When the mother was told that her son wanted to tell the truth she had said, "No, I don't want to hear it. I can't stand it. There is only one question I want to ask: 'Are you guilty?'"

The son answered: "Yes."

N. Y. U. MEN ELECT OFFICERS

Von Glahn of Brooklyn Now Heads the Students' Organization.

Theodore A. Von Glahn, '15, of Brooklyn was yesterday elected President of the Student Organization at New York University, the highest honor which an undergraduate may attain. The election was a close one, Edward Everett Gardner, '15, of Jersey City, who has acted as the junior class President during the past year, having only ten votes less than the winner.

The other officers elected by the Student Organization, which includes every undergraduate in its membership, were: Vice President, Keenan J. McNally, '15; Secretary, final vote to be held on the names of Bertram E. Saul, '15, and Frank Kohl, '15, two other candidates having been eliminated in yesterday's balloting; Treasurer, final vote to be held on the names of William Erben Woodcock, '15, and Edward C. Sears, '15.

The election for junior class officers of the class of 1916 and for sophomore class officers of the class of 1917 were also held yesterday. The students elected by 1916 were: President, William Kirk Doggett of Brooklyn; Vice President, Frank Gilloon of Mount Vernon; Secretary, Herman Ned Marin of Jersey City, and Treasurer, Charles A. Pines of Manhattan. The class of 1917 elected these officers: President, Virgil Kershner of Oklahoma; Vice President, J. Baum of Utica; Secretary, Paul House of Manhattan; Treasurer, S. B. Many of Mount Vernon, and Historian, R. E. Crowley of Manhattan.

SAFETY FIRST FORUM.

Mayor to Speak at Inaugural and "Movies" to be Shown.

Mayor Mitchel, Borough President Marks and Chief Magistrate William McAdoo are to be the guests and principal speakers at the inaugural of the Safety First Forum, to be held under the auspices of the Safety First Society of New York, next Monday evening, at the Biltmore Hotel. The subject for discussion is "The Regulation of Street Traffic—its Relation to Pedestrians."

Ogden L. Mills, President of the Safety First Society will preside and others of the Forum Committee are Mrs. Robert Francis Cartwright, Chairman of the Public Safety Committee and Frederick H. Elliott, General Secretary.

Motion pictures are to be shown calling attention to some of the dangers of street traffic and illustrating how the traffic squad is enforcing certain ordinances recommended by the Safety First Society. Invitations have been sent to many prominent people and representatives of scores of organizations who are interested in the Safety First campaign.

MRS. FLAGLER'S GUARDIAN.

Edward E. McCall to Serve During Annual Accounting of Estate.

Edward E. McCall was appointed special guardian yesterday of Mrs. Ida A. Flagler, the divorced widow of Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil man and builder of Florida railroads. Mrs. Flagler has been declared incompetent, and the appointment of Mr. McCall has been made for her legal protection.

Mr. McCall will be Mrs. Flagler's special guardian until the annual accounting of Mrs. Flagler's estate is rendered by Andrew Freedman, the committee of her property.

The last accounting gave the value of the estate at $3,897,685. Supreme Court Justice Blanchard has appointed former Supreme Court Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve to hear the accounting.

A MAGAZINE OF ETHICS.

"The Standard" Will Discuss Moral Issues of the Day.

The first number of The Standard, a magazine published by the American Ethical Union at 2 West Sixty-fourth Street, was issued yesterday. Its purpose, as set forth on the front page, is "to promote ethical thinking and to encourage better ways of living." It will be published monthly from October to May.

The first issue of the new magazine contains an address on "The Moral Awakening of the Wealthy," by Felix Adler, leader of the New York Society for Ethical Culture, one of the societies associated with the union, and Professor of Political and Social Ethics at Columbia University. In his article Prof. Adler says that business men are experiencing a moral awakening and that the Sinaitic Ten Commandments are receiving additions, among which are: "Thou shalt not contribute to the campaign expenses of political parties the money of policyholders whose wishes in the matter have not been consulted," and "Thou shalt not play the role of a 'dummy' director."

The Editorial Board of the new publication consists of Prof. Adler, Horace J. Bridges, Percival Chubb, Dr. John L. Elliott, Alfred W. Martin, Dr. David S. Muzzey, Dr. Henry Neumann, S. Burns Weston, and G. E. O'Dell, the managing editor.

JACOTT KILLED BY FALL.

Shuberts' Play Reader Had Threatened to End His Life.

Howard Jacott, a well-known theatrical man, who for several years has been in charge of the play reading department of the various Shubert interests, and who assisted in selecting the casts for the plays produced by that firm, was found dead at the bottom of an air shaft at the King James Hotel, 137 West Forty-fifth Street, early yesterday morning. He had either fallen or jumped from a window in his room on the seventh floor. The police declare that Jacott committed suicide, and friends and business associates said that several times lately he had threatened to kill himself. His back was broken by the fall.

Jacott, who was 34 years of age, was the son of Mrs. Rowena Held of Oakland, Cal., and his body will be shipped home to-day. He had expressed a wish some time ago to be cremated, and a telegram from his mother yesterday announced that his desire would be carried out.

He began work for the Shuberts ten years ago as a manager of one of their road companies. Later he was taken into the New York office and for several years has read and passed judgment upon most of the plays submitted for production. He had lately suffered from neurasthenia.

A few minutes after the body had been discovered, Frederick Girvan, an actor and friend of the dead man, called to see him. Girvan said that he had been out on Wednesday night with Jacott, and that Jacott had given him the key to his apartment and asked him to call to see him in the morning.

DIDN'T SEE SLAYER'S FACE.

Peregine, Alleged Accomplice of Mrs. Ferola, on Stand at Her Trial.

Salvatore Peregine, who is under indictment for complicity in the murder of Carmelo Canestrale, the 23-year-old Italian who was stabbed on the bridge over the railroad tracks at 149th Street and Park Avenue on Dec. 20, was the chief witness yesterday at the trial of Mrs. Madeline Ferola, 45 years old, who is charged with the murder. The trial is being held before Justice Davis in the Bronx County Supreme Court.

Peregine admitted on the stand that he was walking across the bridge with Canestrale when a woman wearing a dress and shawl such as he had seen in Mrs. Ferola's home leaped from the shadow of a pillar and raised a knife over the victim. He said he ran when he saw the knife flash in descending, and did not see the face of the slayer, and therefore could not identify her. The woman is said to have been engaged to Canestrale and to have made a confession in which she said that Peregine enticed him to the scene of the murder.

L. J. Bosetty, of the counsel for the defense, outlined his case in the address to the jury. He said he would attempt to prove that the alleged confession in the hands of the District Attorney was not in line with the facts. Justice Davis adjourned the trial until Monday.

MAX D. STEUER TO ANSWER.

Whitman Designated to Prosecute Charges Against Lawyer.

District Attorney Whitman has been designated by the Appellate Division to prosecute the charges of unprofessional conduct against Max D. Steuer, a lawyer of wide reputation in civil and criminal cases. The hearings will begin in two weeks before George C. Holt, former Judge of the United States District Court. The Bar Association took up the charges shortly after Edith St. Clair, an actress, who got a judgment against Klaw & Erlanger, made a confession that she committed perjury on the witness stand at the trial of the suit and had testified falsely under instructions from Steuer.

In the investigations that followed not only the relations between Steuer and Miss St. Clair were investigated, but also the relations between Steuer and Mrs. Louise Erlanger, former wife of Abraham L. Erlanger, of Klaw & Erlanger. The investigation by the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association lasted more than a year, and on Dec. 4 last a report was filed in which the appointment of a referee to hear the charges was recommended. Hundreds of witnesses were examined during the investigation. The same charges were brought before the Grand Jury in May, 1913, but no indictments resulted.

Assistant District Attorney Robert E. Manley will represent District Attorney Whitman at the hearings.

TWO BODIES IN RIVER.

Papers on One Show Financial Transactions in California.

Within an hour last evening the bodies of two men were found in the North River at the foot of Charles Street. Both are described as 45 years old. One was about five feet seven inches, had dark hair, dark complexion, and black mustache, and wore a dark gray suit, a black shirt, gray underwear, and black shoes and half hose. The other had dark hair and a dark complexion; weighed about 130 pounds; had a black mustache. He wore a dark suit, a white outing shirt, with black stripes and white underwear.

A note, numbered 228, found in the clothing of the latter, pledged Joseph Peytral to pay Ardizzi Olcessi & Co., Bakersfield, Cal., $1,500. It was dated April 6, 1914. A receipt showed that Ardizzi Olcessi & Co., on April 8, 1914, had received $900 from Peytral. In the pockets of the trousers were $3.20 in coin, a silver watch, and a knife.

Nothing was found in the pockets of the other man.

CANAL COST 2,190 LIVES.

1,219 of the Deaths Due to Accidents, Says Congressman Young.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Representative George M. Young of North Dakota revived the "free tolls" fight in the House to-day by asserting that the cost of the Panama Canal could not be measured alone by the $500,000,000 which the United States had expended, but that it must be taken into consideration that more American lives had been sacrificed in constructing the canal than were lost in the revolutionary war.

Quoting from statistics compiled for him by Col. Goethals, Mr. Young said that to date 2,190 lives had been lost in the Canal Zone since May 1, 1904, of which number 1,219 were the result of accidents. The other deaths, he said, were from sickness, nearly all of which was contracted on the canal. He showed that there have been 98,785 cases of malaria, 1,162 cases of typhoid, and there were 25,101 persons injured at the works.

SIEGEL HEARING GOES OVER.

Adjournment Granted in Bankruptcy Case Against Absent Banker.

Henry Siegel was to have been examined yesterday before Commissioner Gilchrist in the bankruptcy proceedings instituted by Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus. He is now on his way to Europe, and as no arrangement had been made for his absence, he could have been held technically in contempt of court.

However, Commissioner Gilchrist did not press the matter, and merely granted an adjournment of the hearing until the criminal proceedings against the dry goods man and banker have tagen their course.

CITY BREVITIES.

A reception will be held at the new Montefiore Home buildings on Sunday afternoon by the officers and Directors of the institution to give the public an opportunity of seeing the completed buildings. The new home cost $2,000,000 and is believed to have the largest and most modern hospital buildings in the world.

By order of the Department of Bridges, all surface cars of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will be taken off the Williamsburg Bridge from 12:15 A. M. to 5.45 A. M. to-morrow to permit repairs to the bridge. During this time cars of surface lines crossing the bridge will stop at the Bridge Plaza.

GLYNN AS FINAL ARBITER.

Disputed Appropriations to be Referred to Governor by Conferees.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 14.—Both branches of the Legislature held brief sessions today. The Conference Committee continued consideration of the financial bills. With the construction bill and the supply bill incomplete the committee to-night took up the general appropriation bill. The struggle over the Department of Efficiency and Economy and the Fire Marshal's office is expected to be reached to-morrow. Speaker Sweet and Majority Leader Hinman still seem determined to hold out against any appropriation for these departments.

In the consideration of the supply bill several items were laid aside to be taken up later with Gov. Glynn. These items include one of $40,035 demanded by William Sulzer to defray expenses alleged to have been incurred in connection with his impeachment trial. This claim is in addition to $40,000 already paid to his attorneys of record.

Itemized the new Sulzer demands are: For personal expenses, $6,700; Nathan B. Chadsey, attorney, $1,000; Alexander S. Bacon, $5,500; Samuel I. Frankenstein, $5,000; Samuel Bell Thomas, $3,500; James Gay Gordon, $2,500; for unnamed attorney, $5,000; Burns Detective Agency, $10,835; total, $40,035.

Of the lawyers none appeared at the trial. They are credited with keeping vigil with Mr. Sulzer at the "People's House," and with aiding in framing the defense he would have made had he taken the stand. It was said to-night that in all probability no provision would be made in the final draft of the supply bill to meet his new demands.

Chairman Frawley of the Senate Finance Committee said that about $20,000 would be set aside for W. T. Jerome and his associate counsel in the Thaw escape case. Twelve thousand dollars of this is to go as a retainer to Mr. Jerome. The original demand was for more than $40,000.

For the Osborne highway investigation $20,000 will be appropriated in the supply bill.

An appropriation of $90,000 to cover the prospective appraisal of the New York Telephone Company's property with a view to a general readjustment of rates in New York City and the vicinity will be referred to Gov. Glynn before a final decision is reached.

Gov. Glynn will be the final arbiter on certain of the items in the financial bills because of a desire to have the bills in such form when they pass the two houses that the Governor will not veto any measure because it happens to contain items objectionable to him.

It is regarded as probable to-night that the Conference Committee will finish its work by to-morrow night.

WATCH STOPS THUG'S SHOT

White Slave Investigator Owes Life to Gold Hunting Case.

Rudolf M. Hoffman, 28 years old, an inspector connected with the Austrian Immigrants' Agency, 84 Broad Street, Manhattan, probably owes his life to a gold hunting-case watch which he carried in the lower left-hand pocket of his waistcoat and which early yesterday morning stopped a bullet fired by one of two men who attempted to kill Hoffman while he was engaged in trailing a supposed "white slave" agent through the streets of Astoria. Three shots were fired. One went through his right trouser leg. The second went wild, but the third wedged itself in the back of the gold hunting case, the battered end of the missile projecting through the other side of the case.

The shooting occurred in Graham Avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, where Hoffman had spent the evening trying to find a man known as "Pollock Joe," and said to be a notorious "white slaver." A young Austrian girl, who had gone out as a servant some time ago, had disappeared, and Hoffman was detailed to try and find what had become of her, and his quest led him to the Bohemian quarters in Astoria. He was emerging from a hiding place in a hallway when two men, who had apparently been laying in wait, came up and fired the shots and then made off. Staggered by the shot that hit his watch, Hoffman toppled over, and Policeman Joseph Reddy, who was in the vicinity, hurried to his assistance. He was first taken to the Astoria Police Station in Grand Avenue and then to St. John's Hospital, and he later went back to Manhattan. Police who went over the ground after daylight found a new revolver and a new cap lying near the scene of the shooting.

WOMEN SEIZE "SHADOW."

Esposito Taken from Train, Turned Over to Police and Convicted.

Charged with shadowing Mrs. Grace Gold of 253 West Twenty-fourth Street, a man who described himself as Joseph Esposito, a clerk of 29 First Street, but who, according to Mrs. Gold, is a private detective in the employ of her husband, against whom she has begun separation proceedings, was found guilty of disorderly conduct yesterday by Magistrate Krotel in the Tombs Court. He was remanded for sentence to-morrow.

Mrs. Gold was on her way downtown with Mrs. Anna Harron, her mother, on a Sixth Avenue elevated train when, near the Park Place station, Mrs. Harron seized Esposito and called for the police. The two women took the man off the train and told their story to a policeman, who refused to make an arrest. The women then went to a patrolman on post, who took Esposito to the Greenwich Street Station.

"Your Honor," Mrs. Gold said to Magistrate Krotel, when the man was arraigned, "since I have started separation proceedings against my husband, this man has been following me everywhere I went. If I leave my home to go for a walk he is directly behind me. If I go into the park he is there too. I determined to put a stop to it, so I had him arrested to-day."

Esposito said that he had never seen the two women before, but the Magistrate found him guilty and ordered an investigation by a probation officer.

DWARF BURGLAR CAUGHT.

Inadvertently Called Police Himself—An Old Offender.

When watchmen of the Holmes' Patrol responded to a burglar alarm from the building at 626 Sixth Avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Streets, yesterday morning they found a dwarf 3 feet 7 inches in height crouching in the hallway. He was locked up at the West Thirtieth Street Station on a charge of burglary and gave his name as George Copinger, 64 years old. The police say he confessed that he had slid down a coal chute from the sidewalk and was trying the cellar door to the dressmaking establishment of Sarah Cohen when he was frightened by a noise and took refuge in the hall.

At Police Headquarters detectives said they recognized him as an old offender who had served about thirty-five years in Sing Sing for burglary. He escaped in a bread-basket in 1891, they said, and was later recaptured and afterward pardoned by Gov. Flower. He effected his escape, they said, by hiding beneath some old loaves of bread in the basket. In 1893, they said, he was arrested for thefts committed in the Chapel House of Grace Church, and, on being released from Sing Sing in 1899, was soon back again on a new charge of burglary, and was again sent to Sing Sing in 1908 on a similar charge.

At the Yorkville Court Copinger was held in $3,500 bail for trial.

HEADACHE—SYSTEM LOADED WITH FOOD
The old saying that the heavy eater literally digs his own grave with his teeth is true. Overloaded stomach and intestines mean toxic poisons. Toxic poisons mean early old age. Twice a week you should flush out the intestines with Nature's certain remedy—Hercules Water. At all druggists—the only perfect Hungarian aperient water. Eisner-Mendelson Company, New York.—Adv.
IT LIFTS THE LOAD
HERCULES WATER
IT LIFTS THE LOAD

There's nothing to it but the Equitable.
Take the sum total of everything known about commercial architecture, about building construction, about safety devices, and about efficiency in catering to tenants, plus the lowest rents consistent with this totality of advantages, and you have a brief description of the Equitable Building as it will be, early in 1915.
From the ground up, in its construction now under way and in its administration later on, the Equitable Building will be the last word on the subject of a building to locate in.
Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.
Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

ASSETS REALIZATION HITCH.

Chicago Committee Coming Here to Confer with New Yorkers.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 14.—Negotiations for the organization of a new company to liquidate and take over the business of the Assets Realization Company have met a hitch through a disagreement between the majority of the organization committee and two New York members, the latter having failed to agree on certain terms proposed.

In order to smooth out the tangle the local members will make a trip to New York on Tuesday next, and will probably hold a committee meeting there on Wednesday. There will be a Directors' meeting on the following day.

Taft to Speak at Free Synagogue.

The address on Sunday morning at the Free Synagogue will be given by ex-President Taft, who will speak on "International Peace." The address of the day was to have been given by Secretary of State Bryan, who canceled the engagement. Brief remarks will be made by Oscar S. Straus and by Dr. Wise.

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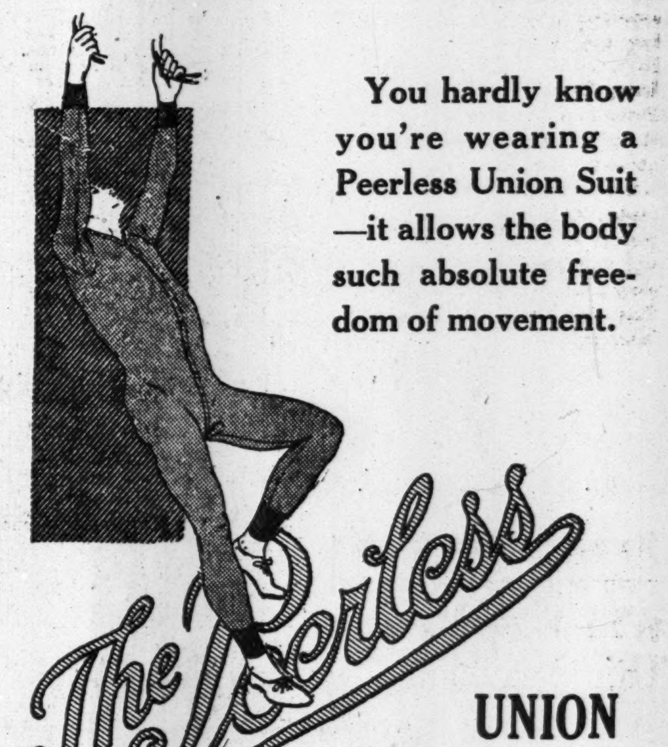

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For Girls who have Parents to bring up

and for parents who are looking for sons-in-law—and for all who enjoy love and laughter—there is a new book, called "The Marryers," by Irving Bacheller. There is Socrates Potter in it, and a young couple, and the path they follow is in clear air above the slime and the dust. "It's a ticklesome kind of book," says one reader, and another found that "a journey of about a thousand laughs will land one at the climax of the story a wiser and a better American." This new book is called "The Marryers."

TO-DAY

At Any Book-store

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FIND AGED SQUATTER IS MISSING FATHER

For Five Years Drake Has Lived in a Hut Close to the Home of Family Which Sought Him.

HE LOST TRACK OF IT

After Going West to Recoup His Fortunes—Daughter Recognizes Parent by a Scar on His Face.

Nine years ago, Charles Drake suffered business reverses and, rather than break the news to his family, decided to go West and build up his fortunes. He stayed in the West for four years and after he had saved some money he returned to this city. As soon as he arrived in town he was robbed of every cent he had. When he went to the Yorkville district where he had lived, his family had disappeared and no one could give him a trace of it.

For the last five years he had been a squatter, living in little shacks which he built with his own hands on vacant lots in that part of the Bronx which lies along Westchester Avenue just after you cross the Bronx River.

In those five lonely years his quarters, which moved as the land he occupied was taken for building, were never more than half a mile from the homes of a son and daughter who were always looking for him, and in the last few weeks his little hut was seen every day from a back window of his son's home. Moreover, among the children of the neighborhood who loved to listen to his stories, there was no one more devoted to "Buffalo Bill," as they called him because of the gray hair that streamed to his shoulders, than his own grandson, though neither suspected the relationship at first.

That is the outline of the old man's story, told yesterday after he had been transformed from a lonely hermit to the comfortable possessor of a room in his son's home at 1,209 Elder Avenue.

Drake began a squatter's life at Freeman Street, near Westchester Avenue, in the Bronx, where he put up a little hut with boards he collected one by one. It was not long before the old man became known as one of the neighborhood characters. He lived in his little hut with two dogs and two cats, and made his living by taking care of gardens, beating rugs, and selling firewood and coal collected along Westchester Creek and the railroad tracks.

He soon became known as "Buffalo Bill" to the neighborhood children, on account of his flowing hair and the tales of life in the West he told them, and their parents took up the name also. He was always gentle and kindly, and every one did what they could for him. Some of the hangers-on of the neighborhood learned that he had money, and several times his shack was ransacked from one end to the other. On one occasion he lost $65 which he had saved. Last November two tramps entered his shack in the night to rob him, and in the fight which followed he was knocked unconscious by a blow from a section of pipe.

Several times his hut was burned down, but he rebuilt it. Less than two months ago the owners of the property told him he must move, as building operations were to be started on the lot he had occupied so long. They wanted to burn down his hut as the quickest way of clearing it off, but he persuaded them to lend him a wheelbarrow, and on this he carted the timber of his dwelling half a mile away to the lots of the old Watson estate, just behind the house that his son occupied with his family.

His son used to see him every morning as he started off to work, but it never occurred to him that so close at hand he might find the father for whom he had searched the hospitals, morgues, and police stations near New York at the time he disappeared.

"That must be a good old fellow," the son told his wife in the week he first saw him, "because he is neat and has an American flag flying from his shack every morning when I see him over there."

It was the children of the family who first associated "Buffalo Bill," with the romantic tale they had heard of the grandfather who had disappeared, but their parents laughed at them. One day Mrs. Drake told her husband that the old man's walk resembled his, and that day young Drake began to think about the matter seriously. On Sunday night, Mrs. Daniel Smith of Long Island City and Mrs. Joseph McKay, both daughters of the old man, came face to face with Drake in the street. Mrs. McKay looked at him very closely and recognized a scar on the left side of his face. She ran up to him and asked him if he was not Charles Drake.

At first the old man, whose memory had not been good since the night he was hit on the head by burglars, seemed to recognize neither the name nor his daughters. Then Mrs. McKay told him they were sure he was their father and that they were anxious to find him because their mother, whom they spoke of by his name for her, had died on March 1, and had expressed the hope of living to see him once more. At this the old man seemed to remember everything.

"God rest her soul," he said, and took off his hat. Then he accompanied his daughters to the home of Mrs. Charles Drake. His son, who is an officer in the Twelfth Regiment and was attending a regimental dinner, was sent for. He identified his father by the anchor tatooed in blue on his left arm.

Yesterday "Buffalo Bill" worried about his shack and the American flag which flew from it. The flag had been pretty well torn in the years he had flown it every day, but the daughter-in-law assured him it could be mended and flown from their window just the same. The shack presented a more serious difficulty. The old man regards it as a rather valuable piece of property. In his walk about the district yesterday, which he took as though nothing unusual had happened, he inquired from all his friends whether they could not find some one to buy the hut from him, as he did not want it destroyed by the builders.

JOS. B. HOFF CONVICTED.

Jersey Republican Leader Found Guilty of Purchase of Votes.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., May 14.—Joseph B. Hoff, Republican leader of Ocean County, was convicted to-day of buying votes of members of the South Side Social and Political Club at Lakewood in last Fall's primary election. The State charged that Hoff had paid $100 to this club in return for its support of him for the nomination for Freeholder. Members of the club said that Hoff, in company with Scuddard Fisher, a candidate for a local office, had come to the clubroom a few days before the primary election. There, it was said, the bargain had been made whereby the club was to put out workers at the polls. It was also testified that the club had workers and that after the primaries Hoff had gone to the residence of James A. Budd, the State's chief witness, and had given him or left in his possession $100.

The defendant and other members denied this story, saying that the money was a loan to help the club pay its debts. The jury was out about sixteen hours, returning the verdict this noon. Two years ago Hoff was indicted in connection with the ballot stuffing case, but the case was dismissed for lack of proof.

8 HELD AS SHOPLIFTERS.

Pittsburgh Police Seize $10,000 of Goods Destined to Stock a Store.

PITTSBURGH, May 14.—With the arrest of eight persons, all closely related, and the recovery of $10,000 worth of merchandise in the various homes of those in custody, the police believe they have broken up an extensive shoplifting system. Those under arrest are Mrs. Anna Busch, Margaret Busch, Mrs. Angeline Bachman, Jacob Bachman, Christ Gebhart, Mrs. Sofia Gebhart, Fritz Valscaol, and Melvhon Gebhart.

The merchandise was found in eighteen large trunks. There were 1,000 pairs of shoes, 200 pieces of jewelry, statuary, clocks, dozens of hat pins, 150 boys' suits, ladies' overcoats, skirts, silk undergarments and many other articles.

The police say they have learned that the prisoners were about to ship the goods to Germany, where they intended to conduct a store.

OLD SAVINGS BANK CLOSING.

Greenwich Institution to Pay Its Depositors in Full.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, CONN., May 14.—The Greenwich Savings Bank incorporated in 1870, one of the oldest banking institutions in Connecticut, having 2,900 depositors with $920,000 in deposits, is to liquidate and go out of business. The trustees last night so voted and requested the State Bank Commissioners, who have been in charge since Dec. 12, to convert all the assets and pay off the depositors.

The commissioners to-day agreed to do so, mailing checks from Hartford in three instalments, the final payment to include full interest and a share in the surplus.

Criminal action is now pending against William L. Ferris, the former bookkeeper of the bank.

ANARCHISTS MOVE TO FREE WOOLMAN

Berkman and His Group Get Data and Hire Lawyer for Church Disturber.

ATTACK MAGISTRATE FIRST

Remarks in Court Cited to Show Prejudice—Bouck White Gives Notice of Appeal.

Alexander Berkman and the group of anarchist agitators associated with him took up yesterday the cause of Milo Woolman, who with Bouck White was sentenced by Magistrate Campbell to six months in the workhouse for disorderly conduct at the Calvary Baptist Church last Sunday.

Mr. White's attorney gave notice to the District Attorney's office that an appeal from Magistrate Campbell's decision would be made.

Berkman prepared for distribution among anarchists a statement of comments alleged to have been made by Magistrate Campbell at the trial of Woolman in the West Side Police Court on Tuesday. According to these alleged comments, Magistrate Campbell said that he recognized in Woolman an agitator who had appeared before him as a witness for those arrested in the Tannenbaum church raids, and that he considered Woolman to be "a fresh young man" who sought only self-glorification.

These comments, according to Berkman, prove that the real reason for Woolman's sentence was that he had previously appeared as a witness in Magistrate Campbell's court, and that the sentence was not imposed, primarily, on account of Woolman's conduct at Calvary Baptist Church.

Berkman quoted from Woolman's testimony extracts showing that after the disorder in Calvary Church began he opened a Bible and read the passage referring to the difficulties a rich man would have in passing into the Kingdom of Heaven.

In contrast to the testimony as to Woolman's share in the disorder in the church Berkman quoted from the testimony of Henry S. Hubbell, another of those arrested in the church, to the effect that Hubbell cried out "Shame, shame, shame," as Bouck White was seized in the centre aisle.

Berkman also quoted the court record as to Hubbell, showing that he did not know Bouck White and did not accompany him to the church, but was himself a Baptist and had gone there as a visitor from out of town. Berkman pointed to the fact that Hubbell was discharged, while Woolman got six months, as evidence that Magistrate Campbell was "hopelessly biased" against Woolman. Berkman employed former Assemblyman Harold Spielberg to appeal Woolman's case and to sue out a writ of habeas corpus.

Berkman also announced that he had summoned all of his followers to appear in Union Square next Saturday to join in a denunciation of Magistrate Campbell and of Mayor Mitchel for his order urging more vigorous police methods in suppressing agitators.

Bouck White served a notice of appeal yesterday in the District Attorney's office. The motion will be argued this morning before Judge Malone in General Sessions. Bertha Rembaugh, of 1 Broadway, will appear for White and Assistant District Attorney Hames Smith for the people.

In White's notice stress is laid upon a letter which White says he wrote to Dr. Woelfkin, pastor of the church, on May 1. The letter includes a resolution by White's Church of the Social Revolution, inviting Dr. Woelfkin to meet White in debate on the topic, "Did Jesus Teach the Immorality of Being Rich?" The resolution gave notice that members of White's church were going to visit Calvary Church.

"I beg leave to state," the letter says in part, "that one of the purposes of the Socialistic Church is to constitute itself a centre of mediation between warring factions and I submit to you that this friendly visitation of our church to yours might be the means of a conciliatory work of perhaps far-reaching consequences."

In conclusion the letter warns Dr. Woelfkin that if his suggestion is rejected, "the wild element," will be stirred to "desperate means" and will attempt to "justify violence by the assertion that an orderly exchange of views is not possible."

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You may send any message anywhere, at any time, by telephone, and so keep in touch with friends, relatives and business associates nearby or at a distance. The telephone will help you to get rid of worries, to lighten your household duties and to make the summer brighter and more delightful for yourself and your family.

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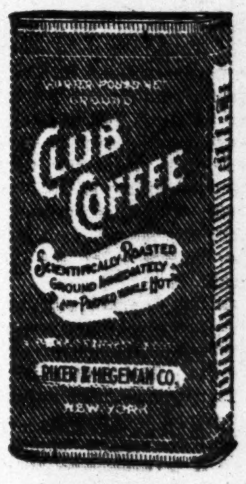

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CLUB COFFEE

A generous size fac-simile package of our famous Club Coffee free with a purchase of 50 cents or over in any department excepting Candy and Cigars.

WE WANT 20,000 NEW CUSTOMERS TO TEST THIS DELICIOUS COFFEE SATURDAY

Club Coffee is the flavory, rich, fragrant kind which adds the final touch to a good dinner and makes breakfast a meal to be remembered all through the day. Used in more than 400 great clubs and hotels. Regularly sold at 33c. the pound.

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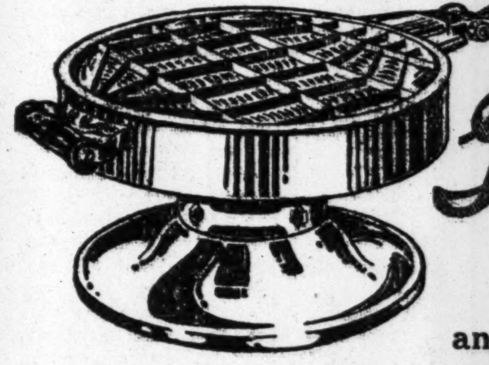

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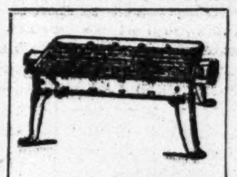
FRIDAY and SATURDAY

If you have never known the convenience, the comfort, the cleanliness and the economy of cooking by electricity, come in and let us show you this El Glo-stovo electric stove which we are selling at HALF PRICE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY.

Cook your vegetables, eggs, meats, toast, without unnecessary heat and with absolute cleanliness.

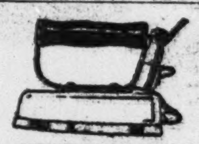
El Glo-stovo is a new type electric stove that uses one-third less current than other stoves. It is economical and instantly available anywhere there is an electric light socket. Regularly $5. HALF PRICE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY. **$2.50**



EL TOSTOVO. Toaster and Stove. Makes two slices of crisp, delicious toast in less than a minute. Fries, boils, pops corn. Price...... **$3.50**

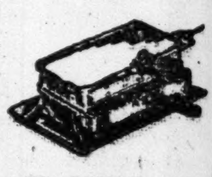
ALUMINUM EL PERCO. Aluminum electric coffee percolator. Starts to percolate, from cold water, within 30 seconds. Holds 6 to 8 cups. Guaranteed for 5 years. Price...... **$7.50**

UTILITY OUFIT. A 2½-lb. Hotpoint Iron, with hole in rear for heating curling tongs; also inverted stand and dish with cover. Outfit packs in the dainty leather bag. Price.. **$5.00**



HOTPOINT IRON. The iron celebrated for its hot point, cool handle and attached stand (eliminates lifting). Guaranteed ten years; 3-pound $3.00; 5 or 6-pound... **$3.50**

EL TOSTO. Toasts two slices of bread at one time, while pot of coffee or tea may be kept hot on top. Price. **$4.00**



EL GRILLO. An electric grill that fries, broils, toasts and boils, both above and below its glowing coils. Also pops corn. Price..... **$5.00**

EL BOILO. An efficient Electric Immersion Heater, which is plunged direct into the liquid to be heated. Toilet size, $3.00; kitchen size, $4.00; professional model, crook-necked for sterilizing, etc... **$5.00**

ALUMINUM EL COMFO. Hot-pad. Has removable and washable cloth cover. Gives any temperature required. Price..... **$4.50**

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RIKER'S ANTISEPTIC TOOTH POWDER contains a combination of antiseptic ingredients which are the best for cleansing the mouth and preserving the teeth. A trial size tin will be given free with every purchase of

RIKER'S SUPERFINE RICE POWDER

—Made from the best grade rice, very finely ground and delicately perfumed with violet or rose. The package.. **15c**

Incensia Powder

This is the daintiest of face powders in cake form. Fine, soft and alluringly fragrant with Incensia perfume. Cake and a fine lambswool powder pad in small box. Rose, blanche, rachel, natural and mauve, **30c**

Rouge No. 18 and rouge brunetts **35c**

A BEAUTY BUILDER in every sense of the word. By quickly freeing the pores from all dirt it enables the skin to become naturally clean, clear and healthy.

RIKER'S VIOLET CERATE

is a pure greaseless cream of miraculous whitening qualities. Jars, 15c and....... **50c**

RIKER'S IMPROVED COLD CREAM will improve your complexion. A perfect cleansing cream; its regular and consistent use leaves the skin in an ideal condition.
Tube....... 10c and 25c
Jar....... 25c, 50c, 75c

INARI TEA

has been fittingly styled "The Cup That Cheers." Seldom indeed is such flavor offered you. Three blends; English Breakfast, Ceylon, Oolong, lb., 50c.; ½ lb., 27c.; trial package **10c**

PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Riker's Vanilla, Orange and Lemon Extracts are of extra strength. Riker's Almond Extract is pure, true flavored, extra strong; the bottle........... **17c**

SPANISH OLIVES

Large selected Spanish Olives of extra fine flavor. Bottles, 60c, 25c, 10c. Stuffed Olives, 35c, 25c, 10c.

JAYNES' ECZEMA OINTMENT

Affords prompt relief from the most severe cases of eczema. **50c**

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COCHRAN'S VANITIE PUT INTO THE WATER

Dolly Bowen, 6 Years Old, Christens Last of Cup Defenders to be Launched.

ELEONORA SEARS ON BOARD

Few Persons Other Than Workmen in Shops See Bronze Sloop Slip Down the Ways at Neponset.

BOSTON, May 14.—The launching of the America's Cup defense fleet of 75-foot sloops was completed to-day when Alexander Smith Cochran's bronze Vanitie was put into the water. The yacht slipped down the ways at the yard of her builders, the George Lawley & Sons Corporation, into the Neponset River, fifteen minutes before six bells of the afternoon watch.

A broken champagne bottle adorned with ribbons, which 6-year-old Dolly Bowen, a niece of the owner, had smashed on the boat in christening the yacht, dangled from the gammon iron. The customary string of signal flags from stem to stern supported by two jury masts fluttered above the deck, while an American yacht ensign hung over the taffrail. No club or private signals were displayed.

On the deck as the shores were being knocked away stood Mr. Cochran and his friend Robert P. Perkins of New York. Just as the boat started Miss Eleonora Sears stepped from the launching platform to the deck beside Mr. Cochran. Several seamen and Capt. William Dennis, who will handle the yacht, completed the launching party. William Gardner, the designer of the boat, and his partner, F. M. Hoyt, with a score of Boston yachtsmen, were in the shed.

There were cheers from several hundred metalworkers, painters, caulkers, and yardmen who had knocked off work for a few minutes to give the yacht a good send-off. The launching was less spectacular than that of the other two cup yachts, but it was particularly gratifying to Mr. Cochran, whose distaste for publicity caused him to close the building shed to newspapermen for four weeks previous to the launching. The gates were thrown open to-day, and for an hour before the yacht was launched every opportunity was had for a close inspection.

As she rested on the ways, the Vanitie seemed like a solid blazing piece of bronze from stem to stern and from the rail to the top of her lead keel. The keel is covered with bright copper. On the tailboard, which is a slight turning up of the long, low stern, is the name "Vanitie, New York," painted in black letters. Unlike the Resolute and Defiance, she has an eight-inch rail, a feature which has not been seen on a cup yacht for twenty years.

The Vanitie is constructed like the Resolute at Bristol, with frames of steel, strapped and braced, and a skin of tobin bronze.

She is the longest of the three yachts, being approximately 119 feet over all, 74.9 feet on the water line, 22 feet beam, and 13.9 feet draught. Her sail area is estimated at 9,345 square feet. It is expected that she will rate slightly under the Defiance and somewhat over the Resolute, receiving a few seconds more than a minute time allowance from the former, and conceding three minutes and a half to the latter.

The Vanitie has a typical Gardner bow, slender and slightly hollow, with a fine sweep after to a rather full midship section, with hard bilges and full garboards. The stern is well drawn out, and the after overhang is longer than that of the other cup candidates. There is a very slight sheer to the yacht, and it is thought that Mr. Gardner has assumed a slight tax on the quarter beam measurement.

The lead is longer and lower than on either of the other yachts, and has a centreboard inclosed.

The head of the rudder post is a trifle below the water line, and the mast is stepped further aft than the sticks of the other yachts. She has the longest bowsprit of the three boats.

The Vanitie, like her rivals, will carry a steel mast, which is nearly completed, and which, with topmast on end, will measure 135 feet from deck to truck. As soon as the mast is stepped and the standing rigging set up, the yacht will be towed to City Island for her spars and sails. It is believed that she will go around Cape Cod the last of next week, and will be under sail a few days before the first race in upper Long Island Sound on June 2.

She will be commanded and sailed by Capt. William Dennis of Greenport, L. I., who takes the wheel of a sloop for the first time in many years, after a successful career on the schooners Amorita, Elmina I., Elmina II., and Eleana. He will be assisted by Harry Haff, a son of Capt. Hank Haff, who sailed the Volunteer and Independence, and two of the mates who were with him on the Eleana and the Elminas.

Unlike the other cup yachts, the Vanitie will have no afterdeck board of strategy of Corinthian yachtsmen. Mr. Cochran is her sole owner. Several other yachtsmen offered to join him in the enterprise, but he declined assistance, and for the first time since 1887, when Gen. C. J. Paine built the Volunteer, one man is supplying the funds, estimated at $200,000 for a cup defender.

The sixty-five-ton lead keel of the Vanitie was run on Jan. 24 of this year, so it has taken her builders just ninety-four working days to construct her. Her frames are of steel, and her plates of monometal. She has regular transverse framing, and her mast is to be placed about 23 feet abaft of the stem head.

The Vanities is the only yacht of the three cup defenders that will be handled entirely by professionals. Capt. William Dennis of Greenport, L. I., her sailing master, who was formerly skipper of F. F. Brewster's schooners, both named Elmina, and later in command of Morton J. Plant's prize winner the Elena, is regarded as one of the cleverest racing skippers in the United States, and he will have as assistant Capt. Harry Haff, who is also widely known as a racing man. Harry Klefue is the mate, and John Swanson second mate. The crew of twenty-eight men are all natives of Sweden or Norway who have become American citizens, and all of them chosen because of their experience in the yacht-racing game.

The Vanitie's principal dimensions are said to be: Length over all, 119 feet; waterline, 74 feet 9 inches; beam, 22 feet; draught, 13 feet 9 inches; forward overhang, 23 feet 3 inches; after overhang, 21 feet; mast, deck to cap, 95 feet; topmast, cap to truck, 35 feet; boom, 85 feet; gaff, 52 feet; bowsprit, outboard 13 feet 6 inches; sail area, 9,465 square feet. The centreboard houses above the lead keel.

An innovation in the make-up of the Vanitie's crew is the presence on board of a physical instructor, Edward Rauscher, whose duty is to keep the crew in proper physical condition for their work.

There will be on board the yacht in all her races as a Corinthian crew the Vanitie's owner, Alexander Smith Cochran, Fred M. Davies, who sailed with him in the schooner Westward, and Edwin D. Morgan, who managed the cup defender Columbia in her races against the Shamrocks I. and II.

RESOLUTE AT NEWPORT.

Several Tuning-Up Trials of Cup Defender to be Held This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 14.—To-night the candidate for international yacht cup honors, Resolute, swings at anchor in Brentons Cove, under the guns of Fort Adams, where many of her predecessors have anchored. The Resolute with her tender, Cape Cod, came from Bristol this afternoon for several days of sea tuning up trials in the big breezes off Newport.

The Resolute came from Bristol under all working sails. Soon after clearing Bristol Harbor she ran into the strongest breeze she has had since the trials began. The southwest wind was blowing 15 knots. Under the handling of her manager, Robert W. Emmons, 2d, and under C. Parkinsons, the Resolute made 11 knots, standing up to the conditions perfectly. George Nichols was also on board.

Reaching the south end of the Torpedo Station, headsails were lowered. Under mainsail and topsail the yacht went into the cove and anchored. The yacht will have two days of sea trials off Newport, the reason for her coming here at this time. Members of the syndicate who built the Resolute are expected to join her. Former Commodore Arthur Curtiss James will arrive Saturday on his yacht Aloha. Sunday the Resolute returns to Bristol, according to present plans.

It was announced to-day that the Resolute had been registered for the Providence Custom House and had been awarded the official signal letters "L. D. K. T."

NAVY ON THE SCHUYLKILL.

Four Crews of Midshipmen Take Spins for Regatta To-morrow.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 14.—The crews of the United States Naval Academy, which will row in the American regatta here on Saturday, arrived to-day and were sent over the course by Coach Glendon, who instructed the men from a launch. The crews, consisting of the first and second 'Varsity eights, the freshman eight, and a four, with a few exceptions are the same as recently rowed again at Pennslvania at Annapolis.

Oberesch, who was at No. 3 in the 'Varsity, has been changed to stroke, while Culbert, the old stroke, has taken Oberesch's place. Graf is a new man in the crew, he having supplanted Wicks, who was transferred to the second boat.

Harvard Crew Goes to Philadelphia.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—The Harvard second eight-oared crew left to-night for Philadelphia, where on Saturday it will row in the senior and junior eight events of the American regatta. The order of the crew will be: Stroke, Lund; 7, Curtis; 6, Parson; 5, Meyer; 4, H. S. Middendorf; 3, Murray; 2, Kusk; bow, Saltonstall; coxswain, Kreger. Chichester and Herrick were taken along as substitutes. The proposal to enter a coxswainless four was abandoned. Tudor Gardiner, who returned to the 'Varsity shell to-day after a three weeks' lay-off, withdrew his entry for the singles event. Capt. Reynolds also resumed his place with the 'Varsity to-day.

Yale Second Crew Off for Race.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—Yale's second eight left to-night for Philadelphia to participate in the American regatta on Saturday. The crew plans to practice on the Schuylkill to-morrow. In practicing starts on the harbor to-day the second boat consistently defeated the first shell and nosed ahead on short sprints. The make-up for Saturday's race, announced to-night, is: Bow, Cushman; 2, Meyer; 3, Capt. Denegre; 4, Fitzpatrick; 5, Stillman; 6, Von Der Ropp; 7, Sturtevant; stroke, Gillfillan; coxswain, Moore.

Columbia Crew on Hudson Again.

The Columbia 'Varsity crew, after three days' vacation, resumed practice on the Hudson yesterday afternoon. This is the first rowing since the victory of the Blue and White oarsmen in their triangular regatta against Princeton and Pennsylvania. Because of the interference of final examinations, Rice ordered his men to report at 6 o'clock, and rowing for the oarsmen will be held each day until the squad leaves for Poughkeepsie. Rice said that it was doubtful whether he would be able to enter any crews in the Harlem regatta.

DOG CLUB TROUBLES OVER.

Pekingese Club to Select Paid Secretary and Drop "Politics."

Dangers which threatened the disruption of the Pekingese Club of America were probably all swept away at the annual meeting of the club yesterday afternoon, when Mrs. M. M. Van Beuren was re-elected President and Mrs. A. M. Hunter of Pelham was chosen as Secretary and Treasurer.

At a future meeting an amendment to the constitution will be adopted, authorizing the selection of a paid Secretary, when some one will be selected, "preferably one who does not know anything about dogs, or the difference between a peke and a wolfhound," to quote one of the organizers of the club.

With such a paid officer in the club all talk of the organization of another peke club will cease in all probability, particularly as it would be practically impossible for a new club devoted to this breed of dogs to secure membership in the American Kennel Club, where restrictions as to membership are pretty severe, as bulldog men will recall.

The amicable adjustment of the differences among the members of the club will rejoice owners of pekes generally, as they have been hesitating whether to remain loyal to the old organization, now in the eighth year of its existence, or ally themselves with certain disaffected ones who thought it would be best to organize an entirely new club and so put an end to the club politics, trivial in themselves, but none the less a source of discontent and annoyance to such as love dogs rather than politics, and the troubles the latter are apt to engender in clubs, "doggy" or social.

MEADOW BROOK WINS.

Great Neck Grasshoppers Lose Semi-Final for Polo Cup.

In the semi-final for the Great Neck Polo Cup, at Great Neck, L. I., yesterday the Meadow Brook Magpies easily defeated the Great Neck Grasshoppers by the score of 14 to 6½. Allowed 1 goal by the handicap, the Magpies scored 2 goals in the first period. This gave them a lead of three, and a lot of confidence, for from then on the result was never in doubt.

Appleton and Lowe shared the honors for the winning team, while Gibbs was the star for the losers.

Lowe was penalized twice for crossing at a dangerous angle. Gibbs was penalized for foul hooking of Phipps's mallet.

It was an ideal day for polo, and the field was lined with automobiles filled with society folk.

The final game for the cup will be played on Saturday, when the Meadow Brook Magpies meet the Great Neck Firsts. The line-up:

MEADOW BROOK MAGPIES.	G'ls.	GREAT NECK GRASSHOPPERS.	G'ls.
No. 1, H. Phipps	2	No. 1, E. L. Gibbs	3
No. 2, C. L. Appleton	2	No. 2, J. P. Grace	3
No. 3, D. Dons	2	No. 3, E. D. Morgan	3
Back, W. G. Lowe	4	Back, T. Le Boutillier	2
Total	10	Total	11

Meadow Brook Magpies allowed by handicap, 1. Goals made by Meadow Brook Magpies, 14. Lost by penalty, 1. Goals made by Great Neck Grasshoppers, 7. Lost by penalty, ½. Referee—G. Miller. Time—Eight 7½ minute periods.

Harvard in a Golf Tie.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 14.—The Rhode Island and Harvard golf teams played to a tie, 3 to 3, over the links of the Wannamoisett Country Club to-day. Roger H. Hovey, Harold Cogdon, and Dana Fairchild won for Rhode Island, and J. W. Hubbell, F. Sargent, and S. P. Griffiths for Harvard.

AMERICAN GOLFERS SHOW POOR FORM

Travers Only One Who Has Chance to Win St. George's Cup To-day at Sandwich.

TIES FOR EIGHTH PLACE

Ouimet Disappointing, Taking 80 Strokes for His Rounds—Hilton Starts Well, but Fades Away.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—The first half of the competition for the St. George's Vase, which always precedes the British amateur golf championship, was played at Sandwich to-day. The competition is interesting, since it affords an opportunity of judging the prospects of the contestants for championship honors, as the majority of the players enter for both competitions.

Among the 170 players entered for the vase are all the best-known Britishers and the entire American contingent. The competition is decided by strokes, and the second round will be played to-morrow.

Perfect golfing weather prevailed, and it is surprising that more good scores were not returned. The first seven places were secured by Britishers, with top score of 72 by D. F. Ransom.

The American players fared none too well, Jerome D. Travers, with 77, doing one of the worst rounds he has made at Sandwich. He started well, taking 21 strokes for the first six holes, but afterward missing putts and playing ironshots badly.

Francis Ouimet returned a score of 80, which practically robs him of all chance of winning. He did not drive well, and seemed to lack confidence. He failed to keep in a straight line, and showed general looseness about his play. He said afterward that the hot day made the clubs slippery. Chick Evans also took 80 and apparently suffered somewhat from want of practice. He was uncertain with his approach shots, and would, however, have made a good round but for five poorly played holes. Fred Herreshoff, 81; Frazer Hale, 82; A. G. Lockwood, 84.

C. A. Palmer, whom Travers meets in the first round of the championship, did 76, losing three of his shots in the bunker.

Harold H. Hilton, the British amateur champion, disappointed his admirers. He did the first eleven holes in 41, then fell away, finishing in 76.

Travers is the only American who stands a chance of winning the competition, but he will have to do an exceptionally fine score to-morrow in order to win.

H. D. Gillies of London, the holder of the trophy, covered the course in 77, tieing Travers.

WOMEN'S ONE-DAY GOLF.

Mrs. Rossin and Mrs. Faith Share Honors at Knollwood.

Mrs. W. J. Faith of Wykagyl and Mrs. A. S. Rossin of Century shared the honors in the one-day tournament of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association over the links of the Knollwood Country Club yesterday. Mrs. Rossin led the field for both gross and net with a card of 93, 3—90, but she could not take more than one prize, and as she had no choice but the gross, it left the net for Mrs. Faith with her 94, 3—91.

Coincident with the medal play handicap there was a team match between four Englewood and four Knollwood members. The match was halved, for two contests finished all square and Mrs. Swift won hers for Knollwood, while Mrs. Kinnear performed similarly for Englewood. Mrs. Swift and Mrs. M. D. Paterson, Secretary and President of the association, respectively, both being members of Knollwood, as well as of Englewood, played with the forces of the former.

The next tournament will be held at the North Jersey Country Club, near Paterson, next Tuesday. The scores:

Name and Club.	Gross.	H'cap.	Net.
Mrs. A. S. Rossin, Century	93	3	90
Mrs. W. J. Faith, Wykagyl	94	3	91
Miss Grace Farrelly, Englew'd	104	10	94
Mrs. Lawrence Swift, Knollw'd	98	3	95
Mrs. Henry Blumenthal, Fairview	105	8	97
Mrs. J. S. Irving, Scarsdale	105	6	99
Mrs. Fairchild, Knollwood	115	15	100
Miss Page Schwarzwaelder, Englewood	107	7	100
Miss Robeson, Knollwood	111	10	101
Mrs. W. S. Kinnear, Englew'd	113	12	101
Miss E. Marcus, Hollywood	109	6	103
Mrs. Walter Perry, Baltusrol	108	5	103
Mrs. R. B. Moriarty, Englew'd	121	18	103
Mrs. Wm. Chilvers, Dunwoodie	107	4	103
Miss Julia Bredt, Essex Co	117	12	105
Mrs. Clarence Cohen, Inwood	123	18	105
Mrs. Charles L. Greenhall, Hollywood	112	7	105
Miss G. Allaire, Fox Hills	130	25	105
Mrs. Lester Ketcham, Fox Hills	130	18	112
Miss G. F. Wood, Englewood	126	14	112
Mrs. L. Waterhouse, Hackensack	148	22	126

TEAM MATCH.

KNOLLWOOD.		ENGLEWOOD.	
Mrs. Lawrence Swift	1	Mrs. J. S. Irving	0
Mrs. M. D. Paterson	0	Miss P. Schwarzwaelder	0
Miss Robeson	0	Miss G. Farrelly	1
Mrs. Fairchild	0	Mrs. W. S. Kinnear	0
Total	1	Total	1

Hurlingham Sends Polo Thanks.

LONDON, May 14.—The Hurlingham Club has sent a cablegram to the American Polo Association expressing its appreciation of the proposal to postpone the international matches for two weeks, but adding: "We will keep the original fixture unless unexpected difficulties arise."

BRITISH WOMEN'S GOLF.

Miss Ravenscroft and Miss Leitch Reach Final Round.

HUNSTANTON, England, May 14.—Miss Gladys Ravenscroft, women's champion of the United States, and Miss Cecile Leitch won their matches to-day in the semi-final round of the British women's golf championship played here. Miss Ravenscroft's opponent was Miss Muriel Dodd, holder of the British and Canadian women's championships, while Miss Leitch met Miss E. Grant-Suttie. Each of the winners defeated her opponent by one up.

Turf and Field Club Election.

Nine horsemen were elected yesterday to membership in the Turf and Field Club. The new members are Charles R. Scott, Price McKinley, Montagu La Montagne, George H. Bull, Melville D. Martin, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, David Stevenson, Martin S. Baldwin, and E. Burton Lyon. Vice President Henry W. Bull presided and the following members were present: John G. Livingston, Francis R. Appleton, H. S. Page, Stephen H. Brown, J. G. Follansbee, Winthrop Burr, H. K. Knapp, and Alfred B. Maclay.

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Why does the city seem like a prison when Spring comes?

Of all the pleasures the country affords, which do you long for most?

Isn't it the soft, springy "feel" of the turf under your feet—the joy of the long country walks and outdoor games?

If you must spend most of your time in the city, you can at least go about your work and play with a light, easy stride, free from jar and jolt. You can cushion your step with O'Sullivan's Heels of new live rubber, as soft and resilient as the country turf.

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TIGERS BEAT YANKEES--GIANTS DEFEAT PITTSBURGH--SUPERBAS LOSE

KEATING'S WILDNESS THROWS GAME AWAY

Bases on Balls, Wild Pitch, and a Couple of Hits Turn Contest Over to Detroit.

Ray Keating was the victim of Hughey Jennings's persuasive oratory at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and the Detroits beat the Yankees, 3 to 1. Hughey just talked Keating out of the game. The Tiger manager, on the coaching lines, kept requesting Cobb, Bush, and Sam Crawford to knock the ball out of the park, and advised them to be sure and touch every base when they got started. Young Keating heard this so often that he began to believe that the Tigers were going to puncture his pitching, and after seven innings of Mr. Jennings's profuse chin music Keating got nervous and blew up like a firecracker.

Up to that time Keating and Johnny Dubuc had a very even pitching battle, which was entirely surrounded by brilliant fielding. But when Keating began to totter the Yanks also became wabbly, and Detroit struck while the iron was hot. The next time Keating pitches against Detroit he will wear ear muffs, so that he will not hear Hugh Ambrose Jennings's line of blarney.

Jennings talked more than usual yesterday. He knew it would probably rattle a young pitcher like Keating. Between innings Trainer Harry Tuthill sprayed Hughey's throat, so that he went out with a clear, fresh voice to worry the Yankee pitcher. The Detroits will always have a chance at that pennant as long as Hughey's voice holds out.

A crowd of about 7,000 was all ready to whoop things up for Keating and let him know that he could have the City Hall if he wanted it when the youngster made his ascension. It was the first game played here this season that somebody didn't make a speech or some one was not presented with a token of esteem and regard. So it may be safely said that the season has settled down to a normal condition.

Of the many brilliant fielding endeavors, Roy Hartzell's catch in the sixth inning copped the blue ribbon. Wahoo Sam Crawford came to the bat just before that occasion, with two men out. Sam careened against the ball, just as Mr. Jennings told him to. The ball sailed for the right bleachers, high over Hartzell's head. Hartzell turned at the crack of the bat and scooted for the stockade. Without half turning around to see where the ball was, he blindly leaped in the general direction of the azure blue and stabbed the fleeting ball with his gloved hand. It was one of those catches that somebody tells you about, and you listen in silence and then make one short, ugly remark. You know, it begins with "L."

Doney Bush covered the territory around short, third base, second base, and left field as neatly as a vacuum cleaner. Bush doesn't play in any particular position. He just plays wherever the ball happens to hop. Capt. Peckinpaugh of the Yanks did some stylish fielding, also.

With Keating and Dubuc pitching airtight ball and the hired help about them blocking everything, the game went runless for six innings, and it began to look as if there would be no decision until next week, at least. In the first inning Bush got an infield hit. Peckinpaugh made a great stop back of second and a quick toss, but Bush beat the throw. Then Maisel got Kavanaugh's pop fly when he tried to bunt, and came within a hair of doubling Bush off first. When Cobb came to the bat he got something in his eye. Ed Sweeney dug out the obstacle, and, with his weakened eyesight, Cobb waited for a pass. He stole second very boldly. Jennings gave Sam Crawford permission to do anything he liked with the ball, but Sam grounded out easily.

The Yankees broke into the scoring first. In the seventh, with two down, Sweeney walked and stole second. Stanage was so surprised at Sweeney's colossal nerve that he made an atrocious throw to second, and the ball hit Sweeney on the knee and bounded over into left field, Sweeney scampering home on the mistake. Even without that bad throw Sweeney would have scored, because Peckinpaugh smashed a double to left, which was one of the two hits which were made off Dubuc.

Everything would have been as sweet as could be if Keating had remained on the ground. In the seventh he started to get shaky, and gave two passes, but pitched himself out of the difficulty. But in the eighth it was different.

Bush fanned for a starter, and then Kavanaugh walloped a double to right. Cobb dumped the ball in front of the plate and beat Sweeney's toss to first. While the Yankees were arguing that Cobb was out, Ty went to second without objection on anybody's part.

Crawford walked, filling the bases. Keating was by this time beyond human aid, and uncorked a wild pitch, which floated past Sweeney, and Kavanaugh scored, tying the count. High also walked, and Keating was prepared to walk Veach, who batted for Burns, when Capt. Peckinpaugh extracted him from the game and called upon Ray Caldwell to save the day.

Veach hammered the ball right down through the box and second base for a single, and Cobb and Crawford scored, bringing the ball game in with them. Enough. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	M'sel, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1
Kav'h, 2b.	5	1	1	1	6	H'tz'l, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Cobb, cf.	3	1	1	0	0	Walsh, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
C'ford, rf.	3	1	0	1	0	W'ms, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
High, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	†Cook	1	0	0	0	0
Burns, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0	Holden, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
*Veach	1	0	1	0	0	Sw'y, c.	2	1	0	6	3
Gainer, 1b.	0	0	0	4	0	P'p'gh, ss.	3	0	2	3	1
Mor'ty, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	T'dale, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3
St'ge, c.	3	0	1	4	0	K'ting, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Dubuc, p.	4	0	1	0	3	C'well, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	6	27	15	Total	29	1	2	27	10

*Batted for Burns in eighth inning.
†Batted for Williams in ninth inning.
Error—Stanage.

Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3
New York.........0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Peckinpaugh, Kavanaugh. Stolen bases—Cobb (2,) Bush, Peckinpaugh, Sweeney. Left on bases—New York, 4; Detroit, 8. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 5; off Dubuc, 3. Struck out—By Keating, 6; by Caldwell, 1; by Dubuc, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Keating, (Bush.) Wild pitch—Keating. Hits—Off Keating, 5 in 7 1-3 innings; off Caldwell, 1 in 1 2-3 innings. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

Athletics Win Pitchers' Duel.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—The greatest pitching duel of the season here, which was between Plank and Hagerman, was won to-day by Philadelphia from Cleveland in thirteen innings by 1 to 0. The sole tally was scored by Schang on a base on balls and Hagerman's wild throw when Plank bunted. Both teams gave a grand exhibition of fielding, with Oldring robbing Lajoie of a home run by a leaping catch, and Lajoie, Strunk, Olson, and others pulling off clever plays. Only forty-three men faced Plank in the thirteen innings. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mur'y, rf.	5	0	0	0	0	Leib'd, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Old'g, lf.	5	0	2	2	0	T'ner, 3b.	5	0	1	0	3
Coll's, 2b.	5	0	0	4	2	John'n, 1b.	5	0	1	13	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2	Jack'n rf.	5	0	1	1	0
M'In's, 1b.	5	0	1	14	2	Lajoie, 2b.	5	0	0	2	6
Strunk, cf.	2	0	0	2	0	Wood lf.	5	0	0	1	0
Kopf, ss.	5	0	1	4	7	Olson, ss.	5	0	1	7	4
Lapp, c.	2	0	0	8	2	Car'h, c.	4	0	1	8	4
Schang, c.	0	1	0	2	1	Hag'n, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Plank p.	3	0	0	1	4	Total	41	0	6	36	18
Total	36	1	6	39	20						

No one out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Johnston, Hagerman, Kopf (2.)

Philadelphia..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Baker. Sacrifice hits—Hagerman, Strunk, Plank, 2. Stolen base—Johnston. Double plays—Carisch and Olson; Collins, Kopf and McInnis; Plank, Kopf and McInnis. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 8. First bases on balls—Off Hagerman, 6; off Plank, 1. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Hagerman, 6; by Plank, 9. Wild pitch—Hagerman. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

Leonard Holds Browns Safe.

BOSTON, May 14.—Leonard held St. Louis to four scattered hits to-day and Boston won a shut-out victory, 1 to 0. Hamilton was generally effective, but Gardner's three-base hit, followed by Engle's infield out, in the second inning gave the Red Sox the run which decided the game. Manager Branch Rickey and Catcher Agnew of the St. Louis team were put off the field for objecting to a decision by Umpire Egan. B. Bancroft Johnson, President of the American League, was a spectator. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	Sh'ten, cf.	1	0	0	2	0
Y'kes, 2b.	4	0	2	0	1	How'd, 3b.	4	0	0	3	1
Lewis, lf.	3	0	1	1	0	Pratt, 2b.	3	0	0	3	1
Sp'ker, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	W'ms, rf.	2	0	1	0	0
Scott, ss.	3	0	0	3	3	E. W'r, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
G'dner, 3b.	3	1	1	1	2	C. W'r, lf.	4	0	1	3	1
Engle, 1b.	3	0	1	9	0	Leary, 1b.	4	0	0	5	1
C'gan, c.	3	0	2	11	2	Wares, ss.	2	0	1	5	2
Leon'd, p.	3	0	0	0	3	Agnew, c.	2	0	0	1	1
Total	29	1	7	27	11	Jenk's, c.	1	0	0	2	0
						H'ton, p.	2	0	1	0	3
						B'mg'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*Miller	0	0	0	0	0
						†Wallace	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	26	0	4	24	10

*Ran for Hamilton in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Williams in the eighth inning.
Errors—Wares, Leonard.

Boston ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 ..—1
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Hamilton, C. Walker, Engle. Three-base hit—Gardner. Hits—Off Hamilton, 7 in 7 innings; off Baumgardner, 0 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Shotten, 2. Stolen bases—Williams (2,) Wares, Miller. Double play—Yerkes, Scott, and Engle. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Boston, 4. First base on balls—Off Leonard, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Boston, 1. Struck out—By Leonard, 9; by Hamilton, 1; by Baumgardner, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit, 3; New York, 1.
Washington, 1; Chicago, 0.
(Ten innings.)
Philadelphia, 1; Cleveland, 0.
(Thirteen innings.)
Boston, 1; St. Louis, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 4; Pittsburgh, 3.
Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 0.
Cincinnati, 6; Boston, 0.
Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 3.
(Fourteen innings.)

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 1.
Pittsburgh, 6; Kansas City, 2.
Baltimore, 9; Indianapolis, 6.
Buffalo, 5; Chicago, 4.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Rochester, 9; Jersey City, 2.
Jersey City, 9; Rochester, 6.
Buffalo, 4; Newark, 3.
Buffalo, 4; Newark, 3.
Montreal, 6; Providence, 2.
Baltimore, 13; Toronto, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	18	7	.720
Philadelphia	11	8	.579
New York	10	10	.500
Washington	11	11	.500
St. Louis	11	12	.478
Boston	9	11	.450
Chicago	11	15	.423
Cleveland	8	15	.348

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	15	5	.750
New York	10	6	.625
Philadelphia	10	7	.588
Brooklyn	9	8	.529
Cincinnati	12	11	.522
Chicago	10	13	.435
St. Louis	10	15	.400
Boston	3	14	.177

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	13	5	.722
St. Louis	13	10	.565
Indianapolis	11	9	.550
Chicago	11	11	.500
Brooklyn	8	8	.500
Buffalo	8	11	.421
Kansas City	9	15	.375
Pittsburgh	8	12	.400

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rochester	11	6	.647
Baltimore	11	8	.579
Toronto	9	8	.529
Newark	8	8	.500
Buffalo	8	8	.500
Jersey City	8	10	.444
Providence	8	10	.444
Montreal	7	12	.368

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Newark at Toronto.
Jersey City at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Montreal.
Providence at Rochester.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Kansas City at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at Buffalo.
Indianapolis at Baltimore.

Senators Win in Tenth.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Washington beat out Chicago to-day in the tenth inning of a magnificent pitching duel between Ayres and Scott. In the last half of the tenth inning Gandil, first up, singled, and scored the winning run on Shanks's double. For nine innings Scott held the locals hitless. Not a Washington player got as far as third in that time. In the first inning Chase tripled, but was left. In the sixth Milan made a great one-handed stop of Demitt's single and threw him out at second. In the tenth inning Collins reached first on an error, stole second, while Alcock took first on a base on balls, but Blackburne fanned for the third out. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mo'ller, rf.	4	0	0	6	0	Dem't, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Foster, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	Berg'r, ss.	4	0	0	2	1
Milan, cf.	4	0	0	3	1	Chase, 1b.	4	0	1	17	1
G'ndil, 1b.	4	1	1	14	2	Col'ns, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Shanks, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
M'rg'n, 2b.	3	0	0	0	7	Alcock, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0
McB'e, ss.	2	0	0	2	5	B'kb'e, 2b.	4	0	0	2	8
Henry c.	2	0	0	3	0	Schalk, c.	3	0	0	2	1
Ayres, p.	3	0	0	2	0	Scott, p.	3	0	0	0	5
Total	30	1	2	30	16	Total	33	0	3	27	16

None out when winning run scored.
Errors—Blackburn, (2,) Schalk, Foster, Morgan.

Washington .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Shanks. Three-base hit—Chase. Stolen bases—Collins, McBride. Double play—Morgan, McBride, and Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Washington, 4. First base on balls—Off Scott, 2; off Ayres, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Washington, 2. Struck out—By Scott, 2; by Ayres, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours.

Scores of Other Games.

At Annapolis—St. John's College, 2; Franklin and Marshall, 1.
At Hartford—Trinity, 6; Norwich University, 4.
At Medford—Tufts, 11; Bowdoin, 3.
At Simsbury—Westminster, 1; Connecticut Literary Institute, 0.
At Kent—Kent School, 10; Morristown School, 8.
At Bloomington, Ind.—Indiana University, 9; University of Hawaii, 5.

Murphy Must Explain Low Tax Rate

CHICAGO, May 14.—Charles W. Murphy, former owner of the Chicago National League baseball team, will be invited to explain an apparent discrepancy between his schedule filed with the Tax Collector, listing personal property to the value of $6,650, and newspaper clippings which quote him as saying: "I ran a shoestring into a million dollars," and as stating that he sold his stock in the ball club for over $500,000. This declaration was made to-day by Henry Berger, Assistant State's Attorney, detailed to assist the Assessor. Berger keeps a scrapbook full of such clippings.

GIANTS BUNCH HITS WITH PIRATE ERRORS

"Babe" Adams Pitches in Old-Time Form, but Receives Erratic Support.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 14.—The New York Giants continued the losing streak of the Pirates to-day when they defeated them by a score of 4 to 3 in a game that was full of thrills all the way, and one that held the 12,000 fans to the finish.

The great Hans Wagner was missing from the line-up on account of the injury he received in the game with Boston on Tuesday, when Outfielder Mann spiked his hand. However, the Dutchman got into the game in the last inning, when he ran for Gibson, who had singled. The home team needed one run to tie, two to win. Wagner was on first and Hyatt at the bat for Adams. The rooters were making a great noise, and visions of a home run were flitting through the minds of every bleacherite there.

In the meantime Al. Demaree, the Giant pitcher, also had a picture in his mind, and that was to put the ball where the husky pinch hitter could not hit it. Never did Al. lose his nerve, although Hans was dancing around the base in such a way as would rattle most any young pitcher. He just put the ball over, knowing that he had eight men behind him, and when Hyatt's bat went smack against the ball a flash of gray shot across the diamond and Fletcher had the little pill into Merkle's hand for a put-out in a jiffy, after touching second base himself for the first put-out of the double play. This was the shortstop's day in the field, almost all his chances being difficult, but he made them look easy.

Some people will say the Giants were lucky in the first inning to-day, but the fact is the Pirates played poor ball at the start and the champions did not fail to take advantage of the mistakes of the home team. After Bescher had singled, Burns hit a sharp liner to Kelly, which he muffed, and to add to the misery of Adams, Gibson dropped his throw home to catch Bescher on Grant's tap. Before the big pitcher had recovered his poise he uncorked a wild pitch that scored two more runs. Three runs on two hits and two errors were the record of that fatal inning.

After the Pirates had tied the score in the fourth inning the New Yorks proceeded to sew it up in the fifth, when Indian Meyers doubled and Al. Demaree bunted safely just out of Adams's reach. Bescher sent out a long fly to Kelly and Meyers scored what eventually was the winning run. While the visitors were weak at the bat, they made their hits count and their hits came in conjunction with the misplays of the Pirates.

The home team got a run in the third inning when Gibson hit the ball to the right field fence for three bases, and he kept right on home when Grant threw wild to catch him at third. They tried very hard in the fourth when, with two men out, Damaree could not get the ball over, for Viox and the little second baseman ambled to first, Mitchell then stirred the bleacherites with a triple to the score board, and when McCarthy kept up the bombardment by singling the score was tied and the crowd yelling like Indians. But the Giant pitcher kept his wits about him and got the next man. After that the only excitement was in the last inning, as noted above.

With Adams out of the way, Manager McGraw is claiming all three games of the series, and it certainly looks good for him, with Mathewson, Marquard, and Tesreau to fall back on. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Be'her, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	Kelly, cf.	5	0	2	2	0
Burns, lf.	4	1	2	2	0	Carey, lf.	4	0	2	3	0
Flet'r, ss.	3	0	0	5	8	Mow'y, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Grant, 2b.	4	1	0	2	0	Kon'y, 1b.	4	0	0	14	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0	Viox, 2b.	3	1	0	1	3
S'dg's, rf.	4	0	0	3	0	Mitc'll, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Stock, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	McC'y, ss.	4	0	1	2	2
Meyers, c.	3	1	1	3	3	Gibson, c.	4	1	3	3	0
Dem'ee, p.	3	0	1	0	2	*Wagner	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	5	27	14	Adams, p.	3	0	0	0	6
						†Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	35	3	10	27	13

*Ran for Gibson in ninth inning.
†Batted for Adams in ninth inning.
Errors—Grant, Stock, J. H. Kelly, Gibson,

New York ....3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4
Pittsburgh ....0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—3

Two-base hit—Meyers. Three-base hits—Gibson, Mitchell. Sacrifice hit—Fletcher. Sacrifice fly—Bescher. Left on bases—New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 4. First base on errors—New York, 1; Pittsburgh, 1. Base on balls—Off Demaree, 2. Struck out—By Demaree, 3; by Adams, 3. Wild pitch—Adams. Double play—Fletcher and Merkle. Time of game—One hour and forty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Hart.

Cardinals Weaken in Fourteenth.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Cravath's triple, followed by Becker's single, an out by Byrne, and Killifer's base hit in the fourteenth inning, won for Philadelphia to-day, 5 to 3, over St. Louis in an exciting contest. Philadelphia tied the score in the ninth inning on a single, a base on balls, and two consecutive singles. In the tenth inning, with men on first and second and one out, Cather drove a liner to S. Magee, who started a fast double play which ended St. Louis's chances. Errors figured in two of St. Louis's runs, while clean hitting gave Philadelphia one in the seventh inning. Beck and S. Magee starred in the field. The former handled ten hard chances without a flaw, and the latter, playing his first game in the infield, figured in seven fast plays. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.	6	0	0	3	0	Hug's, 2b.	5	1	1	1	6
Lud's, 1b.	6	0	0	21	3	L. Magee, 1b.	6	0	1	25	2
Lob't, 3b.	6	1	3	1	4	Butler, ss.	7	0	0	2	3
S.Magee ss.	4	2	1	3	4	Wingo, rf.	6	0	1	3	0
Crav'h, rf.	4	1	2	1	0	Wilson, cf.	7	1	2	3	1
Becker, lf.	6	1	2	0	0	Cruise, lf.	6	0	2	2	0
Kill'r, c.	6	0	1	8	1	Snyder, c.	6	0	0	5	1
Byrne, 2b.	6	0	1	3	[illegible]	Beck, 3b.	3	1	1	1	9
Mayer, p.	2	0	0	2	2	Dolan, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0
*Devore	1	0	0	0	0	Perritt, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Oesch'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0	†C. Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Alex'r, p.	3	0	0	0	3	Robin'n, p.	1	0	0	0	5
Total	50	5	10	42	22	‡Cather	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	52	3	9	42	29

*Batted for Mayer in eighth inning.
†Batted for Perritt in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Beck in tenth inning.
Errors—Lobert, S. Magee, Byrne, (3,) Wilson.

Philadelphia..0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 2—5
St. Louis......0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3

Two-base hit — Lobert. Three-base hits—Wilson, Cravath. Hits—Off Mayer, 4 in seven innings; off Oeschger, none in one inning; off Alexander, 5 in six innings, (one on base in ninth;) off Perritt, 6 in nine innings; off Robinson, 4 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—S. Magee, Wingo, Robinson, Huggins. Stolen bases—Huggins, (2,) L. Magee, Wingo, Lobert, S. Magee, Beck, Cravath. Double play—S. Magee, Byrne, and Luderus. Left on bases—St. Louis, 16; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Perritt, 2; off Oeschger, 1, off Alexander, 2; off Robinson, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Mayer, (Huggins, Snyder;) by Robinson, (Paskert.) Struck out—By Mayer, 2; by Robinson, 2; by Alexander, 3; by Perritt, 3. Time of game—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

Coakley Bloomfield Manager.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., May 14.—Bloomfield will start the Atlantic League season next Wednesday with Andy Coakley as manager. Coakley has obtained the local franchise, taking control in place of Samuel Jaegers, who incurred the displeasure of some of the members of the local Board of Trade backing the club. Coakley formerly was a pitcher on the Philadelphia Athletics and later with Cincinnati. He has also pitched for Jersey City in the International League. Coakley set right to work on plans for erecting a $5,000 ball park here. No games will be played in Bloomfield until the grounds can be put in shape.

Loving Cup for Jennings.

NEWARK, N. J., May 14.—Hughey Jennings, manager of the Detroit Americans, received an enthusiastic reception from the members of Olive Branch Council, No. 463, Knights of Columbus, at the Columbus Club, this city, to-night. The members presented Jennings with a silver loving cup, and the manager told a number of baseball stories. Marty Kavanagh, second baseman of the Tigers, was with Jennings at the club meeting. Jennings is well known in Newark, as he came here often with Baltimore as its old Eastern League manager.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

ONE HIT FOR SUBERBAS.

Big Jim Vaughn Has Baffling Aim Against Brooklyn Batsmen.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 14.—A short fly which took a bad bound just before it reached Bill Sweeney at second base robbed Jim Vaughn of a no-hit no-run victory over the Brooklyn Nationals at the West Side Park to-day. The Cubs won, 5 to 0.

McCarty was the first Brooklyn man to make a hit. In the sixth he connected with a looping liner toward second. It looked like an easy chance, but the pill took a short "hop" just as the second sacker reached out and the visiting catcher went safe. McCarty was the fifth visitor to get on base—and the last. Four of his mates walked in the combat, two of these going out stealing, making in all only three base runners during the afternoon, and none of them passed second.

Back of Vaughn the Cubs played good ball, not an error being made officially. Few of the fielders had hard chances. In fact, most of their chances were easy ones, for Vaughn was so good that the visitors' efforts to hit him were pitiful. Only six balls were knocked beyond the infield, while six Brooklyn batters went out on easy bounders toward the box. There was only one ball hit hard by Brooklyn during the entire game, this being a line drive off Smith's bat in the fifth inning.

In the first six innings it looked as if the game was billed for a runless contest of extra innings, for Pat Ragan, an ex-Cub, was going along every bit as good as his rival, and the Cubs did not have the slightest chance to push a run over the plate. They managed to get three hits of the scratchy type during these rounds, but there was never a time when the going looked bad for Patrick. The strain proved too much, however, and he was the first to crack, his wild throw in the seventh allowing the home club to put over the run that turned out to be the winner. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	D'ton, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Good, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	C'ch'w, 2b.	4	0	0	1	4
Saier, 1b.	3	0	1	12	0	D'bert, 1b.	4	0	0	7	1
Z'man, 3b.	4	1	1	0	1	Wheat, lf.	0	0	0	4	1
W'ms, lf.	4	2	2	2	0	Smith, 3b.	3	0	0	3	2
Sw'y, 2b.	3	0	1	1	3	St'gel, rf.	2	0	0	2	1
C'ridon, ss.	3	0	1	3	1	Egan, ss.	3	0	0	2	2
Br'han, c.	2	0	0	5	2	McC'y, c.	3	0	1	2	2
Vaughn, p.	3	0	1	0	5	Ragan, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total	30	5	9	27	12	Total	25	0	1	24	14

Errors—Wheat, Smith, Egan, Ragan.

Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 4 ..—5
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Saier, Good. Three-base hits—Leach, Zimmerman. Sacrifice hits—Ragan, Corridon. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 3; Chicago, 5. First base on balls—Off Vaughn, 4; off Ragan, 3. Struck out—By Vaughn, 4; by Ragan, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

Reds Easily Outclass Braves.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 14.—Cincinnati outplayed and outhit Boston to-day and captured the second game of the series, 6 to 0. Tyler pitched fairly well for Boston, errors being responsible for several of the runs scored by Cincinnati. Benton pitched good ball before he and Manager Herzog were ordered out of the game in the sixth inning for disputing a decision at first base. Davenport, who succeeded Benton, did not allow a hit during the time he was in the pitcher's box. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	2	1	0	1	0	Evers, 2b.	5	0	0	1	3
H'zog, ss.	3	0	2	0	2	M'v'le, ss.	3	0	0	3	5
R'lings	1	0	0	1	0	Collins, rf.	3	0	2	1	0
Groh, 2b.	4	1	1	1	4	G'fith, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
M'sans, lf.	3	1	1	1	0	M'ray, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
H'lit'l, 1b	4	0	2	11	0	Schm't, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
V. K'z, cf.	3	1	0	3	0	Deal, 3b.	2	0	0	2	1
N'hoff, 3b.	4	1	1	2	1	M'tin, 3b.	0	0	0	0	1
Clark, c.	3	0	1	7	1	Whal'g, c.	3	0	1	3	2
Benton, p.	2	1	0	0	4	Mann, cf.	1	0	1	1	0
D'port, p.	1	0	0	0	0	Tyler, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Total	30	6	8	27	12	*Connolly	1	0	0	0	0
						†Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
						‡Hess	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	30	0	4	24	15

*Batted for Deal in sixth inning.
†Batted for Whaling in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Tyler in ninth inning.
Errors—Evers, Maranville, 2; Herzog, Rawlings.

Cincinnati ....1 0 0 2 1 2 0 0 ..—6
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Hits—Off Benton, 4 in 5 innings, (none out in the sixth;) off Davenport, none in 4 innings. Sacrifice hits—Maranville, Schmidt, Tyler, Moran. Sacrifice fly—Von Kolnitz. Stolen base—Clark. Double play, Clarke, Groh, and Niehoff. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Cincinnati, 4. First base on balls—Off Tyler, 2; off Benton, 1; off Davenport, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ROCHESTER—FIRST GAME.

R.H.E.
Rochester .....1 0 2 1 0 2 3 0 ..—9 12 0
Jersey City....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—2 7 1

Batteries — Friel and Cotter; Hughes and Miller.

SECOND GAME.

R.H.E.
Jersey City....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 4—9 14 1
Rochester .....0 0 0 0 2 1 0 1 2—6 9 2

Batteries—Verbout and Pearce; Keefe and Williams.

AT BUFFALO—FIRST GAME.

R.H.E.
Buffalo ....1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 ..—4 7 3
Newark ....0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0—3 6 1

Batteries—Holmquist and Heckinger; Fullenweider and Lalong.

SECOND GAME.

R.H.E.
Buffalo ....0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 ..—4 9 1
Newark ....0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0—3 8 2

Batteries—Curtis and Heckinger; Brandon and Kritchell.

AT MONTREAL.

R.H.E.
Montreal ......2 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 ..—6 9 1
Providence ....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 6 1

Batteries—Oldham and Onslow; Mason and Madden.

AT TORONTO.

R.H.E.
Baltimore ....0 1 2 3 3 0 0 4 0—13 18 1
Toronto ....0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2 8 3

Batteries — Danforth and McAvoy; Hearn, Johnston, and Snell.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Scranton—Scranton, 4; Utica, 0.
At Elmira—Elmira, 7; Albany, 1.
At Binghamton—Troy, 8; Binghamton, 7.
At Wilkes-Barre—Syracuse, 10; Wilkes-Barre, 1.

American Association.

At Louisville—Milwaukee, 3; Louisville, 2.
At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 5; Indianapolis, 8.
At Columbus—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 2.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Minneapolis, 4.

Eastern Association.

At Pittsfield—Pittsfield, 9; New Britain, 0.
At New London—New London, 2; Hartford, 0.
At Waterbury—Bridgeport, 6; Waterbury, 4.
At New Haven—New Haven, 2; Springfield, 0.

New England League.

At Worcester—Lewiston, 7; Worcester, 5.
At Lowell—Lowell, 8; Portland, 0.
At Haverhill—Haverhill, 2; Fitchburg, 0.
At Lynn—Lawrence, 5; Lynn, 3. (Ten innings.)

Tri-State League.

At Reading—Reading, 8; Harrisburg, 3.
At Allentown—Allentown, 8; Wilmington, 1.
At Trenton—York, 14; Trenton, 7.

Southern Association.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 3; Memphis, 1.
At Brimingham—Birmingham, 10; Chattanooga, 3.
At Mobile—Nashville, 7; Mobile, 4.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 6; Montgomery, 3.

Virginia League.

At Newport News—Newport News, 5; Roanoke, 2.
At Portsmouth — Portsmouth-Petersburg game postponed; wet grounds.
At Richmond—Richmond, 6; Norfolk, 2.

No Change in Federal Circuit.

CHICAGO, May 14.—James A. Gilmore, President of the Federal Baseball League, denied there would be any change in the Federal League circuit this year.

"There is absolutely nothing to the report that we intend transferring the Kansas City team to Bellevue, Ky., on the Ohio River, opposite Cincinnati, or to Cincinnati," said Gilmore. A report from Cincinnati last night said the Kansas City Club would be transferred to that city within the next month, and that a deal for a ball park would be closed there to-day, which did not occur.

Brooklyn—Washington Park.
St. Louis Feds vs. Brooklyn Feds 3 P.M. To-day—Adv.

COLUMBIA FRESHMEN LOSE TO SCHOOLBOYS

Picked Team of Star Athletes from New York Schools Beat the Collegians on Track.

An all-star high school track team completely buried the opposing Columbia freshman team in a dual meet held yesterday afternoon on South Field. The score stood 68 points to 22. This is the first meet of its kind held in this city, and it brought out good performances and keen spirit.

Bryant High School led the list against the other high school teams, scoring 16 points, while Stuyvesant came next with 15 points. The other team scores were: Morris High School, 9 points; High School of Commerce, 8 points; Richmond Hill High School, 4; Far Rockaway, 5; De Witt Clinton, 4; Boys' High, 3; Manual Training, 3.

The Columbia freshman, T. E. Black, and former French amateur champion, was the star. He captured first in the 100 and 220 yards dashes with ease. Carroll of Bryant High School also made a good showing for his school, taking the honors in the low hurdles and the broad jump.

The best race was contested at the mile distance. The hopes of Moriarity of Richmond Hill were dashed at the start, when Jenkins of Far Rockaway, the winner, jumped into a 100-yard lead. Moriarity made effort after effort to catch the flying Rockaway lad, but he could not gain, and had to fight hard to hold off J. Langthorn of the Columbia team in the final quarter mile to retain his place.

Howard Cann, the big High School of Commerce football player, was in a class by himself in the shot put. He tossed the twelve-pound ball 47 feet 4 inches as easily as if it had been a feather. D. Rosenberg of the same school was second. This was the only event in which the Commerce boys scored. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by T. E. Black, Columbia, 1917; N. Bonaparte, Morris High School, second; P. White, Stuyvesant High School, third. Time—0:10 4-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by T. E. Black, Columbia, 1917; L. M. Albrecht, Stuyvesant High School, second; N. Bonaparte, Morris High School, third. Time—0:24.

440-Yard Run.—Won by J. N. Finley, Morris High School; G. McDowell, Stuyvesant High School, second; J. C. Fowler, Columbia, 1917, third. Time—0:54 1-5.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by F. F. Wolcott, De Witt Clinton High School; H. Huelsbeck, Manual Training High School, second; W. Wamcke, Richmond Hill High School, third. Time—2:08 2-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by F. Jenkins, Far Rockaway High School; J. Moriarity, Richmond Hill High School, second; J. Langthorn, Columbia, 1917, third. Time—4:40 2-5.

120-Yard High Hurdles.—Won by G. M. Ritter, Stuyvesant High School; J. J. Elliott, Bryant High School, second; A. Petzel, Columbia, 1917, third. Time—0:19 1-5.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.—Won by C. Carroll, Bryant High School; C. Hammerslay, Stuyvesant High School, second; A. Petzel, Columbia, 1917, third. Time—0:27 2-5.

High Jump.—Won by H. Schulte, Columbia, 1917, with a jump of 5 feet 7 inches; J. People, Boys' High School, with a jump of 5 feet 6 inches, second; H. Katz, Columbia, 1917, with a jump of 5 feet 5 inches, third.

Broad Jump.—Won by C. Carroll, Bryant High School, with a jump of 21 feet 5 inches; J. J. Elliott, Bryant High School, with a jump of 20 feet 3 inches, second; H. Schulte, Columbia, 1917, with a jump of 20 feet 2 inches, third.

Putting 12-Pound Shot.—Won by H. Cann, High School of Commerce, with a put of 47 feet 4 inches; D. Rosenberg, High School of Commerce, with a put of 45 feet 9 inches, second; C. Armstrong, Columbia, 1917, with a put of 45 feet 4 inches, third.

XAVIERS NOT TO QUIT.

They Will See That Complaint Against Millrose A. A. Is Pushed.

The action of the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union in referring the charges of the Xavier Athletic Club back to the Metropolitan Association for the latter's consideration does not meet a very cordial response from the Xavier folks, who take the ground that their complaint against the Millrose Athletic Association is of sufficient importance to call for prompter and more pointed treatment.

Speaking on the subject, President Turley of the Xaviers yesterday said: "It would seem to me the Registration Committee by its action is simply dodging the issue. When the subject of our communication was placed in the hands of that committee we presumed they had the knowledge and the authority to consider the matter and act upon it. There was nothing confusing in what we had to bring before the A. A. U., and our manner of stating our case was plain and to the point. We have not yet received official notice of the Registration Committee's action, but presume we will be notified through the proper channel. When we are we will have something to say. In any event the Xavier Club does not propose to let the matter drop, as our complaint as to the Millrose people offering inducements to athletes to desert other organizations and join the Millrose A. A. is of a nature too vital to be easily sidetracked. If the Xavier Club does not receive what in its judgment seems fair, we will keep the matter going until we do."

FEDS CONTENT, SAYS WARD.

Will Not Invade Manhattan, According to Tip Top Official.

John M. Ward, Secretary of the Brooklyn Federal League Club, denied yesterday that there is any possibility of another Federal League club being located in Manhattan or in any part of Greater New York. He said that the backers of the league are content, for the present, at least, with the present make-up of the league and that he is positive no changes are contemplated. Reports have been circulated that the Pittsburgh Federal League Club was considering locating in the Bronx, and that Kansas City might be shifted to Cincinnati, thus making the league more compact.

If there was any possibility of another Federal League club being put in New York it seems very likely that the Brooklyn Club would be consulted, as they might have objection to such a move.

The Brooklyn Club expects to draw much patronage from the boroughs across the river as well as from Brooklyn. The field is but five minutes' walk from the Atlantic Avenue Subway terminal and it can be reached almost as quickly from the lower part of Manhattan as the Polo Grounds. When the new subway in Brooklyn is finished, the Brooklyn Club hopes to have a station directly in front of the field, making a run of hardly ten minutes from the Manhattan side of the bridge.

Columbia Athletic Notes.

The annual baseball game between Columbia University and the Seventh Regiment will be played at South Field to-morrow. The University band will play before the game. The batteries will be O'Neale and Roseff for Columbia and Benson and Norton for the Seventh Regiment.

Columbia's track team will wind up its season of dual meets to-morrow when it will oppose Colgate on South Field. Bernie Wefers has the best-balanced squad that has turned out in years, and, after defeating Annapolis and Syracuse, the Blue and White athletes are confident of repeating on Colgate.

Graduate Manager Fisher announced yesterday that he had secured the Chinese University of Hawaii baseball team to play on South Field, Columbia University, on Memorial Day, May 30. This date was originally scheduled with the Keio University team, but recently they were recalled to Japan. The appearance of the Chinese team at Columbia will be the first in the East and unusual interest in the contest is already being evidenced on the campus.

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SEATON BRINGS VICTORY.

Tip Tops Easily Beat St. Louis with Willett Pitching.

The St. Louis Federals, with a number of old friends to New York baseball followers on their roster, stacked up against Bill Bradley's Tip Tops at Washington Park yesterday and were only able to get one run while the Brooklyn team was collecting four. With ideal weather and first-class pitching by Willett and Tom Seaton, both teams played very good baseball, despite the fact that the St. Louis team made five errors. The worst offender was Al Bridwell, the ex-Giant, who got into trouble with a ground ball in the fourth inning, and in the fifth inning permitted Steve Evans to get two bases on his single by heaving the ball wildly over Nap Myers' head.

Claude Cooper, another ex-Giant, provided the one big fielding event of the game when he ran back to the fence in the ninth inning and grabbed Mathes's long drive one-handed after a leap into the air. The catch was one that has been very seldom equalled, although it lacked the dramatic feature of coming at a crucial point in the game. The hit would have gone for a three-bagger if it were not for Cooper's fine catch.

The Tip Tops got all their runs in the fourth inning, when four hits were made off Willett. Except for this inning, Willett pitched very good ball. Myers started this rally by walking. Steve Evans hit safely through short and Bridwell, in trying to get him at first, threw over Myers head. On the wild throw, Myers got to third and Evans advanced to second base. The first run came in on Murphy's sacrifice fly and three more were brought in on Westerzil's double and singles by Gagnier and Seaton.

St. Louis scored its run in the fifth, when Hartley walked, was advanced by Willett's hit and scored on Bridwell's line drive to right field.

Of the seven hits made off Seaton, three of them were made by the opposing pitcher, Willett, who was formerly with the Detroit Tigers. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cooper, cf.	4	0	0	3	0	Br'w'l, ss.	4	0	1	0	5
Myers, 1b.	3	1	1	11	1	B'cher, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1
Evans, lf.	3	1	2	2	0	K'm's, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Hof'n, 2b.	4	1	1	1	2	W. M'r, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
M'phy, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	Drake, lf.	4	0	1	1	1
W'rzil, 3b.	4	1	2	1	1	H. M'r, 1b.	4	0	2	12	0
G'gn'r, ss.	4	0	2	3	3	M'hes, 2b.	4	0	0	0	4
Land, c.	4	0	0	5	0	H'rtley, c.	3	1	0	6	1
Seaton, p.	3	0	1	1	3	Willett, p.	4	0	3	0	3
Total	31	4	9	27	10	Total	35	1	7	24	15

Errors—Bridwell (2,) Boucher, W. Miller, Willett.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 ..—4
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Westerzil, Gagnier, Willett, Drake. Three-base hit—Hofman. Sacrifice fly—Murphy. Stolen base—Seaton. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Struck out—By Seaton, 2; by Willett, 3. Bases on balls—Off Seaton, 1; off Willett, 3. Wild pitch—Willett. Umpires—Messrs. McCormick and Brennan. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

AT BUFFALO.

R.H.E.
Buffalo ....0 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 1—5 6 4
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0—4 7 3

Batteries—Krepp, Anderson, and Blair; Lange, Fisk, and Wilson.

AT PITTSBURGH.

R.H.E.
Kansas City...0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2 2 5
Pittsburgh .....2 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 ..—6 9 2

Batteries—Henning, Harris, and Easterly; Walker, Adams, and Berry.

AT BALTIMORE.

R.H.E.
Baltimore .....0 4 0 0 1 1 2 1 ..—9 13 5
Indianapolis...0 0 1 0 0 2 3 0 0—6 13 1

Batteries—Quinn, Wilhelm, and Jacklitsch; Mullin, Kaiserling, Harter, and Rariden.

ARGUING JOHNSON CASE.

Federal League Makes No Reference to Reserve Rule's Equity.

CHICAGO, May 14.—In arguing for dissolution of the injunction restraining Pitcher Johnson from playing with the Kansas City Federals, counsel for the latter to-day made no mention of the "reserve rule." This omission, according to representatives of the old leagues, is a virtual admission of equity in the "reserve rule" as it is worded in the new contracts.

The American League stood shoulder to shoulder with the National in the hearing of the injunction case to-day. While President Herrmann of the Cincinnati Club was the only one who gave verbal testimony, affidavits of President Johnson of the American League and President Comiskey of the Chicago Americans were read. These men declared no complaints concerning the "ten-day" clause ever had been heard by them. President Herrmann was questioned by Judge Foell regarding the "waiver rules," and gave a history of them.

The Federal's side depended primarily on Pitcher Johnson's affidavit, made out some time ago. More arguments will be heard to-morrow.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—A pinch hit by Frye in the seventh inning brought in the run by which Harvard defeated the University of Vermont, 3 to 2, to-day. It was a pitchers' battle all through, Harvard having the advantage in batting. The score:

R.H.E.
Harvard ......0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—3 8 1
Vermont ......0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2 3 1

Batteries—Mahan, Waterman, and Osborn; Malcolm and Mayforth.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 14.—Princeton won from Notre Dame this afternoon by a score of 4 to 1. Bunched hits gave the Tigers the victory. The score:

R.H.E.
Notre Dame...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 8 2
Princeton .....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 ..—4 6 4

Batteries—Berger, Kelly, and Kenney; Deyo and Wall.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 14.—Trinity defeated Norwich University, 6 to 4. The visitors' errors figured in the run getting. The score:

R.H.E.
Trinity ....2 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 ..—6 7 0
Norwich ....0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0—4 7 4

Batteries—Swift, Baker, and Carpenter; Thompson, Sleeper, and Tomlin.

Lannin Sole Owner of Red Sox.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14. — President Bancroft B. Johnson of the American League, who has been in Boston all day and in close conference with President Joseph J. Lannin of the Boston Red Sox, Vice President John I. Taylor, and Treasurer Charles H. Taylor, tonight announced that Mr. Lannin had purchased the common stock holdings of the Taylors and now is the sole owner of the club. Gen. Charles H. Taylor, who bought the team from Henry Killilea of Milwaukee ten years ago, retains an interest in preferred stock, and also has stock in the Fenway Realty Company, which financed the new park, built two years ago. President Johnson states that the best of relations exist between the new and former owners of the club. The terms of the sale have been withheld.

Tufts Wins Athletic Meet.

MEDFORD, Mass., May 14.—Tuft's College defeated Rhode Island College, 69 points to 39, in a dual track meet to-day. The performances were not notable, and no records were in danger at any time.

Capablanca Defeats Marshall.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 14.—In the fourth round of the chess masters' supplementary tourney to-day Capablanca beat Marshall and Lasker beat Tarrasch. The scores: Capablanca, 10½; Lasker, 9; Alechine, 8; Marshall, 7; Tarrasch, 6½.

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AUTO TRUCKS SHOW A MARKED GAIN

Registration for Three Months Exceeds That of All 1913 —Other Motor News.

Great gain in the use of motor trucks and delivery wagons in this State during the last three months is shown by statistics issued yesterday by Mitchell May, Secretary of State, comparing this year's figures with those of the last two seasons. Since Feb. 1 of this year, 13,807 commercial automobiles have been registered by the Automobile Bureau, 27 more vehicles of this class than were licensed during the entire twelve months of last year. The total for 1912 was but 9,806, so that 1914 in its first three months leads that year by 4,001 machines. Of the total, 8,833 business vehicles were registered at the New York City Bureau, 3,524 representing new cars. The number of motor vehicles of all kinds registered to date is 121,851.

⁂

An exhibition of electric pleasure vehicles is in progress in the new show rooms of the New York Edison Company at Irving Place and Fifteenth Street. The exhibition, which is under the auspices of the Electric Vehicle Association, contains cars from six makers and will last until May 30. Among the cars on view are an Ohio brougham, a Rauch & Lang town car, a Detroit runabout, a Baker brougham, a Waverly roadster and a Ward coupé chassis. According to Arthur Williams, President of the association, the show includes all that is new in electric vehicle design.

⁂

After a struggle extending over a considerable period to have its diploma recognized by the State, the Stewart Automobile Academy of this city has been chartered by the State Board of Regents. The board has been observing the work of the academy, which has graduated several thousand students during the last six years, for some time, and by granting its official charter has made it the first automobile school in the United States to receive a certificate of this character.

⁂

One of the big Fifth Avenue department stores has purchased two taxicabs for the exclusive use of its patrons, marking an innovation in department store service.

OCEAN-TO-OCEAN RECORD.

Motor Cyclist Crosses Continent in Less Than Twelve Days' Riding.

Arriving in New York at 12:18 this morning Erwin G. Baker of Indianapolis completed a trip of 3,500 miles across the continent by motor cycle in the record-breaking time of 11 days 11 hours and 18 minutes, which is nearly four days better than ever made before by a motor vehicle. The fastest ocean-to-ocean trip up to this time was made by an automobile, which crossed the continent in 15 days 10 hours, driven by a relay of drivers. The fastest previous motor cycle record was 20 days 9 hours and 1 minute. Baker left San Diego, Cal., on the Pacific Coast at 1 o'clock Eastern time, on May 3, and drove his machine himself the entire distance to New York.

Baker arrived at the West Forty-second Street ferry late last night from Newark. He left Philadelphia about 6 o'clock and would probably have arrived in New York earlier had he not had trouble with his machine on the way.

Yesterday Baker made a distance of 418 miles. His cyclometer showed that his machine had covered a total of 3,500 miles on the trip.

Baker's trip was made under the auspices of the Federation of American Motor Cyclists. From San Diego, Baker's route took him through Phoenix, Ariz.; Albuquerque, New Mexico; Dodge City, Kan.; St. Louis, Mo.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Columbus, Ohio; Wheeling, West Va.; Pittsburgh, Penn., and Philadelphia, Penn.

Brown to Pitch To-morrow.

Mordecai Brown, the former Cub, who is now managing the St. Louis Feds, announced yesterday that he will probably pitch in the game against Brooklyn to-morrow. It is expected that his appearance in the box will be a big attraction. Brown thinks that he has one of the best balanced teams in the new league, and most of his players are young and have had major league experience. Mathes, who has been out of the game with an injured back, returned to the game yesterday, displacing Otis Crandall, who had been acting as his understudy.

Football Drill at N. Y. U.

The Spring football practice squad at New York University yesterday held its third weekly practice on Ohio Field. The number of candidates increased to thirty, the largest number that has thus far appeared. "Tom" Reilly, '05, the alumnus who will coach the University Heights eleven next Fall, continued the teaching of the fundamentals of the gridiron sport which he has emphasized during the other practices, and for several hours made his men "fall" on the ball, forward pass, punt, and receive punts. Capt. Earle S. Huntley, '15, assisted in the coaching, taking charge of the men in the back field.

Athlete Fritz Has Measles.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 14.—The Cornell track team suffered a severe loss to-day when Howard Fritz, the crack pole vaulter, who cleared 12 feet 4½ inches in the Harvard meet last Saturday, was attacked by German measles and is out of the competition for the Pennsylvania-Cornell games on Saturday. Fritz failed to report at the training table last night, and this morning word was brought to Coach Moakley that he was confined to his room. The loss of Fritz, together with the poor condition of Van Winkle, a sprinter, and Millard, a hurdler, who sustained injuries in the Harvard meet last week, puts the Cornell team in bad shape for the coming meet with Pennsylvania.

College Lawn Tennis.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 14.—Wesleyan easily defeated Trinity at tennis to-day, taking all of the five matches. The last match in the doubles was not played on account of darkness.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—Yale and University of Pittsburgh tied at tennis to-day, each team taking three matches. The teams split even in the singles and doubles.

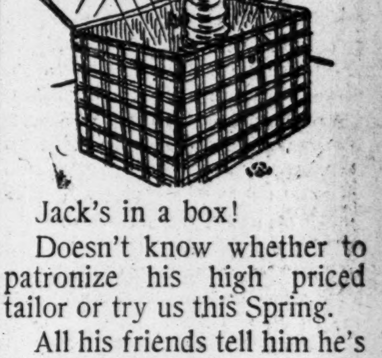
Fordham University was defeated at tennis yesterday by City College by a score of 6 to 0. The matches were played on the Fordham courts. The Fordham Prep defeated Stuyvesant High School, 5 to 0.

Horace Mann High School defeated the Columbia freshman lawn tennis team in a dual meet on South Field yesterday by a score of 4 to 1. Columbia's only victory was that which A. Von Bernuth scored over G. Donnell.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—For the third time this season the Harvard tennis team to-day won a match without losing a contest, Cornell being vanquished in both singles and doubles by a score of 6 to 0.

Women's L. I. Tennis Championship.

The number of lawn tennis tournaments in the vicinity of New York has been increased by the addition of the women's singles championship of Long Island, which will be played July 30 and the following days on the courts of the Woodmere Club, Woodmere, L. I. The event has been sanctioned by the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, and the Woodmere Club has placed in competition for the championship a challenge bowl, to be won three times to become the property of the winner. First and runner-up prizes will be awarded.



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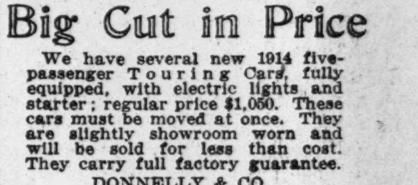

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1914.

SMALL BUSINESS.

When in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty now in force we promised equality of treatment to all nations observing the rules for the regulation of traffic in the Panama Canal, did we include ourselves or not? That, after long and confused debate, is the one point on which the opponents of repeal now rest their case. They contend that we did not include ourselves. The common sense interpretation is that "all" nations is inclusive. Unless we take the ground that we do not mean to observe the rules it must be so. This is the reading to which those who made the treaty gave their unqualified assent. It is the view taken by the majority of the Democrats who voted in the House and in the Senate when the bill first passed. It is the view taken by a still larger majority of the Democrats who voted on the Repeal bill in the House at the present session. It is the view taken by the President, in his official character as Chief Executive and in his political character as the leader of his party. If the only point involved was the national good faith, as it is regarded by the party in power in the Government and responsible for its policy, the duty of Democrats seems so plain that a wayfaring man, though a Senator of Irish descent, could hardly err therein.

If we turn from this vital question of the maintenance of national good faith and inquire what it is hoped to gain by the violation of that faith we find that the object is one that every loyal Democrat should scorn, one that no Democrat would venture to pursue openly. It is a disguised subsidy to a private interest already enjoying a strict and very profitable monopoly. On this point the Republicans in the Senate and out of it leave their opponents no excuse for doubt or dissimulation. Mr. SMOOT of Utah on Wednesday frankly argued that the exemption from tolls was a subsidy and defended it as such by the old familiar pleas which Democrats have spurned whenever they were presented. He appears not to have had the courage to maintain that this subsidy would be of the slightest value or aid to the shippers of coastwise freight, as undoubtedly it would not be. It would go directly and wholly into the pockets of the coastwise combination. Had that proposition been submitted when the tolls exemption was first brought up we venture to believe that it could not have secured the votes of a dozen Democrats in the two houses. Having been smuggled in and carried by Republican votes, it is now the plain obligation of Democrats to repeal it.

There is nothing in our recent political history more puzzling than the partial success of this protectionist scheme to capture Democratic support for a shipping subsidy. Like most protectionist schemes, it was carefully cloaked under the pretext of aiding "American" interests against foreign rivalry. In this case the aid was to be given at the expense of the taxpayers, and it was not needed. We were to waive tolls, but the canal deficit must be paid by the Treasury, which is to say by the American people. The subsidy receivers needed no aid against foreign rivalry. No foreign ship can carry a ton of their business through the canal or otherwise. It makes no difference whether it costs more to run vessels under American shipping laws, or whether foreign Governments pay subsidies to their ships. From Maine to Oregon, and from all American points between, down one coast, through the canal, and up the other, transportation by sea is a close monopoly. Being a monopoly, it has naturally and almost inevitably fallen under the control of a combination which fixes the rates at what the trade will bear. When this trade goes through the canal free of tolls the owners are saved that much; the shippers gain nothing; the people pay.

It is not surprising that Republicans of the old school, or of the new, should favor this absurd favoritism. They have fattened on such favors for at least two generations. But it is curious that Democrats should be beguiled into supporting it. On the one hand, it commits them to doctrine and practice condemned repeatedly by the party and strengthens their opponents. On the other hand, it commits them to a breach of national faith that tends to destroy popular confidence in their honesty and loyalty. It tends strongly to nullify the advantage they have won from their intelligent treatment of the tariff question. From every point of view the tolls exemption is a miserably small business, involving grave errors and risks for an aim wrong in itself and pitifully petty.

THE PRIMARY AMENDMENTS.

Because Sept. 22 is a solemn Jewish holiday Gov. GLYNN has been persuaded to send a special message to the Legislature urging an amendment of the primary law to make the day of voting for candidates in the Fall elections come on Sept. 29. The Governor should not stop there.

A general demand, expressed by nearly every organ of public opinion and approved by the Governor in a special message during the regular session, makes it his duty again to urge the Legislature to safeguard the primary elections. According to the provisions of the law for which Gov. GLYNN's administration is responsible, the elections for choosing candidates next Fall will be almost inevitably corrupt. They will lack bi-partisan watchers. The voters will not be identified by application of the signature law. The election law, for which the Governor's administration is also responsible, in defining residence as any "place of stay," bursts the dam through which "floaters" may pour to overwhelm the elections. And sample ballots will not be sent in advance to the voters enabling them to make a choice of candidates before entering the booths.

The primary elections and the elections proper will cost the State $800,000 or $900,000. If they are corrupt and boss-ridden that money will be worse than wasted. To permit the Legislature to adjourn in the interest of "economy" before the appalling gaps in the law are closed would be the height of folly, and for sufferance of such a procedure Gov. GLYNN would be heavily responsible.

THE MEXICAN OUTLOOK.

The outlook in the Mexican situation has measurably improved. The capture of the Port of Tampico by the revolutionists advances them another step toward a victory, which must be dearly bought in any circumstances, and will enable them to establish a useful base of supplies. They cannot receive consignments of arms and ammunition at Tampico, however, unless the United States again lifts the embargo, and, without formal recognition of CARRANZA as a belligerent, the embargo cannot be raised in his behalf alone. We have prevented the receipt of munitions of war by HUERTA and we have sent delegates to a conference, with delegates sent by him and representatives of the South American republics, which has for its object the peaceful settlement of our Mexican trouble. To remove now the embargo upon arms for one of the Mexican factions opposing HUERTA would be naturally construed by him as an act of hostility, and might render any negotiations at Niagara Falls superfluous. The reported willingness of Gen. VILLA that the United States should supervise his importations of ammunition and restrict them to his immediate needs after he has captured Saltillo is a matter that can wait at least until the capture is effected, if not longer.

At present there are grounds for encouragement. The report that the Mexican delegates intended to remain at Havana so long that the meeting at the Clifton House could not take place on the specified day is shown to have been ill-founded. The seizure by the United States of Lobos Island was mentioned as the reason for the falsely reported delay. But the United States has not seized that island, and the temporary occupation of the lighthouse was rendered necessary by the failure of the Mexicans to keep the light burning. Whether or not this was due to orders from HUERTA is not known as yet; but the maintenance of the light is necessary for the safe navigation of that coast. If the Mexicans will give assurances that the lighthouse will be kept in order, probably the American guard will be withdrawn. Meanwhile, the incident is not one that requires any apology from our Government.

The American Commissioners at Niagara Falls will not have the power to make any agreement whatever on their own responsibility, and it is assumed that HUERTA's delegates are also without plenary powers. All proposals will be submitted to the State Department in Washington and to the National Palace. But there is still reason to hope that a peaceful settlement may be arrived at. The appointment of Mr. H. PERCIVAL DODGE as Secretary to the American delegates is most commendable. In his long term of service as a diplomatic representative of the United States in Latin-American countries he has acted with discretion and ability.

There is no disposition on the part of the United States Government, however, to abandon its naval and military preparations. A force of more than 10,000 men is in readiness for embarkation at Galveston. Gen. FUNSTON's troops at Vera Cruz must be frequently relieved if that tropical port is to be long occupied. Reinforcements will be needed if he is compelled to advance further inland. The strength of the fleet in Vera Cruz Harbor will not be diminished. But such precautionary preparations as we are making are quite permissible under the terms of the agreement we have entered into to refrain from hostilities while the delegates of the United States and Mexico are in conference with the representatives of the three republics that proffered their good offices.

THE JAPANESE PLAN.

One after another the nations of the world are discovering their rascals and turning them out. It was an unpleasant surprise when Japan joined the company of those betrayed by the men intrusted with power, for Japan in the stern days of the war had set an example of patriotism and virtue most memorable in heathens and an example to degenerate Christians. But when the canker of covetousness invaded the Island Empire it set an example of how to deal with it. The thieves were disgraced and dismissed, of course, but that was only a beginning.

This week Admiral Count YAMAMOTO and Admiral Baron SAITO, among the highest of the servants of the Mikado, also were dismissed. Not because of sordid acts—that were too ignoble—but because of their ignorance of the system of illicit commissions by which their subordinates betrayed their country and added to the misery of its penury. To imitate the example would be a counsel of perfection, and too thorough for imagination. But it is stimulating to think of what a new deal there might be if only those who wink at stealing were to be thrown into the political discard along with the wasters and the robbers and the mere tax-eaters.

THREE WAYS WITH TRUSTS.

It is now twenty years since a little American "combine," with less than a million tons of shipping, shook the British Isles from turret to foundation stone. It was regarded as a declaration of commercial war, and the Government itself picked up the gauntlet. A subsidy was granted to the Cunard Line. Only a few years passed before the pride of the American Napoleon of the ocean marine was humbled, and to-day none so poor as to do his enterprise obeisance. His best ship no longer floats, his finance is not seaworthy, and he gave way to a British rival. The premier Admiral of the world's mercantile marine about a decade ago was knighted for his services in assembling 300 vessels, 1,270,000 tonnage, under his command. On Monday Sir OWEN PHILLIPS also struck his flag to England's other enemy on the ocean. He is displaced but not dishonored, and he surrenders, as did the American shipping combine which showed him the way, to a combine promoted by Government assistance. At the luncheon Monday aboard the Vaterland, on her trial trip, while the coast batteries were thundering their salutes, the Managing Director declared that the North German Lloyd and the Hamburg-American Line buried the hatchet and pooled their issues, at the direct personal intervention of the Emperor.

There was $10,000,000 of capital in Sir OWEN PHILLIPS's aggregation, and it was the real stuff, entitling it to outrank the paper capital of the biggest boat business ever previously heard of. The German combine's capital is $75,000,000, and it pays dividends, throwing the British Mistress of the Seas hopelessly into the wake of the best vessel ever built. Once more terror is thrilling the hearts of the island kingdom, and in its bitterness its builders say that the Aquitania, just launched, is their last word, and that the Vaterland will never be outbuilt by them. They dissemble, to be sure, and declare that there is no limit to the capacity of their yards, but they can find no profit in the balance sheet of the giant trippers when calculated upon commercial lines.

Here are the outlines of the ways of three Governments with the same sort of trusts. Two Governments we see foster them with public resources, and honor the men who place their industries in the lead of the world's. It is only in the country which showed the way, and led the procession for a decade, that such talents are dishonored, and that the Government studies how to make leadership difficult if not impossible. It is true that such motives are neither avowed nor admitted at Washington, but the facts are of record. American legislators put on the statute books what they call protective measures, which they vaunt as superior to the methods of the men of business. The Government idea of protection is to make the construction and operation of steamships too costly for profit, and then to subsidize the money-losing business. Railroads are forbidden to own or run ocean-going steamers in extension of their land lines, lest their competition should be too severe for the coastwise monopoly, although that would not be possible unless commerce were stimulated by cheap freights, and although the rates of the coastwise monopoly are regulated only by the moderation of the combines of the owners inside the monopoly. The land where it is a virtue to flay the trusts, afloat or ashore, would rather smash the combines than have cheap freights with their aid. What Americans want is boats built in as costly a manner as possible to require by law, by mechanics paid above the worth of labor, and manned by sailors whom the law requires to be paid above the world's rates for that class of work. All these advantages are enjoyed in the American coastwise marine, and the shippers pay rates to match, because there is no alternative. The talent at Washington sees—with the assistance furnished by the shipbuilders—how popular the coastwise monopoly is, and it is proposed to extend the system to the ocean. Not in the method of the trust builders, of course, but by benevolent statutes, which cost nothing but the trouble of enactment. We are ruined by cheap foreign freights, and we need a domestic-owned foreign marine charging commerce the rates of the coastwise monopoly. The way to go forward is to look backward and learn nothing by experience.

THE TRAINED WORKER.

In the present organization of industry the workers must be trained to work and the State must train them. This is a democratic country. Education is one of the most important functions of a democracy. The vocational schools that are springing up into great systems in the large cities represent the most important phase of popular education. At least 3,000,000 children of 14 are leaving school for the factory this year. Over 6,000,000 boys and girls between 14 and 16 are working for wages. They are ill-trained. Over three-fourths of them have not reached the seventh year of school, and more than one-half of them fail to reach the sixth year. The purpose of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education is to pay the salaries and traveling expenses of field workers who are assisting cities and States to establish good systems for industrial training. The society must publish and distribute information; it must provide office quarters and pay for the services of a manager and his corps of experts, both at headquarters and in the State branches.

Business men who own stores and factories are directly interested in the quality of training of their future employés. To these men the Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education is everywhere appealing for help. It needs money. It needs $100,000 in this city alone. The campaign for funds has been in progress since May 6, and to meet its obligations it needs to complete the fund of $100,000 subscribed by New York business men to-morrow, May 16. WILLIAM C. REDFIELD, Secretary of Commerce at Washington, is its President, and the Treasurer is FREDERIC B. PRATT. The founders of the fund contribute $5,000 each; annual members of the society may pay as low as $2. Checks should be made payable to Mr. PRATT and sent to the society's address at 140 West Forty-second Street, this city.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mediaeval "Ethics" Illustrated.

If the National Geographic Society had refused to let PEARY report to it his discovery of the north pole, because, as soon as he came in touch with civilization, he let THE NEW YORK TIMES know and print the fact that the long quest was achieved at last, it would have been action almost precisely similar to that of the Association of American Physicians in refusing to let Dr. PLOTZ tell its members about his discovery of the typhus germ because the news of his success had already appeared in this paper. The only difference between the two cases is that PEARY himself sent the message of announcement, while Dr. PLOTZ had nothing whatever to do with the giving out or the printing of the results of his long hunt.

It is hard, and especially hard for a paper which, like THE TIMES, has persistently and consistently upheld scientific medicine and its representatives against all their enemies, to speak with moderation of the course followed by the assembled doctors. Their conduct illustrated just that spirit in the medical profession, and just that part of what is called medical ethics, which explain the turning of so many people, nowadays, from the regular to the irregular practitioners—which in a way and to a degree justify that turning.

The article in THE TIMES was in every way proper and legitimate. It contained no trace of sensationalism or exaggeration. It conveyed to the public, including doctors all over the country, information which both had every right to have. It expressed, as to the importance of Dr. PLOTZ's work, only the opinions of named experts, competent to judge it. There was no possibility of harm to anybody in consequence. And yet the Association of American Physicians chooses to consider its precious dignity affronted, and apparently the organization intends to do what it can to suppress a discovery described on high authority as epochmaking, and to punish the discoverer, merely because this paper, not he, ignored a rule the utility of which long since passed away!

To the displeasure of these small and narrow-minded persons THE TIMES is, of course, indifferent. It will, in the future as in the past, print such medical news as it chooses, when it chooses. That, incidentally, some annoyance and humiliation, both quite undeserved, have been brought on a promising young investigator, THE TIMES regrets, but he can well afford to smile at a petty persecution, sure to be futile in the end.

Supplied with Weapons by an Enemy.

If one can accept as authentic certain letters printed by The Outlook with somewhat significant care not to make itself responsible for them, the "Kentucky Distillers' Distributing Company" has supplied the Prohibitionists with ammunition far more effective than was to be expected from such a source.

The first of these truly remarkable communications is said to have been sent to Mr. ANDERSON of the Anti-Saloon League by its recipient, the manager of a Keeley Institute in Dwight, Ill. It offers to sell for $400 between 40,000 and 50,000 names, each guaranteed to be that of a consumer of liquor. The list is described as "live and active," and known to be so "because we have circularized it regularly," while "discontinuance of business" is given as the reason for selling it.

There would have been nothing incredible, or even very difficult to believe, in that, though of course the Prohibitionists could properly make much of the fact that the distillers' agent should have sought the particular customer they did. What severely tries belief, though, is a passage from a "follow up" letter, ascribed to the same source and sent to a like institution for the cure of drunkenness. This reads:

> We know that you can make our list exceptionally productive to you. Each man on it has been a regular buyer of liquor by mail and a constant user of it, and there is not a single man on it who would not like to quit the habit. Each man is keenly alive to the injury of his practice, and he is only awaiting some way of stopping. If you can convince him of the permanent efficacy of your treatment he is your patient, and you know how to treat him.

Now, neither the makers nor the distributers of intoxicants talk that way, even when they are going out of business, unless they have seen a light great indeed as to the nature of their past activities. And these letters smell more of commercialism than of remorse. It is noticeable, too, that the distributers for Kentucky distillers write from Kansas City, and inquiries addressed by us to quarters well informed as to the liquor trade have failed to elicit any information as to the existence of a firm with the name quoted above. For the present, therefore, opinions will differ as to the origin of the strange correspondence.

Another Capture of Tampico.

When the American troops landed at Tampico and took possession of the city in 1846, their experience was strangely different from that of the Constitutionalist General who has just captured it after a long and bloody siege. What happened, or rather what didn't happen, sixty-eight years ago is rehearsed in a long and amusing letter written by Lieut. GEORGE P. ANDREWS of the Third Artillery to SARAH DEBORAH ADAMS, now Mrs. GEORGE G. MACWHORTER of Augusta, Ga. It is printed in The Chronicle of that city.

The only "trouble" the invaders had then was in getting their little troop ships over the bar into the river. Once there, they not only landed quite unopposed, but the natives showed no antagonism and were soon delighted to be doing a brisk trade with the strangers at prices as briskly advanced. As Lieut. ANDREWS describes the city and its environs, it appears that they have since changed only by the erection of their tanks and other plant by the foreign oil companies, and his picture of the population is just about that of to-day's war correspondents. The only man he saw at work was an Indian trying to make a donkey smaller than himself move faster than a slow walk, and this exceptional case of toil woke the Lieutenant's sympathy.

Those were other days, however, for the young officer does not hesitate to tell how, the night before the landing, jolly fellows from several ships gathered on his around a demijohn and "made a night of it." While not explicitly admitting excessive indulgence by himself, he coolly gives what would now be considered rather horrifying details as to the results of this little festival, evidently without the slightest idea that he was revealing anything unusual or improper. The occupation of the city was seemingly not the less effective because of this now discredited preparation for such adventures.

THE ROOSEVELT SLANDER.

Did American Merchant Spread False Story About His Lecture?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the outrageous story that Col. Roosevelt demanded pay for his lecture before the Historical and Geographical Institute at Rio Janeiro has been finally disposed of by a full and official denial, it may be well to go into a little ancient history that is not so very ancient, either. This particular slander seems to have made its first appearance in this country in The Chicago Daily News of March 3, as a report of a statement made by John T. Lenfestey of Chicago to the London correspondent of The News. Mr. Lenfestey had reached London from Rio Janeiro "after a tour of the principal South American countries in the interest of closer trade relations between the continents of the Western Hemisphere." He "carried letters of recommendation from Secretary Bryan, Wilbur John Carr, and Harry A. Wheeler, and represented the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and the Chicago Association of Commerce." He did not repeat the stories about Col. Roosevelt "out of any ill-feeling toward him, but to emphasize the fact that such treatment postpones indefinitely the rapprochement with South America which we all want and which some of us are trying hard to obtain."

Does it not seem extraordinary that this Mr. Lenfestey, whose mission was to promote "closer trade relations between the continents of the Western Hemisphere," should have gone out of his way to give publicity to a slander which he knew would have a directly contrary effect? Is it unreasonable to suggest that a few explanatory remarks from Mr. Lenfestey might be in order? And what about his employers with the impressive names of "the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and the Chicago Association of Commerce"—have they nothing to say regarding the efforts of their representative "in the interest of closer trade relations"?

ARTHUR GUITERMAN.
New York, May 13, 1914.

Strikebreakers in Colorado.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am puzzled to account for the action of Capt. Johnson in sending six men away from the Royal Mine in Colorado by marching them to the railway station under military guard and placing them on a train for Denver. This is said to be the first step in the enforcement of the President's edict barring new strikebreakers from Colorado coal mines. From what source can authority be derived to prevent citizens from going where they will in the effort to earn a living in a peaceable manner? This seems to be a very dangerous power to lodge in the hands of any official, and smacks of the dictator rather than of a public servant in a republic.

EDWARD C. PEARSON.
Plainfield, N. J., May 13, 1914.

How the Obelisk Was Brought.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the article on the restoration of the Obelisk in Central Park THE TIMES report says: "It was brought to this country by cutting a hole in the bow of the vessel, sliding the shaft in on prepared supports," &c. The Obelisk was brought here on a scow "towed" by the vessel. *En route* a storm broke the cable. The vessel lost some time cruising around, but found and secured the scow and reached New York without further incident.

I was in London in 1878 and stood on the scow that carried the shaft, (on the Thames River.)

M. W. LOCKWOOD.
Yonkers, N. Y., May 13, 1914.

An Offer to Help Veteran Soldier.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a reader of your paper, and in today's edition, May 13, I read an article stating that a veteran, aged 78, owes $3,000 and has nothing but his pension, and that he has been incarcerated in Ludlow Street Jail in contempt proceedings in default of being able to pay the fine of $250.

I sympathize with this old soldier, and I am willing to contribute $10 toward his freedom, and I feel more than positive, when others read this article, that the $250 will quickly be paid.

JACK C. WARSHAUER.
New York, May 13, 1914.

COLOMBIA'S LOSSES

Claimed to be Larger Than the Sum Granted in New Treaty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent letter from a Congressman asked why Colombia, having once "accepted" $10,000,000—she never accepted anything, as a matter of fact—for the Panama Canal concession, should now receive $25,000,000. I wrote as follows:

"Colombia refused to ratify the Hay-Herran treaty of 1903, not because Congress considered the sum of $10,000,000 inadequate, but because, first, the Constitution of the Republic of Colombia expressly prohibits the alienation of national territory, which that treaty amounted to in effect; second, because Mr. Roosevelt's Administration presented an ultimatum to Colombia that the treaty was not to be amended or modified in any way. It was desired by the Colombian Senate to amend it so as to force the French Panama Canal Company to make a settlement with Colombia before transferring its concession to the United States, and so as to eliminate the objectionable features of having American courts exercising jurisdiction over Colombian territory.

"As a result of Colombia's refusal to ratify the treaty, Mr. Roosevelt, as he has often boasted, 'took' the Isthmus. Instead of ceding a strip of territory forty-six miles long and ten miles broad, Colombia has lost her most valuable province, besides all the pecuniary rights she had in the Panama Railroad and the Panama Canal. The best light I can give you on the value of those rights is the following excerpt from the memorandum presented by Mr. Taft's Minister to Bogota, the Hon. James T. Du Bois, when he made his offer of settlement. Mr. Du Bois said:

> It is generally believed that the claim referring to the rights of Colombia in the Panama Railroad is perfectly legal and just. Under the contract of 1867 Colombia ceded the transisthmian railroad to the Panama Railroad Company for a period of ninety-nine years for an annual payment of $250,000. When these payments were stopped on account of the secession the contract still had sixty-four years to run; that is to say, there were still pending sixty-four annuities of $250,000, the total value of which amounted to $16,000,000. This claim might be submitted, with the previous consent of both parties, to arbitration. As Senator Bristow reported officially in 1906 that the Panama Railroad was worth $16,446,000, the total amount of the claim which might be submitted to arbitration would rise to $32,446,000. In addition to this sum there is the amount entailed by the Salgar-Wyse concession, which expires in 1984, and under it Colombia was to receive $250,000 a year, counting from the date of the opening of the canal. If the canal be opened to service in the coming year, we should have owing to Colombia seventy annuities—that is to say, $17,500,000. If the tribunal of arbitration considers this further claim, the total sum would amount to $49,946,000.

"This is virtually $50,000,000. So, you see, Colombia, in order to settle this long-standing controversy, is willing to accept just half of what the United States admits that her railroad and canal claims amount to, without anything for the loss of her territory or the untold injury inflicted upon her commerce by the loss of the Isthmus of Panama."

Trusting that you will see the evident justice of the present settlement with Colombia,

A. VILLEGAS RESTREPO,
Former Diputado from the Department of Cundinamarca.
New York, May 9, 1914.

A MEXICAN VIEW.

Were 200 Mexican Soldiers Who Fell at Vera Cruz Also Heroes?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There has been a unanimous word of praise for the Yankees who fell at Vera Cruz; they are worshipped as heroes.

The 200 Mexicans, among them a group of young boys, cadets of the Vera Cruz Naval Academy, who sacrificed their lives in defense of their Fatherland, man's most sacred duty, are looked upon in this country as murderers.

The five South Americans who gallantly fought in defense of a principle, the independence and sovereignty of Mexico, and in so doing that of all the Latin-American States, are in the expectancy of being hanged as the commonest and lowest murderers.

To defend one's native land, to defend a principle against a more powerful enemy, to oppose the invasion of the plunderers of Colombia, and tramplers of our rights and integrity as sovereign States, attained after long years of sacrifice, whether as members of a regular army or not, having as only reward a sure death in the hands of that more powerful and numerous enemy, is not murder.

VICTOR M. VOLCAN.
New York, May 13, 1914.

The Chewing-Gum Habit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the principle that "trifles make perfection, yet perfection is no trifle," is it not a pity that a great national tribute, full of solemnity and majesty, making its appeal through the eyes of the people to their brains and hearts—a pageant of proud mourning to which the army, the navy, the civic heads, up to the Chief Magistrate and Commander in Chief of the nation, had lent themselves in contribution, and for which everything had been done which could add decorum and impressive dignity—is it not a pity that this should have been marred by a note so tragically discordant as to be ludicrous, and so poignantly American as to cause the intelligent native-born to blush with shame? Was it really necessary on this special occasion to parade that particular sin against good manners which "makes us traduced and taxed of other nations"—chewing gum! Sailors in the ranks, soldiers in the escort, riders on the very horses that drew the coffin-crowned caissons, and at least one mounted officer with epaulets went by us chewing as they marched.

GRACE ELLERY CHANNING STETSON.
New York, May 13, 1914.

Heart and Kidney Diseases.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES Dr. Goldwater stated: "The death rate from diseases of the heart and kidneys has approximately doubled during the past thirty years."

Will not some well-informed TIMES reader give a reason for this alarming increase? Is it due to "doped" food, too much beer, or a too strenuous life?

T. H. MOORE.
New York, May 13, 1914.

EVERY NIGHT.

The violins begin to sing
  At the sound of hast'ning feet.
Here or there, a bell, a-ring,
  Gives signals, thrilling, sweet—
    Every night!

My mirror shows me shining eyes
  Beneath a dusky cloud of hair.
The perfumed rouge pot ready lies,
  To help me brave the footlights' glare—
    Every night.

I bare my soul before them all,
  And through a mist I see and hear
Their clapping hands, their brava call,
  All blur and jar, altho' so near—
    Every night.

He comes through painted woods to me—
  A mocking, painted moon smiles down.
I bow my head to Fate's decree,
  Accept with fainting heart the crown—
    Every night.

He plays the lover's part, while I—
  I yield with joy to his embraces,
Ashamed, yet glad—a maiden shy—
  And this before that sea of faces—
    Every night!

You smile and watch the mimic strife—
  The love and heartbeats we portray;
To me, it is the Cup of Life—
  To him, and you, 'tis but a play—
    Every night * * *

LOUISE VON WETTER.

ALCOHOLIC FOREBEARS

Do Not Curse Their Sons With Inherited Craving.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A very beautiful pro-"booze" theory has been spread upon your immaculate editorial page by a gentleman named Aylett. As a matter of sociology, evolution, or biology, I think he is wrong. People are not born into this world with either an organic or social need or desire for alcohol; or even with a chemical predisposition for it, or immunity from it, any more than for fire or soap, which he includes among his so-called "social needs."

We seem to have broken away from the scientific facts in our study of this and similar questions, in that we have taken as examples for study people who knew beforehand of their parents' or ancestors' traits in this respect. To get a pure case of hereditarial predisposition for alcohol, or soap, we must find some one who has never been told that his parents or ancestors ever used soap or alcohol. Curiously enough, the lusty tramp, though a stranger to soap, is far from a stranger to alcohol, and those who are strangers to alcohol are seldom strangers to soap. But a man is subjected to a certain psychological influence that may not be disregarded, when he is told from the time he is old enough to hold a glass of beer that he had a parent or grandparent who was a drunkard and that he had better beware or he will follow in the footsteps of his fevered forefather. He is made to feel beforehand that he can never combat the desire for alcohol or the habit of drinking it if he once takes a glass of any alcoholic beverage.

It seems reasonable to place alcohol and opium on somewhat the same footing. Both are narcotics. Oh, yes they are! The latest scientific opinion is that alcohol is not really a stimulant, as formerly supposed, but a narcotic, the same as tobacco. A few years ago China was held up as a terrible example of the opium habit. As a nation she was as somnolent as the drug that dominated her people. Now, were we of the Occident to partake of opium as they of the Orient do, (or did,) we would suffer to about the same extent as a savage suffers from partaking of alcohol the way an average indulger does. Though somewhat indurated to its effects, we are suffering from a plague almost as great as China was a few years ago. She has thrown aside the drug and her lethargy in one sweep of her gigantic arm; and look at her to-day—alive, awake, combating ages of superstition and custom in an effort to free herself from the shackles of ignorance that still hang about her.

We cannot compare the results of alcohol to our nation with the results of opium to China for the very simple reason that there are no available figures; or, at least, if there are, they are very inaccurate and incomplete. It seems to be quite well settled that alcohol is largely to blame for a number of prevalent diseases, that it breaks down the tissues of the body ruthlessly; that alcohol is largely responsible for a large percentage of insanity; and for at least four-fifths of the crimes committed. If one looks over the reports in the Judge Advocate's office on Governors Island he will find case after case of the most atrocious crimes and assaults—and the almost uniform immediate cause is alcohol.

No, my friend, alcohol is not a necessity—social or otherwise; and the sooner we as a nation wake up to that fact, the better off we shall be. To-day we are probably one of the foremost of the nations; but it is only because the other large nations are equally handicapped. If we would advance in large strides beyond them, if we would conquer in trade and in war, we must eventually take the step that leads to total abstinence as a nation. If the experiment is ever tried—and I do not believe it will be in this generation—it will be found that the people of the nation physically, mentally, and otherwise will suffer no great harm in the immediate generation, and that the next will move free from the shackles that have bound their ancestors for so many centuries.

RAYMOND KEENE SNAVELY.
Bloomfield, N. J., May 14, 1914.

SPEECH COST $8,449.62.

La Follette Denounced for Abusing "Leave to Print" Privilege.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—A new standard was set for "extending remarks in The Record" by Senator La Follette in his recent speech criticising supposed efforts of various persons improperly to influence the decisions of the Interstate Commerce Commission. His speech, as published to-day in a separate section of The Record, took up 365 double-column pages, mostly in agate type. His speech was comparatively brief, and most of the space was occupied by letters and advertisements referred to generally in his address. It is estimated that he read to the Senate less than one-fortieth of the documents.

Mr. La Follette's generous use of the "leave to print" was harshly criticised to-day by Representative Barnhardt of Indiana, Chairman of the House section of the joint Committee on Printing. Publication of Mr. La Follette's remarks, regardless of the rest of the day's proceedings, cost $8,449.62, he said, and if every other member abused the privilege in the same way a single issue of The Record would cost $6,514,637.22.

The Record has a circulation of 32,500, and Mr. La Follette preferred that form of publication to a separate document that would have been limited to a circulation of 1,000 copies.

LUNCHEON TO T. J. O'BRIEN.

Ex-Ambassador to Japan Entertained by Michigan Alumni.

The University of Michigan alumni gave a luncheon at the Lawyers' Club yesterday in honor of Thomas J. O'Brien, ex-American Ambassador to Japan. About 100 Michigan graduates living in New York were present and brief addresses were made by Earl D. Babst, Dr. Toyokichi Iyenaga, and Ambassador O'Brien. Eugene C. Worden, President of the New York alumni, presided.

Dr. Iyenaga spoke of the great tact shown by Ambassador O'Brien when the relations between America and Japan deviated from their long-established smooth course, and of the satisfactory results after long negotiations which he said he believed were due to the efforts, in a great measure, of the guest of the day. He spoke of "the grandiose scheme" of Mr. Knox to neutralize the Manchurian railways.

"However good may have been the intention of Mr. Knox," said the speaker, "it seemed as if it was intended to deprive Japan of the fruits of war for which she had sacrificed the blood of one hundred thousand of her sons and a treasure of a billion dollars."

Warning Against Salicylic Acid.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Department of Agriculture has issued a bulletin saying that salicylic acid is being used as a preservative to a widespread extent. "Its use in food," says the bulletin, "may be attended with very serious effects upon the health through derangement of the digestion."

SUPPORT PROJECT FOR FREE PORT HERE

Plan Receives Fresh Impetus at Hearing Before Merchants' Association Committee.

HAMBURG'S SUCCESS CITED

Other Trade Organizations to be Interested—City Ready to Co-operate, Says R. A. C. Smith.

The movement for a free port or free zone at New York received fresh impetus yesterday when, after a hearing and open discussion of the project before the Foreign Trade Committee of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building, resolutions were unanimously adopted by those present declaring a free zone "desirable from the economic, commercial, and industrial standpoints," and urging the Merchants' Association and the committee "to continue the investigations and to inaugurate the movements necessary to secure at the earliest possible moment the operation of such a zone."

Paul Fuller, Jr., Chairman of the committee, said after the meeting that it would report to the Executive Committee of the Merchants' Association in favor of the plan, and that steps would then be taken to interest the Chamber of Commerce, the Import and Export Association, the Maritime Exchange, and other similar bodies in the movement, with a view to obtaining the necessary legislation from Congress and adequate financial support.

William Harris Douglas opened the discussion by sketching the history of the free port at Hamburg, and continued:

"New York to-day, notwithstanding our enormous commerce, is practically in the same position which Hamburg was in 100 years ago. We have no vessels of our own, and are entirely dependent upon the shipping of other nations to bring the world's products to our city, or to take away the goods which are manufactured for export in our own sphere or which reach us from inland places. By reason of our enormous population and our natural advantages as a shipping port, we have up to the present been able, even without much of an effort on our part, to hold our commanding position as the port of entry and departure of a large percentage of the foreign trade of the United States.

"Aided by our splendid water front, the North and East Rivers and their natural facilities for dock purposes, we have kept fairly up to date in this particular, but are sadly lacking in many other of the necessary and important shipping facilities briefly enumerated as pertaining to Hamburg. What has been done by that port we can undoubtedly do in our own city and unquestionably reap equal if not greater advantages. The handling of the problem by us will be much easier than it was with them and should be done with much less expense.

Conditions Change Rapidly.

"Conditions change rapidly. While circumstances have favored us thus far, we can no longer depend on good luck to keep us to the front and our people must at once take action to protect their interests. The cities of Boston, Philadelphia, Savannah, Newport News, New Orleans, Montreal, and others to the North are making great strides to our detriment, and several of them are spending large amounts of money to place themselves in a position to rival us in advantages and shipping facilities.

"The opening of the Panama Canal is to a large extent responsible for this activity. It will unquestionably bring to this country an expansion of shipping interests and a vast extension and increase in our foreign trade. Our merchants are sadly lacking in civic pride and a determination to hold what we have already secured and to increase our maritime position. This is, of course, largely due to the fact that our carrying trade is in the hands of others; but that is no reason why we should not arouse ourselves to a realization of the situation, so that we may place our port in a position that will enable us still to command a large share of America's foreign commerce. We shall then be able to take advantage of the opportunity which will undoubtedly ultimately come to us to become again a prominent figure in the deep-sea carrying trade through the ownership of our own vessels.

"It is perfectly feasible to establish a 'free zone' so situated as to give us easy connection with all our trunk lines and afford opportunity for vessels entering our port to do so at a minimum of cost as compared with the charges they are called upon to pay to-day; and if this is done, large warehouses built and all the other necessary advantages, as outlined, provided for, we shall reap benefits which undoubtedly repay the cost to us very many times over.

"This can be done without in any way interfering with the transatlantic or other established steamship lines which may still prefer entering our port and discharge at their present wharves under their present arrangements.

Will Give New Life to Shipping.

"Our aim, if realized, will unquestionably give new life to our shipping and manufacturing interests. We shall become more than ever the 'Metropolis' of the Western Hemisphere and the greatest seaport, not alone of the United States, but of the entire world. Other nations are doing their utmost to retain their prominent position and we must emulate their example or we shall unquestionably fall back in the struggle for commercial supremacy. Now is the time; New York City is the place. Let us hope that our merchants and our people generally will show themselves equal to the opportunity which presents itself."

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith assured the committee that while it was the function of the merchants and manufacturers to propose the plan, the city authorities were ready to co-operate with them to the fullest extent in anything that would add to the facilities of the port of New York.

Walter B. Pollock, Vice President of the Western Transit Company, general manager of the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company, and manager of the marine department of the New York Central Lines; A. C. Fetterolf, manager of the freight department of the International Mercantile Marine lines, and Ferdinand Hansen, President of the Romanoff Caviar Company, and others spoke in favor of the plan. Among the others present were George B. Lincoln, American Protective Tariff League; Archibald Buchanan, Jr., Jamaica Bay Improvement Association; Willard T. Chevalier, Atlantic Gulf and Pacific Company; W. S. Cowie, general Eastern freight agent, Erie Railroad; B. F. Cresson, Jr., chief engineer, New Jersey Harbor Commission; J. B. DeFriest, general Eastern agent, Union Pacific Railroad Co.; W. C. Eastman, special agent, Manhattan Division, Pennsylvania Railroad; Donald McKesson, McKesson & Robbins; F. J. Angers and H. B. Whipple of the New York Dock Company; John W. T. Nichols, of Minot Hooper & Co.; Benjamin Miles, New York University; William F. Oatman, President, Mercantile Warehouse Company; James N. Reed, Board of Estimate and Apportionment; Ernest H. Rowe, Executive Secretary, Jersey City Chamber of Commerce; A. N. Shaw, of Robert Shaw's U. S. Bonded Warehouses and Story & Co.'s Stores; David V. Sutton, Bush Terminal Company, and Charles E. Trout, Dock Department.

The resolutions were offered by Lionel Sutro.

MAYOR DANCES ON PIER WITH SOCIETY

Ragtime Music Starts Tenement Dwellers in West 50th Street Turkey Trotting.

RESEMBLES GARDEN PARTY

Dancers in Evening Dress Risk Chill Breezes in Aid of Bellevue Social Service Bureau.

Society flocked to the dance which was given last night on the Recreation Pier at Fiftieth Street and North River, in aid of the Social Service Bureau at Bellevue Hospital. Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel were present, and the weather conditions were favorable for an open-air affair.

The pier was decorated with flags, and the north and south sides hung with red and blue striped awning, which kept out the chill of the river breezes. It had been announced that evening dress would not be required, but nobody seemed to mind taking chances with influenza, and the women were in ballroom attire and the majority of the men in evening dress. Some of the younger generation appeared in garden hats and frocks. Under the subdued lights it resembled a garden party.

A colored band of twenty-sixv pieces furnished the music, and the floor was found suitable for all of the modern dances. At 10 o'clock the dancing began, when there were only a few arrivals. Half an hour later the floor was crowded. It was at 10:30 o'clock when the Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel arrived, and as they walked into the box set aside for them and artistically draped with bunting, the music switched suddenly from a tango to "Hail to the Chief." The crowd stopped dancing for a moment, applauded the Mayor, and then started in to dance again. Mrs. Mitchel, who was in a black and blue spangled gown, joined in with the dancers.

The dancing kept up then continuously until another lull came when a flashlight power exploded, and the dancers paused long enough to gaze at the Mayor and the principal patrons having their pictures taken.

Although many of the guests came by motor, the omnibuses, which ran every ten minutes from Fiftieth Street and Lexington Avenue, were well patronized. The novelty of seeing 'buses on Fiftieth Street attracted large crowds in the tenement district, and there was much cheering from the windows and sidewalks. Some of the guests threw pennies to the street urchins.

It was the first time that folks in the vicinity of Fiftieth Street and the North River had ever seen society on parade. Some of the young people took advantage of the music and danced in the street outside the pier. The ragtime music also aroused the crews of the canal boats anchored close by, and staid old canal boat Captains, their wives and children, could be seen in the semi-gloom enjoying a turkey trot all to themselves.

Before midnight the Mayor danced, as there was nothing else to do, except enjoy the buffet supper, which was spread out on a buffet table at the west end of the pier, with small tables decorated with purple lilacs. Gimbel Brothers furnished the supper and Europe's band played. The electric lights were shaded with vari-colored Japanese lanterns. Mrs. R. W. Hawkesworth and Mr. Slayter had charge of the decorations and special dancing, which was given under the direction cf Mrs. Belmont Tiffany and Mrs. E. Roscoe Mathews. The omnibuses began to convey society home about 12:30 o'clock.

Dinners were given before the dance by Mrs. Linzee Blagden, Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. Francis M. Scott, Mrs. John W. Cross, Mrs. Allen G. Wellman, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, and I. Wistar Kendall.

On the Entertainment Committee were Mrs. Courtlandt Nicoll, Mrs. Blagden, Mrs. J. W. Fuller Potter, Mrs. Joseph R. Truesdale, and Miss Ruth Morgan.

Among those at the dance, besides the above mentioned, were Mr. and Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Dr. and Mrs. Hermann M. Biggs, Dr. and Mrs. John W. Brannan, Dr. and Mrs. John A. Hartwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. William Lowe Rice, Miss Mildred G. Rice, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Ripley, Mr. and Mrs. Buell Hollister, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Pruyn, Mr. and Mrs. Ives Cobb, Mrs. W. Scott Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James B. Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Weeks, and Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Bowditch Potter.

Others were Miss Charlotte Barnes, Mrs. Gordon Knox Bell, Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., Mrs. George V. Clark, Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mrs. William Hoppin, Jr., Mrs. Richard Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Miss Margaret Overton, Miss Josephine Nicoll, Miss F. M. Ward, E. C. Wilmerding, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney S. Breese, James L. Breese, Jr., Elliot Cobb, Leonard Cox, Charles M. Ward, Creighton Webb, James Edwards, Jarvis Greer, Howard Greenley, C. W. Hanford, Isham Henderson, Harold Imbrie, Stephen Markoe, Herbert Mills, Courtlandt Nicoll, John F. Talmadge, Murray Taylor, James Thornton, Joseph R. Truesdale, Willard Wadsworth, Richard Whitney, and Dr. Warren Coleman.

Army and Navy Ball To-night.

A large attendance is expected at the Army and Navy ball this evening at the Biltmore. Gov. and Mrs. Glynn and Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel are expected to be present. Among the box holders are Mrs. Henry H. Landon, Mrs. T. T. Gaunt, Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson, Mrs. John Hays Hammond, Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. Henry W. Taft, Mrs. Edward Breitung, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. James R. McKee, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, and Mrs. Charles G. Ayres. George H. Sullivan is General Chairman and Edward Simmons Hall is Chairman of the Floor Committee. The members of the committee include Charles Elliott Warren, Paul G. Thebaud, Marcel Steinbrugge, James Clark McGuire, Kurt Reisinger, Bayard Dominick, Jr., Fairfax Ayres, Louis Hays Dos Passos, and Stowe Phelps.

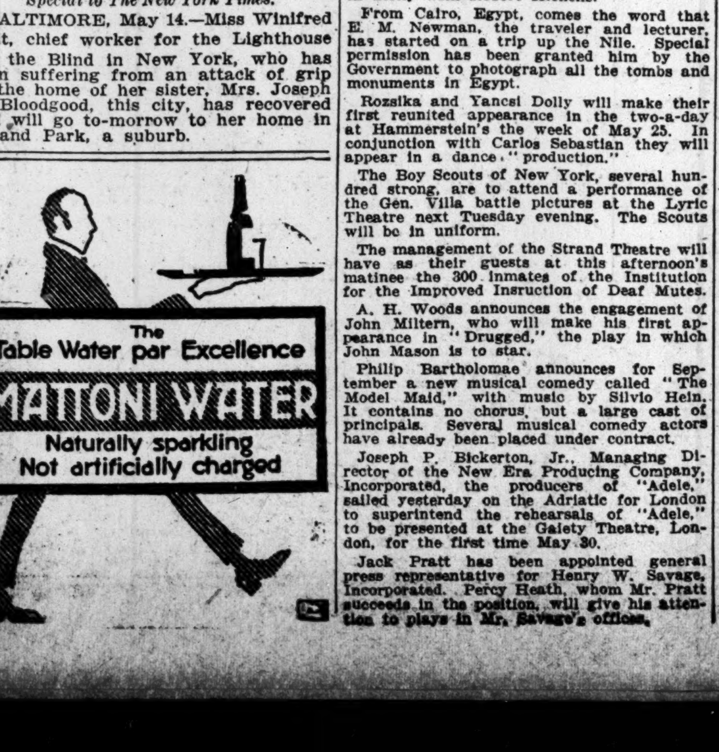
To Give Italian Play at Barnard.

The comedy, "La Famiglia dell Antiguario," will be given at Brinckerhoff Theatre at Barnard College to-night by the Italian students at Columbia University. It will be presented under the auspices of the Circolo Italiano, which is made up of men and women students in Columbia College, Barnard College, and the Columbia graduate schools. The performance will be followed by dancing. Profs. A. A. Livingston and Dino Bigongiari and Miss Ongley of the Italian department at Columbia have coached the actors.

Miss Holt Recovers Her Health.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Miss Winifred Holt, chief worker for the Lighthouse for the Blind in New York, who has been suffering from an attack of grip at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph C. Bloodgood, this city, has recovered and will go to-morrow to her home in Roland Park, a suburb.



GARDEN PARTY AT BRONX ZOO

Ladies' Auxiliary of Society Planned to Evade Photographers.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the New York Zoological Society held its annual garden party yesterday from 3 to 6 o'clock at the Zoological Park in the Bronx. The weather was ideal for the affair, which was largely attended by society. The majority of the guests motored up to the park.

Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, President of the auxiliary; Mrs. Stephen H. Olin, and Mrs. Thomas Hastings received the guests in the Administration Building, where tea was served. A regimental band played on the lawn in front of the building, and during the afternoon the guests visited the various animal houses.

No previous announcement had been made of the party this season, and only those having invitation cards were admitted to the grounds. Heretofore the date was announced several weeks in advance. It was learned that the auxiliary objected very much to the activity of the photographers, who, formerly, ranged themselves in a battery in front of the Administration Building, and snapped the guests promiscuously, often following them about the grounds. Several photographers managed to get in yesterday, however. Their activities were confined mostly to the parking space for motors.

Among those who attended were Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. William B. Osgood Field, Secretary of the auxiliary; Mrs. Philip Schuyler, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. Richard Trimble, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Lispenard Stewart, Dr. and Mrs. Hornaday, Mrs. Frank K. Sturgis, Miss Cuyler, Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Miss Rhett, Miss Mary Parsons, Mrs. William H. Hyde, Mrs. Charlotte Barnes, Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. W. V. S. Thorne, Mrs. Ralph Sanger, Mrs. George C. Clark, Miss Amy Townsend, Miss Pauline Robinson, Mrs. Richard Stevens, Mrs. Henry R. Hoyt, Mrs. Percy R. Pyne, Mrs. Edward M. Townsend, Jr., and Madison Grant.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. M. Lawrence Keene has left the Lorraine, and has joined her father, Col. F. N. Lawrence, at Stone House, Bayside, L. I., to remain for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Pomeroy R. Francis of 103 East Seventy-fifth Street, are being congratulated on the birth of a son at their home on Tuesday. Mrs. Francis was formerly Miss Frances Castle of Morristown, N. J.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Gilmore Kerley of 132 West Eighty-first Street will open their country home, Hilltop, at Sharon, Conn., on May 23.

The Rev. Reuben W. Howes and Mrs. Howes of 34 West Tenth Street left yesterday for the Gedney Farm Hotel at White Plains, to spend the Summer.

Mrs. Nathaniel Witherell and her sister, Miss Emma Thorne, of the Lorraine, will leave on May 30 for the Edgewood Inn at Greenwich, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor (Miss Huntington) were in town yesterday and had luncheon at the St. Regis. They are staying at Mr. Astor's estate at Rhinebeck until they leave for Europe.

Mrs. Frederick Edey is at the Vanderbilt to remain until early Summer.

Baron and Baroness Henri de Beville, who have been spending the Winter at the Astor, have gone to Washington, D. C., for the week-end. The Baron and his family plan to buy a large estate and reside in this country permanently.

Miss Winifred Holt of 44 East Seventy-eighth Street is recovering from a severe attack of the grippe at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Colt Bloodgood, 904 North Charles Street, Baltimore.

Mrs. Eugene Philbin and Miss Eugenie A. Philbin, who spent the late Winter and early Spring abroad, are due to arrive here next week.

Mrs. Heth Lorton's guests at luncheon on Wednesday at her Garden City home included the Misses Alice Rigg Hunt, Ethel Du Bois, Helen Sahler, also Mrs. Alexander Von Gontard, Mrs. G. H. Bartholomew, Mrs. J. F. Simmons, Mrs. R. G. Babbage, Mrs. Malcolm Stuart, and Mrs. H. G. Sanford.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl C. Lorentzen and Mrs. Lorentzen of 138 West Eighty-eighth Street have gone to Englewood, N. J., for the Summer.

Mrs. David Hunt, who a few days ago celebrated her ninetieth birthday in Boston with her daughter, Mrs. Robert D. Evans, had a birthday cake with ninety candles. William Dana Orcutt, novelist, and Henry Rogers read original poems.

Mrs. George Holt of Great Neck, L. I., has arrived in Paris, after a Winter spent here. Mrs. Stuart Taylor and Mrs. Ernest Wiltsee have returned to Paris from Lake Como and are at their apartment, 80 Rue Spontini.

A dance will be given this evening at the Baltusrol Golf Club at Baltusrol. The decorations will be apple tree boughs in bloom and Japanese lanterns. Mrs. J. Victor Onativia, Jr., Mrs. G. T. Lanes, and Mrs. Victor Mapes are patronesses.

Miss May White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. White of this city, and David L. George of Orange, N. J., will be married to-day in the Church of the Ascension, in Fifth Avenue.

Louis Tiffany has invitations out for a reception this afternoon at Laurelton, his country estate at Cold Spring Harbor, L. I. Later a dinner for some of the guests will follow the reception.

Among those booked to sail to-morrow on the George Washington are Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mrs. William A. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Maitland F. Griggs and children, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Hornor, Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Huntington, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Taylor Varnum.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Much interest at Yale is centring around the play which is to be the opening event of commencement week at New Haven on Saturday evening, June 13. This play is the work of Charles A. Merz and Frank W. Tuttle, both members of the class of 1915. It is an original story, built upon Scott's novel, "Quentin Durward," and bears the same title. This will be the first time that the Dramatic Association has presented a play written by undergraduates.

Former Mayor Kline, Colonel of the Brooklyn Boy Scouts, is co-operating with the Bushwick Players in their revival of Bronson Howard's war play, "Shenandoah," at the Bushwick Theatre during the week of May 25. Five hundred Boy Scouts will appear at each performance in the roles of Union and Confederate soldiers.

The Ziegler Magazine for the Blind will have 500 of its subscribers, who reside in Manhattan, at a performance of the Webb Electrical singing and talking pictures at the Fulton Theatre on Monday afternoon.

John Jarrott and Louise Alexander have entered into a dancing partnership, and will make their first appearances together at Keith's Boston Theatre next week as the stars of a "Modern Dancing Carnival." Joan Sawyer has replaced Mr. Jarrott with Quentin Todd, who will make his debut with her in Philadelphia next week.

By May 25 there will be twelve companies presenting in different cities Annette Kellermann in "Neptune's Daughter," the motion-picture play now running at the Globe Theatre. The first week in June will witness performances of this photo play in London, Paris, and Berlin.

Theodore Liebler has left on a two weeks' fishing trip in the Adirondacks with Irving Bacheller, the novelist. George C. Tyler is in Sicily with Robert Hichens.

From Cairo, Egypt, comes the word that E. M. Newman, the traveler and lecturer, has started on a trip up the Nile. Special permission has been granted him by the Government to photograph all the tombs and monuments in Egypt.

Rozsika and Yancsi Dolly will make their first reunited appearance in the two-a-day at Hammerstein's the week of May 25. In conjunction with Carlos Sebastian they will appear in a dance "production."

The Boy Scouts of New York, several hundred strong, are to attend a performance of the Gen. Villa battle pictures at the Lyric Theatre next Tuesday evening. The Scouts will be in uniform.

The management of the Strand Theatre will have as their guests at this afternoon's matinee the 300 inmates of the Institution for the Improved Insruction of Deaf Mutes.

A. H. Woods announces the engagement of John Miltern, who will make his first appearance in "Drugged," the play in which John Mason is to star.

Philip Bartholomae announces for September a new musical comedy called "The Model Maid," with music by Silvio Hein. It contains no chorus, but a large cast of principals. Several musical comedy actors have already been placed under contract.

Joseph P. Bickerton, Jr., Managing Director of the New Era Producing Company, Incorporated, the producers of "Adele," sailed yesterday on the Adriatic for London to superintend the rehearsals of "Adele," to be presented at the Gaiety Theatre, London, for the first time May 30.

Jack Pratt has been appointed general press representative for Henry W. Savage, Incorporated. Percy Heath, whom Mr. Pratt succeeds in the position, will give his attention to plays in Mr. Savage's offices.

DENATURED TAP DAY COMES TO OLD YALE

Inside Fenced Inclosure Historic Ceremony Is Carried Out While Few Look On.

OLD OAK PUT IN CREPE

Senior Societies Pick Most of Their New Members from Men Nominated by Their Classmates.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 14.—Yale's reformed Tap Day exercises were held this afternoon. The senior secret societies selected their members for next year for the most part from a list of fifty representative members of the junior class compiled by the juniors themselves. The senior societies selected forty of these juniors. The fifteen members chosen to Skull and Bones were all recommended by the junior class, and the fifteen selected for Scroll and Keys included thirteen recommended by the juniors. Among the athletes who were elected to Skull and Bones were Capt. T. B. Denegre of the crew, Reilly, Pumpelly, and Middlebrook of the baseball nine, and Cornell of the track team.

The historic ceremony was robbed of much of its former picturesqueness. Instead of being held under the ancient oak on the old campus, it was transferred to the more secluded Berkeley Oval, which had been fenced in to keep out all those not invited. This was because of the two years' agitation against certain phases of the society system, one of the objections being that the Tap Day exercises, conducted in public, caused heartburnings and unnecessary humiliation for those who sought membership and were not selected.

When the chimes on Battell Chapel struck 5 o'clock this afternoon—the appointed time for the "tapping" to begin—comparatively few persons were on the oval, although many students clambered on the fences in an endeavor to see the ceremony. The affair passed off quietly and there were few surprises.

What is considered one of the greatest undergraduate honors—that of being the last man "tapped" for Skull and Bones—went this year to Capt. Genegre. Although he is the leader of the eight, as yet he has not been able to row in good enough form to sit in the first boat, and his sportsmanship in giving away to another man is much admired in college.

Only one man refused an election. He was N. V. Donaldson of Philadelphia, who refused an election to Bones to accept one from Keys.

The old oak tree in the yard, under which for half a century at least the Tap Day ceremony had been conducted, was draped in mourning to-day. During the night seniors covered the tree with crêpe, streamers hanging from practically every limb. So elaborate was the draping that it took the caretakers two hours to remove it.

These juniors were "tapped" for the senior societies in the order named:

Skull and Bones—Edwin L. Slocum, Montclair, N. J.; Walker E. Swift, New York; Archibald MacLeish, Glencoe, Ill.; Ranald H. MacDonald, New York; Harold A. Pumpelly, Owego, N. Y.; Lyon Carter, Hartford; Louis S. Middlebrook, Hartford; John S. Reilly, Brockton, Mass.; William M. Shedden, Brookline, Mass.; Edwin A. Burtt, New Haven; Irving Paris, New York; Thomas H. Cornell, New York; Stephen R. Davenport, Staten Island, N. Y.; Edward J. Stackpole, Harrisburg, Penn.; Thomas B. Denegre, New Orleans, La.

Scroll and Keys.—Norman V. Donaldson, Philadelphia; John W. Hanes, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Boyleston A. Tompkins, Trenton, N. J.; Winslow S. Coates, Upper Montclair, N. J.; Kenneth D. Hull, Morristown, N. J.; Dean D. Acheson, Middletown, Conn.; Colles J. Coe, New York; William H. Jessup, Trenton, N. J.; John C. Brown, 2d, New York; Henry B. Keep, Chicago; John W. Castles, Morristown, N. J.; Joseph F. Stillman, New York; Arthur F. Tuttle, Lake Forest, Ill.; Joseph Walker, 3d, New York; William W. Crocker, Burlingame, Cal.

Wolf's Head—Howard E. Beedy, Camden, Mo.; Albert H. Ely, Jr., New York; Frank W. Tuttle, New York; Charles A. Merz, Sandusky, Ohio; Richard E. Wheeler, New Haven; George W. Ewing, 4th, Baltimore; Theodore P. Swift, Chicago; John C. Herman, Harrisburg, Penn.; Douglas S. Moore, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Stanley Morrison, Redlands, Cal.; Thomas P. Hazard, Peacedale, R. I.; Valleau Wilkie, New York; Harry J. Wiser, Prescott, Ontario; George P. Crandall, Westfield, N. Y.; Barnes Newberry, Detroit, Mich.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Two Liners—The Departures.

Transatlantic lines arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KOENIG ALBERT (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Abbott, Jr., Mrs. A. L. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Allegretti, Mrs. J. Benz, Miss F. R. Brown, T. M. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Gillman, Prof. H. A. Gleason, J. H. Grainger, Miss Ellen Hickey, Mrs. L. M. Kirkham, Mrs. W. Lewis, Robert E. McClure, Mrs. M. S. Mygatt, Miss W. E. Newberry, Mrs. E. M. Seguin, J. B. Sharpe, Gardiner Trowbridge, Miss M. West, Col. and Mrs. H. Kidder White, and Mrs. Lulu Goodsell.

NEW YORK (Southampton)—Miss M. Arnold, J. A. Arthur, M. A. E. Baily, Miss F. H. Baker, W. Baldwin, Ernest Barnes, Miss F. L. Bennett, Leonard Best, C. E. Bond, Miss M. Bradshaw, Mr. and Mrs. W. Carpenter, J. C. Chambers, Dr. L. Cliff, J. Fisher, A. T. Hill, Miss J. Henley, B. Knight, W. H. Munroe, B. J. Nicholls, G. H. Osborn, Mrs. Lily Pascoe, Miss Lily Rogers, Miss Blanche Saunders, J. B. Steel, G. Taylor, and W. A. Whitman.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of their passengers are:

ST. PAUL, (Southampton.)—Mrs. H. Adams, Miss J. Adams, A. A. Adee, Third Secretary State Department Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Atwood, Miss A. Boyle, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bielmer, Miss Beatrice, Miss F. E. Chamberlain, C. P. Chesnage A. E. Clark, Miss E. Dell, Miss M. Evans, Mrs. L. Farrar, Miss Stella Fiske, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Fleming, C. Frye, Mrs. Brayton Ives, Rev. T. James, Miss J. Hall, A. Hains, Mrs. A. G. Newett, Charles Nutt, Percy Owens, Mrs. Ida S. Pound, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Reed, Alexander Scott, Miss Alice Smith, Mrs. Norman St. Claire, Miss V. Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. T. Thomas, Henry Ward, Mr. and Mrs. M. Wise, Miss Alice York.

OSCAR II., (Copenhagen.)—Mrs. K. M. Freddie, Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Hausen, Mr. and Mrs. W. McKay, J. Howard Mercian, Mrs. C. B. Prince, Miss Priscilla Prince, Cleveland Rodgers, Miss Ella R. Wagner, Miss Ida Weith, Mrs. Ella Weaver.

Governor of Newfoundland Coming.

The Hon. Walter Davidson, Governor of Newfoundland, and Mrs. Davidson have sailed from England for New York, on their way to the Government House at St. Johns, N. F. They plan to spend ten days in New York, and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Squires at their home, 260 West Seventy-sixth Street. Several entertainments are being planned for the Governor and his wife, as this is their first visit to the United States. Before returning to St. Johns, the Governor contemplates visiting Washington, D. C. He has been in the British service for more than thirty years, filling similar posts in Ceylon and the Seychelles Islands, and after the Boer war, with Lord Milner and Gen. Botha, he assisted in re-establishing administrative control in the Transvaal.

Girl Mill Hands See "Pinafore."

A large delegation of girls, attending the convention of the National League of Women Workers, holding sessions at Metropolitan Hall, attended the performance of "H. M. S. Pinafore" at the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon. The theatre party was headed by the delegation from Pawtucket, R. I. The hostesses were Mrs. Robert Emerson and Misses Jessie Hunter Proctor, Hope Smith West, and Nellie Fairchild of Providence. The guests were, for the greater part, mill hands. After a pageant and ball this evening, and an excursion to West Point to-morrow the girls will leave for their homes Sunday.

BOMB AT GARDEN PARTY.

Governors Island Will See Exhibition of War in the Air.

A bomb thrown from an aeroplane will be the principal feature at the garden party for the benefit of the Army Relief Society on Governors Island on Thursday, May 28. Major Theodore H. Bridgeman and Capt. J. William Hazelton of the First Provisional Aero Squadron are to come over the Hudson River in an aeroplane bearing a bomb invented by Lieut. Steinmetz of the Aviation Corps.

A kite 7 feet by 9 feet will be raised on the island to a height of 800 feet, and the two men in the aeroplane will illustrate the demolition of an airship, otherwise the kite, by its use. Of course, the kite, being about one-fourth the size of an aeroplane and much less stable and attackable, will present difficulties.

The bomb, recently patented but which has not yet been demonstrated, weighs six pounds and is attached to fine piano wire 1,000 feet in length wound on a reel attached to the aeroplane. One end of the bomb has short, sharp hooks. The idea is that, on sighting the enemy's 'plane, full speed will be put on and, rising above it, the wire on the reel will be let out with the bomb attached, the hooks on the latter grappling the fabric, framework or wings of the aeroplane and exploding the bomb. To prevent the attacking 'plane from being carried down in the wreckage, it is so arranged that a ten-pound pull on the wire will break it just above the bomb, letting the attacking aeroplane go free.

Following the bomb-throwing exhibition there will be an exhibition of alighting on water and leaving with the hydro-aeroplane.

The charge used at the garden party exhibition will be a very light one, so there will be no danger attached to the display. The exhibition will take place at 5 o'clock.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Garrison have accepted invitations to attend the garden party, and will be present unless some emergency requires the Secretary to remain at the capital. It is expected that Gen. Wood will be present and Col. Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt are on the special guest list.

WEDDED IN MONTCLAIR.

Frank S. Littlejohn Married to Miss Caroline C. Bogle at Bride's Home.

The wedding of Frank Stuart Littlejohn, a son of Mrs. Frank B. Littlejohn of Montclair, and Miss Caroline C. Bogle, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Yates Bogle of Montclair, took place at 8 o'clock last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 114 Upper Mountain Avenue, Montclair, and was followed by a small reception. The Rev. Edmund M. Wylie of the Central Presbyterian Church officiated.

The bride, in white charmeuse trimmed with Carrickmacross lace, wore a tulle veil held with a lace cap and orange blossoms and carried lilies of the valley and white Killarney roses. She was attended by her sister, Mrs. Johan von Rehling Qvistgaard of New York, who wore a gown of pink charmeuse and carried pink Killarney roses. Miss Margaret Torrens, the flower girl, wore a white lingerie frock with pink ribbons and carried pink sweet peas.

Charles Littlejohn was his brother's best man.

The decorations of the house were Southern smilax and Spring flowers. On their return from their honeymoon trip Mr. and Mrs. Littlejohn will live in Montclair.

BRIDE'S FATHER OFFICIATES.

Miss Hilda M. Dawson Married to Nicholas G. Pierson in Newark.

Miss Hilda Marguerite Dawson, daughter of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. William J. Dawson of 1,028 Broad Street, and Nicholaas Gerard Pierson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Daniel Pierson of The Hague, Holland, were married yesterday afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church, Newark, N. J., of which the bride's father is pastor.

No formal invitations had been issued for the ceremony, but a general invitation was extended to all members of the congregation. Dr. Dawson performed the ceremony, and the bride's brother, Coningsby Dawson, gave her in marriage.

Her attendants were her sister, Miss Muriel Dawson, maid of honor, and Miss Anna Mieke Pierson, sister of the bridegroom. Hugo Scheltena of New York was the best man. The ushers were J. Nelson Carter, Richard Hartshorne, William T. Carter, Jr., McGregor Demarest, George W. McCarter, and Philip H. Hedge.

The bride was gowned in ivory white crêpe over white satin, trimmed with Carrickmacross lace. She wore a diamond necklace, the gift of the bridegroom, a family heirloom.

MISS WARDWELL A BRIDE.

Daughter of Henry Lansing Wardwell Married to Harold Otis.

The marriage of Harold Otis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrison Otis of Joralemon Street, Brooklyn, and Miss Alice Dox Wardwell, a daughter of Henry Lansing Wardwell of New York, took place at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Holy Communion, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet, rector of the church, assisted by the Rev. A. C. Howell of Sewickley, Penn., a brother-in-law of the bride.

Miss Wardwell, who had no attendants, walked with her father, who gave her in marriage. She wore a blue cloth traveling costume, topped by a black hat trimmed with white, and carried lilies of the valley. Lansing P. Reed was Mr. Otis's best man and Throop Wilder, a brother-in-law of the bride, and Page Ely were the ushers. There was no reception, as the bride's family is still in mourning. No one except the two families, about fifty in all, was asked to the ceremony.

Jules Star Weds Miss Jacobson.

The marriage of Jules Star and Miss Sarah Jacobson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Jacobson, took place last night at Delmonico's, the Rev. Dr. Grossman officiating. Miss Sophia Levy was Miss Jacobson's maid of honor, and Mr. Star's best man was Benjamin Kaye. Joseph S. Jacobson, Joseph Levy, and Marshall Weil were the ushers. Mr. and Mrs. Star will sail soon for Europe to spend their honeymoon there.

SHEEHAN—DWYER.

The wedding of Miss Anastasia Dwyer, daughter of Thomas Dwyer of this city, to Dr. Joseph E. Sheehan, took place yesterday at the Church of the Good Shepherd, 207th Street and Broadway. Father Carroll, a relative of Dr. Sheehan, performed the ceremony in the presence of the nearest relatives and friends.

PLAY FOR SMITH STUDENTS.

"The Things That Count" Given Twice in Endowed Theatre.

The company which has been presenting "The Things That Count" at The Playhouse for several months journeyed to Northampton, Mass., yesterday, and gave two performances before the students of Smith College. Another company which had been organized by William A. Brady to play "The Things That Count" on the road filled in at the Playhouse last night.

The original New York company played to two crowded houses of college girls in the Endowed Theatre in Northampton.

Strike Ties Up Greenwich Estates.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 14.—Two hundred members of the International Laborers' Union went on strike here today for $2 a day for nine hours' work and recognition of the union. By reason of the strike, work was suspended on the estates of A. W. Johnston and Commodore E. C. Benedict.

President Can't Review Parade.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The White House to-day announced that the President was unable to accept an invitation to review a parade of the Business Men's Association in New York on May 22.

DUNCAN M'MARTIN, RICH MINER, DEAD

Shared in Discovery of Ores at Cobalt and Gave Town Its Name.

$11,560,000 FROM A MINE

Realty Investor in New York and Canada Succumbs to Pneumonia at 45 Years.

Duncan McMartin, a realty investor here and in Canada and one of the leading mine operators in the Cobalt regions, died of pneumonia yesterday in Montreal, Can., aged 45 years. He made a fortune in mining through a chance acquaintance with a blacksmith, Frederick La Rose, who shared with him the discovery of a valuable ore-bearing claim. La Rose picked up a lump of ore on a hillside near the present site of Cobalt Station and showed it to McMartin. He found the specimen to be extraordinarily rich in silver and other ores, including a constituent which proved to be the rare metal, cobalt, which hitherto had been found in quantity in only two other places in the world.

Mr. McMartin staked out a forty-acre claim for La Rose and a similar one for himself. The mine of La Rose alone ultimately yielded $11,560,000 in gross product and paid more than $6,000,000 in dividends. The miners gave the name of Cobalt to the camp that was the origin of the town of that name. They sold their interests in the mines several years ago, but had since been engaged in gold mining at Porcupine, and were the owners of the Hollinger mine and other properties in that field.

Mr. McMartin was born at Martintown, Ont., and began business as a railway contractor. With his brother he constructed the Zemiskaming and Ontario Northern Railway in 1903. Among his business investments and other interests here he owned the large apartment house at 490 Riverside Drive. He was married Dec. 10, 1902, to Miss Iva V. Alderson. She and three children survive him.

PAUL HEROULT DIES IN PARIS

Scientist Who Made Possible the Commercial Use of Aluminium.

Paul Louis Toussaint Heroult, the noted scientist whose research work made possible the commercial use of aluminium, is dead in Paris. M. Heroult gained fame through the invention of an electric furnace which is now in common use in all great metal-working industries, and through which he reduced the cost of producing aluminium from $20 to 50 cents a pound. Through later improvements he was able to reduce this cost even more.

Born at Thury-Harcourt, Calvados, France, on April 10, 1863, M. Heroult received his education in London and at the Lycée de Carn, Calvados, France, and took a special course at the College Saint Barbe and the Ecoledes Nimes, Paris. It was in April, 1886, that he attracted world-wide attention among chemists by patenting his new aluminium process, and in the following year he became the technical manager of the aluminium works at Neubrausen, Switzerland.

Two years later he came to the United States, and in the appliance of his method was at various times with the United States Steel Corporation, Crucible Steel Company of America, Halcomb Steel Company of Syracuse, N. Y.; Electro Metals Company of Ontario, and Electro Company of America, with headquarters at Niagara Falls. He was also a Director of the French Aluminium Company, the Aktiebolaget Heroults Elektriska Stal, Sweden, and was connected with the Edgar Allen, Thomas Firth, and Vickers companies of Sheffield, England.

M. Heroult was a member of the Chemists' Club of New York, the Society of Mining Engineers of New York, the Société des Ingénieurs, Paris, and the Faraday Society of London.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JEANETTE GILLETTE ROE, descendant of an old family of upper New York, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. James C. Gillies, in Flushing, L. I., aged 83 years. Mrs. Roe was a resident of Little Falls, N. Y.

FRANK S. SUTCLIFFE, Superintendent of Schools / Somersworth and New Market, N. H., dropped dead in his home in Somersworth last night. He was a former President of the New Hampshire Teachers' Association.

LOTHROP L. STURGES, 49 years old, of Short Hills, N. J., a stock broker, who was for many years actively engaged in the iron and steel business, died Wednesday at his home. Mr. Sturges retired from business several years ago after having been a member of the stock brokerage firm of J. M. Martin & Co. for several years, previous to which he was in the iron business with his father, Theodore Sturges, at 52 Wall Street. His widow and his daughter, Mrs. John Waite of California, survive.

ABRAHAM N. BRESEL, 57 years old, 1,061 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, died suddenly Wednesday night. He was a graduate of the College of the City of New York and moved to Rochester upon graduation, where he devoted his life to inventing and improving mechanical devices.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE AMELIA ANNIN, 79 years old, widow of Edward J. Annin, formerly of this city, died Wednesday at her home in Elizabeth, N. J. She was born in New York City, but moved to Elizabeth forty years ago. Mrs. Annin is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Walter E. Gibbons.

FREDERICK W. TEPPER, 43 years old, of Wyoming, N. J., who had been cashier for Liebler & Co., the theatrical producers, for a number of years, died at his home Wednesday after a short illness. Mr. Tepper was born on Long Island, and after graduating from the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute began work with the Lehigh Valley Railroad. For seven years he was a member of the choir of St. Bartholomew's Church in this city. His widow survives him.

THOMAS KING, 71 years old, of 1,646 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, who was connected with the Tubal Cain Iron Company for many years, is dead at his home in Brooklyn. He was born in England, and was a member of the Sons of St. George.

JAMES A. MEANY, formerly an active Democrat in the old Fourth Ward of Brooklyn and for twenty-five years Secretary to the Brooklyn Board of Elections, died on Tuesday at his home, 233 Seventy-first Street, Bay Ridge, from paralysis.

THOMAS F. HAMMOND, retired druggist, is dead at his home, 1,201 Sixty-eighth Street, Bath Beach, aged 49 years. He was born at Boonton, N. J., and was a member of one of the oldest families in that town. He left his widow and a son.

JAMES McCARTIN, engineer of Public School 30, Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 112 Pioneer Street, Brooklyn. He was 45 years old, and left his widow and several children.

HENRY S. BUCKLEY, for many years cashier of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, died suddenly from heart disease at his home in Westfield, N. J., on Tuesday. Mr. Buckley was born in Brooklyn 46 years ago, and was active in church work at Westfield. His wife and two sons survive him.

Dr. AARON DAVID FROCK, who was a practicing physician in Russia and for the last nine years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 135 Rodney Street, from apoplexy. He was 76 years of age.

CHARLES W. SANDFORD, civil war veteral and an old resident of Brooklyn, died at his residence, 965 Greene Avenue, on Wednesday. He was in his sixty-eighth year, and left his widow, a son, ond two daughters.

CORNELIUS T. NOLAN, a fireman attached to Engine Company 201 for the last nineteen years, died in the house of Truck 114 in Brooklyn on Tuesday. He was in his forty-second year and had several rescues to his credit. He lived at 514 Fifty-fifth Street.

THOMAS F. MARTIN, a retired policeman, is dead ot his home, Clinton and University Place, Woodhaven, L. I., aged 54 years. He was a member of Adytum Lodge, No. 640, and the Royal Arcanum, Long Island Council, No. 173, Brooklyn.

ARNOLD SCHAER, agent of the Warren Manufacturing Company's mills and widely known in the textile trade, died in Warren, R. I., yesterday. He was born in Switzerland sixty-three years ago.

PETER CARLING, 75 years old, Superintendent of the Edison Cement Works at New Village, N. J., died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Washington, N. J.

Mrs. WILLIAM M. ELLICOTT, President of the State Federation of Women's Clubs of Maryland, died of pneumonia in Baltimore yesterday. She was conspicuous in suffrage, charitable, and progressive organizations.

BERNARD GOING TO LONDON.

Will Appear in 'Belle of Bond Street' at Adelphi Theatre on May 30.

Preparations have been completed by the Shuberts for the appearance in London of Sam Bernard in "The Belle of Bond Street" at the Adelphi Theatre on May 30, and Mr. Bernard and his wife and two children will sail to-morrow on the Imperator. Ina Claire, who will play the rôle in which Gaby Deslys appeared here recently, is already in London, just having finished an engagement in "The Girl from Utah" at the George Edwardes Theatre.

The rest of the company, including the principal actors and a large number of New York chorus girls, will sail this morning on the St. Paul of the American Line. Among those leaving will be: Jerry McAuliffe, Davy Jones Bernard, Sammy Lee, Ruby Norton, Carrol Orr, May Wilson, Leonard Hornsey, Harriet Leidy, Ida Prosser, Margaret Maury, Beatrice Burnham, Billie De Horn, Edith Dell, Katheryn Wilson, Delia Hunt, Dorothy Godfrey, Murro Allo, Marion George, Mae Henessey, Daisy Virginia, Edith Orfutt, and Alice Bradley.

From London comes word that Lee Shubert will sail for home to-day on the Mauretania, having completed arrangements in London for the production.

SLICER LIBRARY DISPERSAL.

Interesting Browning Letter Fetches $26—$2,071 Total for Day.

The afternoon and evening sessions of the sale of the Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer's library at the American Art Galleries yesterday brought a total of $2,071.25.

Robert Browning's letter, Aug. 28, 1882, to W. S. Bennett, refusing to cooperate in the movement for a monument to Henry W. Longfellow in Westminster Abbey, was bought by James F. Drake for $26. In the letter Browning says:

> If a monument in Westminster Abbey is to have any significance it should be only bestowed on some English worthy; and if the rule ever admits of an exception we ought to make it in favor of foreign genius so undoubted (and consequently original) that English talent, at least, may be profitably influenced by its example.

Five volumes of "The Harbinger," Boston, 1845 to 1847, a product of the latter days of Brook Farm, to which Horace Greeley, James Russell Lowell, and others contributed, went to the New York State Library for $27. Charles Scribner's Sons paid $18 for a first edition of Lewis Carroll's "Through the Looking Glass," and Mr. Drake gave the same sum for one of the earliest copies issued of the original edition of Mark Twain's "Celebrated Jumping Frog of Calavera County."

The autograph centenary edition of Ralph Waldo Emerson's complete works sold for $125. Mr. Drake paid $10 for a first edition of W. S. Gilbert's "Bab Ballads" and $44 for six first editions of Thomas Hardy. A first edition of Bret Harte's "Lost Galleon and Other Tales" brought $14.50. Mr. Drake had to pay $28 to obtain a first edition of "Thankful Blossom," containing the autograph inscription in purple ink.

> To. Mrs. Faulkall with the seasonable compliments of Bret Harte, Xmas, 1877.

The game bidder paid $8 for a first edition of Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter." "The Soule's Exaltation," London, 1638, and "A Survey of the Summe of Church Discipline," London, 1648, both by Thomas Hooker, brought $30. The sale will be concluded inthe sessions to-day.

WILLIAM WAINWRIGHT DIES.

Vice President of Grand Trunk Railway and Canadian Financier.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 14.—William Wainwright, Vice President of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada who had been here for several days for the benefit of his health, died at a beach-front hotel to-night. His son was with him when he died. The body will be taken to his former home in Montreal to-morrow.

Mr. Wainwright was First Vice President of the Grand Trunk Railway system and Second Vice President of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. He was born in England in 1840. When he was only eleven years old he joined the service of the Manchester, Sheffield & Lincolnshire Railroad, of which he became General Manager.

In 1862 Mr. Wainwright went to Canada and took the position of senior clerk in the chief accounts office of the Grand Trunk at Montreal. Later he became secretary to the Managing Director, General Passenger Agent, General Assistant, Controller, and, in 1907, Fourth Vice President. He was General Manager of the North Shore Railway from 1883 to 1885.

Mr. Wainwright was also a Director of the Montreal Telegraph Co., Guarantee Company of North America, Vice President of the Richelieu, and Ontario Navigation Co., and the Grand Trunk Insurance and Provident Society, Director of the Canadian Express Co., the Montreal Telegraph Co., the Montreal Warehousing Co., and the Mount Royal Hotel Co.

He was made a Captain of the First Brigade of the Grand Trunk Artillery and saw service during the Trent affair and the Fenian raids. In 1867 he married Rosabella H. Arnold of Toronto, who died in 1876. In 1878 he married Mary E. Arnold, his wife's sister.

WILLIAM H. PEARSON DEAD.

President of Produce Exchange Safe Deposit Co. Succumbs Suddenly.

William H. Pearson, President of the Produce Exchange Safe Deposit and Storage Company, whose offices are in the Produce Exchange, died suddenly early yesterday morning at his home, 242 Roseville Avenue, Newark. Mr. Pearson had been active in business up to the end of last week, when he was stricken with paralysis.

He was 61 years old and was born in New York City, his mother being a member of the old New York Winslow family. He attended Princeton University, from which he was graduated with the class of 1872. He became a court stenographer in this city.

When the Produce Exchange Safe Deposit and Storage Company was founded, thirty years ago, Mr. Pearson became its Secretary. Later he was made Vice President and five years ago succeeded Alexander E. Orr as President. He was also a member of the Produce Exchange.

Since 1886 Mr. Pearson had made his home in Newark. He is survived by his wife, Georgianna M. and five children, Margaret Zizinia, Adele Sealey, Georgianna McFarlan, Constance, and John Pearson.

H. A. Pevear, Philanthropist, Dies.

Henry A. Pevear, 85 years old, a philanthropist and well-known business man of Lynn, Mass., died in that city yesterday. He was born in Tewksbury, Mass. His family was in the morocco leather business, and in 1860 began importing goatskins from South America. Mr. Pevear was President of the Thomson-Houston Electric Company of Lynn, and became a Director of the Edison Electric Company when it absorbed his company. He was a large owner of real estate in Lynn.

The Table Water par Excellence
MATTONI WATER
Naturally sparkling
Not artificially charged

WOMEN WORKERS MEET.

Delegates to National League Open Tenth Biennial Convention.

The 500 delegates, representing 15,000 members of the National League of Women Workers who ar holding their tenth biennial convention in New York, met in the Assembly Hall of the Metropolitan Building last evening. Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer presided at this meeting and at the board meetings in the afternoon.

Miss Virginia Potter, President of the New York branch of the association, welcomed the delegates ,and in the afternoon, at the board meeting, Miss Grace H. Dodge, the founder of the Irene Club of New York, which was the first working girls' club, told the members how glad she was to see them and of the original cvonvention twenty years before. There was music at the evening metting and addresses by Miss Susan Blow and Will Irwin.

Irwin told the delegates that so-called chivalry, the kind that has been left over from the days when it was the real thing, was nothing but "bunk," and that the woman of to-day was becoming a real "female gentleman." The audience laughed at this.

"In the absurd days of the Victorian era when machinery had taken so much out of the lives of women," said Mr. Irwin, "all the women knew how to do was to make themselves beautiful, spend money prettily, and make themselves clothes horses to hang clothes upon. Their only ideal was to hook and hold a man. It was worse than a crime, it wsa bad manners to go outside the home to do anything. But the darkness came just before the dawn—the women awakened and began to ask why, and I have never seen anything [illegible] so fast in my generation as the awakening of the women."

There will be another board meeting in the Assembly Hall this morning and another convention meeting in the same place this afternoon. This evening a pageant will be given by the New York branch of the league for the visitors in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory.

Bryan in Brooklyn To-night.

Secretary Bryan notified ex-Senator Charles H. Fuller, President of the Brooklyn League, by telephone yesterday that he would keep his engagement to speak at the sixteenth annual dinner of the League at the Masonic Temple in Brooklyn to-night on "The New Era."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

GILSON—WERHAN.—Beatrice Werhan to Raymond Gilson.

Married.

WILLNUS—ACKERT.—On Thursday evening, May 14, at the Second German Baptist Church, by the Rev. A. Lipphardt, D. D., Anna Ackert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August R. Ackert, to Christopher H. Willnus.

OTIS—WARDWELL.—On Thursday, May 14, at the Church of the Holy Communion, New York City, by the Rev. Henry Mottet, D. D., assisted by the Rev. A. C. Howell, Alice Dox Wardwell to Harold Otis.

Jersey City.

WINTER—DAVIDSON.—May 14, Emma D. Davidson to Daniel T. Winter.

Died.

BENNETT.—On May 14, Francis Pierce, son of Margaret and the late Francis Bennett. Interment Rosedale Cemetery, Orange, N. J., Saturday afternoon. Take West 23d St. Ferry, Erie Railroad, 1:25 o'clock.

BENSEL.—On Wednesday, May 13, Edwin B. Bensel, husband of Mary Aiken Bensel. Funeral at his residence, 111 West 126th St., on Friday, May 15, at 11 A. M. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

DAILEY.—In Providence, R. I., the 14th instant, Charlotte Field, eldest daughter of the late Albert and Charlotte Burr Field Dailey, in her 72d year. Funeral service Saturday, the 16th instant, at 11:15 A. M., at the residence of Mr. Henry B. Chase, 133 Brown St., Providence, R. I.

DAY.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, May 12, 1914, Mary Hyatt, wife of Stephen D. Day. Funeral services will be held at the Reformed Church, Ridgewood, N. J., on Friday, May 15, at 2:30 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Chambers St., Erie Railroad, 1 P. M.

DE LEON.—Daniel, aged 61. Remains lying in THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, until Sunday noon.

DIMICK.—At Hotel McAlpin, New York City, May 13, 1914, Jeremiah Wood Dimick of Rifton, N. Y., in his 52d year. Funeral private.

DIMICK.—Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. & A. M. Brethren: It is with deep regret we announce the death of our late brother, Jeremiah Wood Dimick, who died May 13 at Hotel McAlpin. Funeral private.
WILLIAM FLETCHER STONE, Master.
HENRY W. PENOYAR, Secretary.

FRINGANT.—Tuesday May 12, 1914, Max Fringant, in his 68th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 42 West 126th Street, New York City, Friday, May 15, at 9 A. M.

GILMORE.—On May 13, 1914, Hugh Gilmore, beloved husband of Ann (nee McIntee) and father of the Rev. Walter F. Gilmore. Funeral from his late residence, 318 East 86th St., Saturday, May 16th, at 10 A. M., thence to Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, East 90th St., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

HUNICKE.—Suddenly, in Munich, Germany, on Friday, May 8, 1914, Johanna Hunicke, widow of H. August Hunicke, in her 78th year. St. Louis papers please copy.

JOHNSTON.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Wednesday, May 13, John A. Johnston, in his 84th year. Service 197 Burhans Av. Friday, 2 P. M. Train leaves 155th St., main line, Putnam Division, 1 o'clock, to Nepperhan Station. Trenton, N. J., papers please copy.

MAYER.—On Wednesday, May 13, Leopold, aged 71, beloved husband of Augusta, father of Sydney, Charles, Oscar, and Mrs. William Goldstone. Funeral from his late residence, Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West 77th, Friday, May 15, 1:30 P. M.

MacDONALD.—May 13, George Jr., beloved son of George and Belle Byrnes MacDonald, at the residence of his parents, 315 West 90th. Funeral Friday, May 15, at 9:30 A. M., to Church of St. Gregory the Great, West 90th St. Mass at 10 o'clock.

McLELLAN.—Suddenly, on May 13, 1914, John McLellan, aged 73 years. Funeral service at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Milton F. Duflocq, 68 Barclay St., Flushing, L. I., on Friday, May 15, at 8 P. M. Train leaves Pennsylvania Terminal at 7:20 P. M. Interment private. English and Scotch papers please copy.

MONTGOMERY.—Suddenly, on May 13, at Chico, Cal., Albert E. Montgomery, aged 32 years, youngest son of the late George W. and Hester A. Montgomery of this city.

NEVINS.—On May 14, Mary Louise, beloved mother of John C. and Matalida B. Nevins. Funeral from her late residence, 337 West 24th St., Sunday, May 17, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

PEARSON.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, May 14, 1914, William Hamlet Pearson, dearly beloved husband of Georgianna M. Pearson and father of Margaret Zizinia, Adele Sealey, Georgianna Macfarlan, Constance, and John Pearson. Funeral service will be held at the St. Barnabas Episcopal Church, Sussex Av. and Warren St., Newark, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, at 10 A. M.

PECK, J.—At Boston, Mass., on Thursday, May 14, after a short illness, Caroline Garner, wife of John Peck, of West Haverstraw, N. Y. Notice of funeral later.

PLACE.—On May 14, 1914, Annie E. Place (nee Wentworth), widow of the late Oscar Place. Funeral services at her late residence, 163 Bay 32d St., Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 16, 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

ROE.—On May 13, Jeannette Gillette Roe of Little Falls, N. Y., aged 83, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. James C. Dillies, 349 Sanford Av., Flushing, N. Y. Interment at Little Falls.

ROSENTHAL.—Mrs. [illegible] Rosenthal, wife of Abraham Rosenthal of the well-known banking house of Rosenthal e hijas Guatemala. Very charitable and a member of number of the charitable institutions of the city. Born in Germany; spent many years of her life in Central America, where she was known for her philanthropic activties; in her 68th year.

ROSENTHAL.—On Wednesday, May 13, 1914, at her late residence, The Langham, 135 Central Park West, Wilhelmina, (nee Weinberg) beloved wife of Abraham Rosenthal, and mother of Ignatius L., Leon H., B. Arthur, Sylvan E., and Walter S., in her 68th year. Funeral private. San Francisco papers please copy.

ROSS.—On Wednesday morning, May 13, at 606 West 122d St., after a brief illness, Mary Louisa, wife of the Rev. Prof. G. A. Johnston Ross of the Union Theological Seminary. Funeral in Logie, Sterlingshire, Scotland, at the convenience of the family.

SAGE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 13, at her residence, 324 West 103d St., Emily Seymour, eldest daughter of Emily A. Ostrom and the late Warren Bishop Sage. Funeral private.

Died.

SAMMIS.—At Melbourne, Fla., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, John S. Sammis, in the 71st year of his age. Interment at convenience of family.

SCHADE.—Passed away on May 14, 1914, Karoline Schade, widow of Eckhardt Schade, in her 84th year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Evangelistic Lutheran Church, West 123d St., near 7th Av., on Saturday, May 16, 1:30 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

SCHIEFFELIN.—At Ansonia Hotel, Tuesday morning, May 12, Anna Marie, widow of the late Edgar Schieffelin and daughter of the late John Bant of London. Funeral services on Friday, May 15, at St. Paul's Church, East Chester, N. Y., at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Mount Vernon Depot upon arrival of the 10:05 New Haven train from Grand Central Station.

STURGES.—At Short Hills, N. J., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, Lothrop Lewis Sturges, son of the late Theodore Sturges. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, Short Hills, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, at 10:15 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Hoboken at 9:15 A. M. Lackawanna Railroad.

TIENKEN.—On May 13, Katharine, beloved wife of Louis J. Tienken. Services at her late residence, 507 West 177th St., Friday, May 15, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Laurel Grove.

WAGNER.—At Rye, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 13, 1914, Augustus H., son of H. A. Wagner, aged 52 years. Funeral at his late residence, 172 Boston Post Road, Rye, N. Y., Saturday, May 16, 1914, at 3 P. M.

WARING.—May 13, Reba Duff, beloved wife of George Dudley Waring. Funeral at her late residence, 158 West 58th St., Sunday, 2 o'clock. Interment Nebraska City (private.) Nebraska and Chicago papers please copy.

WESTERVELT.—On May 13, 1914, at Bloomfield, N. J., Madeline Mogia Westervelt, wife of John Westervelt, in her 82d year. Funeral services from the home of her son-in-law, John Newton, 455 Franklin St., on Friday, May 15, at 3:30 o'clock.

WILSON.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., May 13, 1914, Capt. William Wilson, Jr., Thirty-third Regiment New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, aged 73 years. Funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, Mount Vernon, Friday, May 15, at 3:40 P. M. Interment private.

BEEBE.—Helen A., 2,055 Bathgate Av., Bronx, May 13. Fnueral to-day, 3 P. M.

CALLAHAN.—Hannah M., 772 2d Av., May 13. Funeral notice later.

CARPENTER.—Anna M., 306 West 4th St., May 12.

CLEARY.—Mary, 520 West 160th St., May 13. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

COLLINS.—John, 16 Trinity Place, May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CROZIER.—Martha, 963 Jackson Av., Bronx, May 13, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

FINN.—Thomas A., 218 West 146th St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GARVEY.—Mary, 1,947 Park Av., May 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GLASTAETER.—Norman, 1,976 Honeywell Av., Bronx, May 12.

GROEBLER.—Frederick, 245 East 90th St., May 12, aged 46.

LANDAU.—Fanny, 117 East 86th St., May 12.

McMANUS.—Mary, 345 East 56th St., May 13. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

NITSCHKE.—Elizabeth A., 1,499 Zerega Av., Westchester, May 13, aged 63. Funeral to-day.

ROTHSCHILD.—Simon, May 13, aged 38. Funeral 208 Lenox Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

SMITH.—Annie, 441 East 18th St., May 12.

THOMPSON.—John, 221 West 148th St., May 12, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WERBER.—Otto, 1,328 Teller Av., Bronx, May 13, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ALGEO.—Charles A., 645 Manhattan Av., May 14. Funeral May 17.

COEN.—John J., May 13, aged 38. Funeral 177 North 6th St. to-day, 2 P. M.

CRUTHERS.—James, 196 Tillary St., May 13, aged 33. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FARREN.—John J., 402 4th St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

FREUDENBERGER.—Anna, 1,170 Putnam Av., May 14, aged 67.

FROCK.—Aaron D., 135 Rodney St., May 13.

GAVENESCH.—Magdalene W., 464 Ovington Av., May 13. Funeral to-morrow.

HANLEY.—Mary, 327 2d St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

HENNESSY.—Mary, 457 52d St., May 12, aged 61.

KEARNS.—Charles R., 830 President St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KEEGAN.—Joseph F., 552 St. John's Av., May 13.

McGARRY.—Annie, 225 Skillman St., May 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MATTSON.—Maria, Eastern District Hospital, May 12, aged 62.

MAYER.—Sarah, 418 10th St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

NELSON.—Alfred, 493 Sterling Place, May 13. Funeral May 17, 2:30 P. M.

RAPELYE.—Cornelius, 1,334 Dean St., May 13, aged 85. Funeral service to-day.

ROTH.—Lillian T., 1,195 Jamaica Av., May 13, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SANDFORD.—Charles W., 965 Greene Av., May 13, aged 68. Funeral service to-day.

SAUSE.—Elanore, 336 Chauncey St., May 13. Funeral notice later.

SHARP.—Ann, 13 Halsey St., May 14, aged 95. Funeral private.

WILDENRADT.—Charles A., 140 St. Nicholas Av., May 12, aged 18. Funeral to-day.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ALEXANDER.—Alexander, 744 West Side Av., Jersey City, May 13.

BENJAMIN.—Robert J., 347 Johnson Av., Jersey City, May 12, aged 2.

BERBEL.—Ernestine M., West Hoboken, May 12, aged 20.

BUINDO.—Maria, 264 Palisade Av., West Hoboken, May 12, aged 60.

BURKE.—Mary, 766 Jersey Av., Jersey City, May 13.

CAHILL.—Annie, 49 Arlington St., Newark, May 13. Funeral to-day.

CLARK.—Robert P., West Hoboken, aged 73, May 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COTTIER.—Marguerite, Jersey City, May 13, aged 90. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DILLENBERGER.—Robert, 95 Jefferson St., Newark, May 13, aged 62.

ELLES.—Joseph A., Jr., East Newark, May 13, aged 14 months.

FITTERER.—Andrew, 55 Brenner St., Newark, May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 8:15 A. M.

FITZSIMMONS.—Veronica, 128 Highland Av., Newark, May 13, aged 3 months.

FLEMING.—John F., Jersey City, May 13, aged 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GARDNER.—Martin L., 66 Milford Av., Newark, May 14. Funeral notice later.

GRAHAM.—Bernard, Newark, May 14. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

GRECCO.—Enrico, 499 Central Av., West Hoboken, May 13, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HAGER.—Harry E., 187 Clerk St., Jersey City, May 14. Funeral service to-day.

HILBERT.—John H., 178 Pacific St., Newark, May 14. Funeral notice later.

LULKEN.—Anna, 103 Hopkins Av., Jersey City, May 12, aged 60.

MAILEY.—John, 273 Warren St., Newark, May 12.

MELLOWS.—George, 43 Wakeman Av., Newark, May 13, aged 36.

MEYER.—Herman, Jersey City, May 14, aged 79. Funeral to-morrow.

MITCHELL.—James A., 201 Central Av., Newark, May 14.

ROSCHLAU.—Emil, Hoboken, May 13, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

SCHROEDER.—Clara, Hoboken, May 13, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

SIEGERT.—Charles L., 323½ Pavonia Av., Jersey City, May 12.

SINN.—Walter, 311 Park Av., Hoboken, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TIEMANN.—Henry, 554 Ferry St., Hoboken, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

BESLER.—Louis, Middle Village, May 12, aged 30 minutes.

BONACUM.—Carrie, Winfield, May 12, aged 51.

GAYNOR.—Edward F., Woodhaven, May 12, aged 61.

HEALY.—Martin, 11 Elm St., Astoria, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MARR.—John, Sr., Long Island City, May 12, aged 74.

SLOZACAK.—Catherine, Little Neck, May 12, aged 4 months.

SORG.—Jacob W., Ridgewood, May 12, aged 69.

STRYNAM.—Anton, Astoria, May 12, aged 60.

WEYMAN.—John H., Winfield, May 12, aged 49.

Westchester County.

SIMPSON.—George, White Plains, May 13, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

In Memoriam.

COURTNEY.—In loving memory of Mary A. Courtney, who departed this life May 15, 1912.

RIEMER.—In sacred, cherished memory of a dearly beloved son, brother, Irving Riemer, who died May 15, 1912.

LONG.—Rosa, mass, Church of the Assumption, Brooklyn, to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

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HOUSE FILIBUSTER OVER RURAL CREDITS

Oklahoma Members Start One That Upsets Business and Imperils Wilson Programme.

USELESS, SAYS UNDERWOOD

Asking Them to Desist, He Says People Clamor More for Business Than Legislation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Raising a "point of no quorum," Representative Joseph B. Thompson of Oklahoma and Otis Wingo of Arkansas, new Democratic members, started a filibuster to-day which practically demoralized business in the House and threatened to nullify the programme of legislation agreed upon by the Democratic Party caucus at the suggestion of the President. They said they had adopted filibustering tactics in order that a Rural Credits bill might be enacted.

The House leader, Mr. Underwood, pleaded with his two colleagues to desist, contending that their course would fail to accomplish the desired end and only cause disaster to the legislation the Democratic Party had promised the country to effect.

"I say in reply," sullenly replied Mr. Thompson, "that I intend to see that a quorum is here always unless we are going to pass a Rural Credits bill."

The consequence was that during a long debate on the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriations bill, with many members trying to attend to work in their offices and others seeking recreation at the baseball park, the House found itself involved in a series of roll-calls that took up most of the legislative day.

Mr. Underwood, in urging Representatives Thompson and Wingo, not to put obstructions in the way of the House, said that Congress had been in almost continuous session for three years.

"Members," he continued, "are entitled to credit for their devotion to duty. They are entitled to a rest and the House is entitled to adjourn at a reasonable date during the Summer. The members are also entitled to go home and present their views to their constituents.

"More than that, this country is looking for peace, not only peace on the border of Mexico, but industrial peace. The people are not clamoring as much to-day for legislation as they are for an opportunity to do business.

"But there are matters of importance that ought to be transacted before we adjourn. The Congress should have an opportunity to vote upon them. If the membership of this House will do its duty and maintain a quorum, and if the individual members will be reasonable, so far as their personal ambitions are concerned, and suppress them for the public good, we will be able to vote on these great matters before us and reach an adjournment early in July.

"But we certainly cannot accomplish this if the House intends to pursue tactics followed for the last two days. In the first place it is our duty to maintain a quorum here. In the second place it is the duty of every member not to throw unreasonable obstructions in the way of public business."

Mr. Thompson interrupted to demand if Mr. Underwood referred to him. He had made three points of no quorum, each involving a roll call, and taking up more than an hour of time.

"Well, yes, I did, since the gentleman mentions it," replied Mr. Underwood, who added that the policy pursued by the Oklahoman was not a "credit to him or an aid to the cause he espoused."

Mr. Thompson angrily retorted that the position of Mr. Underwood was not in accord with his attitude in the party caucus.

"The gentleman is dreaming," smilingly replied Mr. Underwood.

Mr. Underwood explained that he had endeavored to have a rural credits bill presented to the House, and that the original resolution offered by him in the caucus contained a provision for that measure.

"When it was learned that there were certain differences between the Banking and Currency Committee and the Executive as to this bill, and it could not be reported, it would have been folly for the caucus at that time to insist upon rural credits as a part of the legislative programme."

The Rural Credits bill had been submitted by a sub-committee to the full committee late on the day of the caucus. Mr. Underwood said that he approved the bill, but that sub-committees could not report measures direct to the House.

"I do not approve the bill," declared Mr. Thompson.

"Then," replied Mr. Underwood, "the gentleman places himself in the peculiar position of insisting upon the consideration of a bill which he does not approve and which has not been reported."

Mr. Wingo wanted to know if Mr. Underwood's "lecture" was intended for him also. He said that he had been making points of no quorum.

Mr. Underwood replied that he was not attempting to lecture any member. He urged the members to remain in the House and attend to business and "not throw obstructions in the way."

The Banking and Currency sub-Committee, of which Representative Bulkley of Ohio is Chairman, met to-day and voted unanimously to report the Rural Credits bill as introduced Tuesday by Mr. Bulkley to the full committee without change. The report will be accompanied by a recommendation for favorable action, notwithstanding that the bill is not acceptable to the President in its present form.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Duties Fixed by the Appraisers on Questions of Fact.

It was decided yesterday by the General Appraisers that, in instances where the value of fur on coats of wool cloth is greater than the value of the wool entering into the make-up of the article, the goods are entitled to come in under the old tariff law as fur wearing apparel at the rate of 50 per cent. The importation in question was made by Strawbridge & Clothier, Philadelphia. Duty was assessed at 44 cents a pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem as wool wearing apparel. At the hearing the importers showed that the relative proportion of values ranged from 66 2-3 per cent. fur and 33 1-3 per cent. cloth in some of the garments, to 60 per cent. fur and 40 per cent. wool cloth in others. Judge Brown sustained the contention for the lower rate.

Metal containers for wax matches which have been either lacquered or lithographically printed must stand duty at 4 cents a pound and 35 per cent. ad valorem, but not less than 55 per cent. ad valorem, under the old low, under the provision for articles so treated. G. W. Sheldon & Co., the importers, claimed the containers to be the usual coverings for the matches, with duty at the same rate as their contents.

Wood & Jones, Los Angeles, failed to convince the board that paper bags are envelopes, and accordingly the action of the Collector in assessing the goods at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the act of 1909, was affirmed. The rate claimed by the protestants was 20 per cent.

Bouquets of artificial flowers, leaves, and ornamental feathers, imported by Theodore Ascher & Co., Chicago, during the tariff of 1897, were assessed for duty at 60 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for artificial flowers. Wiring was used in the make-up of the bouquets, and on this account the importers asked a rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem under the metal schedule. Protest sustained, and a reliquidation of duties ordered.

Objections were filed against the duties taken on women's trimmed hats. Large shipments were made, and the Collector took 60 per cent., and various other rates. Judge Howell reduced the assessments in some lines, but affirmed the Custom House tax on most of the goods. The importers included B. Altman & Co., the Lichtenstein Millinery Company, H. Bendel and others.

THINKS THE OUTLOOK GOOD.

Conditions Encouraging, Except in Colorado, Says Miller.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Business conditions generally in the Mississippi Valley are good, in the opinion of Darius Miller, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, who has just returned from a tour of the company's lines.

"We found only one bad spot; that was in Colorado," he said. "The economic problems of that State are such as to hold it back to a serious extent. Otherwise the country certainly looks good. Crops are excellent, particularly in the Winter wheat States, and it would be hard to find any more prosperous looking rural district than that tributary to this city."

Mrs. Sage's Gift to State Museum.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 14.—Mrs. Russell Sage to-day contributed to the State Museum enough money to acquire a series of 106 bird paintings by Louis Agassiz Fuertes of Ithaca for the museum's monograph of the birds of New York. The exact amount contributed was not made public.

Finishing Co. Plans Note Issue.

The Stockholders' Committee of the United States Finishing Company has asked stockholders to subscribe to a $1,000,000 issue of 6 per cent. debenture bonds, payable in from six to nine years, to rehabilitate the property and lessen the floating debt. The debentures are offered at 90 with a 25 per cent. bonus in common stock.

CITY COUNSEL ASKED W. P. BURR TO RESIGN

Polk Told His Assistant Changes in His Office Required His Removal.

TRIED IMPORTANT CASES

Head of Division of Franchises Won 80-Cent Gas and Eleventh Avenue Litigation for the City.

Assistant Corporation Counsel William P. Burr, who has been in charge of the Division of Franchises for the last ten years and who has been considered one of the most valuable men in the city's Law Department, has resigned at the request of Corporation Counsel Polk. On May 5 Mr. Polk sent this letter to Mr. Burr:

New York, May 5, 1914.

Mr. William P. Burr, Assistant to the Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records:

Dear Mr. Burr: I regret to have to ask for your resignation, to take effect July 1, 1914. The Mayor and I have in mind certain changes in your department which make this step necessary. With many regrets and best wishes, yours very truly,

FRANK L. POLK, Corporation Counsel.

Mr. Burr sent this reply to Mr. Polk's letter:

New York, May 8, 1914.

Hon. Frank L. Polk, Corporation Counsel:

Dear Mr. Polk: I hereby tender my resignation as assistant to the Corporation Counsel, to take effect July 1, 1914, or at such earlier date as I may be able to close up matters now pending in my charge, if this is agreeable to you.

I need not say I will be glad at any time to confer with you or with my successor when appointed and render any assistance in my power in respect to the affairs of this division. Permit me to avail myself of this opportunity to express appreciation of your courtesy and my sincere wish for your success. Very sincerely yours,

WILLIAM P. BURR.

Mr. Burr said yesterday that he was at a loss to know why he had been asked to resign unless it was the Mayor's plan to change the policy of the Corporation Counsel's office. He said he did not think politics had anything to do with it. Mr. Burr is a Democrat, but he said he had never been active in Tammany Hall affairs. He was a delegate to the Constitutional Convention, and last year he voted for Edward E. McCall, the Tammany candidate for Mayor.

"I understand that this is an efficiency administration and I felt that I might be retained," he said. "Since the Mayor and Mr. Polk have decided to act otherwise, however, I have no complaint to make. I have great respect for both gentlemen and I leave the office in a very friendly spirit."

Next to Charles D. Olendorf, Mr. Burr is senior Assistant Corporation Counsel, and since he has been in office he has successfully carried on some of the city's most important litigation, notably the "80-cent gas" and the so-called "Death Avenue" case against the New York Central Railroad to compel that company to remove its tracks from Eleventh Avenue, plans for which are now before the Board of Estimate. As a result of the favorable decision in the United States Supreme Court in the "80-cent gas" case, $17,000,000 was refunded to the gas consumers in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn. Mr. Burr closed not long ago, the city's case against the Consolidated Gas Company for an accounting involving more than $25,000,000, which was tried before a Board of Referees consisting of Hamilton Odell, Adrian H. Larkin, and George Gordon Battle, and which is now awaiting decision. Mr. Burr served under Corporation Counsels Delany, Ellison, Pendleton, and Watson.

Under his policy of reorganizing the Law Department, Corporation Counsel Polk has requested already the resignations of half a dozen assistants or deputy assistants. It is his plan to reorganize the office slowly and no big "shake-up" is expected. Mr. Polk, who has been at his office only a few times since he was shot in the attempt to assassinate Mayor Mitchel, left yesterday for a short trip West. He will return toward the end of next week.

Fail to Reinstate Cadets.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Efforts to reinstate eight West Point cadets who were dismissed for hazing several years ago failed in the Senate yesterday when Chairman Chamberlain of the Military Affairs Committee adversely reported a resolution designed to bring it about.

Kills His Girl Clerk and Himself.

OXFORD, La., May 14.—Thomas J. Steele, a merchant here, shot and killed to-day Miss Hattie Boylston, a clerk in his store, and then committed suicide. Steele leaves a wife and six children. No reason is known for his act.

FORTUNE TELLERS TRAPPED BY WOMEN

One Seer Was Taken from Expensive Suite in Carnegie Hall Building.

HER CLIENTS IN SOCIETY

Miss Bessie Block of West Tenth Street Advised Detective Isabella Goodwin.

Two alleged fortune tellers, Mrs. Evangeline S. Adams, who said she was a descendant of President John Quincy Adams, and Miss Bessie Block, were in Magistrates' courts yesterday as a result of the activity of women detectives attached to Police Commissioner Woods's staff. Much interest was shown in the case of Mrs. Adams, who appeared before Magistrate Campbell in the West Side Court.

The evidence against her was obtained by Detective Adelle Priess, and the warrant for her arrest was issued by Chief Magistrate McAdoo. Detective Roos of Headquarters, who made the arrest, said that Mrs. Adams had an expensive suite of rooms in the Carnegie Hall Building, at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, and that she was consulted by many women prominent in society. Her reception room was crowded with fashionably dressed women when he interrupted her work, he said. Mrs. Adams was held under $500 bail for examination next Wednesday. Mrs. Priess did not disclose the nature of the evidence she obtained.

Detective Isabella Goodwin testified against Miss Block before Magistrate Appleton in Jefferson Market Court. She paid her first visit to Miss Block's apartment at 54 West Tenth Street on May 1, she said. She paid a fee of $2 and then Miss Block startled her somewhat by saying:

"I don't like this work you are doing, and I am trying to make out what it is."

Miss Block's psychic power failed her, however, and she accepted Mrs. Goodwin's story that she was a nurse.

"You are using too much of your vitality, it is not good for you," she said, according to Mrs. Goodwin. "Put out your hands and say 'Peace, like a river, floweth,' and that will change your circulation. Say 'I am not conscious of my feet, my knees, my hips, but I am conscious of my chest,' and that will give you power."

Mrs. Goodwin told Miss Block that she was "troubled about my gentleman friend I have not seen for weeks," and got this advice:

"That is because you are giving him too much love; you are making him all-powerful; but if you eliminate him from your consciousness you will make him care more for you."

On May 4, when she paid a second visit, Mrs. Goodwin said she received advice not to enter into a real estate deal, and also not to marry the man she mentioned on her previous visit. She also quoted Miss Block as saying:

"The conditions in people's lives are due to the laws of physics; that is why the Rockefellers are having so much trouble at the present time. It is due to the laws of cause and effect."

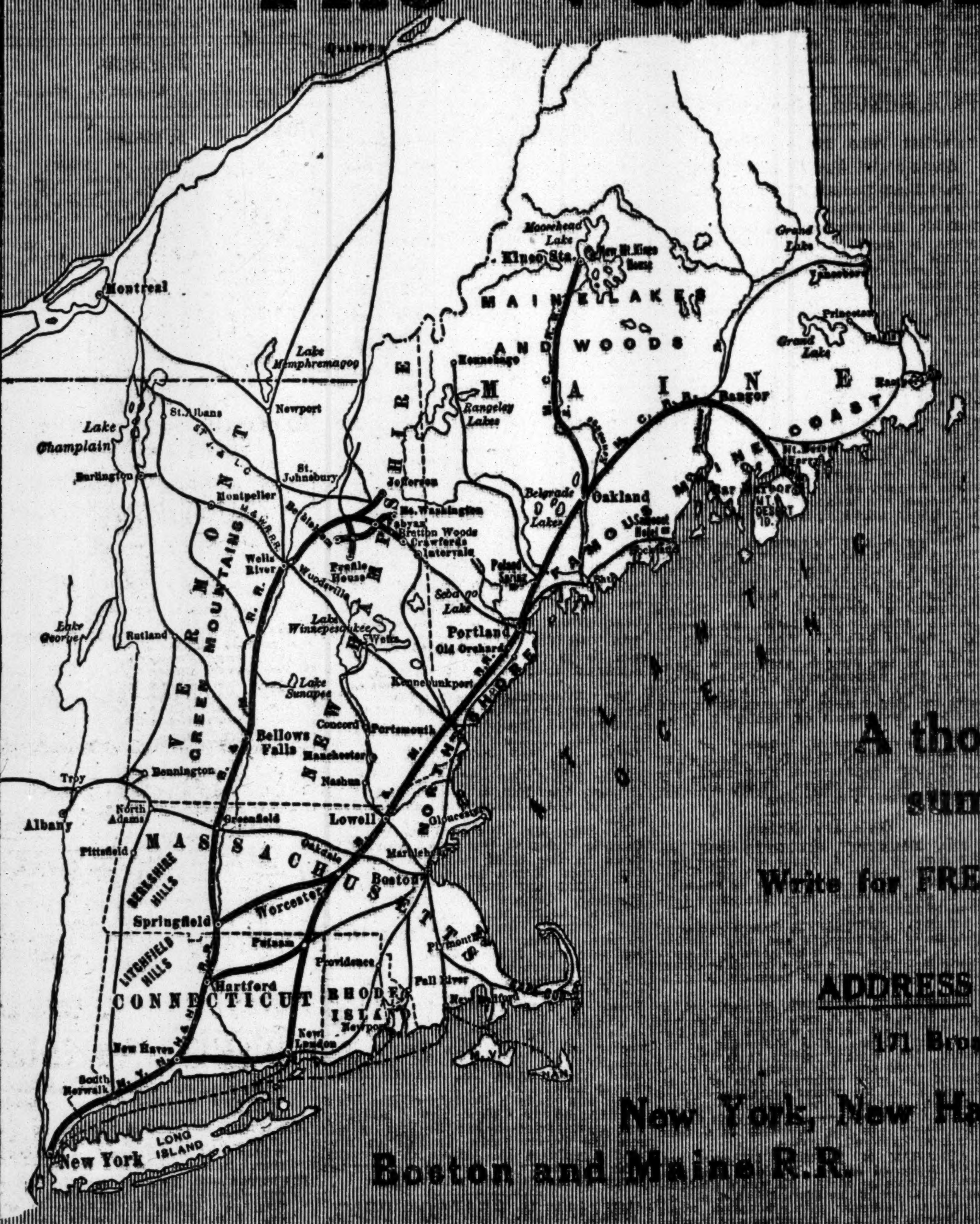
After studying that over for a while Mrs. Goodwin swore out the warrant for Miss Block's arrest. The defendant was paroled for examination next Monday.

New Realty Corporation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 14.—Edith I. Hendrick, George H. Gould, Jr., and Ruth E. Price have formed a corporation in Massachusetts under the name of "440 Fourth Avenue Corporation" to acquire land and construct buildings in New York City. The duration of the corporation is fifty years and the capital stock $575,000. A certificate authorizing the corporation to do business in this State was granted by the Secretary of State to-day.

NEW ENGLAND
The Vacation Land



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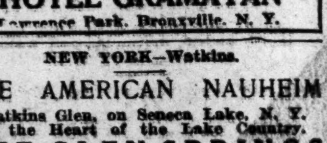

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Catering to those who wish a Summer Home in a resort favored with a clientele of the highest order. ON IDEAL TOUR. Fine Garage. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Fishing.
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EQUINOX HOUSE
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OPEN JUNE 15 TO OCT. 15.
New York Office, "THE LORRAINE"
5th Avenue and 45th Street.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Dennis
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Situated directly on the ocean front, with a view of the Beach and Boardwalk from all public lobbies and many guest rooms. American Plan. Capacity 600. Always Open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR. CAPACITY 600.
INDOOR SEAWATER SWIMMING POOL.
NEW "ARBOR DANSANT."
Afternoon and Evening Dancing conducted by Mr. Ralph Simon Shutt.
PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING MAY AND JUNE.

ALAMAC HOTEL

Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Grill; orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

HOTEL RUDOLF

On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra and afternoon and evening dancing.

ATLANTIC CITY.—Handsomely furnished 13-room cottage, 2 baths, for Summer season, starting immediately. 219 Pacific Av. ALSO 8-room apartment, attractively furnished, for Easter month. One block from Steel Pier. Reasonable. Apply 219 Pacific Av.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

Leading High-class Moderate Rate Hotel.
Albemarle Virginia Av., near Beach; elevator; private baths; French chefs; evening dinners. Special Spring rates—$2 up dly.; $9 up wkly. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

WESTMONT HOTEL Rhode Island Av. and beach. Superior location. Elevator to street level; private baths; spacious exchange; sunny porches. Special Spring rates. Booklet. FREDERICK KLEIN, Jr.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY.

THE NEW JERSEY TOUR.

600 miles of the finest roads along the seashore, through pines and among mountains.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK,
North Jersey's Ideal Spring Resort.

Week-end entertainment at Boardwalk Casino. For program address Information Bureau, 807 Boardwalk.
NEW YORK OFFICE at Marster's Tours, 31 West 30th St., or "ASK MR. FOSTER."

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Season May 30 to Oct. 1. Now open for inspection.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN
Fireproof Home of the
SHAWNEE GOLF COURSE
Address Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa., or 243 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.
OPENS JUNE 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Mount Pocono.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.

Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, bells, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. Opens June 20th. Booklet. For road map and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

SANITARIUMS.

The Jackson Health Resort
DANSVILLE, NEW YORK
Beautiful for Situation. Distinctive in Character

Completely equipped for every form of modern rational treatment. Personal care of experienced physicians. The charm and cheer of its family life, and the provision made for rest, quiet, entertainment, and outdoor life renders it especially attractive and desirable for people who are in search of health or rest. EXCEPTIONALLY FINE NINE-HOLE GOLF LINKS.

MAIN BUILDING FIREPROOF.
Surrounded by homelike cottages.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.

THE TRUSTS

Ex-President Taft has written a series of five articles on "The Trusts" for The New York Times. These articles by a former President of the United States discuss frankly and intelligibly the entire problem of big business as affected by common and legislative law and as enforced by the courts.

The first article of the series will be published next Sunday.

RUSSIA

The articles on Russia by Kurt Aram which begin in The New York Times next Sunday promise to be intensely interesting. Mr. Aram, a distinguished German author, after penetrating the mystery and red tape of Russian officialdom, has unearthed the underlying reasons for much of Russian unrest and persecution. He presents his analysis of Russian conditions with a clearness of statement which is not only convincing but more than ordinarily entertaining.

GOOD HEALTH

"How can the average New York business man keep in good physical condition? How can he side-step the weaknesses of old age? Why is the average man of the rolltop desk not in high-class physical form, and what cardinal rules of health does he chiefly neglect?" These questions were put the other day by a Times interviewer in the boxing room of the New York Athletic Club to Mike Donovan, for thirty years boxing instructor of the club, the fisticuff mentor of Theodore Roosevelt at the White House, and former middle-weight champion. Read his answers next Sunday.

ART FEATURE

At the 1913 exhibition of the Royal Academy "The Firstborn" was the one picture which, perhaps, more than any other, attracted the attention of the visiting public. The artist, Frederick W. Elwell, has become deservedly popular abroad through his story-telling pictures. By special arrangement The New York Times is permitted to reproduce this beautiful picture. A copy in rotogravure will be presented to readers of The New York Times next Sunday.

Order next Sunday's New York Times from your newsdealer to-day.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—High pressure continues general east of the Rocky Mountains, with the highest readings over the upper Mississippi Valley. Pressure is relatively low over the Atlantic seaboard, and an extensive low area covers the region west of the Rockies. This distribution has resulted in scattered rains in the Atlantic States, Texas, and the South Rocky Mountain region, and generally fair weather elsewhere.

Temperatures remain below the seasonal average in practically all parts of the country, although they have risen somewhat since Wednesday in the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley, and the Northwest. The weather is cooler on the Pacific Coast and in the Southern Rocky Mountain region.

Indications are that generally fair weather will prevail Friday and Saturday in the Northwest, the Mississippi Valley, and the districts east thereof, except on the South Atlantic Coast, where showers and thunderstorms are probable.

Showers are also probable Friday and Saturday in the South Rocky Mountain region, the South Plains, and the West Gulf States.

No important temperature changes are indicated for any part of the country during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate southwest, shifting to west and northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light variable, mostly west; South Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, except east off the Carolina Coast.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Friday and Saturday; little change in temperature; light west winds.

New Jersey, Western New York, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and Saturday, moderate temperature; light, variable winds, mostly west.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	56	45	4 P. M.	71	64
6 A. M.	55	46	6 P. M.	68	62
9 A. M.	59	50	9 P. M.	63	55
12 M.	65	59	11 P. M.	58	58

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 54; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 59.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.15 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.09 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
2:40—309 W. 96 St.; B'way Taxicab Co.. Slight
8:40—2,332 B'way; Colonial Restaurant.. Slight
6:52—138 St.; Gerard Av.; American Express Co. $50
9:45—97 4 St.; Mrs. Sotia....Slight
P. M.
12:05—241 W. 67 St.; Mrs. Allen.....Slight
1:25—215 W. 61 St.; J. Lawson.......Slight
1:45—224 E. 98 St.; J. Wolff........Slight
4:55—227 W. 18 St.; Kempner & Son..Slight
5:50—674 Lex. Av.; Deshill's Drug Store..$10
5:55—458 Broome St.; Drucker & Dolinsky, Slight
9:00—89 E. B'way; Paris Cloak Co...$2,000
10:00—169 E. 126; Mrs. Winston......Slight
10:00—119-121 Wooster St.; Abrams Costume Co.....Slight
10:10—15 Stanton St; Henney Bros......$10

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Lt. Col. W. S. Scott, Cav., as a member of Retiring Board to meet at Ft. Sam Houston, May 1, vice Lt. Col. G. Carleton, 3d Cav., relieved.

Col. F. S. Strong, C. A. C., to N. Y. C., to await the convenience of the Government.

Capt. E. A. Roche, 26th Inf., before Retiring Board at Ft. Sam Houston, for examination, and return to the place of receipt by him of this order.

First Lt. L. E. Hohl, 10th to the 16th Inf.

A board of officers: Capt. F. W. Clark, C. A. C.; 1st Lts. R. R. Welshimer, C. A. C.; J. S. C. Fielden, Jr., M. C., and H. L. Freeland, M. R. C., and 2d Lt. E. B. Hochwalt, C. A. C., to meet at Ft. Du Pont, Del., May 26, to examine applications for commissions in volunteers.

A board: Lt. Col. E. M. Blake, C. A. C.; Maj. J. R. Church, M. C.; Capts. C. O. Zollars, C. A. C., and D. Y. Beckham, C. A. C., and 1st Lt. B. B. Warriner, M. C., to meet at Ft. Williams, Me., May 26, to examine applicants for commissions in volunteers.

Leave—Capt. W. C. Tremaine, U. S. A., retired, rect'g officer, two days.

Navy Orders.

Lt. L. S. A. Wadsworth, rect'g sta., Richmond, Va., to the Delaware.

Lt. L. W. Townsend, Portsmouth, N. H., to the Delaware.

Jr. Lt. L. C. Parker, the Indiana, to the Wisconsin.

Jr. Lt. H. E. Parsons, rect'g sta., Richmond, Va.

Bosn. W. R. Spear, the Indiana, to temp. duty rec. ship, Boston.

Gun. F. C. Wisker, the Wisconsin, to orders.

Marine Corps.

Capt. J. W. Wadleigh, arrived in U. S., to Marine Barracks, Annapolis, Md.

Capt. D. C. McDougal and 2d Lts. W. C. Maccrone and M. S. Berry, to expeditionary duty, 1st Brigade, U. S. M. C.

2d Lt. S. L. Howard, commissioned, from April 13 to Marine Officers' School, Norfolk, Va.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Leonidas, at Cristobal; Preble, at La Paz; Lawrence, at Mazatlan; Culgoa, Monterey (chartered,) Mexico (chartered,) Washingtonian (chartered,) Beale, and Jarvis, at Vera Cruz; Montana, at Boston; Texas, at Hampton Roads; Celtic, at New York Yard; Caesar, at Lambert Point; Iroquois, F-3 and H-3, at San Pedro.

Sailed—Panther, Phila., for Charleston; Saturn, Guaymas, for Mazatlan; Lebanon, Vera Cruz, for Tampico; Nereus, Vera Cruz, for Norfolk; Justin, San Francisco, for Mazatlan; Jenkins, Galveston, for Vera Cruz; Wyoming, Hampton Roads, for Vera Cruz; Cheyenne, San Pedro, for San Quentin, Mex.; McCall and Monaghan, Charleston, for New York Yard; Cyclops, New Orleans, for Norfolk; Aberenda, Hongkong, for Shanghai; Callao, Hongkong, for Canton, and the Cincinnati, Manila, for Shanghai.

The notice in movements of naval vessels May 13 should have read Caesar instead of the Brutus.

The Alabama has been ordered placed in reserve.

The Isla de Luzon was placed in commission in the navy yard, N. Y.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Capts. B. L. Reed, 12 days' leave; S. M. Landrey, the Winona, to orders; P. H. Uberroth, special duty at the dept. to the McCulloch, and H. B. West, restored to active duty on May 25 and ordered to command the Winona.

1st Lts. B. H. Camden, 30 days' leave; H. F. Schoenborn, engrs., to the Itasca, May 18; W. H. Munter, to Itasca, May 25; L. C. Covell, 15 days' leave, and B. H. Camden ordered to N. Y.

2d Lts. J. P. Gray, to the Itasca, May 18, and W. F. Towle, the McCullough, upon arrival at Unalaska, to the Unalga.

3d Lts. C. J. Todd, the Onondaiga, May 17, to the McCulloch; C. P. Kendall, engrs., preparatory notice of examination for promotion to the grade of 2d Lt. of Engrs.; C. J. Odenhal, preparatory notice of examination for promotion to 2d Lt. of Engrs.; C. H. Johnson, engrs., notice of examination for promotion to 2d Lt.; K. W. Kraft, notice of examination for promotion to 2d Lt.; H. C. Roach, engrs., notice of examination to 2d Lt.; H. N. Perham, notice of examination for promotion to 2d Lt.; E. H. Smith, preparatory orders to the Yamacraw, upon arrival of the Seminole at depot, and J. F. Farley, Jr., preparatory orders to duty in charge of the reservation at Ft. Trumbull.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission announces the following promotion tests:

June 1—Storekeeper, salary $1,800 a year, President's office, Queens; stationary engineer, Docks Department; marine engineer, Health Department.

June 8—Third-grade Inspector of Printing, Board of City Record; sanitary assistant to the Superintendent of Schools, Education Department; statistician, Grade 5, Finance Department.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for expert radio aid, for men only, on June 17 to fill a vacancy at $6 a day in the navy yard, New York. The duties will be as follows: To direct and assist in the laboratory standardization tests of all circuits, instruments, and apparatus pertaining to and used in radio signaling; the practical installation, repair, and adjustment of radio apparatus both in shore stations and on ships; the development of special apparatus and methods of radio signaling suited to special conditions, and of new forms of sending and receiving circuits; to inspect the various radio stations when called upon and to make the necessary measurements of their electrical constants, and, in general, to carry out such work as may be necessary for the development of radio apparatus. Competitors will be examined in theoretical and practical questions in the construction, use, and adjustment of radio apparatus and auxiliaries; technical training and experience in the line of the required duties. Applicants should be graduates of technical schools of recognized standing and have taken a course in electrical engineering and a special course in wireless telegraphy; also should have had several years' experience in the manufacture or installation and adjustment of wireless apparatus and in theoretical or practical research work. It is further desirable that they should be operators, but this is not necessary. Age 21 years or over on the date of examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

STATE RECEIPTS FALL OFF.

Revenue for the Year $3,000,000 Less Than for the Year Before.

The report of State Controller Sohmer for the seven months of the fiscal year ended April 30 shows a falling off in receipts, as compared with last year, of more than $3,000,000, although the budget requirements this year are about $10,000,000 greater. The decreases are in the direct tax, which is at a lower rate, organization of corporations, inheritance tax, stock transfers, secured debt tax, and mortgages. Increases are shown in excise taxes, corporation tax, motor vehicles, and "other revenue." Here are the figures:

	1914.	1913.
Excise taxes	$9,011,995.47	$9,007,164.67
Direct tax	4,323,419.77	7,214,211.22
Corporations	4,378,327.65	3,811,782.76
Organiza'n corps.	188,639.33	310,867.05
Inheritance tax...	6,420,896.03	6,920,033.20
Stock transfers...	1,280,794.64	1,635,285.70
Secured debt tax.	682,101.71	693,916.47
Mortgages	999,890.23	1,283,996.28
Motor vehicles ..	885,148.12	826,723.60
Other revenue....	2,815,529.80	2,383,359.11
	$30,986,742.75	$34,037,840.06

The balance needed to meet budget requirements for the fiscal year is $34,144,092.75, as against $21,181,548.48 at the same time last year.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired: Lt. J. M. Millmore, Det. Div., at $1,125 a yr. Appointed March 21, 1884.

Transfer: Patrol. W. T. Reynolds, 43 Prect., to Det. Div. as Act. Det. Sergt., (second grade.)

Assignment: Act. Det. Sergt. W. T. Reynolds, to Bureau of Indentification of the Unidentified Dead.

Temporary assignments: Sergts. Daniel Kelleher, 40 Prect., to Det. Div. for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, New York; H. E. Bruckman, 42 Prect., to Det. Div. for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergt. (second grade) M. A. Batto, Det. Div., to Dist. Att'y's office, Bronx, for 5 days; Patrol. W. J. Shearer, 31 Prect., to Com'r's office as chauffeur for 10 days; E. G. Sager, 61 Prect., to Com'r's office as chauffeur for 10 days. To Det. Div.: W. F. Culhane, 6 Prect.; C. E. Eason, 149 Prect.; T. J. Weber, 168 Prect., and C. B. Koerbacher, 17 Prect., for 5 days; T. J. Martin, 18 Prect., and F. J. Allen, 61 Prect., for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, New York; D. C. Miller, 38 Prect., for 5 days; W. C. Franke, 39 Prect., for 2 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, Queens; G. T. Magee, 39 Prect., and J. W. Weiss and F. Maloney, 61 Prect., for 4 days, detailed to Dist. Att'y's office, Bronx; J. I. McCarton, 42 Prect.; William Prantner and C. E. Hooker, 43 Prect., for 10 days. For 5 days from prects. indicated: Matthew Murray and J. P. Hopkins, 276; H. J. D. Grabau, 285; Giuseppe Caravetta, 12; Jacob Lowenheim, 13; Andrew Mealli, 16; W. J. Marion, 43; T. H. Waters, 149; M. W. O'Connell, 150; H. W. L. Van Gilluwe, 154; M. B. Royce, 156; G. H. Cole, 99; Prob. Patrol. F. L. Freer, 29 Prect., to Com'r's office as chauffeur for 10 days. To 3 Dist. from prects. indicated for 5 days: Act. Det. Sergt. (first grade) J. J. Brenick, 23; Act. Det. Sergts. (second grade) W. P. Martin, 18; W. A. Carlson, 21; J. H. Mahoney, 22; W. A. Murphy, 23; G. J. Andrews, Jr., 25.

Appointed as special patrol.: J. J. Nestor, with St. Joseph's Hospital, Bronx; Patrick Walsh, with St. Francis Hospital, Bronx; D. E. Oats, with City Magistrates' Courts, First Div.

Fire Department.

Transfers, to H. & L. Co. 147—Capt. D. F. Harrigan, Eng. 281; Lt. J. P. Hederman, H. & L. 15; Firemen Peter Farrell, Eng. 240; T. A. O'Neil, Eng. 248; J. M. Wagner, 240; T. J. Moore, Eng. 269; J. H. Murray, H. & L. 113; J. J. O'Keefe, Eng. 250; J. J. Maguire, H. & L. 132; C. A. Wilson, Eng. 240; H. A. Duryea, 250; A. J. Kelly, H. & L. 9; W. H. Suphan, Eng. 122. To H. & L. 148—Capt. David O'Keefe, H. & L. 114; Lts. F. J. Gallagher, Eng. 241; Lawrence Everett, Eng. 247; Firemen C. F. Payne, Eng. 276; J. W. Deja, Eng. 239; Theodore Miller, Eng. 282; G. H. Colligan, Eng. 282; Christian Rolf, H. & L. 122; C. A. Swenson, No. 2, H. & L. 109; J. A. Stack, Eng. 250; T. F. Carey, Eng. 240; William Pubs, Eng. 242; J. J. Keane, H. & L. 109; F. F. Martens, H. & L. 4. To H. & L. 149—Capt. E. C. Smith, H. & L. 120; Lts. H. N. Morris, Eng. 241; W. A. Davis, Eng. 284; Firemen C. A. Hutchinson, H. & L. 114; D. E. Geary, H. & L. 131; F. H. Otto, Eng. 284; J. J. Hogan, H. & L. 122; Henry Hock, Eng. 284; Frederick Matthies, Eng. 284; Michael Heaney, Eng. 242; Charles Lavin, Eng. 241; Jacob Laubenberger, Jr., Eng. 241; John Reheuser, Eng. 241; T. A. Campbell, No. 2, Eng. 241.

Capts. P. J. Moran, H. & L. 9 to H. & L. 4; T. J. Dunn, H. & L. 4 to H. & L. 11; G. T. McAleer, H. & L. 11 to H. & L. 9; Michael Corridan, H. & L. 134 to H. & L. 50; Jacob Woll, Jr., H. & L. 1 to H. & L. 76; J. M. Dewey, H. & L. 106 to H. & L. 134; W. F. Elder, Eng. 202 to Eng. 205; Lts. Thomas Murtagh, Eng. 76 to H. & L. 22; M. H. Slevin, H. & L. 8 to H. & L. 35; J. A. Kennelly, Eng. 5 to Eng. 84; J. R. McEvoy, H. & L. 35 to Eng. 92; J. A. Kelly, No. 1, Eng. 271 to H. & L. 5; W. T. Beck, H. & L. 5 to Eng. 71; J. H. Liddy, Eng. 240 to H. & L. 106. J. J. McKeough, Eng. 1 to Eng. 289; J. J. Fell, Eng. 62 to Eng. 69; J. D. Sullivan, No. 2, Eng. 29 to Eng. 62; J. P. Dwyer, Eng. 47 to Eng. 75; Robert Nelson, H. & L. 7 to H. & L. 125; W. C. Persina, H. & L. 9 to H. & L. 25; J. J. Egan, H. & L. 10 to H. & L. 46; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 22 to H. & L. 137; J. J. Mooney, H. & L. 19 to Eng. 49; F. J. Ernst, Eng. 42 to H. & L. 19; J. J. Murphy, No. 3, Eng. 228 to Eng. 33; M. F. Whelan, H. & L. 3 to H. & L. 48; J. A. Lynch, Eng. 5 to Eng. 59; H. J. Downward, Eng. 221 to Eng. 216; A. F. Neary, Eng. 267 to Eng. 249; K. F. O'Toole, H. & L. 46 to Eng. 69; Michael Whelan, Eng. 84 to Eng. 93; A. A. Donovan, Eng. 93 to Eng. 38; W. F. Brennan, Eng. 76 to Eng. 94; E. P. Murtha, Eng. 91 to Eng. 22; G. G. Gratz, Eng. 9 to Eng. 24; P. J. Sheridan, Eng. 37 to H. & L. 78; W. J. Horne, Eng. 286 to H. & L. 135; J. J. Kenney, No. 1, Eng. 286 to H. & L. 135; A. M. Busse, H. & L. 135 to Eng. 286; G. V. Horne, H. & L. 135 to Eng. 286; Charles Hoell, H. & L. 9 to H. & L. 132; W. M. Smith, Eng. 55 to Eng. 154; Charles Sabisch, H. & L. 135 to H. & L. 10; Henry Acker, Eng. 19 to Eng. 67; C. A. Dengel, Eng. 10 to Eng. 91; Jacob Friedman, Eng. 72 to Eng. 8; E. H. McCutcheon, H. & L. 30 to H. & L. 47; George Lorz, Eng. 8 to Eng. 88; Michael Nicklaus, H. & L. 40 to H. & L. 32; G. H. Klaus, H. & L. 107 to H. & L. 128; Arthur Braconnier, Eng. 5 to Eng. 223; M. J. Sullivan, Eng. 20 to Eng. 56; R. J. Meehan, Eng. 23 to Eng. 80; W. J. Donovan, Eng. 11 to Eng. 23; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 35 to H. & L. 40; Lyman Turner, H. & L. 25 to H. & L. 45; James O'Neill, Eng. 53 to Eng. 36; Archie Kenny, H. & L. 8 to Eng. 86; F. C. Meyer, Eng. 33 to Eng. 92; L. S. J. Moran, Eng. 59 to H. & L. 2; Sidney Blum, Eng. 6 to Eng. 153; F. L. Kiefer, Jr., Eng. 29 to Eng. 151; Frank Joseph, H. & L. 10 to H. & L. 76; J. C. Morck, H. & L. 8 to H. & L. 78; G. A. Froese, H. & L. 15 to H. & L. 77.

Mutual, (number of engine follows name)—F. W. Schoenhut, 236 to Eng. 256; P. A. De Baun, 256 to 266; P. L. Hoffmann, 266 to 236; Charles Veit, 215 to 264; Tony Ottmann, 264 to 215; F. W. West, 229 to 204; J. D. Johnson, 204 to 229; M. C. Kerr, 153 to 26; T. E. Tyrrell, 26 to 153; F. J. Daub, 204 to 231; C. H. Tennis, 231 to 250; Charles Young, 250 to 231; T. J. Cahill, 45 to 69; Charles Kiessling, 69 to 45; Alexander Anderson, Hose 4 to Eng. 270; J. C. Shortall, Eng. 270 to Hose 4; William Neureiter, H. & L. 116 to H. & L. 135; William Silbernagel, H. & L. 49 to Eng. 38; C. A. Bross, Eng. 38 to H. & L. 49; T. F. Whitcome, Eng. 201 to Eng. 32; S. A. Gandolfi, Eng. 32 to Eng. 201; W. R. Pelham, Eng. 246 to Eng. 249; J. P. Malone, Eng. 249 to Eng. 246; P. J. McMahon, Eng. 253 to Eng. 284; W. T. L. Coffey, Eng. 284 to Eng. 253; H. E. Cordes, H. & L. 118 to H. & L. 124; C. C. Wodzicki, Eng. 42 to Eng. 21; T. W. Burke, H. & L. 131 to H. & L. 112; George Schell, Eng. 231 to Eng. 264; C. B. Franssen, H. & L. 135 to H. & L. 116; H. L. J. Barthen, Eng. 21 to Eng. 42; T. M. J. Smith, Eng. 229 to H. & L. 107; W. G. Adams, H. & L. 107 to Eng. 229; William Luthin, Eng. 157 to Eng. 159; J. A. Maine, Eng. 159 to Eng. 157; J. J. Connell, No. 2, H. & L. 124 to H. & L. 118; A. C. Polsson, Eng. 225 to Eng. 203; T. J. Fearn, Eng. 203 to Eng. 225; Edward Williams, H. & L. 112 to H. & L. 131.

The commanding officers of Eng. 281, 282, and 284 shall be in control and command of all officers, men, apparatus, and quarters of H. & L. 147, 148, and 149, respectively. They shall designate an officer to command the hook and ladder company each day; separate reports and payrolls will be forwarded.

Revocation of details—George Ayers, Eng. Co. 25, to office of the Fire Com'r, to H. & L. 44. Louis Marsullo, H. & L. 4, as driver to the Chief of the 9 Battalion, to Eng Co. 76. Lts. Edward O'Donnell, (No. 2,) Eng. 242, to Bu. of Repairs. Eusebius Murphy, Eng. 76, Bu. of Fire Prev.; H. J. Joyce, H. & L. 16, Bu. of Fire Prev. W. J. Bowen, Eng. 93, chauffeur, Chief of Construction. William Bauer, Eng. 87, office of Fire Com'r. A. F. Wise, Eng. 246, Myrtle Av. storehouse. Charles Goodman, Eng. 4, Hosp. Stables. J. J. Horan, Eng. 26, Bu. of Fire Prev. J. J. Brenna, No. 1, H. & L. 12, Bu. of Fire Prev. E. F McCaffney, H. & L. 7, Bu. of Fire Prev. G. K. Burns, H. & L. 7, Bu. of Fire Prev. G. R. Moje, H. & L. 87, Bu. of Fire Prev. B. F. Rasmussen, Eng. 226, Bu. of Fire Prev. T. J. Flanagan, Eng. 210, Bu. of Fire Prev. J. J. Flood, Eng. 50, Bu. of Repairs. E. S. Kelly, Eng. 229, Myrtle Av. Storehouse. Charles Connolly, H. & L. 80, Chief 2 Bat. as driver. Henry Krantz, Eng. 49, to Eng. 77, for watch duty. P. J. Mulroy, H. & L. 12, to Medical Bd. W. J. McCabe, Eng. 7, to Bu. of Fire Prev. J. D. Wanzer, Eng. 20, to Bu. of Fire Prev. J. J. Kelly, No. 3, Eng. 56, Supervise weighing of coal.

VI. Revocation of suspension from all duty: J. F. Mooney, No. 2, H. & L. 44.

Fines: J A Luddy, Eng 81, being under the influence of liquor, 5 days; W Lennan, H & L 32, same, 6 days.

Charge dismissed: J F Mooney, No. 2, H & L 44, absence without leave.

Dismissed from the dept: J F Mooney, No. 2, H. & L. 44, absent, no leave; intoxicated, assaulting an officer.

Appointed as prob. foreman: C. W. Brown, Jr., Eng. 6.

Leave with pay: M. F. Judge, Eng. 205, 10 days.

Retired: Capt. M. F. Judge, Eng. 205, 20 yrs. service, pension $1,250.

DENIES COAL MONOPOLY.

Lehigh and Its Subsidiaries Reply to Government's Suit.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company filed in the Federal District Court yesterday its answer to the suit brought against it by the Government under the Sherman act, charging it with conspiring to restrain and monopolize interstate and foreign trade in anthracite coal. Separate answers were filed by the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill Railroad Company, one of its subsidiaries, and by Eben B. Thomas, Lyman D. Smith, Edward T. Stotesbury, Daniel G. Reid, Charles Steele, George F. Baker and other individuals mentioned in the suit.

The railway company, after denying it is violating the commodity clause of the Interstate Commerce act by transporting in interstate or foreign commerce any coal mined by itself, recites its own history from its incorporation as the Delaware, Lehigh, Schuylkill & Susquehanna Railroad Company in 1847 and the opening of its first forty-five miles of track in 1855, until on June 30 last it had a total all-track mileage of 3,354 miles, and a line of Great Lakes steamships. Moreover, it admits ownership of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Coxe Bros. & Co., and other concerns, mentioned in the Government's complaint.

The railway company asserts that the average yearly production is more than 75,000,000 gross tons, of which less than 12,000,000 tons are transported over its lines. Then, pointing out that in the early days some companies were chartered specifically to transport as well as to mine coal, it denies that the present rates make the transportation of anthracite "enormously or even moderately profitable." For many years, it asserts, the owners of the company received a very small return on their investment, and for a long period no return whatever, and at other times and up to the present have not received and are not now receiving a return commensurate with the value of their investment in their property.

In discussing its connection with the Lehigh Coal Company the railway company quotes a Pennsylvania statute authorizing railway and canal companies to purchase coal, iron, and lumber securities, and holds that its ownership of the coal company does not violate the article of the Pennsylvania Constitution prohibiting a common carrier from engaging in mining or manufacturing articles to be carried over its lines. Moreover, it contends that the management of the coal company is entirely distinct from that of the railroad company, although it does control the election of the coal company's directors, and the Presidents of the two concerns are the same individual.

The answers of the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill Railroad Company and of the individual defendants consist of general denials of the Government's allegations.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Burrill, Alice C.—C. Olbrich et al., $125.
Britton, Frederick W., and Francis I.—Le Marquis Hotel Co., $3,951.
Berkowitz, Morris—Oscar Fromme & Bro., $207.
Bowman, Myrtle—C. A. Strouse, $2,069.
Burns, James—W. W. Farley, $1,820.
Baumeister, Harriet—J. Sommer et al., $389.
Byrnes, Horace D.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $143.
Bartel, Sarah—A. C. Rothstein, $190.
Cohen, Louis—A. Siegel et al., $115.
Dorfman, Louis—J. Morris, $215.
Erkins, Henry M.—E. R. Root, $547.
Famiglio, Antonio—C. Gervasi, $1,989.
Goldman, Moses—Public Bank of New York, City, $1,035.
Gotthelf, Isidore—J. Froman, $2,128.
Same—Same, $1,578.
Same—Same, $1,575.
Same—Same, $1,575.
Geisman, Leon, D. A. Aronson et al., $425.
Gloeckner, Ludwig G, and Hans O. Schundler—J. Lyon, $938.
Goldfarb, Moses, and Michael Fishlinsky—H. Rosenberg, $411.
Harris, Abraham—Austin Nichols & Co., Inc., $107.
Hecht, Rudolf—Theodore B. Starr, Inc., $6,219.
Handler, Jacob—A. J. Bates & Co., $295.
Heine, Henry G., and Frederick Carl—Union Trust Co., costs, $100.
Ireland, John D.—A. C. Quackenbush, $4,342.
Jackson, Louis A.—West Side Construction Co., $485.
Kempner, Emma—G. P. Macias, $120.
Kresse, Joseph, and John Voyshok—M. Grocholski, $3,075.
Komles, Emery H.—Knickerbocker Distilling Co., Inc., $126.
Lueders, August—F. O. Dohlheim, $544.
Lockshin, Hyman—M. Swinson et al., $142.
Margulies, Herman—M. J. Gogel, $624.
McLaughlin, James O., Agnes E., and D. Mayer—Kelly & Fuller, $114.
Mortimer, Mary A.—S. A. Ludin et al., $129.
Nathan, Samuel F.—C. Schottenfels, $318.
Oldack, Harry—J. M. Klein, $105.
O'Shea, George—J. J. Wallace, $265.
Prevot, Lena—M. Belitzer, $343.
Purifacto, Salvatore and Eugenia—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $158.
Peck, Edw. H.—H. Dunlap, $117.
Phillips, Philip H.—Goldberg et al., $234.
Penberg, Samuel, and Nathan Kokosky—M. Fliegel, $167.
Peskin, Jacob—E. Wilensky, $350.
Riccio, Gaetano—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $125.
Rose, Maurice—Broad and Market National Bank of Newark, $3,057.
Ridley, Robert V.—J. H. Joiner et al., $475.
Schultz, Frank M.—American Taximeter Co., $204.
Sachs, George, and George Sachs Co.—Chelsea Exchange Bank, $532.
Schober, Max F. and Marie E.—E. Schneider, $428.
Schwefel, Harry, and Morris Roe—I. Mesner, $182.
Seidman, Louis, and Mendel Herzog—J. B. McCoy & Son, $1,342.
Tarriggiani, Luigi, and Lorenzo Severino—R. Mastendrea, $303.
Torpy, Thomas J.—J. L. Marks, $133.
Tonnessen, Clara, adm.—City of N. Y., costs, $134.
Tesoro, Joseph—H. G. Silleck, Jr., $144.
Wesley, Louis—R. W. Marquard, et al, $410.
Wood, Edith P.—Packard Acme Garage, Inc., $1,528.
Waddington, Francis—C. D. Green, $38,324.
Wildman, Joseph E.—F. C. Jones, costs, $582.
Woodcock, Daniel—J. M. Thomas, $760.
Winters, William H.—Alpha Electric Supply Co., $118.
Archer Piano Co.—J. Sommer, et al, $912.
Charles Klepper Cut Stone Co.—American Blue Stone Co., $461.
Federal Union Surety Co.—E. Conway, costs, $134.
F. W. Fey Paper Co. and Ferdinand W. Fey—Ravenswood Paper Co., $544.
H. H. Steffens Trucking Co.—R. G. Paul, $1,014.
Hudson Trucking Co.—C. J. Vannier, $620.
John J. Mitchell Co.—American Colortype Co., $2,877.
Kibetzer Publishing Co.—Public Bank of N. Y., $1,014.
Metzler Building and Construction Co.—C. Nelson, $790.
M. Haas Co., Inc., and Moses Haas—H. M. Engel, $317.
N. Y. Tercentenary Historic Exhibits Co., Inc.—Brighton by the Sea, $9,601.
Queens Home Realty and Construction Co.—E. H. Braun, $260.
Robertson & Giovanne—L. E. Levy, $402.
Union Jewelry Co.—Rex Mfg. Co., $238.

In Bronx County

Archer Piano Co.—J. Sommer and another, $912.
Breen, Michael—A. Oppenheim, $194.
Baumeister, Harriet—J. Sommer and another, $389.
Emanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church—H. Sperry, &c., $1,059.
Lockwood, George W.—James McBride Co., $408.
Perna, Martha—Piser & Co., Inc., $115.
Suesse, Paul—H. Rufly, $1,145.
Watchstein, Hyman—C. H. Bohland, $18,857.
Michael Di Menna Construction Co.—Standard Sand and Gravel Co., $503.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Cohen, Elias A.—E. Levinthal, May 13, 1914, $176.
Miller, Earl A.—W. B. Smith, Nov. 1, 1913, $123.
Shapiro, Harris—F. Mason, March 2, 1914, $1,141.
Windsor Land and Improvement Company, Inc.—W. Ringer, April 25, 1914, $1,522.
Watson, Thomas B.—Lord & Taylor, October 7, 1913, $154.
Jones, Richard W., Jr.—L. H. Sampers, Jan. 12, 1914, (vacated,) $14,126.
Young, William H.—E. Burnham, Dec. 24, 1913, $610.
Lessin, Marcus—Thomas M. McCarthy et al, May 28, 1912, $234.
Blewstein, David—H. Schwarz, July 17, 1913, $5,042.
Sohn, David L.—D. Uhren, Feb. 24, 1914, $249.
Kaufman, David, and Thomas J. Doonan—People, &c., Dec. 24, 1913, $1,000.
Alamo Construction Company—E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Powder Company, Feb. 25, 1913, $229.
Neumann, Cornelius—H. Herrman et al, March 7, 1904, $100.
Mayer, Lawrence J.—B. Crystal & Son, Sept. 25, 1912, $385.
Hogan, Edw. J.—Mosler Safe Company, Dec. 27, 1911, $25,000.
Same—Same, May 22, 1913, $3,031.

Bronx County.

S. Rauh & Co.—Solen J. Reiser & Co., Inc., May 1, 1914, $655.

BUSINESS WORLD

Messalines to be Higher?

Among the goods for which price advances are predicted are messalines. Some manufacturers will accept present prices only for goods in stock and are asking more for late deliveries. A few have withdrawn their lines for Fall and are stating that prices will be announced later. Advances of from five to ten cents per yard are hinted at.

⁂

Taffetas Still Doing Well.

Spot business in silks is as good as it has ever been at this season. From the advance orders booked, the outlook for Fall is considered very encouraging. Taffetas are selling well at present, and printed warp taffetas figure prominently in future business placed. Satins are growing stronger, and satisfactory orders have been received on silk and wool poplins.

⁂

New Moire Ribbons.

Black moire ribbons of the kind that are coming more and more into vogue in the Paris market have made their appearance here the last few days. In the Parisian fashion centre they are used very extensively for hats, as well as a garniture for the dress. The assortment comprises Roman striped ribbons and printed warp ribbons. Besides being in the sombre color, they also run in colored and velour effects.

⁂

To Prevent Wrinkling.

A cardboard form designed to prevent creasing in garments while folded in boxes during delivery has been placed on the market. The article is shaped like two L's placed back to back. By folding a coat over one of these forms, the inventor claims, the shoulders cannot break, and the garment is as fresh when taken from the box as when put in, no matter how rough the handling it may have received.

⁂

Some Activity in Gray Goods.

The gray goods market yesterday showed considerable activity. There were further sales of 38½-inch 60-48s at 4 3-16 cents in a fair-sized way. Also further sales of 38½-inch 64-60s at 4 13-16 cents, for May and June delivery. A few sales were reported of 39-inch 68-72s for near-by and contract delivery at 5½ cents. A limited number of contracts for organdies were executed, together with some good inquiries for fine yarn goods.

⁂

To Postpone Fur Sale.

A number of fur importers and exporters met yesterday in the rooms of the Fur Merchants' Credit Association, 220 Fifth Avenue, to take concerted action toward securing the postponement of the London fur sales, which are scheduled to take place next month. The sales as they are now held, the furriers contend, are so close together that they make for very unsettled conditions in the industry here. If the suggestion of the furriers is carried out, the next sale will not be held until October.

⁂

Imports of Raw Silks.

The growth of the business of importing raw silks is shown in the figures just given out by the Silk Association of America for the period from July 1, 1913 to April 30, 1914. For the ten months the imports aggregated 22,832,432 pounds, of which 16,404,368 came from Japan. The year before, in the corresponding period, the imports were 22,280,437 and, for the year preceding, 17,701,562 pounds. Imports in April were: 1914, 2,064,596 pounds; 1913, 2,141,792 pounds and 1912, 1,738,136 pounds.

⁂

No More Count for Sardines.

They have a national syndicate of sardine manufacturers in France. This is brought to notice by the fact, reported by Consul Schulz at Nantes, that the syndicate has stopped the time-honored method of buying the small fish by the thousand. Now and in the future sardines, sprats and small mackerel will be bought from the fishermen by weight. The advantages of the new method are said to be that it allows more rapid delivery and prevents the spoiling of the fish by the handling which counting involved.

⁂

Sheepskins in London.

LONDON, May 14.—A sale of sheepskins was held here to-day. The attendance was large and the demand was strong. Prices advanced ¼d and full-wooled merinos were often ½d dearer. The offerings amounted to 5,700 bales and Americans bought a fair proportion. Following are the sales and prices paid for clothing and combing: New South Wales, 400 bales at 5d@10⅞d; Queensland, 400 bales at 5¾d@9⅞d; Victoria, 1,300 bales at 4½d@11¼d; South Australia, 1,000 bales at 7d@9½d; West Australia, 700 bales at 4⅝d@10¼d; Tasmania, 100 bales at 5d@10⅝d; New Zealand, 1,500 bales at 5d@11⅜d; Punta Arenas, 1,200 bales at 5⅞d@11½d.

⁂

Less Champagne Is Received.

Those who assume to gauge business conditions from the nature or quantity of the popular potations may draw inferences from the figures of imports of alcoholic beverages. For the four months ending April 30 there were received at this port 43,420 cases of champagne, as against 58,946 in 1913 and 51,693 in 1912. This shows a drop of more than 25 per cent. between last year and this. Importations of Bordeaux wines show a decrease of nearly the same percentage in bulk goods, but only one-seventh in case goods. There has been also a very decided lessening in brandy imports. Italian wines, however, show a continued increase, mostly in cask.

⁂

Americans Compete for Wool.

LONDON, May 14.—A miscellaneous selection amounting to 11,289 bales was readily sold at firm prices at the wool auction sales to-day. The home trade and Americans competed spiritedly for the best grades of greasy cross-breds and scoured merinos were eagerly taken for the Continent. The sales follow: Queensland 100 bales, scoured, 1s 1½d @1s 11d; greasy, 9¼d@11½d. Victoria 1,000 bales, scoured 1s 1d@2s 4½d; greasy, 8d@1s 4d. South Australia 400 bales, scoured, 1s 4d@1s 11d; greasy, 7½d@1s ½d. West Australia 500 bales, greasy, 6½d@1s 3d. Tasmania 100 bales, greasy, 9¾d@1s 1d. New Zealand 8,800 bales, scoured, nil; greasy, 7¼d@1s 2½d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal 300 bales, scoured, 1s 1d@1s 11½d; greasy, 7d@1s.

⁂

Anticipations for Duck.

The Mexican situation as it may possibly affect the cotton duck industry, continues to arouse interest and speculation in trade circles. When the situation became tense by the seizure of Vera Cruz duck cloth, in some instances jumped 3 cents per pound, largely in the belief that the Government would forthwith come into the market for heavy supplies. Considerable business was done as the result of the war scare, many replenishing their stocks in order not to be caught short should the threatened emergency occur. Representatives of the jobbers scanning the bulletin board in the Army Building have for some time been hoping for an announcement of a heavy supply of duck wanted, but so far have been disappointed. It was said yesterday that as the fleet has been for many months in southern waters, the commissary has kept a normal supply of duck on hand, and will not want any great quantity unless war operations actually begin. Some profess to believe that in any event, the Government, in giving contracts will only award them after competitive bidding, and not step in and buy at prices of the merchants' own making. Meanwhile, the uncertainty regarding developments tends to keep prices fairly well up.

⁂

Weight of Packing Cases.

The steps taken by F. Colburn Pinkham, Secretary of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, to interest wholesale merchants who ship merchandise to the coast to cut down the excessive weight of packing cases have been approved by the executive Committee of the organization. The committee has placed itself on record as opposed to the Stevens retail price-fixing bill. At the request of several large Illinois merchants, the National Retail Dry Goods Association will help organize a retailers' association in that State.

⁂

Curtailing Cotton Goods Output.

Handlers of cotton goods are reported as feeling a quickening in the demand for various lines of staples and fancies. Sentiment in this direction is strengthened by the news from textile manufacturing centres that many mills are arranging to materially curtail their output the next three months. A representative of a large commission house in commenting on the situation yesterday said:

"With curtailment on a good-sized scale practically assured, demand and prices should adjust themselves on a satisfactory basis. The proposed action of the mills, as well as those now running on short time, is a wise move, and can be undertaken at this season of the year without bringing undue hardship to the operatives, who in many instances can fall back on farming to bridge over the idle period. The curtailment will eliminate the dangers attending heavy stocks, and make a better tone all around. It is to be noted that no failures come when stocks are right up to date. They make their appearance only when warehouses are filled up with old goods. The indications are that the short time of some of the Lowell mills will be followed quite generally this Summer in other localities. Warmer weather also will undoubtedly help matters along in the trade. This much to be desired climatic condition cannot, it would seem, be much longer deferred."

⁂

High Prices for Silk.

In their report on raw silk, H. L. Gwalter & Co. say the local market continues with a fair demand at full prices and the last flurry in quotations has revealed many needs at the mills for nearby delivery. Italian silks particularly have profited by the high prices asked for Japan silks and by the paucity of stocks in these sorts, but there is also more interest shown in China steam filatures and Canton silks. The Milan market reports a good business for European and American accounts and reelers have raised their limits on the better grades. The Yokohama market has quieted down somewhat since last week, but prices are sustained on a high level by the scarcity of silks of good quality, the best grades being entirely exhausted. Canton is firm and advancing and holders have mostly withdrawn from the market, being well sold ahead. Shanghai continues very firm for steam filatures, contracts in which are reported for delivery up to October already. The supply of coarse white silks in improved Shanghai re-reels and tsatlee cross reels has practically been cleaned out by heavy purchases for American account and there will be very little more coming forward for the next two months. Tussah silks remain unchanged.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

Our crepe and voile dress beats the market in price and style; $2 up; write for samples.
A. M. Wood & Co., 65 West Houston St.

We furnish materials to manufacturers of waists who cater to jobbers only; popular prices. Call with samples; Summer and Fall. 22 West 26th St.

Attention Buyers.—Three hundred assorted walking sticks; will sell cheap in lots to suit. Importers, 1,161 Broadway, Room 305.

We are looking at Fall suits; call afternoon, 7th floor. 158-160 West 29th St.

Contractor wanted, men's white vestees. Alfred H. Aarons & Co., 8 Maiden Lane, New York.

Salesmen for city, West, East, and South, to handle about 1 dozen our best numbers of dresses, $2 up; splendid opportunity for hustlers; strictly commission basis; references. Address Box N 345 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

IRVING S. VAN LOAN of 233 Broadway, who was Vice President and General Manager of the I. S. Van Loan Railway Equipment Co. of 233 Broadway and Reading, Penn., against which company a petition in bankruptcy was filed on March 31, has filed an individual petition, with liabilities $34,910 and assets $9.80 cash. A large part of his liabilities are indorsements on notes of the company. Among his creditors are the Battery Park National Bank, $1,150; Ansonia Hotel, $200; Hotel Wentworth, $240. This is Mr. Van Loan's second plea in bankruptcy. He filed a petition on May 11, 1903, but failed to get a discharge.

CARLTON SHOPS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Carlton Shops, Inc., dealer in furniture at 56 West 45th Street, by these creditors: Amos T. Hill, $781; Philip Albert, $59, and Willet A. Lazier, $60. The concern was incorporated on Feb. 6, 1914, with $30,000 capital stock. J. Russell Hundley is President, and William Moller, Treasurer.

JOHN B. ROGERS of Warwick, Orange County, N. Y., a Deputy Election Inspector, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,396 and nominal assets. Among the creditors are the Herald Square Hotel, $194, and the Evening Post Publishing Company, $250.

ORIENTAL LACE COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Oriental Lace Company of 1,160 Southern Boulevard show liabilities of $23,069 and assets of $17,526, consisting of stock, $1,200; machinery and fixtures, $13,899, and accounts, $2,427.

JOHN PIRELLO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Augustine Sanford receiver for John Pirello, dealer in bicycles at 642 Morris Av., bond $500. It was announced that the petitioning creditors were unable to find Pirello, and that he gave a bill of sale on May 1 to Francesco Giangrasso, who now claims the assets, which are in the hands of a City Marshal.

BRENNER BROTHERS COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed Willard H. Olmsted receiver for Brenner Brothers Company, manufacturers of waists at 146 West Twenty-fifth Street, with authority to carry on business twenty days.

SOLOMON BROTHERS.—Judge Mayer has appointed James S. Clayton receiver for Solomon Brothers, grocers, of 1,312 Amsterdam Avenue, bond $2,500, with authority to carry on business for ten days. The assets are $5,000.

ALBERT BECK.—Judge Mayer has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Albert Beck, who formerly had a theatre at 1,942 Webster Avenue. He filed a petition on Aug. 28, 1912, with $15,548 liabilities.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts to-day, 7,691 packages. Buyers were not operating beyond the most pressing needs of the moment, and most receivers had surplus stock which they were anxious to sell. Creamery, extras, 26@26¼c; firsts, 24@25¾c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 21@21½c; held, 18½@23c; State dairy, finest, 25½@26c; good to prime, 23@25c; common to fair, 18½@22c; process, extras, 20½@21c; firsts, 18½@19½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 19@20c; ladles, current make, firsts, 18¼@19c; seconds, 18c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 16½@17½c; lower grades, 15@16c.

EGGS.—Receipts to-day, 35,779 cases. Arrivals continue liberal. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22½@23c; storage packed, firsts, 21½@22c; regular packed, firsts, 20¾@21½c; seconds, 20@20½c; thirds and poorer, 19¼@19¾c; No. 1 dirties, 19¼@19½c; No. 2, 18@19c; checks, good to prime, dry, 18½@19c; undergrades, 16½@18c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23@24c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, whites, fair to good, 22@22½c; Western, gathered whites, 21@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 22½@23c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 21@22c; duck eggs, State and near by, Indian Runner, 24@25c; Baltimore, selected, 20@23c; Western, 19@21c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 18@20c.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Dry Goods Alliance will hold a meeting of toy buyers next Tuesday at 75 Spring Street.

The Dry Goods Union, 55 White Street, will hold a domestic toys meeting on Tuesday next, and a housefurnishing goods meeting two days later.

Adolph R. Franken of Franken & Frank, 111 Fifth Avenue, sails on the Imperator Saturday, May 16, for the other side. He will return during July with new importations for his line.

Capes & Cape Coats
in all new fabrics,
$5.00, $7.50 and $12.50.
L. W. LAPIDUS,
12 West 27th St., New York City.

NEW YORK CLOTH SPONGING CO.
Not a Member of any trust or combination.
211 WEST 20TH STREET.

Coat Capes, Balmacaans, $3.50 Up.
LOUIS GERSTEN & CO.,
Immediate Delivery. 19-21 W. 24th.

EDUCATION NOTES.

City Superintendent Maxwell announces the following eligible list of women holding License No. 1: Mary M. Desmond, Gertrude B. Besse, Emma B. Green, Louise M. Z. Morris, Hulda M. Eifler, Katharine M. Everett, Rebecca V. Kremer, Anna M. Maguire. Mrs. Desmond and Mrs. Morris have been replaced on permanent license.

Dr. Maxwell has called the attention of school Principals to the fact that on May 16 a statue to Commodore John Barry will be unveiled in Washington, D. C., under the direction of the United States Government. "Commodore Barry," Dr. Maxwell says, "received from George Washington Commission No. 1 in the American Navy. The committee of citizens in charge of this matter has adopted a resolution requesting that the school children, during the week of May 16, make a special study of or write a short essay on Commodore Barry. At the suggestion of President Finley of the State Department of Education I request that all of the public schools in this city co-operate with that committee by making a special study during the present week of the life of Commodore Barry and of his service to his country."

School Principals have been notified by Dr. Maxwell that Dr. S. Josephine Baker, Director of the Bureau of Child Hygiene, Health Department, has informed him officially that of 185 employment certificates issued to public school children during the week March 30-April 4, ninety-six were obsolete forms of school record, which are not in accordance with law; and that during this same period it was necessary to refuse eight children employment certificates because their school records showed that they had not had the amount of education required by law. "In view of these facts," Dr. Maxwell says, "I am constrained again to call your attention to the following directions:

"In making out a school record for a pupil who seeks an employment certificate, use only the new form of record.

"Do not give a school record to any child who has not been legitimately promoted at least into the 7A grade. To advance a child more rapidly than his abilities and attainments authorize, in order that he may obtain an employment certificate, is not only to disobey the law, but to do a great injustice to the child.

"Do not authorize, directly or indirectly, any child under the age of 16, to go to work without an employment certificate. Do not, directly or indirectly, authorize any girl under 16, in fit mental and physical condition to attend school, to remain at home 'to do housework' or for any other purpose whatever.

"I ask all Principals to bear in mind that they should set a good example to all people, particularly the young, in carrying out the law, in letter and in spirit."

The Brooklyn Evening High School for Men held its graduation exercises last evening in the Commercial High School auditorium.

The following members of the Executive Board of the Teachers' League have been assigned to standing committees: Julia Doyle, Committee on Professional Improvement; Jay D. Lester, Pensions and Retirement; Mark Hoffman, Course of Study; Catherine Farrell, School Hygiene; David Holmes, School Management and Organization; F. I. Davenport, Press Committee; David O'Keefe, Vocational Guidance; Ava Parrott, Committee on Cooperation with the Teachers' Council.

The Executive Board of the Teachers' League has adopted important resolutions offered by Dr. David Holmes of the Eastern District High School, with regard to the Teachers' Advisory Council. They say that the Council represents probably not more than one thousand aggregate votes out of nearly 20,000 teachers in the public schools; that these 1,000 votes contain so many duplications and reduplications that they represent in all probability not more than 500 individual teachers; that the method of selection from teachers' organizations instead of from schools or from school districts renders it impossible for the Council to be responsible to the schools or to regard the schools as its constituency, but of necessity responsible to the organizations instead. The resolutions call upon the Council, therefore, to petition the Board of Education to form a new Teachers' Advisory Council which will give fair representation to the other 19,000 teachers now excluded from representation, and that a new method of selection be adopted which will consist of school representation as opposed to organization representation, and allow a single vote for every teacher, as opposed to "a many multiple vote for accidental organization members."

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

BALTIMORE—Strouse-Baer Co.; A. K. Baer, middy blouses; 1,182 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—M. Levy & Sons; A. Levy, straw hats; Claridge.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; A. J. Clarke, hats; Navarre.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; Miss Jones, kimonos; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; L. J. Stegmaier, notions, leather goods; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; E. B. Mann, general merchandise; 220 5th Av.; Vanderbilt.
CHATTANOOGA—Schwartz Bros. Co.; S. Schwartz, general merchandise; 13 E. 22d; Collingwood.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. M. O'Neill, cloaks, suits, (wholesale;) W. J. Gibbs, ladies' shoes, (retail;) Miss Buell, misses' coats, suits; M. G. Wallace, laces, trimmings, lace robes; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; Miss J. Goldberg, misses', children's dresses; A. Binswanger, silverware, jewelry, cutlery, leather goods; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens & Bros.; A. H. Winkler, waists, petticoats; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—R. W. K. Co.; W. A. Kaufmann, jewelry, fancy goods; Claridge.
CHICAGO—The Fair; D. E. Russell, gloves, ribbons, umbrellas; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—H. Manson, jobs, silk dresses; Room 812, 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Solomon, skirts; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; Miss M. Gardiner, corsets; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—M. L. Rothschild, clothing; Herald Square.
CHICAGO—A. S. Bierfield & Co.; A. S. Bierfield, neckwear; Longacre.
CHICAGO—J. M. Stang & Co.; J. M. Stang, cloaks, suits; Grand.
CHICAGO—Marsh Furniture Co.; A. S. Froelich, carpets; Great Northern.
CHICAGO—P. J. Bauer, dry goods; Flanders.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss A. Weiner, art needlework; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—Standard Skirt Co.; A. Soltz, Fall silk, cloth dresses; 1,161 B'way.
DALLAS—Sterling Furniture Co.; E. Walton, carpets; Park Av.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; J. W. Scott, hdkfs., ribbons, laces, gloves, neckwear, umbrellas; 2 Walker.
DENVER—Golden Eagle Dry Goods Co.; H. S. Bauman, cloaks, waists; 315 4th Av.; Grand.
DES MOINES—Lederer, Strauss & Co.; M. Samish, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel Co.; H. Barmby, carpets; 43 Leonard; Hoffman House.
HAMILTON, Ohio—R. Keiser, clothing, funr. goods; Somerset.
HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; E. D. Babcock, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; E. L. Jackson, cloaks, suits; Miss E. Harter, ladies' furnishing goods; 60 W. 33d.
JACKSON, Mich.—R. E. Kennington, notions, hosiery; 320 Church.
LANCASTER—Lonovan Co.; G. Donovan, E. J. Coxey, ladies' children's wash dresses, wash skirts, linen dusters; 470 4th Av.
LEXINGTON—Strauss Bros. Co.; P. Strauss, clothing, furn. goods; Somerset.
LEXINGTON—G. L. Heyman & Co.; G. L. Heyman, carpets; York.
LONDON, England—Selfridge & Co., Ltd.; H. Gordon Selfridge, general mdse., ready-to-wear; 16 E. 18th.
MILWAUKEE—H. L. Breithaupt Co.; H. L. Breithaupt, ready to wear; Marie Antoinette.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Merchandise Co.; L. H. Wells, books, stationery; 214 Church.
MONTREAL—Shaptila Bros.; A. Shaptila, notions, jewelry, fancy, leather goods; 43 Leonard; Claridge.
OMAHA—New York Sample Store; A. Bonoff, silk, cotton waists, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co., Miss M. E. Leverrier, muslin underwear; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—McKinley-Horn Co.; J. P. Horn, laces; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; J. Goldstein, ready-to-wear; Broadway and 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Mr. Palmer, silks; B. B. Croup, furnishing goods; Mrs. Morris, books, stationery; 37 West 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Meyer, Jonasson & Co.; J. Hertz, Miss McNulty, cotton Summer dresses; 11 W. 25th.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann-Baer Co.; M. Baer, representing; 95 Madison Av.; Hermitage.
PITTSBURGH—L. Braun & Co.; L. Braun, laces, muslins; York.
PITTSBURG—Frank & Seder; E. C. Portno, children's white dresses; 470 4th Av.
SALEM—William G. Webber Co.; M. von H. Densmore, ribbons, hdkfs., laces, notions, muslin underwear; 75 Spring; Gregorian.
SCRANTON—Scranton D. G. Co.; I. E. Oppenheimer, ladies' garments; W. Burch, dry goods; 15 E. 26th.
SCRANTON—M. Solomon & Co.; M. Solomon, ready-to-wear; Broadway Central.
SCRANTON—M. Kaplan, carpets; Broadway Central.
ST. PAUL—Robinson-Strauss Co.; C. J. Richter, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.
SUPERIOR, Wis.—J. Weingarten, general mdse.; Broadway Central.
SYRACUSE—Hunter, Tupper Co.; M. J. Weisman, cloaks, suits; 221 4th Av.; Wallick.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; J. C. McIlhaney, carpets, rugs, linoleums, shades, curtains, draperies; 20 W. 22d.
TULSA, Okla.—Hunt-Riddick Co.; D. C. Hunt, notions, shoes, hosiery, ready-to-wear, millinery; 220 5th Av.
TULSA, Okla.—J. C. Hall Co.; J. C. Hall, ladies' ready-to-wear; 43 W. 27th.

UNDER THE LAW

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WILLS FOR PROBATE.

FRITZE, LIBBIE SPANNOCCHIA, (May 8) $100 realty and $40,000 personalty: $38,500 to William Marshall, brother; $500 each to Mary E. Ives and Dr. J. A. Bullinger; $250 to Bridget Quinn; $150 to Sarah M. McGowan; $100 to Delia McGrath.

KIRK, WILLIAM P., (May 8) more than $20,000 each of realty and personalty: personal property to Annie L. Kirk, wife; residue in equal shares, during their lifetimes, to Annie L. Kirk, wife; Andrew J. Kirk, son, and Mary A. Andrews, daughter; remainder interests to Joseph A. Kirk, and Marie, Marguerite, and Dorothy Andrews, grandchildren.

LAHR, JOSEPH, (May 7) $2,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty: household and personal effects and life interest in residuary estate to Lizetta Lahr, wife; $8,000 to Catherine Schuckle, sister; contingent bequest of $5,000 to Louise Liefeld, stepdaughter; $500 to Cemetery of "The Evergreens"; remainder interests in residuary estate to Jacob Schlamp and Albert L. Schuckle, nephews.

SCHULZ, FRANK F., (Apr. 12) $1,900 personalty to Mary Schulz, wife.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.

LIQUIDATION SALE.
UP-TO-DATE STOCK
CLOTHING & GENTS' FURNISHINGS, HATS AND CAPS,
TO-DAY, MAY 15TH, 1914.
at 10:30 A. M. at our additional salesroom,
52 Lispenard St., City.
WE WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION
For account of whom it may concern, entire stock of
Richards & Wirth (Deceased,) Scranton, Pa.
TAYLOR & LEWIS, Attorneys,
Consisting of Men's, Youths', and Boys'
CLOTHING
such as SUITS, OVERCOATS, RAINCOATS, REEFERS, OFFICE and SINGLE COATS, ETC., ETS.; PANTS and KNEE PANTS.
GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars, Overalls and Jumpers, Suspenders, Gloves, Jewelry, Umbrellas, Sweater Coats, etc., etc.
ALSO MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S
DERBIES, SOFT HATS & CAPS
Terms of Sale—CASH. Deposit 25% from All Buyers.
Stock arranged for sale and sold by
Leopold Gans Co.
Tel. Spring 18.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St
To-day, Friday, May 15, 10:30 A. M.,
SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE,
DRY GOODS
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
MEN'S AND LADIES'
FURNISHINGS
LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S
DRESSES, SKIRTS, COAT SUITS, KIMONOS, PETTICOATS, SHIRTWAISTS,
Also to close out 500 dozen
Ladies' and Men's Umbrellas,
and about 1,000 dozen very fine
SUSPENDERS.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
Adrian H. Muller & Son will sell at auction FRIDAY, MAY 15TH, 1914, at 12:30 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, N. Y.:
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
10 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
4,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
4,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
4,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
4,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
4,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.
2,000 shs. Stewart Mining Co.

MERCHANDISE.

Van Praag & Co., Auct'rs, will sell
To-day, Friday, May 15, 1914,
At 10:30 A. M., at Our Salesrooms,
15-17 GREENE STREET, N. Y.
Removed for Convenience of Sale.
$10,000 Very Latest Design Rich
CUT GLASS
in the latest flower and mitre design.
Beautiful Sterling Silver,
Comprising Elaborate Modern Design
CUT GLASS
Vases, Trays, Punch Bowls, all sizes; Finger Bowls, Ice Tubs, Compotes, Candlesticks, Cheese Dishes, Orange Bowls, Whiskey Bottles, Water Bottles, Fern Dishes, Fancy Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Celery Dishes, Sugar and Creamers, Nappies, Jugs, Lamps,
Rich Sterling Silver,
latest design Tea Sets, Demitasse Sets, Vases, Dishes, Trays, Frames, Cups and Saucers, Bouillon Cups, will be sold in large trade lots, without reserve, to the highest bidder.
☞ Dealers, this is a good opportunity to purchase at public auction, in trade lots, beautiful modern design Cut Glass. Don't fail to attend.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

REMOVAL SALE.

Oriental Rugs and Carpets, also
OFFICE FURNITURE and FIXTURES.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
will sell at 262 5th Av., N. Y. City,
on Friday, May 15th, 1914
at 10:30 A. M.,
a large stock of the finest
Oriental Rugs
in the market, such as
Persians, Afghanistans, Smyrnas, Kallistons, Babylonians, Saraks, Sarooks, and others too numerous to mention. Also office furniture and fixtures.
Dealers invited.
By order of a large manufacturer.

THIS DAY AT 2:30 P. M.
and To-morrow (Sat.) at 1 P. M.
PEREMPTORY SALE AT AUCTION.
The Old Galleries, 43 LIBERTY STREET.
ORIENTAL RUGS
in all sizes, weaves, and colors.
TO BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST.
Mr. C. Beauclerc Clarke,
AUCTIONEER. TEL., JOHN—3033.

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO.
MEN'S POCKET-BOOKS	Masterpiece TRADE MARK	Dept. Stores & Dealers. Manufactured by A. L. Steinweg & Co., 131-137 West 35th St.
WAISTS	Geisha	Frankenthal Bros. Co Makers, 16-18 W. 22nd St., N. Y.
BRUSHES ETC.	Parisian Ivory Leonen, France	Geo. R. Gibson Co. Distributors 561-563 B'way N. Y.
STERLING SILVER HOLLOW-WARE	TRADE MARK STERLING SILVER COMMONWEALTH TRADE MARK REG'D	INTERNATIONAL COMMONWEALTH SILVER CO., Madison Av. & 33d St., New York.
KIDDIES' DRESSES	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.
ENGLISH MESH UNDERWEAR	AERTEX Allows the skin to breathe	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors, 315 4 Av., N.Y.C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Bath Robes	A.H.B. BRAND LABEL REGISTERED	Hamburger Bros., 142-144 W. 26 St. New York City.
BRUSHES	See the "V" that "Zel" locks the bristles.	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS, 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK.

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2 Wall St.

Public Utility Investments
Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St.—New York

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move Forward Briskly —Mexican News Is a Large Factor.

The thing which chiefly gave impetus to the stock market yesterday was the news of the fall of Tampico, with its inference of a possible simplification of the Mexican problem through the overthrow of the Huerta Government by the Constitutionalists, which is brought so much nearer by the capture of this important Mexican port. To what would happen after that the financial community was not giving very much thought yesterday, and it freely accepted the news of Tampico's fall as good news which furnished an opportunity for enlarged operations in the stock market. The influence of this development was felt throughout the market, but it was reflected most clearly, of course, in the prices of the securities which have large property interests in Mexico. Mexican Petroleum, American Smelting, and Southern Pacific were all conspicuously strong. To all of these the re-establishment of normal conditions in Mexico would be a development of considerable importance.

While the fall of Tampico was the outstanding feature of the news bearing upon the stock market, it was by no means the sole influence contributing to Stock Exchange improvement. Early in the session United States Steel began to show decided strength. It became by far the most active issue of the session, and its net gain of close to two points suggests the extent to which this stock established itself as a leader in the forward movement. Apart from the broader considerations affecting the day's price changes, the strength in United States Steel was a response to the appearance of a more hopeful sentiment in the steel trade. For some time past there has been developing a disposition to give more heed to the certainty of ultimate recovery from the trade reaction which has been underway, and within the last two weeks views as to the time when the country will enter upon its next forward movement have become more clearly defined.

The question which this suggests for the stock market is whether the actual upturn in trade is yet too far off to be safely discounted in the price of stocks. Market opinion on this point naturally varies with each new development making for a hastening or retardation of business recovery, although the market has lately had at least the support of the view held by many that the uncertainties of the situation had already been pretty fully discounted. There was a sufficient conjunction of news upon which a favorable interpretation was put yesterday to encourage fresh commitments on the long side and to lead to more or less retracing of steps by those who had lately been operating in the market in expectation of another setback in prices.

One of the noteworthy exceptions to the general improvement was the fall in Rock Island collateral trust 4s. It was understood that work had been nearly completed on a plan for the readjustment of the Rock Island finances by the committee representing the stockholders of the Rock Island and that this committee's proposals would shortly be submitted to the representatives of the bondholders. The terms of this plan were not made known, but rumors that they would include a proposal that the bondholders contribute part of the money which has to be raised in connection with the reorganization were in part responsible for the selling of the bonds which carried them under 34, a decline of 2⅜ points compared with the opening price of the previous day. Theoretically, the burden of providing all necessary funds falls exclusively on the stockholders of the Rock Island Company if they would retain any interest in the reorganized property, but the practical question of raising the needed money has to be given consideration as well as the theoretical rights of the holders of the several classes of securities put out by the two holding companies which twelve years ago took over control of the old Rock Island Railway. As the matter now stands, it is being left to the representatives of the shareholders to devise, if they can, a plan which will be acceptable to the bondholders.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	3	2⅝	2⅝	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¼@2¾	2¾@3	3@3¼
Commercial paper (prime bills)	.....	3¼@3¾	3½@4

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$272,974,855	$13,840,132
Sub-Treasury debit balance	....	22,228
Banks lose since Friday	....	2,662,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2¾	2½	20m.48½
Paris	2¾		25f.18c.
London	2 15-16	1⅞@2¼	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8825	$4.8815	$4.8820
A year ago	4.8630	4.8625	4.8625
Since Jan. 1	4.8825	4.8535	
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8820	$4.8860
Paris	5.15⅝—3-64	5.15—1-16
Berlin	95 5-16	95⅜+1-32
Switzerland	5.16¼—1-32	5.16¼+1-16
Holland	40 5-16	40⅜
Belgium	5.18⅝—3-64	5.18⅛—1-16

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85½	$4.84½
Paris	5.18⅛	5.19⅝
Berlin	94⅝	94⅝

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84¼	$4.85½
Paris	5.18⅝	5.19⅝—1-16
Berlin	94⅝	94⅝
Amsterdam	40.00	39.88

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	15c	San Francisco	20c
St. Louis	25c	Montreal	Par
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 15-16d. per ounce, unchanged; New York, 58⅝c., unchanged.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 14. Bid.	Asked.	May 13. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	136	140	136	140
American Cigar pf	98½	100	99	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy	84	89	84	89
British-Am., new	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
Conley Foil	275	295	275	295
Johnson Tin & M	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	130	135	130	135
MacA. & Forbes	190	200	185	190
MacA. & Forbes pf	99	101	98½	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	247	254	247	254
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	140	130	136
R. J. Reynolds	268	275	268	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf	85	[illegible]	84½	[illegible]
United Cigar Stores	87½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Un. Cigar Stores pf	110	[illegible]	[illegible]	115
Un. Prof. Sharing Co.	5⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

U. P. an 8 Per Cent. Issue.

The delays to which the Union Pacific Railroad has been subjected in its effort to distribute a large extra dividend to its common stockholders have taken much of the edge from what long ago promised to be a pleasant feast for the participants. So long as the matter remained undecided by the board, Wall Street found a great deal of satisfaction in speculating on the size and nature of the expected distribution. Since the expected dividend has been held up by legal actions the market has had time to become sated with the mere sight of the melon. It is understood that if the Equitable suit is dismissed on the appeal that the railroad will be free to proceed with its distribution, since the attorneys in the other suit are not averse to having the distribution made.

Meantime, Union Pacific is to be an 8 per cent. issue instead of 10 per cent. This fact was made clear yesterday when the Executive Committee voted to recommend a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. to be paid on July 1. Judge Lovett said some months ago that if the company were permanently enjoined from distributing the melon he would expect the Directors to make up in some way the difference in the dividend.

⁂

Mo. P. Situation Hangs Fire.

Although Thomas L. Chadbourne, Jr., and George J. Gould have been in daily conferences with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., it was said yesterday that no understanding had been reached on the subject of financing the Missouri Pacific. It is expected that the deposit of enough of the $25,000,000 maturing notes to make the extension proposition a certainty will be followed by an agreement looking to the future financing of the road. Until it is known that the notes are to be exchanged there is little likelihood of new banking alliances being made, since Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have from the outset refused to assume responsibility for the notes.

⁂

Another Case of Exaggeration.

The celebrated denial of Mark Twain's untimely death put out by himself some years ago might have been recalled yesterday afternoon to the mind of Norman B. Ream, one of the most prominent capitalists in this country, as he read on the news tickers an account of the annual meeting of the International Harvester Company at Hoboken, in which it was announced that a new Director had been elected to succeed "the late Norman B. Ream." Mr. Ream is actively at work, and may be seen almost any day in the financial district.

⁂

Gold Coin Not Yet Engaged.

The quotation for sight drafts in the foreign exchange market rose to 4.8825 yesterday, and the Street waited to hear that gold coin had been engaged for export. No business in that line was done at the Sub-Treasury, however, and it was said there that only casual inquiries for gold coin had been made by bankers in the last few days. Purely on an exchange basis, the highest quotation reported would not admit of a profit on exports of eagles, but with Russia offering a good premium for gold it had been expected in some quarters that there would be shipments of coin when sterling bills were selling at 4.8825. The prediction is confidently made that a fractional advance beyond this figure will bring engagements for Paris or Berlin, or both, although London is not likely to take gold until between 30 and 50 points more have been added.

⁂

Tampico's Fall Helps Oil Stock.

Mexican Petroleum shares reflected in pronounced strength yesterday the fall of Tampico. An active demand for the stock appeared with the start of business, and followers of this issue made much capital of the reported invitation from the Constitutionalists to American oil men to return to the field. Traders apparently did not try to persuade themselves that the company's operations would immediately return to a normal basis, but they felt that the property would be protected. The changeable fortunes of war were not considered for the time being. On transactions of 6,900 shares the stock advanced 6 points and then reacted a point. Traders have not forgotten the announcement made when the preferred dividend was withheld last January, and which was to the effect that the company could well afford to make the payment if conditions in Mexico were not such as to prompt the conservation of resources.

⁂

Buyers in the Market.

Several brokers said they bought Steel yesterday for customers who switched from the short to the long side because they thought conditions were so depressed in the trade that they could not get much worse. Others told of selling Steel on orders placed with the conviction that the steel business would not improve for some time. The demand was heavier than the offerings, and the upward swing in prices indicated that stocks were being accumulated. There was more cheer in commission houses than on preceding days of the week, and the way prices were followed up evidenced considerable eagerness on the part of bidders for stock.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	340	345
American Light & Traction pf	107	109
Adirondack Electric Power	13	14
Adirondack Electric Power pf	45	48
*American Gas & Electric	80	82
*American Gas & Electric pf	47	49
American Power & Light	60	62
American Power & Light pf	82	83
American Public Utilities	45	50
American Public Utilities pf	72	75
Am. Water Works & Electric	4	5
Am. Water W. & Elec. partic. pf	19	21
Am. Water Works & Elec. 1st pf	74	76
Appalachian Power Co	4	6
Appalachian Power Co. pf	15	20
Arizona Power Co	5½	10
Arizona Power Co. pf	32	40
Arizona Power Co. 1st 6s, '33	80	85
Cities Service	87	89
Cities Service pf	72	74
Colorado Power Co	15	17
Colorado Power Co. pf	85	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L	59	61
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	80	82
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	91	93
Electric Bond & Share Co. pf	98½	100
Electric Bond Deposit pf	67	70
Empire District Electric 5s	75	80
Empire District Electric pf	75	78
Federal Light & Traction	19	22
Federal Light & Traction pf	68	71
Gas & Electric Securities	110	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf	84	88
Gen. Gas & Electric	3	8
Gen. Gas & Electric pf	55	60
Great Western P. 1st 5s, '46	81	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	34
Mobile Elec. 1st 5s, '46	86½	90
Northern Ontario Light & Power	18	21
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf	60	64
Northern States Power	17	18
Northern States Power pf	74	76
Ozark Power & Water	30	35
Pacific Gas & Electric	41	42
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	82	84
Republic Ry. & Light Co	17	19
Republican Ry. & Light Co. pf	67	70
Southern California Edison	82	85
Southern California Edison pf	96	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	6	7½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	22	25
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	14	15
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. pf	68	70
United Light & Rys	72	75
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	74	77
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	69	71
United Utilities	25	30
United Utilities pf	97½	101
Utah Securities	18⅞	19¼
Western Power	16	17
Western Power pf	60	62

*Par value $50.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Wide Fluctuations in Some of the Oil Stocks, Several of Which Decline Sharply.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 65,613 shares of stocks and $101,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 15,322; oils, 2,091, and mining 48,200. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Brit.-Am. Tob.	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
300	Br.-Am. T. new	22½	22½	22½	22½
300	Houston Oil	14	14	14	14
1,070	Man. Trans	11-16	⅞	11-16	⅞
1,500	Max. M't'rs	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
600	Max. M. 1st pf	42⅝	43¼	42⅝	43
1,000	Max. M. 2d pf	17½	18	17½	17⅝
500	Nat'l C. & S.	54	54½	54	54½
500	Nat. C. & S. pf	97½	97½	97¼	97½
550	Pueb. S. & R.	2 3-16	2⅝	2 3-16	2⅝
300	Riker & H.	9½	9½	9½	9½
100	Ster. G. w i	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
100	Un. Cig. S.	87	87	87	87
8,000	Un. Prof. Sh.	5	5⅝	5	5⅝
102	Willys Over	65	66	65	66

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
500	Anglo-Am. Oil	16⅝	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
8	Atlantic Refin.	617	615	616	+ 1
33	Continent. Oil	218	213	213	— 8
25	Cres. P. L.	50	50	50	..
1	Eureka P. L.	264	264	264	— 1
10	Indiana P. L.	138	188	138	..
15	Nat'l Transit	39	39	39	..
28	N. Y. Transit	274	271	274	+ 3
15	North. P. L.	116	115	115	+ 1
410	Ohio Oil	177	173	173	— 2
75	Pierce Oil	83	78	83	+ 7
65	Prairie O.&G.	454	445	453	+ 1
40	South. P. L.	223	219	220	— 3
245	S. Penn. Oil	275	258	272	+12
175	†Sd. O. of Cal.	308	306	307	— 3
50	Sd. O. of Ind.	460	451	452	— 3
55	Sd. O. of Kan.	420	395	400	—30
50	Sd. O. of N. J.	411	406	406	— 5
225	Sd. O. of N. Y.	219½	216½	218	— 1
10	Sd. O. of Ohio	405	400	400	— 5
1	Swan & F.	190	190	190	— 5
15	Union T. L.	85½	85½	85½	+ ½
40	Vacuum Oil	219	218	218½	— ½

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,000	Cons. G. r'ts	3 5-16	3 7-16	3 5-16	3⅜
200	Un. Pac. rts	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	*Atlanta	21	21	20½	20½
400	Boston Mon	9	9¼	9	9¼
2,100	Braden Copper	8	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞
200	Brit. Col. Cop.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
10	Cal. & Arizona	65½	65½	65½	65½
200	Can. Cop. Cor., w. i.	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16
3,750	*Caribou Cob.	66	68	64	68
1,200	Con. Ar. Sm.	7-16	7-16	⅜	⅜
640	Con. Cop. M.	1½	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
300	Crown Res	1⅜	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
1,000	*C. O. D. Con	4½	4½	4½	4½
1,000	*D'field Daisy	7	7	7	7
1,970	*Dome Mines	9½	9⅝	8⅝	9¼
1,700	Gold Hill	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
710	Goldfield Con.	1 7-16	1½	1⅜	1½
20	Greene-Can	33½	33½	33½	33½
1,000	*Keene Won.	10	10	10	10
500	Kerr Lake	4 9-16	4 9-16	4 9-16	4 9-16
450	La Rose Con	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝	1 7-16
300	*McKin.-Dar.	64	64	64	64
100	Mines of Am.	3	3	3	3
500	*Nevada Hills	33	33	33	33
300	Nip. Mines Co.	6	6⅛	6	6⅛
1,500	*North Star	29	29½	29	29
1,000	*Oro	12	12	12	12
500	Pacific Smelt.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,500	*Silver Pick	5½	5½	5	5
150	Stan. S.-L.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	Stewart	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
1,100	*Temiskaming	17	17	16	16
3,500	Tonopah Ext.	2½	2 9-16	2½	2 9-16
300	Tono. J. But.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
5,000	*Ton. Merger	57	57	57	57
3,000	*Tono. Miz	34	34	32½	32½
100	*Tono. Mon	78	78	78	78
100	Tono. of Nev.	6 7-16	6 7-16	6 7-16	6 7-16
2,500	*To. Res. Eula	18	18	17½	17½
700	Tularosa	¼	¼	¼	¼
2,800	West End Con	89	89	87	88
2,200	*West End Ext	4	4½	4	4

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Can. P. 6% notes	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
100,000	Con. G. cv. 6s	113⅝	113¾	113⅛	113⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

COTTON REPORT FOR APRIL.

499,772 Bales Consumed, 2,925,737 on Hand, 31,074,250 Spindles.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The following statistics of cotton consumption and distribution for April were announced to-day by the Census Bureau (figures in running bales; foreign cotton equivalent 500-pound bales):

	1914.	1913.
Cotton consumed	499,772	478,506
Foreign included	20,602	......
In cotton States	260,133	254,223
In all other States	239,639	224,283
ON HAND APRIL 30.		
In manufacturing establishments	1,595,792	1,653,307
Cotton States	720,100	721,521
All other States	875,692	931,786
Independent warehouses	1,329,945	1,840,605
Cotton States	1,130,426	1,140,184
All other States	199,519	200,421
Imports	32,971	20,776
Exports	398,215	534,596
Linters consumed	26,359	25,484
LINTERS ON HAND APRIL 30.		
In manufacturing establishments	98,836	93,083
Independent warehouses	66,143	46,268
Linters exported	32,196	......
Active cotton spindles	31,074,250	30,572,108
Cotton States	12,384,852	11,911,333
All other States	18,689,398	18,660,775

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of May show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Four roads	$1,304,164	+$9,988
Twenty roads	9,077,385	—1,076,994
Twenty-four roads	10,381,549	—1,067,006

BANGOR & AROSTOOK for March:

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	428,429	326,550	101,880
Net	211,417	82,955	128,462
Surp. aft. chgs.	127,677	*19,907	147,584
9 mos. gross	2,775,262	2,341,763	433,499
Net	947,220	656,043	291,177
Surp. aft. chgs.	70,892	177,141	248,033

*Deficit.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Am. Locom.	5	July, 1915	100	100¼	4.60
Am. T. & T.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.95
Austrian Gov.	4½	July, '14-15	100¼	100½	3.30
Balt. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100¼	100½	1.50
Boston & M.	6	June 2, '14	89	93	92.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	103½	103⅞	5.40
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	96½	97	5.70
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	99½	99⅞	6.55
Chat. Ry. & L.	5	June, 1917	97½	99	5.50
C. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96	98	6.65
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99⅛	99⅝	5.55
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100⅛	100½	3.25
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Federal Sug.	5	Nov. 1, '14	99	100	5.00
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100⅞	101⅝	4.80
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99⅛	99⅝	4.95
Harlem Riv.	5	May, 1915	98⅞	99	6.00
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅝	100⅞	3.20
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	2.20
Int. & G. N.	5	Aug., 1914	90	93	37.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100⅛	100⅜	3.90
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	96¼	98	6.35
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2, '15	100¼	100⅝	3.90
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	94	96	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	92	94	11.25
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	92½	93½	100.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99¼	100¼	5.40
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99⅛	100¼	6.15
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Sep. 15, '14	100⅝	100⅞	2.75
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅝	100⅞	3.20
N.Y.C.&H.R.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.95
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	98⅞	99	6.00
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅛	100⅜	1.50
Pac. Gas & El.	5	Mar. 25, '15	99	100	6.00
P. S. Corp., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99	99⅝	5.40
Seab. A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99½	100	5.00
So. Pacific	5	Jun. 15, '14	100⅛	100⅜	1.50
So. Railway	5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	2.00
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100⅛	100¼	5.80
U.S.S.R.&M.	5	Aug., 1914	100¼	100⅛	3.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97⅞	98⅛	6.15
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	102⅛	102⅝	5.05
Utah Co.	6	May, 1917	100½	100⅝	5.80
W. El. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101⅝	102¼	4.20
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	97½	7.30
West. Power	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1914-21	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-23	4½	4.45	4.40
Buf., Roch. & P.	1914-30	4½@5	4.85	4.40
Ches. & Ohio	1914-17	4	4.85	4.60
Chi. & N. W.	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-23	5	4.80	4.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-23	4 @5	4.80	4.60
Illinois Central	1914-23	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Int. Great North	1914-23	5	6.00	5.25
Louis. & Nash	1914-23	5	4.50	4.40
Mo., Kan. & T.	1914-23	5	5.40	5.00
Missouri Pacific	1914-22	5	5.90	5.10
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1914-28	4½@5	4.65	4.55
Norfolk & West	1915-24	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. Gen. Freight	1914-23	4 @4½	4.40	4.30
St. L. & I. Mt. S.	1914-23	5	5.25	4.80
Seaboard Air Line	1914-23	4½	4.75	4.60
Southern Railway	1914-24	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Southern Pacific	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-19	5	4.80	4.70
Wabash	1914-21	5	6.25	5.25

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
420	Con. Power	105	104⅞	105
20	Con. Power pf	113	113	113
1,176	Elkhorn Fuel	21½	20¼	21½
35	Fairmont Gas	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
8	Fairmont Gas pf	47½	47½	47½
360	Houston Oil ctfs	14	14	14
100	Howard Bank	15½	15½	15½
201	United Rys. & Elec.	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞
10	U. S. Fid. & Guar.	188	188	188

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Cen. Ry. 1st con. 5s	105	105	105
4,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	98½	98½	98½
2,000	Con. Power 4½s	89½	89½	89½
1,000	Davison Chem. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
500	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	29	29	29
1,000	Md. Electric 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
1,000	M. E. R. & L. r. 4½s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
1,000	Southbound 5s	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜
1,000	Un. E. L. & P. 4½s	92¼	92¼	92¼
5,000	Un. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
7,000	U. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	65¼	65	65
3,000	U. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	86⅝	86¼	86¼
300	U. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	87	87	87
2,000	West N. Car. 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

BOSTON.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	1¼	1¼	1¼
19	Ahmeek	270	270	270
20	Algomah	95c.	95c.	95c.
90	Alouez	40½	40	40½
80	Am. Zinc	17⅛	17	17⅛
290	Ariz. Coml	4⅝	4½	4 9-16
100	Bonanza	51c.	51c.	51c.
9,500	Butte & Superior	39⅞	38⅞	39⅝
242	Cal. & Ariz.	65⅝	64⅞	65⅝
3	Cal. & Hecla	425	425	425
435	Copper Range	38	36⅝	38
135	East Butte	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
50	Franklin	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
495	Granby	82	81	81⅝
245	Isle Royale	20½	20¼	20½
50	Keweenaw	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16
315	Lake	6½	6¼	6½
120	La Salle	4⅜	4¼	4¼
200	Mass. Cons.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
200	Mayflower	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
510	New Arcadian	6½	6¼	6½
1,810	North Butte	27	26	27
215	Old Colony Mine	4½	4¼	4½
35	Old Dominion	47½	47½	47½
25	Osceola	75	75	75
830	Pond Creek	18⅝	18¼	18⅝
65	Quincy	59⅞	59	59⅞
80	Shannon	5½	5⅜	5½
150	Shattuck	24	24	24
100	South Utah	16c.	16c.	16c.
65	St. Mary's	36	35	35⅝
1,200	Sup. & Boston	2¼	1 15-16	2¼
75	Superior	29	28⅞	29
15	Tamarack	35½	35½	35½
1,156	U. S. Smelters	33⅛	33	33⅛
488	U. S. Smelters pf	44⅝	44¼	44¼
235	Utah Cons.	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
245	Winona	3⅝	3½	3½
200	Wyandotte	59	52	52

RAILROADS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Boston Elev.	79¼	79¼	79¼
45	Boston & Maine	44	43⅞	43⅞
5	Old Colony	153	153	153
86	West End St.	68	68	68
15	West End St. pf	87	87	87

MISCELLANEOUS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
145	Am. Ag. Chem.	54	54	54
28	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	94½	94½	94½
25	Amoskeag	61	61	61
25	Amoskeag pf	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
100	Am. Pneu. Service	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
60	Ga. Ry. & E.	120⅛	120⅛	120⅛
32	Mass. Gas	87	86½	86⅝
14	Mass. Gas pf	93	92⅞	93
1	Mex. Tel. pf	5	5	5
50	Miss. Riv. Pow. pf	62	62	62
5	N. E. Cotton Yarn	20	20	20
270	Reece Button	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
400	United Fruit	156⅛	155	156⅛
630	United Shoe	57⅛	56⅞	57
20	United Shoe pf	29	29	29
1	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	103	103	103

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	65	65	65
2,000	Dominion Coal 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	79	79	79
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101
1,000	Pond Creek 6s	103	103	103
6,000	Western Tel. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
526	Chi. Ry. ser. 2	33½	33¼	33½
45	Ills. Brick	64	64	64
90	Cas City Ry. & Lt. stock	20½	20	20½
155	Cas City Ry. & Lt. ctfs	20	19⅞	20
25	Nat. Carbon	109½	109¼	109½
10	Pacific Gas	40½	40½	40½
13	Public Service pr	95	95	95
95	Swift	105½	105⅜	105½
10	Union Carbide	154½	154¼	154¼

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chicago Ry. inc.	48	48	48
2,000	City Ry. 5s	100	100	100
6,000	Com. Edison	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
89,000	Pub. Service 5s	91¼	90⅞	90⅞
5,000	Union Elev. 5s	80	80	80

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Gas of N. J.	102½	102½	102½
3	American Railways	37	37	37
930	Cambria Steel	47½	47	47½
10	Cons. Tract., N. J.	73	73	73
118	Electric Storage	52⅜	51⅞	52⅜
206	General Asphalt	38	36½	38
75	General Asphalt pf	77	76	77
56	Insurance Co., N. A.	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
100	Keystone Tel.	11	11	11
45	Keystone Tel. pf	57¼	56½	57¼
302	Lehigh Navigation	78	77½	77½
132	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	78	77⅞	77⅞
430	Lehigh Val. Tr. pf.	30¼	30¼	30¼
25	Mexican Petroleum	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜
45	Philadelphia R. T.	17	17	17
630	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞
29	Penn. Steel pf	62	60	62
225	Philadelphia Co.	40½	39⅞	40½
5	Phila. Co. cum. pf.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
1,946	Phila. Electric	26	25⅞	26
19	Phila. Traction	80⅞	80⅝	80⅞
20	Penn. Salt Mfg.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
63	United Gas Imp.	83⅜	83	83
620	Union Traction	44¼	44	44¼
10	Westmoreland Coal.	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$100	City 4s, 1943, coup.	101¼	101¼	101¼
8,000	Leh. Nav. con. 4½s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	Leh. Val. gen. 4½s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	Lehigh Valley 4s	92	92	92
1,000	Leh. Val. Trac. 5s	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜
3,000	L. V. Coal 5s, coup.	105	105	105
1,000	Newark P. Ry. 5s	105	105	105
40,000	Phila. Co. 1st 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
6,000	Phila. Electric 5s	102	102	102
5,000	Phila. El. gold 5s	80½	80½	80½
11,000	United Rys. inv. 5s	73	73	73

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Am. Sewer Pipe	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
170	Columbia Gas	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
10	Crucible Steel pf	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
75	Man. Light & Heat	50¼	50⅛	50¼
50	Nat. Fireproof	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
145	Nat. Fireproof pf	26	25⅞	25⅞
20	Osage	58	58	58
30	Ohio Fuel Oil	11⅝	1⅝	11⅝
20	Pitts. Brewing	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
20	Pitts. Brewing pf	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞
100	Pitts. Plate Glass	104	104	104
750	Pure Oil ex. div. 5%	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜
66	Union Switch	109½	109	109
100	Westinghouse A. B.	126½	126¼	126½

BOND.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	68	68	68

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16½	17	16⅛	17
Atlantic Refining	610	620	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	270	280	270	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	140	143	140	143
Chesebrough Mfg	660	670	660	670
Colonial Oil	95	105	95	105
Continental Oil	212	217	215	220
Crescent Pipe Line	48	52	50	53
Cumberland Pipe Line	52	56	52	56
Eureka Pipe Line	260	265	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil	178	182	178	183
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	143	146	143	146
Indiana Pipe Lines	136	139	136	139
National Transit	38	40	39	41
New York Transit	270	280	265	275
Northern P. L.	113	117	113	117
Ohio Oil	172	175	174	176
Prairie Oil & Gas	445	450	450	455
Solar Refining	300	310	300	310
Southern Pipe Line	216	221	220	225
South. Penn. Oil	270	275	258	263
S. W. Penn. P. L.	142	147	142	147
Standard Oil (Cal.)	305	308	309	311
Standard Oil (Ind.)	450	455	450	453
Standard Oil (Kan.)	395	405	430	440
Standard Oil (Ky.)	264	268	265	270
Standard Oil (Neb.)	345	355	360	370
Standard Oil (N. J.)	405	407	410	413
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	217	219	219	221
Standard Oil (Ohio)	400	407	400	410
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	84	86	85	87
Vacuum Oil	217	220	218	221
Washington Oil	45	50	45	50
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.01	Kentucky Con	.01
Andes	.02	Mexican	.89
Belcher	.32	Occidental Con	.68
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.14
Chollar	.01	Overman	.24
Con. Cal. & Va.	.08	Potosi	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Savage	.02
Crown Point	.24	Seg. Belcher	.06
Gould & Curry	.01	Sierra Nevada	.05
Hale & Norcross	.01	Union Con	.08
Julia	.01	Yellow Jacket	.19

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	7.20	Comb. Fraction	.06
Jim Butler	1.00	D'field Daisy	.06
McNamara	.03	D'field Bl. B.	.03
Midway	.33	Florence	.52
Mizpah Exten.	.31	G'field Con. M.	1.40
Montana	.75	G'field Merger	.01
North Star	.30	Jumbo Exten.	.23
Rescue Eula	.18	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Exten.	2.52½	Silver Pick	.04
Tonopah Merger	.56	Vernal	.01
West End	.86	Nevada Hills	.33
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.26
Atlanta	.20	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.06	Manhattan Con.	.04
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Big Four	.07

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	5½	7	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	42½	44	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	150	200	Portland	107	108
Findlay	2	..	Vindicator	92	94
Gold Dol.	3⅝	4½	R. B. H.	3	3¼
Isabella	11½	11¾			

BOURSES OF EUROPE

More Confident Tone in London, Due to Completion of Settlement—Paris Prices Steady.

LONDON, May 14.—The completion of the settlement on the Stock Exchange to-day without further apparent difficulty restored confidence somewhat and induced light local and Continental purchases for the new account. Small general gains were recorded, but Home Rule and Mexican uncertainties checked business. The market finished quietly firm.

American securities were quiet, with a good undertone during the forenoon, and most of the list advanced a fraction. In the late trading Wall Street buying appeared, and Chesapeake & Ohio and United States Steel were active leaders in the upward movement. The closing was firm.

Money and discount rates were dearer.

PARIS, May 14.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 86 francs 85 centimes for the account.

BERLIN, May 14.—Domestic securities were steady, but foreign issues were weak on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74⅝	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, acct.	74 15-16	..	..	+1-16
Amalgamated	75	73¼	72⅝	+ ⅝
Atchison	97⅝	95⅛	95¼	+ ⅛
Balt. & Ohio	93	90⅝	90⅝	+ ⅛
Can. Pacific	196⅞	192¼	191	+ 1¼
Ches. & Ohio	54	52⅝	51¼	+ 1½
Chic. Gt. West.	12	11⅝	12½	— ⅜
St. Paul	101	98⅝	98¼	+ ⅜
Denver	12½	12	..	..
Erie	29⅛	28⅝	28¼	+ ⅜
Erie 1st pf.	44½	43½	43⅛	+ ¼
Illinois Cent.	113	110⅜	110¼	+ ⅛
Louis. & Nash.	138	134⅝	..	..
Kan. & Texas	16⅝	16¼	..	..
N. Y. Central	95⅛	93	93	..
Norf. & West.	106½	104	104	..
Ont. & West.	26¼	25⅝	..	..
Pennsylvania	57	111⅜	111	+ ⅜
Reading	85	166	164⅝	+ 1¼
So. Railway	25⅛	24½	24⅝	+ ⅛
So. Pacific	93⅝	91⅛	91	+ ½
Union Pacific	160½	156⅝	155⅝	+ 1
U. S. Steel	61⅝	60⅛	59⅛	+ 1¼
Wabash	1	1	1	..

Sxchange, 4.88.10.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£30,000
Circulation decreased	106,000
Bullion decreased	135,247
Other securities decreased	379,000
Other deposits decreased	628,000
Public deposits increased	224,000
Notes reserve decreased	83,000

Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 44.51 per cent.; last week it was 44.26 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, May 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	13,486,000
Silver in hand decreased	5,192,000
Notes in circulation decreased	51,050,000
Treasury deposits increased	22,325,000
General deposits increased	4,225,000
Bills discounted increased	44,525,000
Advances decreased	23,000,000

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	78.88	78.33	78.81	+ .89
Industrials	59.44	58.81	59.37	+ .80
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
May 7	68.60	68.08	68.16	— .16
May 8	68.10	67.62	67.74	— .42
May 9	67.90	67.48	67.87	+ .13
May 11	68.42	67.93	68.24	+ .37
May 12	68.45	68.18	68.31	+ .07
May 13	68.46	68.13	68.24	— .07
May 14	69.16	68.57	69.09	+ .85

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
May to date	69.16	May 13	67.48	May 9	69.09
May, 1913	71.25	May 26	69.45	May 1	69.69
May, 1912	83.17	May 2	80.08	May 31	80.19
May, 1911	82.78	May 22	79.40	May 11	81.81
Yr. to date	73.80	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25	69.09
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The capture of Tampico by the Mexican rebel forces gave a bullish impetus to the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange from the opening of business at 9:30 o'clock. It was construed as tending to indicate the early collapse of the Huerta régime and the possibility that in such an event it will be necessary for the United States to intervene in Mexico. Fractional improvements compared with Wednesday's closing prices were general on the opening call and the market gradually gathered further strength, with trading broadening out as the session progressed. Final prices were at or close to the best. The advance in the market stimulated an increased inquiry for stocks from commission houses.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
80	Alaska Gold	28	28	28	28
1,890	Amal. Copper	72⅝	74	72⅝	73⅞
170	Am. B. S.	21½	22½	21½	22½
370	Am. Can	27⅝	28	27⅛	27⅞
150	Am. Ice Sec.	31⅛	31⅝	31	31⅝
30	Am. Loco	32½	32½	32½	32½
510	Am. Smelting	62¼	64¼	62¼	64⅛
20	Am. Sugar	105	105	105	105
10	Anaconda C.	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
50	A., T. & S. F.	95½	95⅝	95½	95⅝
20	Balt. & Ohio	91	91	91	91
30	Beth. Steel	42⅝	42⅝	42½	42½
10	Brook. R. T.	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
90	Cal. Petrol	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21½
1,170	Can. Pacific	191¼	192⅝	191¼	192⅝
210	Cent. Leather	35⅛	36	35⅝	36
440	Ches. & Ohio	51½	52⅝	51⅛	52⅝
140	C., M. & S. P.	98⅝	100	98½	100
90	Chino Copper	42	42½	42	42½
40	Cal. F. & I.	27⅝	28	27⅝	28
50	Con. Gas	129⅝	130	129⅝	130
20	Dis. Sec.	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
530	Erie	28⅝	29½	28⅝	29¼
20	Gt. North. pf.	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝
120	Inter. Met. pf.	62⅛	62⅝	62⅛	62⅝
10	Int. Harvest	107	107	107	107
270	Lehigh Val.	139¼	140	139¼	140
710	Mex. Petrol	59⅛	62	58¼	61¼
2,020	Mo. Pacific	18⅛	19	17⅞	18⅝
20	Nevada Con.	14⅛	14½	14⅛	14½
500	N. Y. Central	93¼	94	93¼	94
210	New York, N. H. & H.	69⅛	69⅝	69	69½
10	Norf. & West.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
160	Northern Pac.	110⅝	111	110⅝	111
100	Pennsylvania	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
60	Ray Copper	22	22⅛	22	22⅛
9,020	Reading	165⅛	166⅛	165⅛	165⅝
10	Rock Isl. pf.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
440	Southern Pac.	91⅝	92⅝	91⅛	92⅝
20	South. Ry.	25	25	25	25
100	Tenn. Copper	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
40	Third Ave.	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
6,340	Union Pac.	156	157⅝	156	157⅛
30	U. S. Rub.	58⅝	58⅝	58¼	58¼
13,630	U. S. Steel	59⅝	61	59⅝	61
630	Utah Copper	57⅛	58⅛	57	57⅛
230	Va.-C. Chem.	28¼	30⅛	28¼	30⅛
120	West. Elec.	75½	75⅛	75⅛	75½

40,890

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Atlanta	.21	.21	.21	.21
1,200	Booth	.07½	.07½	.07	.07
500	Caledonia	.48	.49	.48	.49
400	Elkton	.45	.45	.45	.45
300	Gold'f'ld Con.	1.42½	1.42½	1.42½	1.42½
900	Jim Butler	1.02½	1.02½	1.00	1.00
7,000	Jumbo Ext.	.24	.24	.24	.24
200	Mexican	.82	.82	.81	.81
1,000	Rescue Eula	.17½	.17½	.17½	.17½
400	Silver Pick	.06	.06	.06	.06
500	Tono. Merg	.57	.57	.57	.57
700	West End	.89	.89	.87	.87

13,700

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday renewed dulness was shown with commodities on a parity with last night's closing with the exception of tin, which improved ¼c.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.50	14.10	Spelter	5.10	5.20
May	13.50	14.10	Lead	3.85	3.95
June	13.50	14.10	Antimony	7.25	7.37½
			Tin	33.90	34.10

London copper market yesterday closed quiet. Spot, at £63, was off 2s 6d, and futures were unchanged at £63 12s 6d. Tin showed an advancing tendency, spot being up 10s at £155 15s and futures was 7s 6d higher at £155 10s.

Spanish pig lead, £18 7s 6d, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 51s 7½d, up 3d. Spelter, £21 7s 6d, unchanged.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Receipts and expenditures:

	May 13.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,122,447	$8,735,579	$256,510,085
Int. rev. ord.	953,294	10,159,604	266,807,693
C. & in. tax	154,256	956,225	[illegible]
Miscellan'us	579,569	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total rcts.	2,809,568	22,136,[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenditures	2,236,154	20,080,[illegible]	[illegible]
Surplus	573,414	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deficit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

$1,128,000 PROFIT FOR C.&O.

Anti-Trust Decree Helps Road by Forcing It to Sell K. & M. Stock.

By obeying a decree handed down by the Federal Court in November, 1913, which ordered the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Lake Shore to end an arrangement whereby they held joint control of the Kanawha & Michigan, the Chesapeake & Ohio has made a profit of $1,128,000.

The directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio yesterday approved an agreement to sell 40,292 shares of Kanawha & Michigan Railway Company stock to Lake Shore interests at par. This stock was purchased in 1910 at $72 a share. With the exception of a few shares, it is pledged under Chesapeake & Ohio first lien and improvement mortgage, under the terms of which the proceeds from the sale must be deposited with the trustee. Under the terms of the mortgage the proceeds, including the profit on the transaction, are to be used for the purchase of other property or securities or for additions and betterments.

The sale was made to comply with the court decree in the anti-trust suit brought by the Government to dissolve relations between the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Lake Shore, and the Kanawha & Michigan. If the sale is approved by the court, the appeal taken from the decision will be dismissed.

The Chesapeake & Ohio now contemplates building a line from a point near South Portsmouth, Ky., to Columbus, Ohio, in that way obtaining a connection with the Hocking Valley Railway and providing for a great increase of coal traffic west of Charleston, W. Va.

CITY BANKERS MEET.

Group Eight of State Association Elects Officers.

The members of Group Eight of the New York State Bankers' Association, comprising those in Manhattan and the Bronx, met at the Clearing House yesterday and elected officers and an executive committee for the next year. In accordance with custom, only one member of the existing committee was re-elected, Charles Elliott Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank, who is now Secretary and Treasurer of the group.

The new officers and committeemen are: Joseph B. Martindale, President of the Chemical National Bank, Chairman; Thomas Cochran, Jr., Vice President of the Astor Trust Company, Secretary and Treasurer; Charles Elliott Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank; Benjamin Strong, Jr., President of the Bankers Trust Company; Stephen Baker, President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company and of the Bank of the Metropolis; H. R. Eldridge, Vice President of the National City Bank; Louis G. Kaufman, President of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, and Joseph Byrne, Vice President and Cashier of the Merchants' National Bank.

The present committee, of which James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce, is chairman, will continue in office up to the time of the convention of the New York State Bankers' Association at New London on June 11, after which the new committee will take hold.

B. & O. NEEDS $30,000,000.

May Issue Notes for That Amount Soon—Has $20,000,000 Near Due.

Directors of the Baltimore & Ohio met in this city yesterday to discuss the financing of an issue of $20,000,000 of one-year 5 per cent. notes which fall due on July 1. It was said after the meeting that the time for a bond sale did not appear propitious, and that in consequence the management was negotiating for a new issue of probably $30,000,000 of short-term notes. The other $10,000,000 will be used to finish up work undertaken some time ago. The company will make very few expenditures for new construction this year.

Arrangements have been almost completed by which the contract for operating an express service over the lines of the Baltimore & Ohio, now held by the United States Express Company, is to be transferred to the Wells, Fargo Company with the dissolution of the United States. It is understood that the railroad will get about 45 per cent. of the gross receipts under the new contract, as against 40 per cent. paid by the United States. The contract for the new service has not been signed yet.

ENJOINS CALUMET & HECLA.

Court Forbids Voting of Osceola Shares—Appeal Expected.

LANSING, Mich., May 14.—Justice Howard Wiest of the Ingham County Circuit Court to-day granted a permanent injunction restraining the Calumet & Hecla Mining Company from controlling and voting shares of stock of the Osceola Mining Company. The Calumet & Hecla, it is expected, will appeal to the Supreme Court.

Charles M. Turner of Lansing, a minority stockholder, brought the suit to prevent the Calumet & Hecla from voting the stock of the smaller company. It was alleged that the Calumet & Hecla Company sought to "freeze out" the minority stockholders of the Osceola Company.

By the court's order the injunction does not take effect until after the Supreme Court has rendered its decision should the case be appealed.

Pittsburgh & Shawmut Sells Notes.

The Pittsburgh & Shawmut Railroad, which is building a line 100 miles long to supply an outlet to Pittsburgh for the Pittsburgh, Shawmut & Northern, has sold $4,500,000 of three-year 6 per cent. collateral trust notes to Kissel, Kinnicut & Co., Drexel & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company, and Rhoades & Co. The notes are secured by the deposit of $4,000,000 Pittsburgh & Shawmut first mortgage 5 per cent bonds, $3,000,000 first mortgage 5s on the company's coal properties, and $2,500,000 of outside securities. The proceeds will be used to retire $2,500,000 three-year 6 per cent. notes maturing June 1, and for completing the main line to a connection with the Pennsylvania. The notes are being sold at par.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction Wednesday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

$1,000 the United States Wood Preserving Company first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, due July, 1922; interest January and July, 75.

$500 the Maritime Association of the Port of New York second mortgage 5 per cent. bond, due 1924, interest January and July, 55.

$3,450 American Round Bale Press Company first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due 1922, August, 1911, coupons attached, three of $1,000 each, four of $100 each, $50 scrip, $40 lot; 12 shares American Round Bale Press Company preferred and $7.50 scrip, $100 each; 230 shares American Round Bale Press Company common, $100 each, $40 lot.

$30,000 South Yuba Water Company of New York 6 per cent. consolidated mortgage bonds, due July, 1923, coupons January and July, 103⅛.

$5,000 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company Terminal mortgage thirty-year 5 per cent. bonds, due July, 1914, coupons January and July, 100⅛.

$5,000 Long Island Railroad Company general mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due June, 1938, coupons June and December, 90¼.

$5,000 City of Houston compromise 6 per cent. bonds, due July, 1918, coupons January and July, 103⅛.

$1,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due June, 1990, coupons June and December, $500 each, 86⅛.

$3,000 City of Houston compromise 6 per cent. bonds, due July, 1918, coupons January and July, 103⅛.

55 shares American Lithographic 7 per cent. preferred stock, $100 each, 75⅛.

6 shares Bank of Long Island, 190.

25 shares Southern States Warehouse Company common, $100 each, 101.

83⅓ shares Farish Company common, $100 each, 99⅛.

18 2-3 shares Farish Company common, $100 each, 100.

100 shares Steel Package Company preferred, $100 each, $5 lot.

16 shares Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Company, $25 each, 66¼.

$30,000 Greenville Gas Light Company first mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due July 1, 1930, $20,600.

$700 J. R. Shanley Estate Company 5 per cent. collateral trust registered bonds, 82.

139 shares Carman Realty Company, $100 each, $100 lot.

All the right, title, and interest of the estate of Solomon Fischel, deceased, in and to any share or shares of the capital stock or the certificate or certificates of any share or shares of the capital stock of the Infant Incubator Company, the number of the said shares or certificates, and the interest therein being unknown to the administratrix, $2,500 lot.

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5 Utah Gas & Coke 5s
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50 Borden's Condensed Milk Pfd. Stock
25 Bates Manufacturing Stock
100 Central Foundry Preferred Stock
100 Central States Electric Com. Stock
100 Colorado Power Com. Stock
22 McCall Corporation Common Stock
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Bids for Mississippi State Bonds.

Under authority of Chapter 107, Laws 1914, the State of Mississippi will issue and sell $1,250,000 of 4½% bonds, and sealed bids will be received at the Governor's Office in Jackson, Mississippi, until noon, May 20, 1914.

For further information write Governor Earl Brewer, or State Treasurer P. S. Stovall, Jackson, Miss.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales May 14, 1914	307,471
Same day last year	147,288
Total year to date	32,179,415
Same period last year	33,924,293
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.09 +.85
Same day last year	69.93 —.30

	High.	Low.
This year's range	73.30 Jan. 31	65.24 Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10 Jan. 9	64.95 May 1
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅞	28	8,400	Alaska Gold Mines	27¾	28	27¾	28	+ ⅜
40¾	41¾	600	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	41⅛	41⅝	41	41	− ¾
73⅜	73¾	14,950	Amal. Copper	72⅞	73¾	72⅞	73¾	+1½
54	55	100	Am. Ag. Chemical	54⅛	54¼	54¼	54¼	+1⅜
21¾	22¼	800	Am. Beet Sugar	21½	22¼	21½	22¼	+ ⅞
27⅝	27⅞	3,210	Am. Can.	27	27⅞	27	27⅞	+1
90¼	91	100	Am. Can. pf.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	...
49⅞	50⅛	600	Am. Car & Found.	49½	50	49½	50	+ ⅝
41¾	42	525	Am. Cotton Oil	40¾	41½	40¾	41½	+1½
21	21½	100	Am. Hide & L. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	− ½
30¾	31¼	1,200	Am. Ice Securities	30⅝	31¼	30⅝	31	+ ½
9⅞	10⅛	110	Am. Linseed	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
32¼	33	500	Am. Locomotive	32	32½	32	32½	+ ½
98½	100	100	Am. Locomo. pf.	98½	98½	98½	98½	+ ½
7	7¾	200	Am. Malt	7½	7½	7½	7½	...
64⅛	64¼	3,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	62½	64½	62½	64¼	+1⅝
102	102¼	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf.	101½	102	101½	101½	+ ⅛
30½	32	300	Am. Steel Found.	30⅛	30½	30⅛	30½	+1
105	105⅝	600	Am. Sugar Ref.	105¼	105⅝	105	105⅝	+ ⅛
122⅝	122⅞	400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	+ ⅛
229	230	200	Am. Tobacco	227	227	227	227	+1½
106	108	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	106½	106½	106½	106½	+ ¼
76	77¼	100	Am. Woolen pf.	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	− ¼
12	13	100	Am. Writing P. pf.	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅜
32⅜	32½	1,100	Anacon. Copper Co.	32⅛	32⅜	32⅛	32¼	+ ¼
15	20	20	Assets Realization	15	15	15	15	...
96¼	96⅜	700	At., Top. & S. Fe	95¼	96¼	95¼	96¼	+1
100⅜	100½	500	At., T. & S. Fe pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
122¾	123⅝	640	At. Coast Line	122	123½	122	123½	+1½
46	48½	100	Baldwin Locomo.	48	48	48	48	...
91	91⅝	1,190	Balt. & Ohio	91	91⅝	91	91⅝	+1
..	..	3	Bank of Commerce	169	169	169	169	...
42¼	42⅝	1,300	Bethlehem Steel	42	42½	42	42½	+1½
92	92¼	1,550	Brooklyn R. T.	92	92¼	92	92¼	+ ⅝
105	113½	100	Buff., Roch. & Pitts.	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	...
21	21½	1,800	Calif. Petroleum	20⅞	21⅜	20⅞	21⅜	+ ⅝
56½	57½	400	Calif. Petroleum pf.	56¼	57	56¼	57	+1¼
192⅛	193⅜	5,150	Canadian Pacific	191	192½	191	192⅜	+1⅜
35¾	35⅞	2,500	Cent. Leather Co.	35½	36	35½	35⅞	+ ½
100⅝	101	200	Cen. Leath. Co. pf.	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝	+ ⅛
52⅝	52¾	3,550	Ches. & Ohio	52	52⅞	52	52⅞	+1⅛
12½	13	300	Chi. Great Western	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
33	33½	700	Chi. Great West. pf.	33	33¼	33	33¼	+ ¾
99¾	100	2,810	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	98¾	100	98¾	99⅞	+1⅝
136	138	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	136⅜	137	136⅜	137	+ ⅝
125	130	200	C., St. P., M. & O.	127⅞	128	127⅞	128	+3
42⅛	42⅜	8,225	Chino Copper	41½	42⅜	41½	42⅜	+1
27⅜	27⅝	350	Col. Fuel & Iron	27½	27¾	27½	27¾	+ ¾
129½	130¼	900	Consol. Gas.	129	130	129	129⅞	+1¼
9⅛	9¼	200	Corn Products Ref.	9	9	9	9	− ⅛
65	65¾	10	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	...
70	80	60	Crex Carpet	70	70	70	70	...
94¼	95	100	Deere & Co. pf.	95	95	95	95	+ ¼
15	16	200	Distillers Securities	15	15	15	15	+ ⅝
29	29⅛	4,700	Erie	28¾	29¼	28½	29	+ ¾
44	44¼	400	Erie 1st pf.	43⅛	44¼	43⅛	44¼	+1
37	37½	200	Erie 2d pf.	36	36¼	36	36¼	+ ⅜
34	35	100	Fed. M. & S. pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+1¾
147¼	147¾	320	General Electric	147	147½	147	147½	+1
82¼	83¾	1,025	General Motors	83½	83½	82¾	83½	+1
92½	93	400	General Motors pf.	92	92⅝	92	92⅝	+1¼
26½	26⅞	900	Goodrich, (B.F.,) Co.	26¼	27	26¼	26⅞	+ ⅝
123⅞	124	800	Great Northern pf.	123½	124	123½	124	+1
54¾	55	1,600	Guggenheim Exp.	54⅛	54¾	54⅛	54¾	+1¼
17	17¼	200	Inspiration Cop. x r.	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
14⅝	15	200	Int.-Met. v. tr. ctfs.	14⅝	14¾	14⅝	14¾	+ ⅛
62⅝	62¾	600	Inter.-Met. pf.	62⅝	62⅝	62½	62⅝	+ ⅜
107½	108	400	Int. Harvester, N. J.	107⅞	108	107⅝	108	+ ½
18¾	20	100	Int. Steam P. pf.	19	19	19	19	−1
26⅜	26¾	700	Kansas City South.	26½	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ¾
90	92	100	Kayser, (Jul.,) & Co.	90	90	90	90	...
139¾	140	2,100	Lehigh Valley	139½	140	139¼	140	+1⅝
218	220	100	Liggett & Myers	220½	220½	220½	220½	+1½
136½	138	100	Louis. & Nash.	136½	136½	136½	136½	+2
130½	131½	100	Manhattan Elev.	131½	131½	131½	131½	+ ¼
2	2½	400	Mer. Marine	2	2¼	2	2¼	...
60½	61¼	6,900	Mexican Petroleum	59	62	58¾	61	+5
70	78	200	Mex. Petroleum pf.	70	73	70	73	+6
22	22¼	1,100	Miami Copper	21⅝	22	21⅝	22	+ ⅜
125	127	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	125	125½	125	125½	+3½
17⅛	17⅜	1,700	Mo., Kan. & Texas	16⅜	17	16⅜	17	+ ⅝
18⅜	18⅞	17,510	Missouri Pacific	18	18⅞	18	18¾	+1¼
46¾	47⅛	300	Montana Power	47	47⅛	47	47⅛	+ ⅜
129	130	500	Nat. Biscuit Co.	129	129	129	129	+1
9¼	10	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	10	10	10	10	+ ¼
14¾	14⅞	2,110	Nevada Con. Cop.	14¼	14⅞	14¼	14⅞	+ ⅝
67	68	225	N. Y. Air Brake	67	67¼	67	67¼	+ ¾
93¾	94	3,987	N. Y. Central	93¼	93⅞	93¼	93⅞	+ ⅞
69¼	69¾	800	N. Y., N. H. & H.	69	69⅝	69	69½	+ ½
103⅝	104⅝	500	Norfolk & Western	104	104½	104	104½	+ ½
77	77¼	100	North American	77	77	77	77	+ ½
58	66	100	Nor. Ohio T. & L.	60	60	60	60	+1
110¾	110⅞	1,800	Northern Pacific	110¼	111	110⅛	110¾	+1⅛
88	90½	35	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	...
111½	111⅞	1,700	Penn. R. R.	111¼	111¾	111¼	111⅝	+ ¾
121	121½	400	People's Gas, Chi.	121	121¼	121	121	− ⅛
20⅝	21	100	Pitts. Coal	20½	20½	20½	20¼	+1
88½	89	200	Pitts. Coal pf.	88½	88¾	88½	88¾	+ ¾
83	87	100	Pitts. Steel pf.	85	85	85	85	−1
43¼	43½	800	Pressed Steel Car	42½	43¼	42½	43¼	+ ⅜
154	155	100	Pullman Co.	154⅞	154⅞	154⅞	154⅞	− ⅛
28¼	28½	200	Railway Steel Sp.	28¼	28½	28¼	28½	...
21⅞	22	4,700	Ray Con. Copper	21⅝	22	21⅝	22	+ ½
165⅝	165¾	35,400	Reading	165⅛	166⅛	165⅛	165⅝	+ ⅞
88	88⅛	100	Reading 1st pf.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	− ⅛
22¾	23	630	Rep. Iron & Steel	22¼	22¾	22¼	22¾	+ ⅜
86	86½	700	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	85½	86	85½	86	+ ⅜
4½	5	500	Rock Island Co. pf.	4⅞	4⅞	4¾	4¾	− ¼
9¾	10⅛	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	10	10	10	10	+ ½
21½	22	300	St. L. Southwestern	22	22	22	22	...
19¾	20	450	Seab. Air Line	19¾	19⅞	19¾	19⅞	+1
54	54⅛	700	Seab. Air Line pf.	54	54¼	54	54⅛	+ ⅛
186¼	187½	400	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	185⅜	186⅝	185⅜	186⅛	+ ⅜
92¾	92⅞	12,050	Southern Pacific	91⅝	92⅞	91⅝	92⅞	+1⅝
..	..	100	So. Pacific t. r.	99⅝	99⅛	99⅝	99⅛	+1⅞
24⅞	25	500	So. Railway ext.	24⅝	25	24⅝	24⅞	− ⅛
78½	80	200	So. Railway pf. ext.	79	79	79	79	+ ½
33¾	34½	500	Studebaker Co.	33	34¼	33	34	+ ¾
89½	91	231	Studebaker Co. pf.	90	90¼	90	90¼	+ ½
35¼	35½	2,600	Tennessee Copper	35	35½	35	35⅜	+2¼
42	42½	900	Third Avenue	41½	42	41½	42	+ ⅝
5¾	6	400	Union B. & P. Co.	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅞	+1
157	157¼	21,500	Union Pacific	156⅛	157¼	156⅛	157⅛	+ ⅜
83½	84	100	Union Pacific pf.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	+1½
46½	47	10	United Cigar Mfrs.	47	47	47	47	− ¼
96	98	100	Un. Dry Goods pf.	97	97	97	97	...
42½	43½	50	United Rys. Inv. pf.	42	42	42	42	...
58	61	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	60	60	60	60	...
58½	59	400	U. S. Rubber	58¼	58½	58¼	58½	+ ⅝
102½	102⅞	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ¾
61	61⅛	69,950	U. S. Steel	59⅝	61⅛	59⅝	61	+1⅞
109	109½	300	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅜	109⅛	108⅜	109⅛	+ ⅜
57⅞	58	17,800	Utah Copper	57¼	58⅛	57⅛	57¾	+1⅛
29¼	30⅜	1,735	Va.-Car. Chemical	27¾	30	27⅞	30	+2½
99½	102⅜	800	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	98⅞	100¼	98⅞	100¼	+2¼
1	1⅛	400	Wabash	1	1	1	1	...
3¾	4⅛	200	Wabash pf.	3⅜	3¾	3⅜	3¾	...
22½	23	400	Western Maryland	22	22¾	22	22½	+ ¼
62	62⅜	100	Western Union Tel.	62	62	62	62	+ ½
75⅜	75⅝	2,800	Westingh. E. & M.	74⅛	75⅝	74⅛	75½	+1½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96	97
2s, c, 1930	96¼	98
3s, r, 1918	101½	101¾
3s, c, 1918	101	102
4s, r, 1925	109	110½
4s, c, 1925	109½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96⅛	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100⅞	101
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	100	104
Allis-Ch.	9½	10¼
Am Ag Ch pf.	94	95½
Am B Sug pf.	66½	70
A B S & Fdy.	87	90
Do pf.	134	138
A C & F pf.	117¼	118
Am Cities	29	..
Do pf.	63½	65¼
Am Coal	83	100
Am C Pr.	84	86
Do pf.	104	105½
Am Cot Oil pf.	97	98
Am Exp.	103	104
A H & L.	4	4¼
Am L pf.	27	30
Am M pf.	44	46
A S pf. B.	81¾	82¾
Am Snuff	158	170
Do pf.	103	106
Am S Ref pf.	111	113
A T & C.	57⅝	60
Am Wool.	15¼	17¼
Bald Loc pf.	107⅝	109
B & O pf.	81	81¼
Batop M.	⅝	⅞
Beth S pf.	84	85
Br Sh Co.	45	50
Do pf.	90¼	91
B Un Gas	126	127¼
Bruns Ter.	6½	7½
B. R & P pf.	116¼	135
But'k Co.	27	28
Canada So.	57	60
Case (J I) pf.	82	86¼
C R R of N J	300	325
C & S A Tel	105½	107¼
Chi & Alt.	5	9¼
Do pf.	12	12¼
C, I & L pf.	50	60
C & NW	132	133
Do pf.	170	180
Chi St P, M & Om pf.	133	140
C, C, C & St L	22	35
Do pf.	51¼	55
Cluett-P	66	69
Do pf.	101	101½
Col F & I pf.	126	180
Col & So.	22½	24
Do 1st pf	40	42
Do 2d pf.	31	35
Cub-Am S.	..	80
Do pf.	..	84
Del & H.	150	155
D, L & W.	395	400½
D & R G.	11	13
Do pf.	19	23
D M & Ft D	3	7
Det Ed.	112	114
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U Ry.	69½	71
D, S S & A	4	5
Do pf.	8	11
F M & S.	7	15
Gen Ch.	162	171
Do pf.	108¼	110
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	89⅞	90
Gt Nor O ctfs	32	32⅜
Hav E Ry, L & P.	76½	..
Do pf.	90	..
Helme (G W) Co.	150	165
Do pf.	108½	117
Hock Val.	..	126
Homest'ke	114	120
Ill Cent.	110¾	112
Inger-R	110	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	5	8¼
Do pf.	13	25
Int H pf.	116¼	..
Int H Cor.	105	106
Do pf.	112½	..
Int Paper	9	9½
Do pf.	36	36⅝
Int St P.	6	7½
Iowa Cent.	6	7
Do pf.	13	19
K C, Ft S & M pf.	73¼	77
Kan C So pf.	60¼	61¼
Kayser (J) & Co pf.	107	109
K & D M.	4	8
Do pf.	38	..
Kresge (SS) Co.	94	100
Do pf.	102	104
Lack Steel	31	36
Lacl Gas	95½	97
L E & W.	5	8
Do pf.	15	20
L & M pf.	115	117½
Long Isl'd	28	32
L-W Bis.	30	32½
Do 1st pf	101	103
Do 2d pf.	91	92½
Lorill Co.	170	175
Do pf.	113	..
M'kay Cos.	80	85
Do pf.	68¼	69
M Dep Sts.	59	60⅝
Do pf.	96¼	100
Mer M pf.	8¾	10
Mich C.	..	130
M & St L.	12¼	15
Do pf.	28	32
M, St P & S S M pf.	140	..
Do l l.	79	82
Mo, K & T pf.	41	41½
M P 1st pf.	103	..
M Wd pf.	108	116
Mor & Es.	167	172
Mon P pf.	102	102½
N C & St L	135	140½
Nat B pf.	124	126
Nat Enam.	10½	11
Do pf.	75	86
Nat Lead.	45	47½
Do pf.	108	109
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	26	35
N O, M & C pf.	..	25
N Y, C & St L.	35	45
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf.	66	75
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	..	26
N Y, L & West	115	125
N Y, O & West	26¼	28
Norf So.	26⅝	35
N & W pf.	89	..
Ont Min.	2½	3
Pabst B pf	98	102
Pac Coast.	75	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf.	80	90
Pac Mail	24	24½
P T & T.	27	28
Peo & E.	5	10
Pett-Mull.	20	27
Do 1st pf.	..	99
Phelps-D.	179	..
Phila Co.	78	82
Do 6 p c pf.	84	90
P, C, C & St L.	78	88½
Do pf.	95	105
Pr St Car pf.	101	102½
Pub Serv.	111	113¾
Quicksilver	1¼	1¾
Do pf.	2¼	2½
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78
Ry St Spr pf.	93	98½
Rdg 2d pf.	88½	90
Rock Isl'd.	3¼	3¾
R G M Co pf.	100	110
Rumely (M) Co pf.	27	29
S-S S & I.	27	28
Do pf.	81	90
St L & S Fran	2	2½
Do 1st pf	7	9
Do 2d pf.	3¾	5
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	2	10
Do pf cts	..	35
St L S W pf.	48	49
Sears-R pf.	123¼	125
So P R S.	20	65
Do pf.	80	100
So R, M & O ctfs.	71	85
Stand M.	39	39⅝
Do pf.	64¾	65⅝
Texas Co.	140⅞	143
Texas Pac.	15	16
T P L Tr.	98	105
T St L & West	7	10
Do pf.	12¼	16
T C R T.	105	106
Do pf.	123¼	..
Und Type.	75	80½
Do pf.	108	112
U B & P pf.	20	22½
Un Cig M pf.	102	103
Un Dr G.	80	86¼
Do pf.	96	98
U Rys In.	15	17
U S C I P.	9⅜	10
Do pf.	37	40
U S Exp.	71	75
U S Ind A.	15	30
Do pf.	82	85
U S R 2d pf.	70	87
Vand R R.	..	85
Va I, C & Coke	40	45
Va R & P.	..	51
Do pf.	87½	..
Vul Det.	5	11
Do pf.	20¼	35
W F Exp.	86½	89
W Md pf.	..	56
W E & M 1st pf.	120	123
Weym-B	215	300
Do pf.	110	120
W & L E.	3½	4½
Do 1st pf	13	16
Do 2d pf.	5	7
Wis Cent.	41	44
W'w'th (F W)	97½	98
Do pf.	116	117½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..March, 1964	101⅜	101⅞	101⅜	101⅞
4½s..March, 1963	107¼	107⅜	107	107⅜
4½s..May, 1957	106⅞	107	106⅝	107
4½s..Nov., 1957	106⅞	107	106⅝	107
4½s..May, 1917	101⅞	102	101⅛	101⅞
4½s..Nov., 1917	101⅞	102	101⅛	101⅞
4½s..Mar., 1930-60	101⅛	101½	101⅛	102
4¼s..March, 1962	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101⅜
4¼s..Sept., 1960	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101⅞
4s ..May, 1959	98⅜	98¾	98¼	98⅝
4s ..Nov., 1958	98⅜	98¾	98¼	98⅝
4s ..May, 1957	98⅜	98⅝	98¼	98¼
4s ..Nov., 1956	98⅜	98⅝	98¼	98¼
4s ..Nov., 1955	97⅞	98	97⅞	97⅞
4s ..Nov., 1936	97⅞	98	97⅞	97⅞
4s ..1918-1919	97⅞	98⅜	97⅞	98⅛
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	99⅞	100	99⅝	100
3½s..May, 1954	87½	88	87⅝	88
3½s..1950-1954	87½	88	87	88

ASK RESERVE BANKS TO PICK DIRECTORS

Separate Meetings of Three Groups to be Held Here to Confer on Nominations.

SIX MEN WILL BE NAMED

Committees Will Recommend to Member Banks, Persons for the Board of Central Institution.

Separate meetings of the three groups into which the 478 banks in this State that have joined the Federal reserve system—have been divided by the Reserve Bank Organization Committee will be held at the New York Clearing House next week, in order that representatives of the member banks may confer regarding the choice of the six Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York that are to be elected by the banks.

The division into groups is not along geographical lines, but according to capital and surplus, as prescribed by the Federal Reserve act, with the result that the members of each group are scattered throughout the State, with which the Federal reserve district of New York is coterminus. Taken as a whole, the three groups include all of the national banks in the State and none of the State institutions, as no applications for membership have yet been made by the latter.

The first group, consisting of 160 banks having each a capital and surplus of $190,000 or more, is to meet on Tuesday in the forenoon. The second group, consisting of banks having each a capital and surplus of less than $190,000, but more than $70,000, is to meet on Friday in the forenoon, and the third group, consisting of banks having each a capital and surplus of $70,000 or less, is to meet on Friday in the afternoon.

Invitations for these meetings were sent out yesterday by Albert H. Wiggin, Chairman of the Clearing House Committee, which decided to act in the matter chiefly because no one else showed any disposition to do so, and it was felt necessary that some conference should be held and a mode of procedure devised to bring about the selection of suitable Directors, of whom three are to be direct representatives of the banks and three persons engaged in commercial, agricultural, or other industrial pursuits, not officers, Directors, or employes of any bank.

At the meeting of the Clearing House Committee yesterday a form of invitation to the conferences was approved, and Mr. Wiggin was authorized to send out the letters. Those to members of the three groups were in substantially the same form, that a Group 2 reading:

> The organization of the Federal Reserve Bank of this district is nearly completed, so far as the Government is concerned, and presently the individual banks will be called upon to perform the part devolved upon them by statute, the election of a Director representing the banking interests, and also a Director representing the commercial, agricultural, or other industrial interests of the district.
>
> In order that there may be intelligent and concerted action, it is deemed desirable that a preliminary conference be held. We suggest a meeting of the members of each group of this Federal reserve district in order that each and every bank may be given a voice in the proceedings and harmony and unity of action be secured. We are arranging for a meeting of the members of Group 1 on May 19, and for Groups 2 and 3 on May 22.
>
> We invite you to attend a meeting of Group 2 of this Federal reserve district at the Clearing House, in this city, on Friday, May 22, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of a general discussion, interchange of views, and the adoption of a proper course of procedure.

It is expected that when the meetings are held each group will appoint a committee to act with a similar committee named by the other groups in recommending to all the member banks the names of six men for the places to be filled. Under the provisions of the Federal Reserve act, these men will then have to be put in nomination formally by the Directors of various banks and be voted on by mail by the district reserve electors, one of whom is to be chosen by the Directors of each bank.

The five banks in this district that had been designated by the Reserve Bank Organization Committee to sign the certificate of incorporation of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York received notice yesterday from the Organization Committee that the meeting of their representatives for this purpose would be held in the Clearing House on Monday at 2 o'clock. As soon as this has been done and the certificate of incorporation has been filed with the Controller of the Currency, the reserve bank will have a legal existence and the election of Directors will follow as quickly as may be.

When the board has been completed by the appointment of three additional Directors by the Federal Reserve Board, it will be in position to elect the bank's officers, engage a clerical force, and find quarters. The next step will be the calling by the Federal Reserve Board of one-sixth of the capital subscribed by the member banks, to be followed three months later by the payment of another one-sixth, and six months after the first call by the third one-sixth. The other three-sixths may be called at any time by the Federal Reserve Board, but this call may be postponed indefinitely.

The total subscribed capital of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York will be about $20,000,000.

ASK 2-CENT BORDER RATE.

Application of Western States Argued Before Federal Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Arguments were made to-day before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the joint application of the Railway and Corporation Commissions of Missouri, Oklahoma, and Arkansas for an interstate passenger rate of 2 cents per mile between States having an intra-State 2-cent rate.

Attorney General Charles West of Oklahoma and George A. Henshaw of Oklahoma City, member of the State Corporation Commission, argued that the 2-cent rate as applied to Southwestern carriers had stimulated business to such an extent that the same, if not greater, gross returns were afforded as under the 3-cent rate.

Attention was called to the State laws which permitted passengers to purchase tickets to the State borders at 2 cents per mile, rebuy to the first station in the adjoining State at 3 cents, that portion of the trip being interstate, and then purchase tickets at 2 cents per mile to complete the journey. The Federal commission was urged to obviate such formality.

James L. Coleman of Chicago, attorney for the Santa Fé system and representing the carriers affected, told the commission that the 2-cent rates had been established by "irrational legislative and lawmaking bodies" without hearing. The carriers gave notice that their attack on the 2-cent rate pending in the Federal Court of Oklahoma had not been abandoned, and that before they would submit to what Mr. Coleman characterized as "an enormous injustice," the litigation would be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales May 14, 1914	$2,258,000
Same day last year	1,395,500
Total year to date	297,351,500
Same period last year	216,597,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	87.44 +.08
Same day last year	88.90 —.03

	High.	Low.
This year's range to date	89.42 Feb. 4	86.40 Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31 Jan. 10	88.70 Apr. 30
Range year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

City of Tokio 5s
4,000........86¼
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan
2,000........86¼
500........86¼
5,000........86
Rep of Cuba 4½s
3,000........93
N Y State 4½s
11,000........109
N Y Canal 4½s, registered
5,000........109
Virginia 6s, defd, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
10,000........60¼
2,000........60½
N Y City 4s, '58
1,000........98⅝
4s, 1959
2,000........98⅝
1,000........98⅝
4½s, 1960
10,000........101⅞
4½s, May, '57
1,000........106⅞
Nov., 1957
1,000........107
4½s, 1963
20,000........107⅛
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
2,000........99⅝
1,000........99½
Am Cot Oil 4½s
1,000........98
Am Ice Secur 6s
5,000........88
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000........103⅝
1,000........103¾
5,000 s10f........103⅞
Am T & T col 4s
2,000........89¼
conv 4½s
3,000........99⅛
3,000........99¼
37,000........99½
500........99
Armour & Co 4½s
11,000........92⅝
9,000........92½
1,000........92⅝
A, T & S F gen 4s
25,000........95¾
7,000........95⅝
3,000 s20f........95⅞
36,000........96
5,000........96⅛
2,000........96
conv 4s, 1960
5,000........96
Atl Coast L 1st 4s
4,000........94⅛
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s
5,000 s5f........91⅛
1,000........91½
gold 4s
3,000........94⅛
1,000........94¼
conv 4½s
15,000........91⅝
500........92
29,000........91⅝
1,000........91⅝
1,000........91½
20,000........91⅝
5,000........92
P L E & W V 4s
6,000........87¼
19,000........87¼
Beth Steel ext 5s
11,000........99½
1st & ref 5s
5,000........87
500........87
2,000........87
1,000........86¾
Bklyn Rap Tran gold 5s
11,000........103¼
3,000........103
5s, 1918
6,000........100
ref conv 4s
15,000........90¾
11,000........90½
10,000........90⅝
21,000........90⅝
5,000........90½
1,000........90¾
7,000........90⅝
Bkl Un El 1st 5s
1,000........101⅝
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
2,000........105¾
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
3,000........92⅝
Cent of Ga Ry con 5s
1,000........103⅛
Cent Leather 5s
2,000........99⅜
54,000........99⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
10,000........94
2,000........93⅞
1,000........94
Chi Gt West 4s
1,000 s20f........73¼
Chi, M & St P gen 4½s
3,000........103⅝
conv 4½s
20,000........102¼

Ches & O gen 4½s
2,000........93⅞
conv 4½s
2,000........81
Chi & Northwn gen 3½s
1,000........83
10,000........82½
C, B & Q gen 4s
7,000........93⅝
joint 4s
2,000........97¼
54,000........97¼
2,000........97⅛
1,000........97¼
Ill div 4s
3,000........95
Iowa div 4s
1,000........98¼
Nebr ext 4s
5,000........97½
Chi Rys 5s
5,000........98½
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000........87¼
Chi, R I & P Ry ref 4s
2,000........75
2,000........75¼
14,000........75¼
deb 5s
5,000........71
5,000........70¾
1,000........70⅝
20,000........70½
C, R I & P R R 4s
64,000........35
1,000........34¾
5,000........34¾
1,000........34½
5,000........34½
4,000........34¾
3,000........34⅝
8,000........34⅝
7,000........34¾
1,000........34¾
1,000........34½
4,000........34⅝
18,000........34½
8,000........34⅝
20,000........34¼
14,000........34¼
62,000........34
27,000........33¾
15,000........34
20,000........33⅝
1,000........33⅞
2,000........34
1,000........33⅞
1,000........34
22,000........33⅝
Col & Southern ref & ext 4½s
5,000........89⅛
1st 4s
1,000........90⅛
Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1934
1,000........95¼
5,000........95
Den & R G con 4s
5,000........82
Detroit Edison 5s
3,000........102⅝
Dis Seq Corp 5s
6,000........60
5,000........59⅝
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
5,000........86¼
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000........84
3,000........84¼
1st gen 4s
10,000 s20f........73
1,000........73½
conv 4s, Ser B
10,000........72
1,000........72½
Ft W & D C 1st 6s
1,000........106⅜
Gen Baking 1st 6s
2,000........90
Gen Elec deb 5s
4,000........106⅛
2,000........106
Gen Motors 6s
30,000........101
Granby Con conv 6s, Series A
2,000........102¼
Illinois Cen ref 4s
5,000........92½
2,000........93
5,000........92½
3,000........93
Illinois Steel 4½s
2,000........87¾
Indiana Steel 5s
7,000........101⅝
1,000........101⅝
Insp Con Cop cv 6s
2,000........99¾
Inter-Met 4½s
25,000........77¼
2,000........77⅛
Int Rap Transit 1st & ref 5s
9,000........98⅞
2,000........99
Int Paper cv 5s
1,000........80⅛
Int Steam P 5s
6,000 s20f........58¼
17,000........58
1,000........57¾
1,000........57½
Lacka Steel 5, '15
1,000........97

Iowa Cent ref 4s
14,000........47
5,000........47¼
Lacka Steel 5s, '23
5,000........91
Laclede Gas L of S L ref & ext 5s
5,000........100
1,000........100⅛
L S & M So 3½s
1,000........86
1,000........86⅝
4s, 1928
27,000........93
25,000........93¼
14,000........93⅛
1931
8,000........92⅛
24,000........92½
2,000........92⅜
15,000........92½
23,000........92⅝
Lehigh Val of N Y gtd 4½s
5,000........101
Louis & N unif 4s
1,000 s20f........93
2,000 s20f........93⅛
Manhattan con 4s
1,000........92
Mer Marine col trust 4½s
2,000........48½
5,000........48⅛
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
10,000........87⅛
sink fund 4½s
1,000........73
1st & ref 4s
1,000........65½
of Texas 5s
4,000........93⅛
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
4,000........90
5s, 1917
39,000........95½
conv 5s
9,000........66
1,000........66¼
1,000........66⅛
Mo Pacific 4s
2,000........55¼
1,000........55⅝
1,000........55⅜
2,000........55
5,000........55⅛
Montreal Tram 1st ref 5s
2,000........98⅛
Mor, La & Tex 7s
3,000........107¼
Nash, Ch & St L 1st con 5s
1,000........107¼
1,000........107⅛
1,000........108
Natl Tube 5s
1,000........99⅞
5,000........100⅛
Nat Starch deb 5s
1,000........85
N Y Cent gen 3½s
1,000........83⅞
registered
1,000........82⅜
deb 4s, 1934
2,000........91⅝
L S col 3½s
1,000........79⅝
5,000........80
registered
8,000........79
N Y C & S L 1st 4s
2,000........93¼
N Y, G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
1,000........104¼
2,000........104⅛
4,000........104⅛
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
4,000........110
N Y Rys ref 4s
12,000........77¼
adj 5s
5,000........55⅝
3,000........56
4,000........55⅝
N Y Tel 4½s
1,000........97⅝
5,000........98
N Y, W & B 4½s
2,000........72
Norf & W div 4s
1,000 s20f........89¼
1,000........90
conv 4½s
1,000........103⅛
Poc, C & C 4s
1,000........88
Northern Pac 4s
500........94¼
Nor Pac Gen 3s
1,000........67⅛
3,500........67¼
1,000........67
1,000s6f........67⅛
1,000........67⅛
Pac T & T 5s
1,000........97¼
Pub Serv Corp s fund 5s
2,000........90
Rdg gen 4s
1,000........95
3,000........95⅛
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
3,000........93¼

Ray Cons 1st 6s
14,000........114
R & Danv con 6s
1,000........101
St L, Ir Mt & So unif & ref 4s
1,000........75⅛
River & G 4s
2,000........75½
St L & S F R R gen 5s
5,000........47
Tr Co ctfs
3,000........46
5,000........46¼
ref 4s
2,000........76⅛
1,000........76
St Paul, M & M 4½s
2,000........102⅝
San A & A P 4s
1,000........81
1,000........80½
Sav, Fla & West 1st 6s
3,000........121
Seab A L ref 4s
1,000........74
adjustment 5s
22,000........75¼
1,000........75½
14,000........75⅛
1,000........76
2,000........75⅞
So Pac cv 4s
80,000........86⅝
So Pac cv 5s, sub rects, 1st inst paid
1,000........101
full paid
49,000........101¼
6,500........101⅛
5,000........101¼
1,000........101⅛
196,000........101¼
500........101⅛
5,000........101⅛
So Pac 1st ref 4s
1,000........92⅝
1,000........92½
5,000........92⅝
So Ry 1st 5s
5,000........105¼
1,000........105⅝
So Ry gen 4s
8,000........73⅜
Term Assn of St L ref 4s
1,000........88⅛
Tex Co cv 6s
9,000........102½
Tex & P 1st 5s
1,000s6f........100½
Third Av 1st 5s
2,000........107⅝
Third Av adj 5s
16,000........78⅝
30,000........79
3,000........79¼
Tol, Walhoning V & O 1st gtd 4½s
1,000........98¼
Un Pac 1st 4s
2,000........97⅛
500........96⅞
5,000........97⅛
Un Pac cv 4s
6,000s20f........91⅝
5,000........91⅛
United Railroads of San F 4s
5,000........56⅝
2,000........57
U S Rubber 6s
6,000........103¼
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s
1,000........103
12,000........102⅞
4,000........103
20,000........102⅞
registered
500........103⅛
5,000........103⅛
Va Ry 1st 5s
2,000........99⅛
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
4,000........96⅛
4,000s20f........96¼
Va & S W con 5s
2,000........92
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000........103⅜
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s, Eq Tr Co ctfs of dep stamped
6,000........50
Wab, Pitts Term 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs
12,000........7½
3,000........7⅜
West Md 4s
1,000........72¼
Westn N Car 6s
1,000........100⅛
West Shore 4s
7,000........93⅛
registered
1,000........90⅛
Westingh E & M 1st cv 5 s f 5s
5,000........94⅛
1,000........94⅝
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000........88⅛

MO. PAC. TO RAISE $3,000,000

Expects to Extend Note Issue on Additional Collateral.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Confidence that the Missouri Pacific Railroad would meet its difficulties by an extension of its $25,000,000 note issue, due June 1, for another year, was expressed by B. F. Bush, President of the road, when he arrived here to-day from New York, where he had been consulting bankers.

The noteholders, he said, would agree to the extension for one year if $3,000,000 additional collateral was furnished.

"We could have obtained aid in financing this payment," said Mr. Bush, "if we had been willing to pay a big bonus. I stood out against doing this, and I am satisfied we will get through all right. In another year, I hope, things will be a little easier for the Missouri Pacific and other railroads."

Empty National Nassau Vaults.

With the merger of the National Nassau Bank into the Irving National, the Equitable Safe Deposit Company has taken over the business of the National Nassau safe deposit vaults, and customers are transferring their securities to the vaults of the Equitable at 220 Broadway, 43 Exchange Place, 37 Wall Street, and 618 Fifth Avenue.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.

LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF NEW YORK
Member of the New York Clearing House Association
Main Office: 166 MONTAGUE ST. - *Fulton Street Office:* 569 FULTON ST.
Invites the Accounts of Individuals, Firms, Estates and Corporations. Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on demand and time deposits.

TRUSTEES:
CHARLES F. BASSETT
UNION N. BETHELL
JOSEPH E. BROWN
WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER
ISAAC H. CARY
J. HERBERT CASE
CHARLES B. DENNY
CROWELL HADDEN
HENRY HENTZ
WILLIAM G. LOW
HENRY R. MALLORY
EDWIN S. MARSTON
JAMES L. MORGAN
ALBRO J. NEWTON
GEORGE M. OLCOTT
LOWELL M. PALMER
EDGAR PALMER
CHARLES A. PEABODY
CHARLES J. PEABODY
JAMES H. POST
GEORGE H. PRENTISS
FRANK DAY TUTTLE
WILLIAM H. WALLACE
ROBERT B. WOODWARD
ARTHUR KING WOOD, *President*

Hercules Powder Co.
7% Preferred Stock to Net 6½%
Net Assets back of issue $275 per share.
Net earnings over 26%.
6% Income Bonds to Net 6%
Total issue about $1,100,000; net assets over $15,000,000.
Earnings $1,400,000.
Further information on request.
Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Broad 4995 Investments. 52 Beaver St.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

American Locomotive Company

A Committee of Inquiry was appointed by the Board of Directors of the American Locomotive Company to examine into charges made by Mr. Isaac M. Cate.

The Committee employed Mr. John Havron as an expert to make an independent examination.

Mr. John W. Griggs, one of the Committee of Inquiry, in speaking of Mr. Havron at the annual meeting, said that Mr. Havron was selected by the Committee as a man who had experience in the locomotive business, whose character was well known and above reproach, and whose ability was entirely satisfactory.

Mr. Cate has also referred to Mr. Havron in the highest terms.

Why was Mr. Havron's report not made public?

It is the aggregate of small holdings of stock of the American Locomotive Company in the hands of investors which constitutes a majority of the capital stock.

Are not stockholders entitled to know what Mr. Havron's report contained?

What did Mr. Havron find out?

FLORENCE G. LAW, a Stockholder of the American Locomotive Company.
P. O. Box 1936, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
COLLATERAL TRUST FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 2002
OF

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R. Co.

The Railroad Company having made default in the payment of the interest due May 1, 1914, on the above bonds, it is imperative that bondholders should immediately unite for the protection of their interests. Bondholders who have not already done so should deposit their bonds at once with the Depositary, **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,** at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, or at its branch office, Madison Avenue and 42d Street, New York City, under the agreement dated February 26, 1914. Copies of said agreement may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee. Bonds in coupon form must be accompanied by the coupon maturing May 1, 1914. Bonds in registered form and registered coupon bonds must be accompanied by transfers executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized. Certificates of deposit will be issued by the Depositary for all bonds deposited, and in due course application will be made for listing such certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

The protective agreement permits the deposit thereunder of such of the stock of THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY as is not pledged under the trust agreement securing the Collateral Trust Bonds, and holders of said stock are requested to deposit the same or to communicate with the Committee.

Any bondholder desiring further information may apply to the members of the Committee or to its secretary.

DATED NEW YORK, May 2, 1914.

JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
CRAVATH & HENDERSON,
Counsel.
C. E. SIGLER, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.

JAMES BROWN,
BERNARD M. BARUCH,
HENRY EVANS,
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
J. N. WALLACE, Chairman,
Committee.

First Mortgage Convertible Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that Chino Copper Company has notified the undersigned Trustee of its intention to redeem on July 1, 1914, all of its outstanding First Mortgage Convertible Gold Bonds issued under its Mortgage Deed of Trust to the Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, bearing date July 1, 1911, and that all of such bonds will be paid off and redeemed on and after said July 1, 1914, out of moneys to be deposited by said Company with the undersigned for that purpose, and not otherwise, at the office of the undersigned, 16 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City, at the rate of 110% of their par value, and interest accrued to said date, upon surrender of such bonds and all coupons now unmatured thereon, and that after July 1, 1914, said bonds will cease to draw interest. The rights of the holders of said bonds to convert the same into stock of the Chino Copper Company shall continue only until and including said July 1, 1914.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Dated, March 16, 1914.

MICHIGAN TRACTION COMPANY,
20-Year 5% Gold Bonds Dated January 1, 1901, Due January 1, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will receive sealed proposals until 3 P. M. on May 22nd, 1914, at its office, 26 Broad Street, New York, for the sale to it of Bonds as described above, at a price not exceeding 110 and accrued interest, sufficient to use the sum of $34,745.17.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.
By C. E. Haydock, Assistant Secretary.
May 11th, 1914.

NOTICE OF SALE OF COLLATERAL.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on May 20, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Harry L. Moore, Esq., No. 604 Marine Bank Building, Erie, Penna., Fifty Thousand ($50,000) Dollars par value of the six per cent. (6%) first mortgage gold bonds of Titusville Electric Traction Company of Titusville, Penna., dated October 10, 1911, due July 1, 1913, together with all annexed coupons, or so much of said bonds and coupons as may be necessary to satisfy the debt of the undersigned.

ERIE TRUST COMPANY, Erie, Pa.
Erie, Pa., May 5, 1914.

TEMPLE IRON CO. BONDS.

By the terms of the Bonds and Mortgage of the Temple Iron Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated the first day of May, 1899, it is provided that—

"The Temple Iron Company may redeem this bond on the first day of January or of July in any year at par with ten per cent. premium upon the principal thereof (together with any accrued interest upon such principal), upon sixty days' notice thereof, advertised not less than once a week in two newspapers of general circulation published in the City of New York, under and in pursuance of the terms and provisions thereof in said Mortgage or Deed of Trust contained. Upon the day so fixed for redemption interest hereon shall cease."

By virtue of the power and authority given by said provision the Temple Iron Company hereby gives notice that it elects to redeem all of the outstanding bonds on the first day of July, 1914; and that upon presentation of the bonds and coupons to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York, all of said bonds, with maturing coupons, will be paid in full, together with the premium upon the principal thereof, as provided in said bond; and that after the first of July, 1914, the interest will cease on all bonds not presented for payment.

TEMPLE IRON COMPANY,
By WALLACE M. RUTH, Treasurer.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on the 5th day of June, 1914, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $26,871.22. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1914.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

May 1, 1914.
The firm of COLTON, FALES & CO., 67 Exchange Place, New York, has this day dissolved by mutual consent.
WM. R. COLTON,
HALIBURTON FALES, JR.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 31

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, June 1, 1914. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Checks will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.
A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
May 14, 1914.

PORTO-RICAN AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on May 7th, 1914, a 5% scrip dividend, to be known as Series G, was declared payable on June 4th, 1914, to Stockholders of Record May 15th, 1914, bearing interest at a rate of 6% per annum. The Company has the option to redeem said scrip in cash or stock of the Company at par on or before June 4th, 1917.
A. H. NOBLE, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING CO.
Jersey City, N. J., May 13, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the following dividends, payable July 2d, 1914, to the stockholders of record June 1st, 1914:

On the Preferred Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent. On the Common Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.
JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

ANSCO COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of two and one-half (2½%) per cent. has been declared on the Common Stock of ANSCO COMPANY, payable July 1, 1914, to Stockholders of record June 19th, 1914. The transfer books will be closed at the office of the Company, No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, at three o'clock P. M. June 19th, 1914, and will be re-opened July 1st, 1914.
A. C. LAMOUTTE, Secretary.

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO.
71 Broadway, New York.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND.

The regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Common Stock of American Power & Light Company has been declared, payable June 1, 1914, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business May 26, 1914. Transfer books will not close.
M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

NEW YORK MOTION PICTURE CORPORATION.
MONTHLY DIVIDEND NO. 12.

A dividend of two per cent. (2%) upon the capital stock of this corporation has been declared payable on May 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the opening of business on that day.
New York, May 11, 1914.
CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

The J. G. White Management Corporation.
43 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The regular quarterly dividend (Fifth Quarter) of 1¾% has been declared on the preferred stock of this Corporation, payable June 1, 1914, to stockholders of record May 18, 1914.
T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
25 Broad Street, New York, April 17, 1914.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) will be paid June 1, 1914, to Common stockholders of record at 3 P. M. May 20, 1914.
LANCASTER MORGAN, Treasurer.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.
No. 61 Broadway, New York, May 14, 1914.

The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. May 18th to the morning of June 1st, 1914.
CALEB S. SPENCER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, May 14th, 1914.

To the Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York:

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York has been called and will be held at twelve o'clock noon on the 16th day of June, 1914, at the Banking Office of the said Bank, No. 9 Beekman Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to vote upon a resolution to place said Bank in voluntary liquidation, pursuant to Sections 5220 and 5221 United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such date as may be fixed, and upon a resolution to ratify the action of the Board of Directors in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from three o'clock P. M., May 6, 1914, to three o'clock P. M., June 16, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ARTHUR W. GILBART, Cashier.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, N. Y., April 28, 1914.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 19th day of May, 1914. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for two hours thereafter. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 29th day of April, 1914, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1914.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Greene Cananea Copper Company
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of stockholders of Greene Cananea Copper Company will be held at the office of the Company, 1400 Alworth Building, Duluth, Minn., on Monday, the fifteenth day of June, 1914, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of three directors to hold office for three years.

The transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M., Monday, May 25, 1914, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday, June 16, 1914.

By Orders of the Board of Directors,
FREDERIC R. KENNEDY, Secretary.

New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.
New York, May 12th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Members and the election of Directors will be held at the Institution on Washington Heights on Tuesday afternoon, May 19th, 1914, at 2 o'clock.

Carriages will be at the station of the Subway, 157th Street and Broadway, from 12:30 until 2 o'clock to convey members to the grounds of the Institution.
SAMUEL R. BETTS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
May 4th, 1914.

The annual election for Directors of the Pacific Fire Insurance Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 111 William Street, N. Y., on Monday, the 18th day of May, 1914, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.
H. G. STEPHENS, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

West Hazleton, Pa., April 20, 1914.

The School District of the Borough of West Hazleton will, on July 1, 1914, issue $15,000.00 tax free coupon bonds bearing 4½ per cent. interest, payable semi-annually on 1st January and July of each year in denominations of $500 redeemable in 10 years and payable in 15 years.

Said bond issue was authorized by said District to raise a fund in order to pay and refund certain existing indebtedness of the School District.

All legal requirements have been complied with in the issue of said bonds.

Bids for said bonds at not less than par are requested.

The bids will be opened May 25th, 1914, at 7 o'clock P. M. Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check of 8 per cent. of the bid, which shall be forfeited in case the bid is not complied with upon delivery of the bonds in proper form and after compliance with the laws regulating the increase of indebtedness in Borough School Districts.

The School District reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

WALTER M. McAVOY,
Sec. of the West Hazleton School District.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 2, 1914, for Contract 124, for the construction of nine concrete-stone and brick superstructures at and near the Ashokan reservoir, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, New York. The largest of the buildings is approximately 62 feet by 114 feet by 45 feet, and the smallest 19 feet by 31 feet by 18 feet. The substructures or foundations of the buildings have been built, and The City will furnish and erect the roof cover for the buildings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SAGUE NAMES DEPUTIES.

Appraiser Gives Best Three Places to Incumbents.

John K. Sague, the new Appraiser of the Port, an up-State independent Democrat, yesterday designated his deputies, and in doing so made it plain that Tammany Hall need expect few favors. Mr. Sague announced in a formal order that his designations of Henry M. Clapp as Special Deputy Appraiser and of Charles W. Bunn and George W. Wolf as Deputy Appraisers have been approved by the Treasury Department. These men were the aids of Appraiser Higgins, a Republican who recently retired.

The Appraiser said yesterday that this is the fifth designation of Mr. Clapp as Special Deputy Appraiser, he having held that place with Mr. Sague's four predecessors in office, since February, 1907. Deputies Bunn and Wolf both have come up through the various grades from clerk and examiner. Mr. Clapp's compensation is $4,500, and that of the Deputies $3,500. Assistant Appraisers receive $3,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The market was very nervous, and after an early decline of ¼ to ½c prices rallied sharply, and at the close were ¼ to ½c net higher. The foreign markets were barely steady.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.04 c. i. f. New York; No. 2 red, $1.05 c. i. f. to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.03¾ f. o. b. afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	$1.03	$1.02⅞	98⅜
July	95 9-16	94⅞	95 9-16	94 13-16	96⅜
Sept	..	..	93¼	92¾	95⅛

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	95½	94⅜	95¼	94⅞	88⅝
July	87	86⅛	86⅞	86⅜	88
Sept	85⅝	85	85⅝	85⅝	88

CORN.

Shorts again took the buying side and at the close values were ½c to ⅝c net higher. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 79⅝c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	68	67	68	67¼	55⅝
July	66⅝	65¾	66⅝	66	55⅝
September	65½	64¾	65½	65	56¼

OATS.

Final oats prices were ⅝c to 1c net higher. The local cash market was firm, standard white being quoted at 45½c to 46c; No. 2, 46c to 46½c; No. 3, 45c to 45½c; No. 4, 44½c to 45c; ordinary clipped white, 44½c to 47c; fancy clipped white, 46½c to 48½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39⅞	38¾	39¾	38⅞	37¼
July	38⅛	37⅞	38	37⅞	35½
September	36⅛	35½	36⅛	35½	35

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was a little more active. Prices were firm. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 20,000; estimated for Friday, 16,000; Kansas City received 6,000 and Omaha 7,700.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	10.15	10.07	10.15	10.02	10.90
September	10.30	10.25	10.30	10.20	10.95
Ribs—					
July	11.22	11.17	11.22	11.12	11.12
September	11.37	11.30	11.37	11.27	11.00
Pork—					
July	20.00	19.80	19.95	19.75	19.55
September	20.05	19.87	20.02	19.85	19.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was inactive, with several price changes.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.10@7.20	7.05
May	7.12	7.12	7.10@7.15	7.10
June	7.21	7.19	7.20@7.22	7.19
July	7.34	7.31	7.32@7.33	7.29
August	7.45	7.45	7.42@7.44	7.40
September	7.49	7.49	7.49@7.51	7.47
October	..	..	7.12@7.20	7.05
November	..	..	6.67@6.80	6.65
December	..	..	6.50@6.70	6.51

COTTON.

The close was very steady, within 2 or 3 points of the best, with May 31 and other months 9 to 16 points net higher.

Private cables reported some Continental long liquidation offset by spinners' calling. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to ⅛c higher. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13.40 for middling upland; sales 400 bales, delivered on contract 600 bales.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	12.97	12.69	12.94@12.95	12.63
June	.....	.....	12.60@12.70	12.50
July	12.47	12.37	12.46@12.47	12.35
August	12.30	12.22	12.28@12.29	12.19
September	11.90	11.90	12.01@12.03	11.85
October	11.89	11.73	11.88@11.89	11.72
December	11.89	11.76	11.89@.....	11.74
January	11.81	11.68	11.80@11.81	11.66
March	11.85	11.74	11.85@11.86	11.71
April	12.05	11.95	12.07@12.09	11.95

COFFEE.

A slightly steadier tone prevailed in the coffee market and prices at the close were 4 to 6 points net higher.

In the local spot market prices remained unchanged on the basis of 8¾c for Rio No. 7.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	8.52	8.52	8.53@8.55	8.49
June	..	..	8.55@8.57	8.51
July	8.66	8.66	8.66@8.67	8.61
August	..	..	8.75@8.77	8.69
September	8.85	8.84	8.85@8.86	8.80
October	..	..	8.92@8.94	8.87
November	..	..	8.99@9.01	8.94
December	9.06	9.06	9.07@9.08	9.02
January	..	..	9.13@9.15	9.08
February	..	..	9.19@9.21	9.14
March	9.25	9.25	9.25@9.27	9.20
April	..	..	9.30@9.32	9.25

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

ALBANY, May 14.—Incorporated to-day:

Electric-Automatic Machine Corp., $250,000; E. E. Sullivan, J. H. Reid, F. D. Lincoln, 39 Elm St., New Rochelle.

H. E. Nicolay Co., dept. store, $100,000; F. W. Russell, B. L. Marks, H. E. Nicolay, 36 Clark St., B'klyn.

Modern Metal Mfg. Co., B'klyn, $50,000; R. A. Solomita, H. Lehman, A. Loscalzo, 327 E. 12 St.

Reynolds-Thompson Corp., cabinet work, trucking, stevedore, machinery, $30,000; R. M. Powers, F. A. Thompson, J. A. Reynolds, 67 Rutland Rd., B'klyn.

Hub Chemical Co., N. Y. C., realty, $5,000; J. Hollander, A. Aarnson, A. P. White, 54 Linwood Place., East Orange, N. J.

Empire Feature Film Co., $10,000; Morris Goldman, L. and L. Kriger, 821 Crescent St., Long Island City.

Parker Universal Coupling Co., boilers, couplings, foundry supplies, $30,000; W. J. Creagan, O. I. Williams, L. S. Parker, 17 Battery Pl.

Roslyn Dress Co., $7,500; C. S. Bloch, M. Lippman, C. Fenerman, 1,472 Vyse Av.

Goldaber & Onik, human hair goods, $5,000; A. Kupersmith, J. Onik, M. Goldberg, 97 4th Av.

Comet Construction Co., $25,000; W. B. Stiles, C. and J. Auerbach, 949 Hoe Av.

Fleming & Reavely, printing, $10,000; Acheson Neil, W. S. Reavely, J. Fleming, 5,914 22d St., B'klyn.

Minker-Zisk Co., trading, commercial, silver, cane, umbrella, and pipe mountings, $5,000; M. Cohen, S. Zisk, I. Minken, 403 Kosciusko St., B'klyn.

George H. Hubert Corp., pianos, $10,000; R. A. Inch, C. P. and G. H. Hubert, 530 Manhattan Av.

Herbstone Realty Corp., $10,000; L. G. Rosenblatt, H. L. Stein, L. Stein, 220 W. 90th St.

W. Wells & Co., chemicals, $50,000; C. R. Freeman, E. H. Schroth, P. Treiner, Orange, N. J.

Victoria Lunch Co., Rochester, $5,000; C. L. Maxson, C. B. Cole, C. W. Cole, Geneva.

Sanitary Composition Floor Corp., $30,000; A. F. Bliss, H. S. Thompson, C. F. Teller, Syracuse.

H. F. Goodwin, Inc., express, storage, &c., $10,000; P. H. Woolverton, F. Rittinger, H. F. Goodwin, 332 Columbus Av.

Capital increase: Thermos Brick Co. of Cal., N. Y. C., $10,000 to $300,000.

Capital reduction: Bigelow Home Supply Co., N. Y., $10,000 to $8,500.

Authorizations: Pounds Extract Co., Dover, Del., $750,000; rep., R. H. Cory, 131 Hudson St. Minto Bros., Ltd., Toronto, cocoa, coffee, tea, extracts, $500,000; rep., F. W. Trebell, Buffalo. J. R. Watkins Medical Co., Winona, Minn., $500,000; rep., C. H. Payne, 111 B'way.

Voluntary dissolution: Holder Vending Machine Co., N. Y.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:46|Sun sets..7:10|Moon rises..12:24

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:27	12:00	6:05	6:22
Governors Island	12:51	12:00	6:41	7:04
Hell Gate	2:41	1:50	8:21	8:44

Arrived—Thursday, May 14.

SS New York, Southampton, May 4.
SS San Giovanni, Naples, April 30.
SS Belvedere, Algiers, May 1.
SS Koenig Albert, Palermo, May 2.
SS Perugia, Palermo, May 1.
SS Advance, Colon, May 7.
SS Ancon, Colon, May 7.
SS Caracas, San Juan, May 9.
SS Montoso, Porto Rico, May 9.
SS Dochra, Philadelphia, May 11.
SS Kydonia, Mantanzas, May 8.
SS Purus, Santos, April 15.
SS Proteus, New Orleans, May 9.
SS Cebao, Bocas del Toro, May 6.
SS Dania, Leith, April 29.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	May	9
Regina d'Italia	Naples	April	29
Thessalonika	Patras	April	27
Metapan	Kingston	May	9
Caserta	Palermo	May	2
Ancona	Palermo	May	2
Exeter City	Swansea	April	30
Dortmund	Hamburg	April	30
El Siglo	Galveston	May	9
City of St. Louis	Savannah	May	12

DUE TO-MORROW.

Provence	Havre	May	9
Cedric	Liverpool	May	7
Kaiser Franz Josef I.	Algiers	May	6
Frederik VIII	Copenhagen	May	4
Alamo	Galveston	May	9
Lenape	Jacksonville	May	13
Texas	New Orleans	May	9

DUE SUNDAY.

California	Glasgow	May	9
San Giorgio	Palermo	May	2
Laconia	Naples	May	5
Genesee	Liverpool	May	2
Nickerie	Trinidad	May	9
Conrad Mohr	Shields	May	2
Colorado	Hull	May	1
City of Savannah	Savannah	May	4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prins der Nederlanden, Haiti	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Nassau	———	3:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	———	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Imperator, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Strathroy, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Tennyson, Bahia	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Saramacca, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gregory, Para	———	3:00 P.M.
George Washington, Bremen	———	1:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Patria, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.
Europa, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London	———	10:30 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Santa Clara, Havana	———	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Jefferson, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 14.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool to New York, was 193 miles E. at 6:52 P. M.; due 15th, forenoon. Cunard Line.
SS Cedric, Liverpool to New York, was 565 miles E. at 6 A. M.; due 16th, forenoon. White Star Line.
SS Laconia, Fiume to New York, was 1,305 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 17th, afternoon. Cunard Line.
SS Kaiser Franz Joseph I., Trieste to New York, was 1,490 miles E. at 12:20 A. M.; due 16th, afternoon. Austro-American Line.
SS Ancona, Naples to New York, was 208 miles E. at noon; due 15th, forenoon. Italian Line.
SS Frederik VIII., Copenhagen to New York, was 675 miles E. at 10:15 A. M.; due 16th, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.
SS Caserta, Naples to New York, was 220 miles E. at noon; due 15th, forenoon.
SS Genesee, Liverpool to New York, was 685 miles E. at 10:15 A. M.; due 17th, forenoon.
SS Colorado, Hull to New York, was 668 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 16th late, or early 17th. Wilson Line.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS Olympic, New York for Southampton, was 444 miles W. at 5:05 P. M.; due Plymouth 15th. afternoon. White Star Line.

QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.

SS Baltic, New York for Liverpool, was 254 miles W. at 3:15 P. M.; due Queenstown 15th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS John D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 289 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 165 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 178 miles N. W. of Tortugas at 8 A. M.
SS Millinocket, Stockton to New York, was 125 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 6 P. M.
SS Camaguey, Vera Cruz to New York, was 20 miles S. of Sombrero at noon.
SS Frieda, Sabine to New York, was 50 miles E. of Sand Key at noon.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 62 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, passed Savannah River Sea Buoy at 6:18 P. M.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 75 miles S. of Charleston at 7 P. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 161 miles S. at noon.
SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York was 159 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Dakotan, Colon to New York, was 1,900 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 12 miles E. of Sabine Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Calamares, Limon to New York, was 1,532 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Trent, at Antilla, May 13.
SS Francis, at Para, May 13.
SS Atholl, at Suez, May 14.
SS Parima, at St. Thomas, May 14.
SS City of Edinburgh, at Calcutta, May 11.
SS Neuenfels, at Calcutta, May 13.
SS Georgic, at Liverpool, May 13.
SS Lackawanna, at Manchester, May 13.
SS City of Norwich, at Singapore, May 14.
SS India, at Singapore, May 14.
SS Highland Land, at Rio Janeiro, May 14.
SS Kelvinbank, at Montevideo, May 12.
SS Sant Anna, at Algiers, May 13.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Boulogne, May 13.
SS Taomina, at Naples, May 10.
SS Niagara, at Havre, May 12.
SS Hellig Olav, at Copenhagen, May 14.
SS St. Louis, at Plymouth, May 14.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Queenstown, May 14.
SS Ferndeni, from Huelva, May 13.
SS American, from Antwerp, May 12.
SS Auchencrag, from Lisbon, May 12.
SS Franklyn, from St. Vincent May 12.
SS Excelsior, from Shields, May 13.
SS Etonian, from Antwerp, May 13.
SS Canada, from Palermo, May 13.
SS Queen Louise, from Buenaventura, May 10.
SS Stanfalia, from Naples, May 13.

Passed.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, New York for Hamburg, passed Scilly.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Imperator, and at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Carpathia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Finland.
Greece—Close at 5 P. M. May 15, SS Pisa, and at 12 M. May 19, SS Thessaloniki.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Ryndam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 15. SS Oscar II.
Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 15, SS Oscar II.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 19, SS Hamburg.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle..May 15
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia..May 15
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra..May 21
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only), via Seattle—Chicago Maru..May 21
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) via San Francisco—Moana..May 22

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Up Goes the Flag

On Hudson River Day Line Steamers

First Trip Today, May 15th

From New York to Albany; first trip Saturday, May 16th, from Albany to New York. The fastest and finest river steamers in the world, built and operated exclusively for Daylight Passenger Service.

"Washington Irving" "Robert Fulton" "Hendrick Hudson" "Albany"

Special Decoration Day Trips to Kingston Point and return on Steamers "Hendrick Hudson" and "Washington Irving."

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, daily except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

"Mary Powell" Kingston and New York Service Begins Tuesday, May 26th.

Hudson River Day Line

Desbrosses Street Pier (Albany Day Line.) Tel. 4141—Spring. New York

(50)

SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON

Steamer every Sunday morning for Yonkers, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany, and Troy. Music, dancing. Dining service a la carte.

To POUGHKEEPSIE and RETURN SAME DAY $1.00 ROUND TRIP

Steamer Trojan or Rensselaer leaves New York, Pier 32, N. R., 10 A. M., every Sunday. leaves W. 132d St. Pier 10:30 A. M.

Steamer for Albany every night at 6 o'clock, Pier 32, N. R.; W. 132d St. Pier, 6:45 P. M.

Hudson Navigation Company
PHONE 9400 SPRING

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.; Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. of Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5121.

The New England Steamship Co.

Up the Hudson

Albany—Troy—and the North.
Steamers "Berkshire" (New) "C. W. Morse"—"Trojan" and "Rensselaer" in commission.
Music, Dining Service a la Carte.
Pier 32, N. R.—Daily 6:00 P. M. W. 132d St. Pier 6:30 P. M. For Troy: 6:45 P. M. For Albany: —Sundays 10:00 A. M. W. 132d St. Pier 10:30 A. M.
"The Searchlight Route"
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
Phone 9400 Spring.

BAY STATE LINE $2.40 BOSTON $2.40

Worcester, $2.40; Providence direct, $1.50. Outside Two-Birth Staterooms, $1.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

"The Public be pleased."

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.65
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.75

Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free. Outside Rooms, $1.00. Wireless Equipment. Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St. 'Phone Spring 9491.

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

Special Up Hudson Trips.
2½ Hours at Highland Falls
1 Hour at Newburgh
Fare SUNDAYS, MAY 17-24.
50Cts. Lve. Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; W. 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M. Restaurant and bar under Company's management. No Staterooms.

MANHATTAN LINE

To ALBANY
Fare 1.00 ROUND TRIP, $1.50. GOOD 10 DAYS.
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 129th St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston, week days, Franklin St., 4 P. M.; West 129th St., 4:30 P. M.; Sundays, Franklin St., 9:00 A. M. and West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.

Sight-Seeing Yachts

Battery Pier, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.

SAUGERTIES BOAT leaves Pier 43, foot of Christopher St., Mons., Weds., & Fridays 6:30 P.M.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri., Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Freight Service Daily. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of New Jersey.—SEN SEN CHICLET CO., a Corporation, Complainant, vs. THE BERGEN CANDY AND SPECIALTY CO., a Corporation, Defendant.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To the Creditors of the Bergen Candy and Specialty Co. and all other persons interested:

Take notice that, pursuant to an order of this Court entered on the 23d day of April, 1914, the undersigned will sell the defendant's

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS

consisting of merchandise, fixtures, open accounts, horses, wagon, harness and automobiles, etc., in the following manner:

The entire assets will be sold as a going concern at public auction to the highest bidder at No. 147 Essex Street, Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, on Wednesday, May 27, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Terms—25% of the purchase price in cash and the balance in cash on the confirmation of the sale by the Court.

This sale will come up for confirmation before the United States District Court at the Post Office Building at Trenton on Monday, June 1, 1914, at 10 o'clock.

In the event that the said sale is not confirmed by the Court then the business of the defendant, including all of its assets, will be sold at No. 147 Essex Street, Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, on Friday, June 5, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder, first in bulk and then in lots, and said sale will be subject to confirmation by Court and will come up for confirmation before the Court in the Post Office Building at Newark on Monday, June 8, 1914.

Terms—25% of purchase price in cash on acceptance of the bid and the balance of the purchase price on confirmation of the sale.

Inspections permitted any business day at the office of the Company, No. 147 Essex Street, Hackensack, New Jersey.

ANTHONY BOTTI,
JAMES F. McHUGH,
Receivers.

76 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J.
HEYMAN & HEYMAN, Attorneys for the Receivers, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 19,835.—In the matter of CARTER, AGUILAR & BENOLIEL, Alleged Bankrupts.

Please take notice that personal property belonging to the alleged bankrupts, consisting of hose, underwear, ties, combs, mesh bags, hair pins, vanity boxes, music rolls for player pianos, &c., also office furniture and fixtures, will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupts' place of business, No. 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of May, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 18th and 19th days of May, 1914, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MAX SHLIVEK, Receiver.
Dated New York, May 14, 1914.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FREDERICK H. MILLS, trading as the HAMLIN SUPPLY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 19,142.

Please take notice that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of piece goods, cotton goods, flannels, notions, desks, tables, cabinets, fixtures, &c., will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at his place of business, 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of May, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated, New York, May 7th, 1914.
ALBERT H. GLEASON, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY S. W. POGGENBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, May 15th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at Chelsea Storage Warehouse, 426 West 26th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of crockery, woodenware, small ware, household articles, fixtures, &c.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Trustee.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York City.

Above sale adjourned until Friday, May 29th, 1914, at same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROCKWELL FURNACE CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 20, 1914, by order of the courts, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of four shares of stock of the Foundry and Machine Exhibition Co.

WM. BLAU, Trustee.
W. B. VAUSE, Attorney, 15 Broad St., New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MARY A. WHITE, Bankrupt.

Notice is given that on the 28th day of May, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at 539 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, under the direction of the Trustee, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a small quantity of jewelry. Property can be inspected at the office of the Trustee on the day before the sale between the hours of 2 and 3 P. M.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee.
ROBERT G. PERRY, Trustee, 55 John Street, Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,251.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELIAS GOLDBERG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupt, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Elias Goldberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1914, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 14, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of UNION TOOL & SUPPLY CO., INC., alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of May, 1914, an order was made referring the above-entitled proceedings to the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, under Section 12 of the Bankruptcy act, and

Notice is hereby further given that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, at No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 25th day of May, 1914, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 14, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 18,374.—In the matter of JOHN LEONE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John Leone, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 4, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated May 14, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN C. McCAFFERTY, Bankrupt.—No. 18,211.

Notice is hereby given that John C. McCafferty, Bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 12th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated May 13th, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM B. McMECHEN, Bankrupt.—No. 18,536.

Notice is hereby given that William B. McMechen, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 28th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated May 14th, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN GLASBRENNER, Bankrupt.—No. 19,498.

Notice is hereby given that John Glasbrenner, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 13th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated May 14th, 1914.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Re American Water Works and Guarantee Company

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the time within which Proof of Claims can be made before the Special Master under the order of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania at No. 10 October Term, 1913, in equity, will expire on

Monday, the 15th Day of June, A. D. 1914

and that all claims and demands against the American Water Works and Guarantee Company which shall not be presented on or before

4 o'Clock P. M.
Of the 15th Day of June, 1914,

and which after such presentation shall not be approved by the undersigned as Special Master and by the Court will be forever barred from any claim against or participation in the proceeds of sale of the assets of the American Water Works and Guarantee Company.

Notice is further given that I will sit at the office of the receivers of the American Water Works Company in the Bank for Savings Building, No. 345 Fourth Avenue, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, each day from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M. until and including June 15, for the purpose of receiving all such proofs of claims.

HILARY B. BRUNOT,
Special Master.
Pittsburgh, Pa., May, 1914.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of THE SIMONE CAP COMPANY for authority to change its name to THE SIMONE COMPANY, INC.

Notice is hereby given that "THE SIMONE CAP COMPANY," a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held at Part I. thereof, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 22d day of May, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "THE SIMONE COMPANY, INC."

Dated New York, April 28th, 1914.
[Seal] THE SIMONE CAP COMPANY,
By SIMON J. STRAUSS, President.
BENEDICT S. WISE, Attorney for Petitioner, Office & P. O. Address, 206 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. Irving Lehman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, made and entered on the 4th day of May, 1914, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the C. J. SULLIVAN ADVERTISING COMPANY, formerly doing business at No. 158 West 65th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to present their claim with vouchers therefor duly verified to the subscriber, the assignee for the benefit of creditors, at his place of transacting business, No. 27 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of August, 1914.

Dated, New York, May 6, 1914.
EMANUEL BLUMENSTIEL, Assignee.
EDWIN BLUMENSTIEL, Attorney for Assignee, 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

LARGEST STEAMSHIP COMPANY IN THE WORLD

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

The World's Largest Ship

"VATERLAND"

SAILED YESTERDAY
—FROM—
HAMBURG
On Her Maiden Trip
Arrive NEW YORK
MAY 21st
AND SAIL FOR
PARIS—LONDON—HAMBURG
MAY 26th
and regularly thereafter

The VATERLAND is 950 feet long, 100 feet beam, 58,000 tons, and a sister ship of the IMPERATOR, which in turn is larger than any other ship afloat.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York
PHONE 1900 RECTOR.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

London—Paris—Bremen
*George Washington....May 16
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie..May 19
†‡Barbarossa.........May 21
*‖K. Wilhelm der Grosse.May 26
Bremen.............May 28
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.May 30
*Sails at 1 A. M. †Carries (II.) and (III.) cabin. ‖Carries no (I.) or (II.) cabin. ‡Bremen direct.

Baltimore-Bremen direct. One cabin (II.) Wednesdays.

THE MEDITERRANEAN
Koenig Albert..........May 23
Prinzess Irene.........June 17

The North German Lloyd landed more passengers First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.

Through rates from Egypt, India New York to FAR EAST and South America Via Europe.
NORWAY-POLAR CRUISES June 13, July 4-18-24, Aug. 11.
Independent Trips. First class throughout Around the World $620.65 & Up
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The Key to Europe

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For LONDON PARIS MAY 30 10 A. M.
JUNE 20—JULY 11—AUG. 8—AUG. 29
Via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Southampton.
OTHER SAILINGS.
*St. Paul. May 15, 10AM | *St. Louis.......June 5
Oceanic..May 23, noon | Oceanic..........June 13
*American Line Steamer Pier 62.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool (noon)
Cedric.........May 21 | Baltic..........June 4
Celtic.........May 28 | Adriatic........June 11
Also N. Y. & Boston—Mediterranean.

American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE, $55 UP.
ST. PAUL......May 15 | PHILA'PHIA....May 29
NEW YORK......May 22 | ST. LOUIS.....June 5

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St.
Min'haha. May 16, 10:30AM | Minneapolis. May 30
Minnetonka. May 23, 9:00AM | Minnewaska..June 6

Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 21st Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
FINLAND......May 16 | VADERLAND...May 30
LAPLAND......May 23 | KROONLAND..June 6
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 B'WAY, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia..May 16, n'n | Caledonia..May 30, noon
California..May 23, n'n | Campania..June 6, noon
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE

Rotterdam—Paris—London—Berlin
Vienna—Moscow—St. Petersburg.
DWINSK......May 23 | KURSK.......June 13
RUSSIA......June 2 | CZAR........June 23
1st Cabin ROTTERDAM, $65 & up; 2d cab., $40.
1st Cabin LIBAU, $75 & up; 2d cab., $42.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G.P.A., 27 B'way, N.Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE

21-24 STATE ST., N. Y.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 1 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.
*Ryndam.........May 19 | *Potsdam........June 2
†Rotterdam......May 26 | †New Amst'd'm.June 9
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

Useful Map of Great Britain FREE.
Also illustrated booklet of tours on the Great Western Railway of England.
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The New Magnificent
"AQUITANIA"
June 10, July 1, July 22, August 26
GREAT BRITAIN'S LARGEST SHIP
Liverpool Service
NEXT SAILINGS
LUSITANIA - - - - - May 19 6:00 P. M.
MAURETANIA - - - May 26 6:00 P. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Carmania..June 3, 3 pm | Lusitania, - June 23 6 P. M.
Mauretania, June 16 6 P. M. | Mauretania JULY 7 6 P. M.
*Calls at Queenstown East Bound.

MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC SERVICE
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Patras, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See itinerary.
CARPATHIA..May 19 | SAXONIA....June 11
ULTONIA.....June 2 | PANNONIA...June 20

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FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS. (FRANCE.) Departures from New York Wednesday, 10 A. M., from Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Provence...May 20 | *La Savoie.....June 10
†France (new) May 27 | *La Provence..June 17
*La Lorraine...June 3 | †France (new)..June 24
*Twin screw steamers. †Quadruple screw steamer.
SPECIAL SAILING, 3 P. M.
1 Class Cabin (II.) & 3d Class Pass'rs Only.
†Rochambeau, Sat., May 23 | *Chicago, Mon., Jun. 8
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State St., N. Y.

PORTLAND, ME. All-the-Way By Water

A Delightful Long Island Sound and Atlantic Ocean 22 hour trip of 390 miles. MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Steamship NORTH LAND. Leaves Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., N. Y., Sunday, May 17, at 10 A. M. Day Trips leaving New York Mondays 10:30 A. M. beginning June 22nd. Tickets and information at 290 Broadway, also Pier 19 N. R.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

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Special Reduced Rate Outings to Seashore, Lake, Mountain & River Resorts. Expenses Included. Featuring NIAGARA FALLS, WASHINGTON, CATSKILLS, LAKE GEORGE, Etc. Send for Folder 22. GEO. E. MARSTERS, Inc., 1,246 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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Fast Trip to Naples and Beyond
ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA
Kaiser Franz Joseph I, May 23 July 4 Aug. 19
MARTHA WASHINGTON, June 17, Aug. 8, Sept. 19
S. S. LAURA, May 29th and Other
SAILINGS SATURDAYS OR WEDNESDAYS 3 P. M.
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EVERY TRIP A TOUR

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The Southern Routes to the Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, and Marseilles, and to Algiers, Naples, Nice and Marseilles.
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO

TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Caserta.....May 19 | Taormina.....June 10
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
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New York Office, 561 Fifth Avenue.

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PARIS — LONDON — HAMBURG
WORLD'S LARGEST SHIPS "IMPERATOR"—"VATERLAND"
IMPERATOR.............May 16, 10 A. M.
PRES. LINCOLN.........May 21, 9 A. M.
AMERIKA...............May 23, 10 A. M.
VATERLAND.............May 26, 10 A. M.
*†‡BATAVIA............May 28, 3 P. M.
*Second cabin. †From pier ft. 33d St., S. Bklyn. ‡Hamburg direct.

FROM BOSTON TO LONDON, PARIS and HAMBURG.
CINCINNATI............June 2, 10 A. M.
CLEVELAND.............June 16, 10 A. M.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE FROM NEW YORK
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
Steamers leave from Piers foot of 33d St., South Brooklyn.
S. S. HAMBURG.........May 19, 3 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE..........June 2, 3 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG.........June 30, 3 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE..........June 15, 3 P. M.
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Season MAY to OCTOBER.

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FOR SALE.

Men' Clothing, $1 Weekly

MEN'S suits and overcoats, $12; $1 down, $1 weekly; ready-made and to order, $15 up. EXCHANGE CLOTHING CO., 19 Park Pl., N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MANSBACH, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMANUEL MANSBACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at its place of transacting business, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 10th day of August next.

Dated New York, January 30, 1914.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Executor.
MILLER, KING, LANE & TRAFFORD, Attorneys for Executor, 80 Broadway, New York City.

ALBERTA PROSPERS UNDER SINGLE TAX

Premier Sifton, Just Back from Europe, Tells of Canadian Northwest's Growth.

NO REALTY SLUMP YET

Immigration from the States One Source of Development—Crop Outlook Good.

A considerable part of the Government of Alberta is quartered at the Vanderbilt, in the persons of the Premier, the Hon. Arthur L. Sifton, and the Treasurer of the province, C. R. Mitchell. Mr. Sifton has just returned from a European trip, and Mr. Mitchell came to meet him. Mr. Sifton said yesterday that the single tax had proved very successful in municipalities of Alberta, and that most of them had adopted it.

"Alberta is growing rapidly," said Mr. Sifton. "The towns are spreading out at a rate which some think is a little too fast. One of the things a new country wants to avoid, if possible, is too rapid growth of its towns. But we have not had a real estate collapse in Alberta. Prices have not gone down. There has been merely a cessation of speculative sales. I do not think any good property could be bought for less than it brought in the midst of what has been referred to as 'the boom,' but land is not selling except for use.

"Edmonton and Calgary keep growing at about the same pace. Nothing especial is done by either to attract industries; in fact, our towns are prohibited by statute from offering inducements in the way of bonuses.

"The value of farm land in Alberta is constantly increasing. We have still about 100,000,000 acres of Government farm land that has not been taken up, and new settlers are coming in at a satisfactory rate. Americans are going to Alberta from the Dakotas and Minnesota, and we are getting some from Illinois and Indiana. We welcome them, as the bulk of them make as good settlers as any in the world. Most of them have families, and want more land for their sons, so that they sell out their land in the States at a good price, and buy three or four times as much over the border. What I have said about American settlers does not necessarily apply to those who go to the towns. They are apt to go back, or to go further on.

"We have not gone in for woman suffrage in Alberta, but we have the single tax, and it is working out well. The bulk of our towns have had it a number of years. Calgary and one or two others had special charters, and have only lately begun to adopt it in principle. In Edmonton the total tax is 2 per cent. of the value of land.

"There is no local government direct tax in Alberta," said Mr. Sifton. "We get a grant from the Federal Government. That is to say, we receive out of the Federal revenues a sum in proportion to our population. This pays about half of the expenses of our local government. The rest comes from licenses and similar sources.

"Reports I have just received indicate that the crop outlook is good. Wheat is looking better than for many years. The milling industry is the biggest we have, but we are gradually getting in other factories, even to a small establishment for making woolen goods. Our farmers are going very extensively into sheep raising, and our wool clip this year was large.

"Of course in a new country like ours crops are the subject of greatest interest from the time of the Spring thaw until the harvest. We have compulsory education in Alberta, and we are very proud of our school system, which includes a university under the control of the Provincial Government." Mr. Sifton expects to leave for Edmonton on Saturday.

It was remarked at the Vanderbilt as a curious coincidence that the last man to register before Premier Sifton put down his name was a man whose ranch almost adjoined one belonging to Mr. Sifton, and who came direct from Alberta. This was Commandant Feline, a retired French Army officer, who has gone extensively into horse breeding. Commandant Feline is one of a colony of Frenchmen—not French-Canadians—that has settled at Trochu. He is a skilled horseman and is much in demand as a judge at exhibitions.

JOKE WAS ON RICH MAN.

Bought Meal for Wayfarer and Then Hadn't Cash to Pay.

A story is being told of an experience of a wealthy bachelor, a member of a very old New York family, who takes a great deal of interest in charitable work, and who does a lot of investigating on his own account.

Some time ago he was walking on one of the streets of the lower east side when he was accosted by a wayfarer whose whole appearance indicated the depths of misfortune and misery. The tramp said he wanted the price of something to eat. The millionaire looked him over.

"I won't give you any money," he said, "but I'll be glad to buy you a good square meal."

The millionaire was very plainly dressed, and the other, after looking him regretfully over, agreed to become his guest. They turned into a restaurant in the vicinity, and the host let the man order what he wanted. He himself ordered a meal and ate.

When it was finished, the millionaire called for his check. When it came, he felt in his pockets. Not a cent did he have. It was an embarrassing moment, but he sought to explain to the waiter.

"None o' that stuff goes here; we get too much o' that kind of conversation," the attendant informed him. "You pays that check—see!"

The man from uptown called for the manager, and sought to explain the situation, but the manager, too, happened to be from Missouri.

When the millionaire was arguing with the manager, and protesting that he would pay the bill if time was given him he was surprised by a loud guffaw from the tramp across the table.

"Bo," cried that worthy, leaning over and putting out his hand, "you certainly put one over on me. I never knew anybody could fool me like that. Why I had no idea you were one of us. I'll pay the check," and he did, producing a sum that was much more than sufficient.

SKAT EXPERTS TO GATHER.

At Milwaukee Tournament Prizes Will Total $10,500.

The seventeenth congress and tournament of the North American Skat League will be held in Milwaukee, Wis., on June 13, 14 and 15. Oscar E. Schwemer, Secretary of the League, announced yesterday that 3,500 players are expected to participate in this year's tournament and that 60 per cent. of the receipts derived from entry fees, which are $5 for each player, will be given as prizes to winners. The first and second prizes are $500. Thirty per cent. of the receipts will be used for entertainment and conducting the tournament and 10 per cent. for the general skat fund.

The convention and tournament is to be held in the Milwaukee Auditorium, and at the first day's business session, election of officers to succeed President M. M. Dreyfus and others will take place, and the city in which the next skat tournament is to be held will be selected. A total of $10,500 in prizes for players will be given, it is announced, if the expected number of 3,500 players participate.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Circuit Court of Appeals.

Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M.
Actiesels Kabet Ingrid<Cent RR of NJ.
USA<13 Crates Eggs.
Armour & Co<USA.
In re Blye.
In re Ironclad Mfg.
Benner Line<Pendleton.
Am Ag Chem Co<Tug F E Richards.
Yunghouss<USA.
Durand<Howard.
Lehigh Val Coal Co<Gensavage.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Admiralty.
No & E River Term Co<Tug Bridgeton.
Carroll<Albel.
Hastorf<Long, Bradhurst Co.
NY, N H RR<Tug Volunteer.
Rugge<Tug Roselle.
Cohen<Barge Josephine.
Gildersleeve<Tug Eli B Conine.
Cahill<SS Olympic.
DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—At 10 A. M.
Toch<Zibell.
US ex rel Gaynor<US F & G Co.
Marinelli<Un Booking.
Lasky<C Players Film Co.
Societe Ananynee<Arrow Distil Co.
Cantalupo<Locorrazzo.
Eastern Steel<Godair & Skinner.
Arbogast<Remington.
New motions:
Cons R Tire<Goodrich
Same<Diamond.
US<L Black.
US<L D Black & Co.
Graphone<Independent
USA<Trachy.
In re Isidor Silverstein
Aeolian Co<Welte.
Tarbell<Pure Water Apparatus Co.
Greenwald<La Vogue.
Matter of Reichenberg
US<Salen.
In re Titanic.
Parsons<Ely.
Howland<Corn.
Empire Trust Co<Improved P H Co.
In re Morris Meyer.
Gillette<Herswitz.
Gillette<Un Haberdashers.

Eastern District.

BANKRUPTCY CALENDAR.—Veeder, J.—At 2 P. M.
Discharges:
Wm G Sims,
Harry H Friedman,
David Baskan,
Geo Ducker (Doukas),
Albert Zillman.
Composition:
Nathan Gordon.
Benj Yancowitz.
Motions:
Benj Yancowitz.
Adolph Bausch.
Bausch P Frame.
Louis Reiter.
Un Met Bedstead Co.
Kurlandzik & Alpert, (2 motions.)
Star Iron Bed Co.
Roslyn Estates.
Kane Clothing Co.
Michael Cohen.
Max Gorfine.
Cypress Knitting Mills
J & M Schwartz.
Chas C Roggenkamp.
Max Freund.
Met Dairy Co.
David D Jennings.
MOTION CALENDAR.—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M.
Spencer<Babylon RR.
COMMON LAW CALENDAR.—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M.
US<Stolbrand.
Marriotti<Davis.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Hallberg—N Y Cent.
Stevens<Coolidge.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Motions.
People<Lyle.
Same<Weinstein.
Same<Pece.
Same<Zilbert.
Bockhaus<I R T.
Brennan Drilling<Winder.
Farley<Bernardino.
McCormick<Tyler.
Coffin<Levis.
Rambaut<same.
Cowen<Bernard.
Fairchild<Penn R R.
Salomon<Kahlen.
Prince<Rieser.
Absalom<N Y Ed.
In re Bronx Park, &c
In re same.
In re W 184 St.
Folk<Nas Ferry.
Burr<NYC R R.
Hessberg<Welsh.
Martin<Oberle.
Stinner<Union Ry.
Nassau Hotel<Barnett & Barse.
Senior<Sun P & P Co.
Thiele<Un Gas.
Same<Dill.
Duke<Am Mus of Nat History.
Finkelstein<Punie.
Latin-Am Con<Broderick.
Donnelly<Piercy Con.
Hugenot Trust<Irel'd.
Ochs<Woods.
Same<same.
People<Sylvestro.
U S Trust Co<Daniel.
Same<same.
In re Man Ry.
Non-enum. motions:
Cohen<Rothschild.
London & S W B'k<White.
State B'k<Jacowitz.
Sherman<S Einhorn.
Henel<Stein.
Sully<Tiffany & Co.
Malatesa<Emp City S
Justice<Justice.
Gray<Gray.
Rosenthal<Birnstein.
Eisenbach, &c<Mutual Life.
Young<White.
Rothschild<I R T.
Kraus-Baum<Housman.
Huguenot Trust<Ireland et al.
Bryan<Reeves & Son.
Equit Life<Smith.
Phillips<Phillips.
Schultze<Feinberg.
Leszynsky et al<Lawrence.
Metzger<Custodis Chimney Const.
In re Hammond.
Curran<Oppenheimer.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Blanchard, J. Litigated motions.
Durr<Durr.
Herzenstein<Strauss.
Fox-Stiefel Co<5 Av Shop.
Gainsburg<N E Enam
Pilkington<Pilkington.
In re People by Emmer (Emp State Sty)
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Chase & Baker Co<Heiser.
Needham Piano<same.
Salomon<Salomon.
Phillips<Phillips.
E River Sav Inst<175 St & 3 Ave.
Same<same.
Fried<Martone.
Reifel<McCarthy.
Myers<NY Edison.
McNulty<Press Pub.
Clark<Turner.
In re Brown (Beroule)
In re Greenberg.
Werner<Smith.
Goldstein<Montheim.
Hoppe<NY Ry.
Lukather<Daniels Co.
Burgheimer<Maged.
Brill<Brill.
May<May.
Century Tire<Parker.
Reich<Weber Theatre.
Same<same.
Matter of Flynn (Cruikshank.)
Benson<Yellow Taxi.
Auto Tire<Mansfield Tire.
Am Oilcloth<Springer.
Hunt<NY Life.
Meyer<Oppenheimer.
Rosenblum<Rosenblum
Seidman<Grossman.
Mangin<Mangin.
Lawrence<Gerken.
Loftus<Carlton.
Goldberg<Siegel.
Met Sav Bank<Levine
Groff<Gt A & P Tea.
Zurich<Stark.
Wirf<Kennedy.
Peerless Patten<McClure Pub.
Hupfel Brew<Vallely.
In re W'sburg Land.
Bishop<Am Home Magazine.
Wartels<S Augenblick & Co.
People ex rel Lyons<Hopper.
Famobrosis Socy<Royal Benefit Socy.
Same<same.
Knapp<Westinghouse Lamp.
Rentzler<Rentzler.
Same<same.
Bovich<Bovich.
Hendrick<Hancock Life.
Same<N W Life.
Conti<Lakner.
McMahon<Williams.
Brill<Brill.
Garcewich<McGraw Rlty.
Kiesewetter<Wood.
Killeen<Hatton.
City R E Co<Greenstone.
Roth<Roth.
Kane<Wagner.
Toner<Toner.
Hollister<Hollister.
Wulff<Roseville Truck (Newark, N. J.)
In re NY Tr (Brown.)
In re Greenberg.
In re Werblin (Reizer)
Hart<Drexler.
Same<same.
In re Grotzky (Kraemer.)
Sears<Sears.
Gordon<Gramacy Chocolate.
Guise<Guise.
In re Burston.
Haiti Co<W R Grace.
Same<Caribbean Con.
Herrmann<Queens L & T Co.
Maller<Felix.
Kuss<Oltan.
In re Bliss (Pancoast)
O'Brien<O'Brien.
Mayer<H S Rlty.
Nat Surety<Brenchaud
Harvey<Elliott.
Glickman<Rogg.
Yvelin<Martell.
Crenshaw<Locomotive Equip.
PART II.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.
PART III.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
In re Leland Av.
In re Throggs Neck Boulevard.
Furthman<Furthman.
Rose Theatre<Corn.
Undefended divorces:
Marrin<Marrin.
Dow<Dow.
Carruth<Carruth.
Kettering<Kettering.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Block<Block.
Morris<Morris.
Krockel<Krockel.
Weihe<Weihe.
Charney<Charney.
Klein<Klein.
Turville<Turville.
Hesse<Hesse.
Meek<Meek.
Hollenbeck<Hollenbeck.
Smith<Smith.
Marine<Marine.
Mott<Mott.
Ward<Ward.
Shapiro<Shapiro.
Niedhamer<Niedh'r.
Neuschotz<Neuschotz.
Cass<Cass.
Bass<Bass.
Crisconia<Crisconia.
De Santy<De Santy.
Wallace<Wallace.
Douglas<Douglas.
Cohen<Cohen.
Marullo<Marullo.
Pagano<Pagano.
Hughes<Hughes.
Zahn<Zahn.
Cassuto<Cassuto.
Lourie<Lourie.
Leventhal<Leventhal.
Burgess<Burgess.
Brown<Brown.
Gamble<Gamble.
Preferred cause:
Bigelow<Hennessy.
General calendar:
Garden Rlty, &c, Co<Siviglia.
Rieser<CNY.
Fried<Fried.
Weidhorn<Rieger.
Herbst<Herbst.
Dodge<Dodge.
Taller<Field.
Magonigle<Magonigle.
Post & McCord<CNY.
Case on.
PART IV.—Ford, J.—Case on; Part V., Erlanger, J.—Case on. Part VII.—Philbin, J.—Clear.

Trial Terms.

PART II.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on. Anderson<Anderson. No day calendar.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on—Kell<Jobson-Gifford Co. No day calendar.
PART IV.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on—Kravitz<C RR of N J. No day calendar.
PART V.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on—Schneider<Bennett. No day calendar.
PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—Security Bk<Leuchtenberg.
Weiss<Frank.
Case on.
PART VII.—Adjourned until May 18.
PART VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Nicholas<Weill.
M Holstein<Steeplechase.
J. Holstein<Same.
Lovell<Smith Con. Co.
McGuiness<Robnson.
Canepa<Aquaro.
Epstein<Assinoff.
Harris<Tobacco Leaf.
Wittner<Madson.
J Dehan<NY, N H RR
S Dehan<Same.
Crumley<NY Rys.
Case on.
PART IX.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Vander Hoop<Th,' Jr.
Wald<Lifshutz.
Wold<same.
Howard<Margulies.
Huk<Linch.
Leonards<Burns Bros.
Myers<N Y Rys.
Case on.
PART X.—Adjourned until May 18.
PART XI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Watt<Consol Gas.
Harrison<Kaufman.
Waldt<Goodwin Mfg.
Case on.
PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Vaughn<McCreery&Co.
Markey<CNY.
Nichols<Mali & Exp.
Dickson<[illegible]chler.
Brooks<R[illegible]eff.
Massari<Cons Brew.
Tschudy<Hencken & Willenbrock Co.
Cohn<ChesebroughBdg
Smith<Roach.
Cavallero<Pitts Con.
Drusin<Vicari.
Case on.
PART XIII.—Adjourned until May 18.
PART XIV.—Adjourned until May 20.
PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Fox<Herschfeld. No day calendar.
PART XVI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Higgins<Everards Bry
Farley<Fleischman.
Krauss & Co<Fulton Metal.
Lincoln<Franklin Hat
Saltzman<Schulze, Sr.
Keddie<Simpson.
1st Nat Bk of Highbridge<Hudson.
Elliott, Jr<Paine.
Schiller Supply<Con G
Standard Fuel Supply<Windley.
Roller<Simons.
Dundas<Bonwit Cost.
Milliken<NY Sav Bk.
Rountree<Mitchell.
Haney<Leh V Struct'l
Case on.
PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—Truesdale<Bellony.
Klepsa<Lupinek.
Schliep<Perkins.
Karet<Goldstein.
Schipper<Levy.
Pollack<Kazam.
Williamson<CNY.
Knight<R of Reviews.
Hill<Finnigan.
Boehm<Jarmowlsky.
Hagan<Nayes.
Case on.
PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Bloodgood<Rosen.
Reddy<Silverman.
Morse<Penn Textile.
Shonker<Farman.
Lipshultz<T J McLaughlin Sons.
Barranger<J. Butler.
Wolfson<Am Druggist Syn.
O'Connell<Oliver, Gildersleeve & Son.
Roberts<Reinitz.
Sullivan<Hoe.
Same<same.
Uvalde Con<CNY.
Chapman<Am Palace.
Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Emma Cantlon,
A. Schlesinger,
Simon Weinstein,
Felix Minaldi,
Henry Hilton,
William Kramer,
Charles S. Robinson,
Robert Schmolke,
Roza Weisz,
Harry Gochman,
Eva E. French,
August Herman, &c.,
Mary E. Ferris,
Gerolamo Leone,
A. Gertrude Cutter,
Hiram Benner,
George B. Boynton,
William J. Shields,
Edwin C. Philbrick,
Alfred A. Keller,
William Steinway,
George Chesterman,
Mary Furey,
Peter Muller,
Vito Zaccheo,
Samuel J. Cohen,
Patrick O'Rourke,
Anton Scheuermann,
Mary Stenger,
Mary B. Wendell,
Annie McGrath,
Annit Kennedy,
Della Michael,
Timothy J. Kieley,
Andrew M. Clute,
Wm. T. Wardwell,
Wm. T. Wardwell,
Anna Bruns,
Charles O'Keefe,
Jennie E. Burden,
Louise Polhemus,
Caroline Frankel,
Jacob Manheimer,
Richard N. Dyer,
Louis J. Merkel,
Aron Frankfeld,
Rebecca S. Blumenthal,
M. J. Sonnenschein,
Annie R. Gulick,
John Downey,
Emily Silverman,
Charles F. Wright,
Horace Russell,
Simon Weinstein,
Yetta Frank,
Ellen F. Evans,
Joseph Appell,
Nellie H. Noes,
Rose L. Rosenberg,
Marie F. Ulrich,
Henry J. Murphy,
Moses Schor,
Katherine L. P. Mathews,
Elizabeth Reynolds,
Sarah Oppenheimer,
Charles Mann,
Alice C. Cramer,
Lizzie Moss,
Michael F. Keating,
Elizabeth Francis.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will: Samuel Campbell.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Lynch, J. Litigated motions—At 10 A. M.
Spector<Mulligan.
Morowitz<Susser.
First Nat Bk, &c<Smith.
Lytton<Brecher.
Mozzoli<Ziegfield.
Filsenthal<Arnstein.
Scheue<Cukor.
Poons<Gerbin.
Ceresit Waterpf'g Co<Ryesdale Est.
Liberty Die Works<Button Works.
Nie<Cheun.
Stone<Weissberg.
Un Editors Ass'n<Galley
Eising & Co<Fleck.
Perlmutter<Diamond.
Riverside Bank<Prescott.
Acker Merrall & C<Graubarth.
Steinberg<Spina.
Sibley<Bertini.
Soule<Lookstein.
Lehman<Greenberg.
Klein<Sorgenfrei.
Caplan<Frazee.
Morton<Spencer.
Locascio<Markee.
Hendrick<Rinehart.
Laks<Hartman.
Falk<Nas Ferry Co.
Same<same.
Collins<Witmark & S.
Shier<Jackson.
Stair Con<Hedges.
Leondri Hotel<Roeder.
Lerner<Kraus.
Steinberg<Reich.
Roth<Ill Surety.
Hatoff<Tronfeld.
Jiramek<Lewenthal.
Tiffin<Eakins.
Flin<Rodin.
Fleischl<Polisiuk.
Sibley & Totman<Bertini.
Fricke<Jacob.
Fleischl<Polisiuk.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—at 9:45 A. M.
Donlon<Kramer Cont.
Herzog<Seeman.
Cummins<Hedden Con.
Elle<Dinkelspiel.
Princeton Worsted Mills<Solomon.
Williams<Schlesinger.
Downey<Haupt.
McCarthy<Folsom.
Smith<Wilgrow Rlty.
Goldstein<Zimeb.
Levine<Shillaber.
N Y Motor Car Co<Greenfield.
Marcus<Rosenzweig.
Donald SS Co<Lewis.
Wasilewski<Warner Sug Ref.
McCarthy<O'Meara.
Newman<Clayton Rty
North'n B'k<Frankel.
Kehoe<N Y Rys.
Kaplan<same.
Bane<same.
Neglia<Siema.
Lubinsky<Bernhard.
Bernstein<I R T.
Same<same.
Kemp<Blanch.
Obendorfer<Piser Co.
Zugallo<Raymond.
Benjamin<N Y Rys.
Prince<same.
French<Buxbaum.
Newman<Clayton Rty
Prieto<South'n Pac.
Schwartz<N Y Rys.
Case on.
PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cruikshank<Strassry.
Mathews<Spiegel.
Katsikides<Ackes.
Weinberg'r<Andreinolo
Sandler<Mogilensky.
Bradley<Winant.
Catoggio<Capotosto.
Polaczek<Herbst.
Sochan<Silverman.
Meenan<Lafevre.
Irwin<Clearman.
Miller<Miller.
Roth<Ill Surety.
Lipschitz<Gen'l Accident, &c.
Wilkesbarre Rlty<Powell.
Unger<Cohen.
Blatt<Only Skirt.
Sikorska<O'Connor.
Natl Cash Reg<Oschron.
Galligan<Minsker Rty
Mason<Price.
Imp Motor Veh Co<Schwartz.
Ginsberg<Ginsberg.
Sturges<Wells & Newton.
Stultz Bros<Munnichs Garage.
Noyes Co<Van Zandt Rty Co.
Royall<Nat B'k of No Hudson.
Gallagher<McDowell.
Welch<High Grade Foundries Co.
Escoffer<Messina.
Baer<E Riv Nat B'k.
Ressler<Rosendorf.
Rosenblum<Feld.
Racky<Queens Land.
Anderson Co<Nat Br Works.
Case on.
PART III., O'Dwyer, J., case on; IV., Finelite, J., case on; V., Green, J., clear; VI., Ransom, J., case on; VII., Delehanty, J., case on; VIII., Smith, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—In re Freedman—Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve.
SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Pearson<Pearson—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—In re Bohne McLaghlin Co—William A. Shields. Eugene L. Richards<Joseph G. Robin—William S. Emmet and Peter J. Collins.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, Thomas, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ. Motion calendar. In re J L Butterfield (dec).
ENUMERATED day calendar.—At 10 A. M.
Fischer<Eyre.
Stillwell<Bateman
Curtin<Clarkson.
Leib<Lowe.
Lehigh & Hudson Ry<Warwick.
Heinrich<First Nat Bk of Middlet'n.
Munnich<Jaffe.
Faber<Greene.
Eyclesheimer<Hunter.
Hulburt<Southerland.
Kennedy<Heckscher.
Vickers<Midtown Con.
People<Scharfstein.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Litigated motions.
E River Sav Inst<McCullough.
In re Ditmas Av & 43d St.
Gasteiger<Kisbough et al.
Denvers<Stein et al.
Pendleton<Bennett.
Corcoran<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
In re Martone.
Salatino<Salatino.
In re 206 4th Av (unsafe).
Maltz<Andrew Greis.
Weidig<Weidig.
In re Holbrook (Curtin).
Clement<Greenwald.
Thomson<Lawyers Title Ins & Tr Co.
Silberberg<Bregstein.
In re Melwood.
Workstell<Workstell.
Mihalowitz<Salkin et al.
Seaman<Seaman.
Hastings<Hastings.
Peoples Trust Co<Cregan et al.
Spence<Wood et al.
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Rahayel<Rahayel.
Nixon<Nixon.
Forkos<Forkos.
Steenworth<Steenw'th
Tim<Van Loan
Matthews<Goldfarb.
Miller<Miller.
In re Leon.
Mele<Waterbury Co.
In re Holland & ano (Schroeder).
Franzos<Freudenberger.
Judson<Edwards.
Brunn<Brunn.
In re Silver Lake Pk (water supply).
Condelles<Meek.
PART II.—Kapper, J.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Trials.—Kelly, J. Special calendar. Foreclosure cases.
Moore<Broaker. (trial continued.)
Investing Associates<McKeon. (Act. 1, 2, 3, 4.)
Walther<Palmer.
Levine<Hartman Rty.
Regular calendar.
Heslin<Eagan.
Beach<Beach.
Sweeney<Sweeney.
Shillito<Shillito.
Marinelli<Horn.
Dietz<Dietz.
Hill<Hill.
Lamanno<Lamanno.
Rivello<Rivello.
Pfaus<Pfaus.
Dempsey<Dempsey.
Popkin<Connor.
Highest number reached, 1,063.
TRIAL TERM—Benedict, Kelly, Clark, Van Siclen, Jaycox, Scudder, JJ.
Douglass<Yellow Taxi
Wolf<Bradley Con.
Collins<B H RR.
Dubovitz<Nas R R.
Coles<Requa.
McSkimming<N Y Con R R.
Hayes<B H R R.
Kresner<Dworetz et al
O'Grady<Sch'bel et al.
Johnson<Bliss.
Harris<Hurley et al.
Roome, Jr<C I B RR
Lent<Tilyou.
Zeldin<Am Ice.
Bindner<Fox.
Apeler<B H R R.
Breese<Nassau RR.
Germann<B H RR.
Tyrrell<Grafton.
Patterson<CNY et al.
Hughes<N Y Con R R
Evans<Nassau RR.
Batchelor<Nassau RR.
Ambrosio<French Line
Epstein<Werbel et al.
Gaffney<N Y Con RR
Voorhees Grain Co<Rosbrock.
Piuntkosky<Harrington & Sons.
Riccardi<Transit Dev.
Butler<CNY.
Strube<Int'l Motor.
Esmus<Voorhees et al.
Anderson<Meade & Co.
Hasson<Cioffi.
Menges, Jr<Edwards M Car.
Allgoever<NY Rwys.
McGirr<Bradley Con.
Feldman<Autocar Sales et al.
Simons<Williams & Co
Doane<Beechnut Packing Co.
Smythe<Postal Tel.
Lorenzen<Edison El Ill
The balance of the day calendar stands over until May 18.
Highest number reached, 3593.

Surrogate's Court.

No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Roy, J.
Actions triable without jury:
White<Barnes.
Paulson<Hayes.
New Lots Devel Co<Empire Keystone I.
Rippman<Brill Con.
Kaplan<Deitchman.
Zack Lumber Co<CN Y and an.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Motion calendar.
Pringle<Rosner.
Llanos<Man Pie Bak.
Edmondson<Bronx Boro Bank.
De Werth<Mount.
Aston<N Y Con RR.
D. Aston<same.
SPECIAL TERM—Trials—Brady, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.
Case on—Machles<Beyer.
No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Gentile<Barrelli.
Young<Friedman.
Kahn<Fanelli Bua Co.
Schneider<Pettke et al
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Brady, J. Harvey<Johansen—Edward F. Moran.
COUNTY COURT.—Gibbs, J. Smada Realty<Tesoro—Harold H Straus.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Brady, J. Isaac Leader<Harris Drusin et al—Edward J Fitzgerald.
COUNTY COURT.—Gibbs, J. Dyer<Michelena—Monroe J Keith.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Calendar goes over until Monday.
MOTION CALENDAR—Keogh, J.
Weight<Schoeder et al.
Smith<Nat Conduit.
Gabrielle<Steers.
Beattie<Pickman Brs.
Seigniousos<Black et al.
McKenna<Sherry et al.
Walker<Francolini.
O'Brien<N Y C RR.
Zwerdling<Lane.
Quirk<Callahan et al.
In re People's Trust (est of B Case).
Assets Colecting<Goldsmith, Myers et al.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Garretson, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on trial. No day calendar. Remainder of calendar passed to Monday, May 18. Highest number reached, 515.

County Court.

EQUITY CAUSES—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.
Gottlieb<Bryant Con.
Cardthausen<Buchner.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ACTON, LOUISA, (Jan. 9, 1914,) net estate, $3,871; 118 W. 118 St., $21,000 (mtge., $17,257;) bank, $208; household effects, $451.

CHAPIN, MARY B. W., (Feb. 3, 1914,) net estate, $24,737; cash, $10, bank, $737; clothing, $100; jewelry, $200; stock, $30,540; 100 shares Am. Cotton Oil Co. pf., 50 Nat'l Bis. pf., 53 Dia. Match Co., 40 Rubber Goods Mfg. Co. pf., 20 U. Pac. Com., 20 Chic., Mil. & St. Paul com.

CLARK, JAMES W., (Sept. 13, 1913,) net estate, $102,797; bank, $693; personal, $401; stock, $6,041; int. in co-partnership of Holbrook, Corey & Co. at 31 Nassau St., $100,333; stock, 10 Cent. Leather pf., 10 Internat'l Steam Pump Co. pf., 20 Corn Products Ref. Co. pf., 600 Wellington Copper Mining Co., 3,000 Victoria Chief Copper Mining & Smelting Co., 200 Brit. Col. Copper Co., 10 Camden Land and Imp. Co., 25 Syracuse Drygoods Co. pf.

FITCH, FRANCIS E., (Mar. 19, 1910,) net N. Y. estate, $4,507; 2 lots at Arthur Manor, $900; furniture, $200; notes, $694; 150 shares Gospel Pub. House Co. stock, machinery, &c., $8,357; 10 shares Am. Telegraphone Co. stock, $15.

HAHNER, MARY G., (Dec. 21, 1911,) net estate, $3,501; 147 India St., B'klyn, $7,500 (mtge, $4,017;) cash, $200; jewelry, $300.

MARTIN, JOHN C., (Sept. 3, 1912;) net estate, $740,627; $15,000 to the Nat'l Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Evanston, Ill., $201,875 each to the College Board of the Pres. Church, the Board of Home Missions of the Pres. Church, and the Board of Missions for Freedmen of the Pres. Church; 3 parcels of land near Kingsbridge, Bronx, $13,100; bank, $363,198; bonds and mtges., $28,869; notes and claims, $66,429; insurance, $5,000; furniture, $273; stocks and bonds, $339,742; bonds, $15,000 Un. Rys., $10,000 B. & O., $10,000 Lehigh, $10,000 Market St. Elevated Passenger Ry. Co., $10,000 Reading Co. and Phila. & Reading Coal & Iron Co., $10,000 Chic., Burl. & Quincy, R. R., $10,000 At. Coast Line, $10,000 N. Y. Cent., $10,000 Nor. Pac., $7,000 West Shore R. R., $7,000 Lehigh Valley Transit Co., $5,000 Harwood Elec. Co., $5,000 Fidelity Storage & Warehouse Co., $5,000 Sou. Jersey Gas, Elec. & Traction, $5,000 At. City Gas Co., $5,000 L. S. & M. S., $5,000 Ind. Nor. Traction Co., $4,000 N. Y., Ontario & Western Ry. Co.; stocks, 40 shares Empire Trust Co., 100 Richmond Boro. Nat'l Bank, 20 Aetna Nat'l Bank, 25 Nat'l Bank of Cuba, 15 Mariners' Harbor Nat'l Bank, 13 Tottenville Nat'l Bank, 50 Penn Realty Co., 20 Miller Coal Co., 13 Crossville Lumber Co., 200 Am. Tel. & Tel. Co., 400 Penn. R. R., 200 U. S. Rubber 1st pf., 200 B. & O., 100 Pullman Co., 100 U. S. Steel pf., 50 Manchester & Lawrence R. R., 100 Am. Ag. & Chem. pf., 100 Un. Shoe Mach. Corp., 100 Un. Gas Imp. Co., 100 Phila. Traction.

TOWNSEND, JAMES M., (Oct. 31, 1913;) net estate, $505,081; property at Westport, N. Y., $14,728; bank, $7,031; notes, $6,306; stocks and bonds, $540,351; int. in law firm of Townsend & Button, $4,000; jewelry, $105; bonds, $38,000 N. Y. City, $100,000 Joseph Parker & Son Co.; stocks, 50 shares Am. Coal Co., 67 Am. Exp. Co., 230 Cleveland, Cin., Chi. & St. Louis R. R., 100 Conn. & Passumpsic River R. R., 253 Edison Elec. Illuminating Co. of Boston, 159 Ill. Cent., 159 Jewell Export Filter Co., 300 Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis R. R., 201 New Haven Gas Light Co., 568 N. Y., N. H. & H., 130 180th St. Co., 205 Joseph Parker & Son Co., 260 Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie R. R., 200 Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chi. R. R., 220 Sou. N. E. Tel. Co., 97 Winchester Repeating Arms Co., 270 Gray Telautograph Co., 200 Tennessee Copper Co.

WOFFORD, HOSEA E., (Aug. 12, 1913;) net estate, $12,404; bank, $127; cash, $60; furniture, $160; personal, $125; damaged auto, $400; int. in the Emerson Dry Kiln Co., $13,207; insurance, $150.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Edgewater Road, e s, 228 ft s of Garrison Av, for a two-story frame stable, 30x50; Burns Brothers, 50 Church St, owners; Guarantee Construction Co., 140 Cedar St., architect; cost $2,000

Loring Place, e s, 170.5 ft s of Fordham Road, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x97.8; Beckmann Realty Construction Co., John H. Beckmann, President, 401 West 23d St., owner; Paul G. Hunter, 191 9th Av., architect; cost $40,000

Pelham Bay Park, s e corner of Baychester Beach and Huntington estate, for two one-story frame bathhouses, 17x48; City of New York, owner; A. G. Waldreaon, Claremont Park, architect; cost........$425

Pelham Bay Park, e s, Shore Road, corner of Orchard Beach Lane, for two one-story frame bathhouses, 17x40; City of New York, owner; A. G. Waldreaon, Claremont Park, architect; cost $400

38th St, 57 to 61 West, for a twelve-story store and loft, 55.2x93.2; Antler Realty Co., Inc., 11 East 25th St., owner; Rouse & Goldstone, 38 West 32d St, architect; cost.. $250,000

76th St, n s, 276 ft e of Avenue A, for a one-story shed, 22x102; M. O. Sage, owner; Frankfort & Kirschner, 830 Westchester Av, architect; cost $1,500

110th St, s s, 175 ft e of 1st Av, for a one-story lumber shed, 100x23; estate of R. Bunke, 315 East 175th St, owner; J. G. Michel, 323 45th St, Brooklyn, architect; cost $500

188th St, n w corner of 3d Av, for a one-story brick store, 101.5¾x65.7⅛; Reville, Siesel Co., P. J. Reville, 1,559 Southern Boulevard, President, owner; Kreymborg Architectural Co., 1,029 East 163d St., architect; cost $12,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

3d Av, e s, 151.7¼ ft n of 167th St, to a four-story brick workshop, 35.2 x 68.3½; Frank B. Hill, 3,476 3d Av, owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect, cost $7,000

5th Av, 379, to a five-story dwelling; M. T. Hadden, premises, owner; Hunt & Hunt, 28 East 21st St, architects; cost........$30,000

11th St, 57 and 59 East, to an eleven-story factory; United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, owner; M. J. Engel, 420 East 45th St, architect; cost $8,000

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Cloudy Fri.; probably showers on coast. Sat., fair; mod. e. to n. winds.

Ga.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder in n. e. Fri., light to mod. var. winds.

Fla.—Cloudy Fri.; probably showers in the peninsula. Sat., fair; light to mod. var. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; mod. n. winds.

La.—Fair Fri. Sat., cloudy; mod. n. e. and e. winds.

E. Tex.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat.; probably showers Sat.; mod. e. winds.

W. Tex.—Local rains Fri.; warmer in Pan Handle. Sat., cloudy and warmer.

Utah—Local rains Fri.; Sat. fair.

Okla.—Cloudy Fri., probably followed by showers at night and on Sat.

Ark.—Cloudy Fri.; Sat. unsetl., probably showers.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; light var. winds, mostly w.

Ill.—Fair Fri., warmer in n. e.; Sat. cloudy, probably followed by showers; light var. winds, mostly w.

L. Mich. and U. Mich., Wis., and Minn.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; light var. winds.

Ia.—Fair Fri.; Sat. cloudy.

Mo.—Fair in e., cloudy in w. Fri.; Sat. unsetl., probably rain.

N. and S. Dak.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Neb. and Kan.—Cloudy Fri.; Sat. unsetl., probably showers.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Frederick W. Vanderbilt Leases Former Morgan Residence to Furniture Exchange—Fifth Avenue Corner Transferred—Howard Gould Loans $50,000 on the Globe Theatre—Bronx, Brooklyn and Suburban Deals.

One of the few features of interest in the realty market yesterday was the leasing by Frederick W. Vanderbilt of the large double house at 6 and 8 East Fortieth Street, immediately in the rear of his residence on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue. The building has a frontage of 50 feet and has been leased to the Antique Furniture Exchange now at 13 West Twenty-eighth Street. After alterations have been made, the entire building will be occupied as offices and salesrooms by the lessees. The deal was made through the Loton H. Slawson Company for Worthington Whitehouse, who has charge of the property for Mr. Vanderbilt.

Mr. Vanderbilt bought the building he has just leased in October, 1911, from the late J. Pierpont Morgan as trustee for the estate of his sister, Sarah S. Morgan, who died several years ago. It gave Mr. Vanderbilt a frontage of 175 feet on Fortieth Street, and with the Morgan plot he also bought the old stable at 5 East Thirty-ninth Street. Since that time the property has been on the market for sale or lease for business and it was rumored a few weeks ago that a deal was almost closed for the entire plot.

The Vanderbilt plot now available for business includes his home and the adjoining building next to the Union League Club, having a frontage on the avenue of 113 feet and 125 on Fortieth Street.

Fifth Avenue Corner Transferred.

Harriet D. C. Glover transferred to the 251 Fifth Avenue Company yesterday the five-and-one-half-story building on the northeast corner of Twenty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue and 1 East Twenty-eighth Street. The Fifth Avenue building covers a lot 25 by 100 feet and the Twenty-eighth Street structure a lot 25 by 98.9. There is a mortgage of $350,000 on the properties.

Howard Gould Loans $50,000.

Howard Gould has taken a mortgage of $50,000 on the Globe Theatre, Broadway and Forty-sixth Street, owned by the Dillingham Theatre Company. There is a previous mortgage of $655,000 on the property.

Resale on Washington Place.

The two old four-story dwellings, 125 and 127 West Washington Place, purchased last month by Lowenfeld & Prager, have been been resold to a builder. They cover a plot 44 by 97 feet.

Investors Buying Tenements.

Tenement property continues in good demand by both the operator and small investor. Several deals were reported yesterday, among them being a cash sale in the Chelsea section involving the two six-story houses at 336 to 342 West Twenty-sixth Street, sold by the Gerdes Realty Company to a client of David R. Beach, who will hold the property. The houses occupy a plot 100 by 98.9 and are separated by a 25-foot parcel from the chapel of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church. The German Realty Company purchased the houses in 1906.

On the east side Frank A. Kleindienst sold 411 East Twenty-fourth Street, front and rear tenements with stores, on a lot 25 by 98.9, located between First Avenue and Avenue A. The buyer is an investor.

The four four-story tenements on the southeast corner of Ninety-fourth Street and Lexington Avenue were reported sold to an operator. The property is known as 1,437, 1,439, 1,441, and 1,443 Lexington Avenue and occupies a plot 80 by 85.

Israel Wener has sold to H. Horwitz 68 East 112th Street, a five-story flat, on lot 26.8 by 110.11, near Park Avenue.

Bronx Sales.

The Duff & Brown Company have sold for the Regent Realty Company a plot 57 by 245 feet on the northeast corner of Morris Park Avenue and Rose Street.

Cahn & Pittman have resold for a client of John R. Davidson the southeast corner of Brook Avenue and 148th Street, a five-story flat with stores, on a lot 25 by 100 feet. The new owner is Joseph Hyman.

J. Arthur Fischer and Charles Schano have sold for P. M. Simon, executor of the estate of Mary Sullivan, deceased, the two-family house at 1,828 Holland Avenue, Bronx.

Brooklyn.

The Alco Building Company has sold at Mapleton Park to I. Rosenholz 2,071 Sixty-fifth Street, and to John Macreay 2,072 Sixty-sixth Street, one family dwellings.

J. Jacobs sold to E. A. Schweizer the three-story frame building, with store, at 1,525 Broadway, between Jefferson Avenue and Hancock Street. The buyer will occupy the property, which was held at $28,000.

Wood, Harmon & Co. sold at South Marlboro one lot on East First Street, near Avenue Y, to T. E. Bagnall; three lots on West Second Street, near Avenue Y, to R. L. Branyon, H. A. Ligon, Jr., and W. M. Dalley; two lots on East Third Street, near Avenue X, to R. E. Lincoln and N. P. Olney; two lots on Avenue Y, near West Street, to Leon Fisher and W. S. Colins; two lots on West Street, near Neck Road, to C. S. McCants and F. W. Smitley, and one lot on Gravesend Avenue, near Avenue X, to B. Hirsch.

Long Island.

The New York Suburban Land Company has sold on its development at Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, a plot 60 by 100 feet, on Park Avenue, to William N. Hannon; a plot 60 by 100 feet, on President Avenue, to H. G. Gates, and a plot 40 by 100 feet, on Kinsey Avenue, to Michael J. O'Connor.

For bids aggregating $3,100 above the mortgage incumbrances of $204,252.34, Joseph P. Day, in the Vesey Street salesroom, yesterday, sold 157 acres, at Flushing, L. I., owned by the bankrupt Interborough Realty Company.

$50,000 Building Operation at Winfield.

James B. Thomas has sold for James H. Knapton and Peter F. Guterl a lot on the northeast corner of Woodside Avenue and Fisk Avenue, Winfield Long Island, to a construction company. The lot has a frontage of 10 feet on Woodside Avenue and 85 feet on Fisk Avenue.

Ground will be broken immediately, and the entire lot will be improved by the erection of five three-story brick store and apartment dwellings.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for B. J. McCann of Manhattan three lots on Roma Avenue, New Dorp, to L. Quituccio, who will improve same with a residence for his own occupancy.

New Jersey.

Apfelbaum & Apfelbaum, Inc., sold the business property 230 Market Street, Newark, N. J., on a lot 24.6 by 100, owned by Chauncey G. Parker, to the Two Thirty Market Street Corporation as an investment. The purchase price was about $90,000. The same brokers negotiated the sale of the above property for the Fidelity Trust Company to Chauncey G. Parker less than a month ago.

The New York and Suburban Land Company has sold in its development at Westfield, N. J., a lot 40 by 100 on Princeton Avenue to George C. Embler; also a lot 60 by 100 on South Avenue to Albert P. Budd.

Westchester County.

The Cooley Realty Company sold for the estate of Benjamin F. Corlies a plot 134 by 125, corner of Nyac Avenue and Second Street, Pelham Heights, N. Y., and for J. Edward Spurr the residence at 154 Nyac Avenue, Pelham Heights, with plot 100 by 125.

Greenwich (Conn.) Residence Sold.

Mrs. E. J. Laidlaw has sold through the agency of Thomas N. Cooke, Greenwich, Conn., her Colonial residence with three and one-half acres of land and garage at Brookridge Park, Greenwich, Conn., to H. W. Hamil of New York.

Recent Buyers.

Edward W. Browning is the buyer of 42 West Seventy-second Street reported sold Wednesday by Leroy Coventry. Mr. Browning recently purchased 43 and 118 West Seventy-second Street.

Dr. William H. Spicer is the purchaser of the dwelling at 556 West 161st Street, sold Monday by the Henry Siebert, Jr., Corporation. Dr. Spicer will occupy the house.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

D. M. De Leeuw & Co. have placed a second mortgage of $8,000 for the Maze Realty Company at 631 West 207th Street, and a second mortgage of $9,000 at 623 West 207th Street.

Smith & Phelps have placed for Clara A. Miller a first mortgage loan of $7,000 on property on Waterbury Avenue, Throgs Neck; also a first mortgage loan of $6,000 on the three-story three-family frame dwelling on lot 25 by 100 situated at the southeast corner of Hoffman and 191st Streets; also a second mortgage of $5,000 on the five-story apartment situated on the north side of 182d Street, 303 feet east of Crotona Avenue.

Oscar Hammerstein Gets $450,000 Loan.

A loan of $450,000 has been secured by Oscar Hammerstein on the new opera house he recently completed on the block front on the east side of Lexington Avenue between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets. The loan is for a period of five years.

New $500,000 Realty Concern.

With a capital of $500,000 the Oceanside Estates of Rockville Centre, L. I., was incorporated yesterday at Albany. The Directors are Moses Morris, Joseph G. Eichenbaum and William Schaumburg.

To Conserve Old Dry Goods District

The Wholesale Dry Goods Centre Association, which has for its purpose the conserving of New York's old jobbing business in the section bounded by Broadway, Duane Street, West Broadway, and Canal Street, has appointed a special committee to canvass the owners of real estate in the district with a view to joining the merchants' organization and working in a mutual way to keep the dry goods business downtown.

Charles G. Edwards, Secretary of the association, said yesterday that of the 140 members of the organization only four are property owners in the section, which, for sentimental and other reasons, the merchants desire to preserve as the distributing centre for dry goods, as it has been for the last sixty years or more. Mr. Edwards added that an effort would be made by the committee to persuade the landlords to co-operate with the merchants in various ways, and to make such repairs and alterations in their property as will accommodate the tenants.

The members of the association feel that to move uptown into a tall building spells loss of identity. This, it was pointed out yesterday, has been the experience of many participating in the uptown movement. It is also believed that the smaller buildings housing the dry goods men downtown stand for a greater degree of individuality, allow more room for display at smaller cost, and are in the main better adapted for doing business generally.

The officers of the association, re-elected this week, are: President—Thomas W. Slocum of Minot, Hooper & Co.; Vice President—John C. Eames of the H. B. Claflin Company; Treasurer—Edward S. Schenck of the Citizens'-Central National Bank; Secretary—Charles G. Edwards of Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc.

Debate On Building Heights.

The Technical League of America has arranged for a debate on the subject of limiting the heights of buildings in New York City at its monthly meeting to be held this evening in Room 506, New York World Building. Herman Kobbe will take the affirmative and C. B. J. McManus the negative.

Leases.

Cross & Brown Company has leased for the Mitchell H. Mark Realty Corporation to Watterson, Berlin & Snyder, Incorporated, the corner store in the Strand Theatre Building at the northwest corner of Broadway and Forty-seventh Street. The lessees previously leased about half of the second floor for their offices and will use the store in connection with their business as music publishers.

Real Estate Notes.

Plans were filed yesterday by Mrs. Marie T. Hadden, a granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt, for altering her residence at 379 Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Streets, for business. Hunt & Hart are the architects, and the cost is placed at $30,000. The house was recently leased to Ida L. Frese for a tea room and restaurant for twenty-one years, the aggregate rental being about $500,000.

The costly five-story American basement dwelling at 14 East Seventy-second Street, facing the Tiffany residence, will be up for sale by Auctioneer Herbert A. Sherman on June 4, unless the Martindale Real Estate Company pays up a judgment of $130,000, which covers a first mortgage lien held by the United States Trust Company. The house is owned and was formerly occupied by Otto P. Heinze.

Plans have been completed for the erection of a nine-story fireproof apartment house on a plot adjoining the site of the new Colony Club, at the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street, by Rouse & Goldstone.

Maximilian Zipkes has been commissioned by the Speike Construction Company of Stamford, Conn., to erect three four-story apartment buildings on a block front 139 by 100 known as Main Street and Greyrock Place.

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RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Undercliff Av, w s, 147.7 ft n of 176th St, 50x100; vacant; executors' sale; knocked down at $3,300; also

Undercliff Av, w s, 321.8 ft s of Sedgwick Av, 25x100; vacant; executors' sale; knocked down at $1,500; also

Katonah Av, n w corner of 240th St, 40x85; vacant; executors' sale; knocked down at $2,300; also

Katonah Av, w s, 80 ft n of 240th St, 80x85; vacant; executors' sale; knocked down at $3,600; also

Webster Av, 1,476, s e corner of 176th St, 25x98.3x irregular, five-story flat, with stores; executors' sale; to G. M. Flagaus for $31,000; also

Washington Av, n w corner of 189th St, 100x95; vacant; executors' sale; knocked down to J. E. Douglas for $14,100; also

Lexington Av, 1,896, s w corner of 118th St, 17.7x55, three-story dwelling; also 130 East 118th St, adjoining, 20x100.11, two-story dwelling; executors' sale; estate of Joseph Bierhoff, deceased; to William S. Lustgarten for $17,750.

145th St, 418 West, s s, 117 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale; knocked down to S. A. Jones for $11,000.

169th St, 409 East, n s, 71.1 ft e of Webster Av, 27x73.8, four-story flat; voluntary sale; to Mary Wehnen for $13,400.

Long Branch, N. J., two cottages and villa plot on North Bath and South Bath Avs; estate of Arthur H. Hearn, deceased; 52 North Bath Av.; to William S. Lustgarten for $5,200; South Bath house to J. V. Stewart for $9,500; villa plot to Thomas Cosgrove for $4,500.

13th St, 159 West, n s, 120 ft e of 7th Av, 20x103.3, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale; knocked down at $16,500.

13th St, 161 West, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 20x103.3, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale; to Joseph L. Buttenwieser for $14,400.

By Joseph P. Day.

124th St, 531 and 533 West, n s, 283 ft e of Broadway, 52x100.11, seven-story apartment house; Carl Stein against Solomon Margareten and others; Herbert Reeves, attorney; E. L. Parris, referee; due, $69,176.45; taxes, &c., $906.50; to the plaintiff for $69,750.

Whitestone, Flushing, L. I., Handley tract of 95 acres, Bowne tract of 56 acres, and Carraher tract of 8 acres; court bankruptcy sale; first parcel, subject to prior lien of $104,443.27; to the Rickert-Finlay Realty Co. for $104,543.27; second parcel, subject to prior liens of $75,090.34, to L. J. Phillips & Co. for a client, for $75,690.34; third parcel, to Harry Holdowsky for $2,000 over prior liens of $24,718.73.

By Charles A. Berrian.

30th St, 237 East, n s, 210 ft w of 2d Av, 20x98.9, three-story dwelling; adjourned to May 28.

By Samuel Marx.

8th Av, 2,451, w s, 49.11 ft n of 131st St, 24.9x100, five-story tenement and stores; Dora Schiffer against M. A. Hertog and others; Wolf & K., attorneys; William Allen, referee; due, $26,267.86; taxes, &c, $560.15; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By James L. Wells Company.

233d St, East, e s, 60 ft e of Paulding Av, 25x13.6x40.6x45.6; L. W. White against Mary Horan et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $320.88; taxes, &c., $18.73; to the plaintiff for $370.

Cedar Av, w s, 550 ft s of Elm, 25x100; L. W. White against A. J. Mace et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $191.88; taxes, &c., $70; to the plaintiff for $250.

Cedar Av, w s, 509 ft s of Corsa Av, 25x136.4x25x131.1; L. W. White against Charles Hefferman et al; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $211.64; taxes, &c., $82; to the plaintiff for $300.

By George Price.

180th St, 880 East, s s, 65.2 ft w of Honeywell Av, 25.1x118.2, 2-story dwelling; H. F. Epple against W. H. Deers et al; E. French, attorney; J. F. Donnelly, referee; due, $2,693.27; taxes, &c., $305; to the plaintiff for $3,200.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

FRIDAY, MAY 15.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Wadsworth Av, 248-256, w s, 60.2 ft n of 185th St, 154.5x115, three 5-story tenements; also Broadway, e s, about 65 ft n of 185th St, 149.5x176.4x irreg.; vacant; also Wadsworth Av, e s, 49.8 ft n of 185th St, 155.2x200x156x200, vacant; Benjamin Blossom against New York Real Estate Security Company et al; Fletcher, M. & B., attorneys; Warren Leslie, referee; due, $39,844.72; taxes, &c., $3,212.75; subject to prior mtg. aggregating $100,000.

60th St, 115 West, n s, 175 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; A. E. Wohlfrom against L. F. Cornelius and others; Action 1; Curtis, M, P & C., attorneys; A. J. Talley, referee; due, $4,774.09; taxes, &c., $1,225.87.

60th St, 117 West, n s, 200 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; same against same; Action 2; same attorneys; M. J. Mulqueen, referee; due, $3,636.54; taxes, &c., $213.60.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

87th St, 6 West, s s, 108 ft w of Central Park West, 22x100.8, five-story dwelling; J. G. Lyle against O. A. Norman and others; Beekman, M. & G., attorneys; L. M. Friedman, referee; due, $37,848.55; taxes, &c., $1,275.95.

By Henry Brady.

1st Av, 2,354, e s, 40.11 ft s of 121st St, 19.9x80, four-story tenement and stores; E. C. Schaefer and others against Edward Sharum and others; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; J. D. Kelly, referee; due, $8,280.43; taxes, &c., $240.15.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Samuel Marx.

Fordham Av, n s, 450 ft w of Main St, 100x100; also Bay Av, s s, 435 ft w of Main St, 50x100, City Island; J. G. Lock, executor, &c., against M. L. Roeder and others; H. W. Kennedy, attorney; C. L. Hoffman, referee; due, $5,545.17; taxes, &c., $100.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 24.11 ft n of 180th St, 37.6x100; Chas. Kaufmann to Louis Frankenthaler, 1,215 Madison Av, quitclaim, May 12; attorney, A. Frankenthaler, 35 Nassau St........$1

CHERRY ST, 306, n s, 233.1 ft e of Jefferson St, 25x80; Presbyterian Hospital to Hahnemann Hospital, 657 Park Av, (re-recorded in Bronx, April 30;) attorney, J. H. Seymour, 233 Broadway Exchange and $100

CHRYSTIE ST, 219, w s, 150.6 ft n of Stanton St, 24.6x100; Sophia Mayer to Bertha Kaufmann, 1,496 Lexington Av, B. and S., all liens, May 8; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Bertha Kaufmann to Sophia Mayer, 41 East 72d St, B. and S., all liens, May 12; attorneys, same........$100

EAST BROADWAY, 266, n s, 27x irregular to Division St, 253-255 x36x103.9; Realty Redemption Co. to William Lustgarten, 68 William St, all liens, May 13; attorney, A. Weymann, 68 William St........$100

ELM ST, e s, 62.8 ft s of Walker St, runs e 81x n 62.8x w 76.3x s 62.8; 3d Av, e s, 100.4 ft n of 59th St, 18.9x105; 3d Av, w s, 43.5 ft e of 61st St, 82x85; 3d Av, e s, 41.4 ft s of 79th St, 40.9x85; 3d Av, e s, 78.10 ft s of 108th St, 17.8x75; 2d Av, s e corner of 108th St, 17.10x75; 2d Av, e s, 45 ft s of 65th St, 18.4x—; Warner M. Van Norden to Isabel M. Gunn, 184 Claremont Av, Jersey City, N. J., May 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

FULTON ST, 112, s w corner of Dutch St, 25.3x83.5; John G. Phelll, referee, to Mary G. Davis, 2,370 Broadway, (mtg $85,000;) May 12; attorney, M. S. Hart, 27 Cedar St........$94,336

HESTER ST, n s, 42.10 ft w of Essex St, 22.10x100; The Rudolph Wallach Co. and another to William Lustgarten, 68 William St, May 13; attorney, A. Weymann, 68 William St........$100

WASHINGTON PLACE, 85, n s, —x—; Geo. P. and Anna Garland to Anna Garland, 510 West 143d St, b. and s., all liens, May 12; attorney, Thos. F. Kane, 69 Wall St........$1

WAVERLEY PLACE, 10, s w corner of Mercer St, 25x82.2; Eliz. Smith to Lizzie Goerlitz, Catskill, N. Y., ½ part, (mtg $80,000;) Nov. 5, 1913; attorneys, Strouse & Strauss, 261 Broadway........$1

4TH AV, e s, 60 ft n of 24th St, 38.9x83; Realty Holding Co. to The Polo Construction Co., 151 West 30th St, March 11, 1913, (mtg $100,000;) attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av........$100

5TH AV, 251, n e corner of 28th St, 25x100; 28th St, 1 East, n s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 25x98.9; Harriet D. C. Glover to Two Hundred and Fifty-one Fifth Avenue Co., 9 West 29th St, (mtg $350,000;) May 12; attorney, Albert Handy, 140 Nassau St........$1

5TH ST, 624 East, s s, 24.9x92.4; Educational Alliance to Abr. Landberg, 119 West 26th St, (mtg $12,000;) B. and S., May 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$15,000

8TH ST, n s, 152.7 ft e of 6th Av, runs n 93.11x s 93.11 ft to street and w 24.11 ft to beginning (east course missing); Plainfield Plumbing, H. & P. Supply Co. to Edna J. Siess, 33 Hudson St, Hackensack, N. J., (mtg $22,000;) all liens, May 5; attorneys, Moerkle & M., 233 Broadway........$1

19TH ST, s s, 231 ft e of Broadway, 42x92; Ewald Mommer to Realty Mort. Co., 20 East 42d St, (mtg $185,000,) all liens, May 14; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway........$100

SAME PROPERTY; same et al, Directors of the 42 East 19th St. Co., as Trustees of said company in liquidation, quitclaim, May 13; attorneys, same........$1

24TH ST, n e s, 250 ft s e of 4th Av, 25x98.9; 24th St, n e s, 275 ft s e of 4th Av, 25x98.9; Realty Mortgage Co to Ewald Mommer, 54 East 91st St, (mtg $190,000;) all liens, May 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$100

35TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 12.6x98.9; Thomas J. Byrne to Amelia W. Byrne, 206 East 35th St, May 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

35TH ST, s s, 112.6 ft e of 3d Av, 12.6x98.9; Catherine McK. Betty to Amelia W. Byrne, 206 East 35th St, May 14, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1

40TH ST, s s, 110 ft w of 5th Av, 37.6x98.9; Sarah R. Manice to Charles Remsen, Remsenburg, L. I., (mtg $200,000;) ½ part, all liens, May 14; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St........$1

43D ST, 204-210 East, s s, 105 ft e of 3d Av, 100x100.5, (mtg $30,000;) 81st St, 104-106 East, s s, 225 ft w of Lexington Av, 83x102.2, (mtg $70,000;) Kathryn A., wife of E. Howard Morton, to Thomas Berry, 188 St. Nicholas Av, 1-36 part, May 13; attorney, C. J. Leslie, 37 Wall St........$100

45TH ST, 18 East, s s, 113 ft w of Madison Av, 18x100.5; Rose B. Scognamillo to Thos. B. Hidden, Sharon Station, N. Y., (mtg $45,000,) May 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$100

47TH ST, n s, 205 ft e of 10th Av, 20x100.5; Paul E. Hebert to Dora Legault, 455 West 47th St, (mtg $7,500;) May 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway........$100

49TH ST, 138 West, s s, 25.6x81.8x irreg.; Charles G. Braxmar to Minnie A. Braxmar, 256 West 132d St, ½ part, (mtg $31,000,) all liens, May 12; address party of the second part, 10-12 Maiden Lane........$1

50TH ST, 309 West, n s, 137.6 ft w of 8th Av, 19.2x100.5; The People's Trust Co. of Brooklyn, trustee; Jane A. McKenna, to William J. Cregan, 4,714 Fulton St, Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens, May 13; attorney, M. F. McGoldrick, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Laura A. Cregan to same; quit-claim, May 12; attorney, same..$1

72D ST, 539 East, n s, 598 ft e of Avenue A, 25x64.4; Anna Jiran to Anton Jiran, 1,409 Avenue A, (mtg $10,000,) all liens, Oct. 13, 1910; attorney, Otto H. Droege, 280 B'way.$1

72D ST, 541 East, n s, 623 ft e of Avenue A, 15.10x64.7x21.7x64.4; same to same, (mtg $10,500,) all liens, Oct. 13, 1910; attorney, same........$1

97TH ST, 30 West, s s, 275 ft w of Central Park West, 18x100.11; Mary H. Sully to Catherine Stiefel, 320 Hudson St, Hoboken, (mtg $24,210;) all liens, May 7; attorney, J. F. Rogers, 245 Broadway........$1

127TH ST, 150 West, s s, 212.6 ft e of 7th Av, 16x99.11; Sarah R. Besson and others to Florence Worns, 230 Springfield Av, Rutherford, N. J., (mtg $6,000;) April 30; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St..$100

132D ST, n s, 260 ft w of 7th Av, 15x99.11; Rosa Kahn to William A. Brown, 571 Park Av, May 14; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St........$100

148TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Convent Av, 100x99.11; Trojan Realty Corporation to Nellie E. Peck, 5 Serpentine Drive, New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtg $165,000;) May 13; attorney, Hy. C. Quimby, 165 Broadway $100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 101.8 ft n of 180th St, 18.10x76.7; Henrietta Littman to Isidor Littman, 2,089 Anthony Av, May 13; attorneys, House, G. & V., 115 Broadway........$100

COLLEGE AV, s e at n e s of 17th St, 112.6x50x114.11x50; Irene C. Brown and another to Ethel Entwistle 634 Crotona Park South, May 12; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

CROTONA PARK NORTH, n s, 177 ft e of Prospect Av., 50x97.6x50x98; Irene C. Brown and another to Ethel Entwistle, 634 Crotona Park South, May 12; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

DECATUR AV, e s, 100 ft s of 195th St, 40.5x100; Irene C. Brown to Mary L. Brown, 2,539 Grand Av, May 12; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

FINDLAY AV, e s, 223.4 ft s of 169th St, 16.8x100; John A. Johnson to Minnie A. Johnson, 1,262 Findlay Av, May 13, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

GROVE HILL PL, s s, 30.2 ft e of Trinity Av, 23.2x irregular; Mary T. Reinard to Robert H. Neville, 10 Lamartine Terrace, Yonkers, N. Y., one-third part, May 11; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St....$1

JENNINGS ST, n s, 293 ft e of Union Av, 40x134.4x42.6x119.11; Peter J. Everett, referee, to Bertha Tim, 16 West 74th St, May 9; attorney, L. Tim, 16 West 74th St. $20,000

LOT 80, map Olinville, 25x100; Lena Barbetta to R. Halsey Jackson, Yonkers, N. Y., March 4; attorney, T. X. Donohue, Yonkers, N. Y........$1

LOT 89, Block 844, Section 11, tax map Harry Bijur, Referee, to Harold Swain, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$250

LOT 63, map of Westchester Terrace, 25x129.1; Marie A Hoffman (trustee) to A Van Nest Hoffman, 2,683 Crescent Av, May 14; attorney, Nathaniel B Hoffman, 2,683 Crescent Av........$1

LOT 108, map of 163 lots of the estate of Mary J. Radway; Irene C. Brown and another to Ethel Entwistle 634 Crotona Park South, May 12; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

LOT 49, Block 15, map of Morris Park; Sebastian Ritz to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, May 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway........$1

LOTS 15 and 16, Block 34, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Sebastian Ritz, 245 Bowers St, Jersey City Heights, N J, May 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway........$1

ONEIDA AV, n e corner of 237th St, [illegible]x125; John H. Prince to Samuel Garland, 122 East 238th St, May 7, (mtg $4,000;) attorneys, Williamson & B., 364 Alexander Av........$100

PARK AV, s e corner 153d St, 54.7x100.7; Meyer Friedlander to Hulda Friedlander, 3,112 156th St, April 30; attorney, Edward Herrmann, 261 Broadway........$1

QUIMBY AV, s s, 305 ft w of Havemeyer Av, 25x216; Ernest Ehmann to Michael B. McHugh, 1,520 Overing St, May 14, (mtg $250;) attorney, Michael B. McHugh, 2,215 Westchester Av........$1

ST. ANN'S AV, 161, w s, 25x98; Henry Wendt to Henry W. Fedden, 2,262 Bathgate Av, March 16, (mtg $17,000;) attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St........$1

ST PETER'S AV, 1,627, s w s, being Lot 5, map Jacob Hutchler, 50x100; Bernard H. Arnold, referee, to Helen L. R. Pearsall, White Plains Road, near Pelham Parkway, May 13; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 E. 180th St........$2,700

WHITLOCK AV, s e corner of Tiffany St, 50.8x irregular; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Turek Realty Corporation, 961 Hoe Av, May 14; attorney, F. R. Snow, 15 Wall St....$1

3D AV, 3,428, e s, 25x104.6x23.6x102.6; Irene C. Brown to Mary L. Brown, 2,539 Grand Av, May 12, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av........$100

202D ST, s s, 62.3 ft e of Madison Av, 25x100; Maria D. McCutcheon to Marie D. McCutcheon & another, 36 N. 15th St, Flushing, L. I., May 12, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, L. E. Warren, 261 Broadway........$1

222D ST, s s, 305.9 ft e of Barnes Av, 89.7x100; Samuel B Rosenbaum et al to Sara Kahn, 823 Manida St, May 14; attorney, Alex. Kahn, 320 Broadway........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BEDFORD ST, e s, 58.10 ft s of Downing St, 38.11x99.8; Antonio Bagarozy to Wm. Goodman, 121 East 80th St, May 14, (prior mtg $31,000,) due Feb. 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1,500

BROADWAY, w s, 47.8 ft n of 46th St, 23.10x—x83.4x irreg.; Dillingham Theatre Co. to Howard Gould, Port Washington, N. Y., prior mtg $655,000, due as per bond, May 7; attorneys, Taylor, K. & H., 165 Broadway........$50,000

CHERRY ST, 144, n s, 27x147; Charles H. Shulman and others, executors, to Libbie Shulman, 2,400 7th Av, April 1, prior mortgage $21,000, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Julius Levy, 132 Nassau St........$6,000

GOERCK ST, w s, 150.1 ft s of Houston St, 24.11x100; Sallie Itzkovitz to Congregation B'nai Isaacher Dov, 144 Goerck St, May 13, prior mtg $21,000, due Jan. 1, 1917, — p. c.; attorney, N. D. Perlman, 160 Broadway........$400

5TH ST, 624, s s, 24.9x92.4; Abraham Landberg to Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, May 5, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 B'way..$12,000

24TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of 7th Av, 50x98.9; Security Mortgage Co. to Eliza R. St. John, 593 East 19th St, June 26, 1911, demand 5 p. c.; attorneys, Fletcher, M. & B., 128 Broadway........$8,000

24TH ST, n e s, 250 ft s e of 4th Av, 25x98.9; 24th St., n e s, 275 ft s e of 4th Av, 25x98.9; Ewald Mommer to Realty Mortgage Co., 30 East 42d St, May 14, prior mtg $190,000, due Nov. 15, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway..$47,500

35TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9; Amelia W. Byrne to Margaret B. Heyn, Orange, N. J., May 14, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$12,000

44TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 50x100.5, (prior mtg $275,000;) 15 West 44th Street Co. to Viola M. Flannery, 45 East 50th St, May 12, due March 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 B'way..$125,000

45TH ST, 18 East, s s, 113 ft w of Madison Av, 18x100.5; Thomas B. Hidden to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, May 12, due May 1, 1919; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St........$65,000

76TH ST, s s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Anna Lux to Bank for Savings, in City of New York, 280 4th Av, May 14, 3 years; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St........$2,000

108TH ST, n s, 153.9 ft w of 3d Av, 16.9x100.11; Wendelin Spielmann and others to Johanna Gunther, 851 Halsey St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $6,500, installments, 6 p. c., May 14; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.. $1,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 3 years, May 14; attorney same........$6,500

117TH ST, n s, 231.6 ft e of 1st Av, 18.9x100.10; Francesca F. Chiumento to Baldassarre Naclerio, 231 East 109th St, May 14, (prior mtg $6,500,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Novello, 320 Broadway...$1,000

148TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Convent Av, 100x99.11; Nellie E. Peck to Trojan Realty Corporation, 55 Liberty St, May 13, due and interest as per bond; attorney, H. B. Singer, 55 Liberty St........$900

207TH ST, e s, 100 ft n of Broadway, 62.6x100; The Maze Realty Co. of New York to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, May 14, (prior mtg $45,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St........$9,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, s e corner of 176th St, 87.11x78.3; William C. Bergen to Bernard V. Duffy, 2,110 Anthony Av, May 11, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, O'Grady Brothers, 277 Broadway $5,000

LOT 107, map of Harrington estate; Fritz Gaertner to Herman F. Epple, 2,516 Grand Av, May 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$4,200

TIFFANY ST, s e corner of Whitlock Av, 50.8x irregular; Turek Realty Corporation to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, May 14, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....................$43,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, (prior mtg $43,000,) May 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney $11,000

TINTON AV, 846, e s, 20.3x92; also Tinton Av, e s, 81.3 ft n of 160th St, 20.3x92; Samuel Kutinsky to Wolf Kutisker, 205 East 10th St, (prior mtg $8,500,) May 4, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Ellis, 116 Nassau St.. $2,000

10TH ST, n s, 755 ft w of 5th Av, 25x114, (Wakefield;) John W. Stevenson to Anna Pekowsky, (prior mtg $1,800,) May 8, 1 year, 6 p. c.; same attorney............$300

16TH ST, n s, 259.11 ft w of 3d Av, 25x200; Joseph C. Hoffman to Charles A. Hess, 343 East 156th St, prior mtg $4,000, May 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway..$1,600

198TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Creston Av, 25x98; Mary S. Ryan to Anna Pekowsky, 450 Audubon Av, April 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. V. Schavrin, 44 Court St..........$300

234TH ST, s s, 153.3 ft w of Catherine St, 25.4x114.6; Fannie Saqui to Sarah B. Robertson, 119 West 114th St, May 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph S. Ward, 25 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y...........$700

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, w s, 66.6 ft s of 2d St, 19.3x64, all; Walburga Horn, Trustee, to Broome Clinton Co., 447 East 9th St, 21 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Weschler & K., 141 Broadway $4,250

AV C, 68, store and basement; Moses B. Wolowitz to H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av, 3 years from May 1, 1914..............$1,950

ELDRIDGE ST, 105 and 107, first flat and part second flat; Moritz Folk to Hyman Woen on premises, 2 years from May 1, 1914 ....$1,500

GREENWICH ST, 227, the land; Protestant Episcopal Society for Promoting Religion and Learning in State of New York to William H. Cowl, San Francisco, Cal., 21 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, H. P. Beach, 30 West 14th St....................$3,250

MADISON ST, 330 to 336, corner store; Graff Realty Co. to Dora Brull, 330 Madison St, 5 1-4 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Diogenes Brewing Co., at Evergreen, L. I., $1,080

MOTT ST, 238, store and basement; Frank Ferrante to Giuseppe Danna, 238 Mott St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, L. Patuszo, 19 Prince St...................$708

THOMPSON ST, 16, all; David Schwartz to Capitol Lunch, Inc., 346 Broadway, address, 346 Broadway, 10 years from Sept. 1, 1914, $2,100

TRINITY PLACE, 50, store floor; U. S. Express Co. to Michael D. Kaydonh, 8,705 Fort Hamilton Av, 7 5-12 years from Dec. 1, 1913; attorney, M. H. Bearns, 10 Hubert St....................$12,000

5TH AV, 125 East, store; Joseph Stern to Leonard Diamond, 1,348 5th Av, 6 years from May 1, 1914....................$1,560

8TH AV, 789, basement; Patrick O'Hara and another to Andrea Costa, 227 East 33d St, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, W. A. Crosby, 464 8th Av....................$480

37TH ST, 101 West, store; John F. Busum to Frank Petrucci, 101 West 37th St, 4 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, A. A. Hageman, 67 West 36th St.............$900

44TH ST, 107 West, all; John T. Du Pont to Keen's English Chop House, Inc., 220 West 36th St, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Edw. P. Orrell, Jr., 256 Broadway $8,000

Bronx.

Jerome Av, 2,345, all; Mabel Goodwin and another to Patrick J O'Neill, 789 Elton Av, 15 years, from May 1; attorney, Patrick J O'Neill, 789 Elton Av......$1,200 to $1,560

WILLIS AV, 249, corner store; Eva Rosenstock to Herman Seligman, 284 Willis Av, 10 years, from May 1, 1914; attorney, Maxwell Lustig, 2 Rector St....$1,500 to $2,100

3D AV, 4,203, all; Mary Armstrong to David Shapiro, 4,187 3d Av, 5 years, from April 1, 1912; attorney, B S Deutsch, 61 Broadway $1,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 2,633 and 2,635; Leslie Bros. Engineering Co. against William E. D. Stokes, owner; Quincy Amusement Co., lessee and contractor $2,533

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e corner of 118th St, 118.5x123.11; Benjamin Rosengarten against William B. Franke Realty Co., owners; Cecil Co., contractor..........$290

5TH AV, w s, whole front between 38th and 39th Sts; Herrman & Grace Co. against Frank V. and John H. Burton, owners; Lord & Taylor, lessees; Alvey-Ferguson Co., contractor $1,868

45TH ST., 119 West; Christian Bauer, Jr., against James Hebron and Frank N. Reilly owner and contractor....................$860

57TH ST., 537 West; Bennie Kulick against Maurice D. Barry and Daniel J. Dowdney executors, owners; George Dann, contractor....................$38

66TH ST, 42 East; John H. Parker Co. against Jackson Realty Co., owner and contractor $9,883

111TH ST, 29 East; Sol Jaffe against Frank and Julius Locker, owners and contractors $78

123D ST, 304 East; Sol Jaffe against Frank and Julius Locker, owners and contractors $49

125TH ST, 551 West; Abe Lifson against Samuel H. Hunter, owner; J. J. Clancy & Co., contractor $50

201ST ST, Academy St. and Harlem River; George Reid against United Electric Light and Power Co., owner; F. T. Nesbit & Co., contractor $30

SAME PROPERTY; Michael Heider against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick B. Hackett against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; John Hollaway against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; Frank Careagno against same $16

SAME PROPERTY; Salvatore Nolle against same $16

SAME PROPERTY; Lazzaro Dughi against same $17

SAME PROPERTY; Alexander Wood against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; James Delmore against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; George Magill against same $24

SAME PROPERTY; Richard Tobin against same $22

SAME PROPERTY; William McMullen against same $22

Bronx.

No mechanics' lines filed this day.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

3D AV, n w corner of 68th St; Norman Lipsky against Kathryne B. O'Reilly, et al, Dec. 23, 1913....................$330

48TH ST, 168 West; S. Shanker Metal Ceiling Co., Inc., against Frederick F. Brueck, et al, July 30, 1913....................$39

BUILDING LOAN AGREEMENTS.

Bronx.

173D ST, n s, 58 ft e of Webster Av, 50x92; James G. Wentz, loans Simplex Improvement Corporation, to erect one five-story apartment, (9 payments)....................$27,000

LIS PENDENS.

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,781; Anton Szilgye against Lillian Fox, et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. P. Conlon.

LOT NO. 5½, Block 2,695, Section 10; William Mehlich against George F. Johnson, et al, (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch.

MOSHOLU PARKWAY SOUTH, w s, 36.4 ft n of 203d St, 64.6x76.7; Peter Keber against Elise Levy, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. A. Steinmuller.

176TH ST, East, s s, 62 ft w of Marmion Av, 50x100; Corporate Mortgage Co. against George K. Mathewson, et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. D. Patton.

REAL ESTATE.

THE PANIC OF 1907

Dullness of business since—

The delay in the adoption of the Rapid Transit System and in the completion of the N. Y., Westchester and Boston R. R., prevented the buyers of the Pearsall Estate from carrying out their intention of developing and building on the property.

SINCE THAT TIME

Ten of them have died—

Their heirs, executors and trustees insist on the sale of the property at once.

THAT IS WHY IT HAS GOT TO BE SOLD

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May 30, 1914

70 per cent. can remain on mortgage

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ABSOLUTE

AUCTION SALE

19 VILLA PLOTS

of 4 to 21 acres each

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Wed., May 20th, 1914.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

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Representatives will be on the property to show prospective customers.

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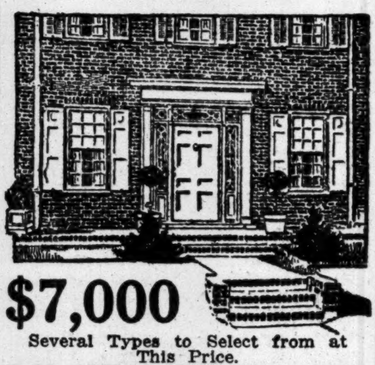

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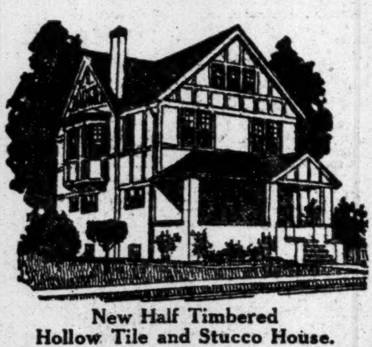

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165 Residential Lots

All to be sold separately.

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MODERN HOME
Fine Grounds Near Beautiful Lake

High in the mountains, 800 ft. elevation, surrounded by privately owned country homes. Charming views, invigorating air, good boating and bathing. Seven rooms, bath, cozy fireplace, hardwood trim, floors parqueted, laundry, electric light, steam heat; every city convenience; near express station, schools, country club; easy commutation to city. Write:

FRANK HILL
P. O. Box 675, N. Y. City.

FOR SALE

Modern brick manufacturing, storage, and loft buildings, 100,000 sq. ft. floor space, heavy construction. Power plant, elevators, steam heat, automatic sprinklers. Railroad sidings. Dock within 200 feet. 5 minutes from Hudson Terminal. Price and terms reasonable.

HUDSON REAL ESTATE CO.,
168 Ocean Ave., Jersey City.

FURNISHED COTTAGES, $300 up. Send stamp for Booklet and list of Real Estate Agents at

Asbury Park

Wonderland of the North Jersey Coast. Fifty miles south of New York. The finest family resort in America. No mosquitoes. Address Municipal Information Bureau, 307 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.

I WILL SACRIFICE

at bargain price for business reasons my new, modern house, 6 rooms, bath, and sleeping porch; steam heat; oak floors; open fireplace; near express station, in attractive suburban community, half hour out in Northern New Jersey; small amount cash, balance monthly. IMMEDIATE, APARTMENT 3B, 309 W. 99TH ST., N. Y.

THIRTY MINUTES FROM TIMES SQUARE.

$10 Down, $5 monthly buys building lots, 25x120 ft.; 3 blocks station, with sewer, sidewalks, trees, water, gas, electric lights; high, dry, booming suburb, 7,000 pop.; clubs, churches, schools; 7c. fare. To sell lots will build your house at cost, ranging $1,000 to $3,000, payable like rent. Call, write at once! G. R. & D. Co., 34 West 33d St., N. Y.

$20.00 Monthly

Pays principal, interest; 6-room house, bath; all improvements; ¼ acre land; half hour from city; fine country; little cash; bargain. N 288 Times Downtown.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Will Sell at Great Bargain
Country Residence and Farm
35 Acres
NEAR
Garrison-on-Hudson

Main house, 15 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements, including electric light; ample outbuildings and cottage; newly furnished in most attractive manner. Address BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

MOUNTAIN VIEW,
New York, Adirondacks.

A very nice ten-room cottage, two baths, furnished; on nice lake, five minutes' walk from station and hotel; electric light, fireplace, large veranda; boat, ice, wood; very healthy; no mosquitos; rental, $500; June to end September. Address La Mothe Bros.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREENWICH-CONN. MAGNIFICENT NEW ESTATE OF 2 ACRES.

Beautifully equipped House, 12 Rooms, 3 baths, superb location. Garage—3 cars, room & bath. For Sale, $40,000; or Rent Unfurnished, $3,000.

D. A. CALHOUN, Greenwich, Conn. Tel. 1155 Greenwich.

Shippan Point, STAMFORD, CONN.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS ON AND NEAR THE SHORE at BARGAIN PRICES; easy terms. Salesmen on the property at company's office, Shippan Point, every day, or address the ATLANTIC REALTY CO., (General Office), 56 Park Row, Stamford, Conn. Send for Booklet C.

SHIPPAN POINT, **Stamford, Conn.**

For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 300 feet away; Sound view; Address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

A CRACKING

GOOD 20 ACRE FARM JUST IN FOR $3,600.

Will go quick. Will you get it? LAWRENCE AGENCY, South Norwalk, Conn.

BROOKLYN FOR SALE OR TO LET.

You See It Is This Way:

(Overheard in the Subway.)

"When my ship comes in I am going to buy one of those beautiful SEVEN-ROOM semi-detached brick houses at Mapleton Park, Brooklyn, for $5,500."

BUT WHY WAIT for the "ship," it may be too late then. Prices will be $6,000 or more—and I will sell you the same house now for $200 cash, with average monthly payments of $27.60, giving you 20 years to pay for it. Right along the line of the

New Brooklyn Sea Beach Subway

Everything that money can buy to make the home attractive is in it. There are large front and back yards, wide verandas, parked streets, sewers, shade trees, stores, churches, schools and movies. All real estate values along the Sea Beach Line are rapidly advancing.

Now you don't believe this, DO you?

Well, send for a souvenir booklet, with complete information, and get the truth.

Silsby, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. Cort. 2553

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

375 PARK Ave

Fifty-second to Fifty-third Streets

A FEW ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS REMAIN UNLEASED

A LENGTH ahead in apartment house construction and service. Little and big conveniences that make life here more comfortable and leisurely. Laundries for private use. Extra servants' quarters. Refrigeration furnished.

8 to 12 Rooms—3 to 4 Baths.

Rentals, $2,700—$6,000

OWNED AND OPERATED BY
THE MONTANA REALTY CO
E. CLIFFORD POTTER, PRESIDENT

375 Park Avenue, showing handsome Park Avenue and foreground.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

TO SUBLET

No. 120 West 86th Street

Unfurnished, for balance of lease to October 1, 1917, or furnished from May 1st to October 1st, 1914, at unusually reasonable price, seven rooms, three baths, front apartment, eleventh floor; elevated and Subway stations at 86th St. Inquire on premises.

STRICTLY **MILANO** FIREPROOF

125-27 W. 58th St.; 7 large rooms and bath; extra maids' room & bath; all improvements; for lease now or Oct. 1st, $1,500-$1,700. Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th.

Seven large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,300. Supt., on premises.

Washington and Jefferson,

318-328 West 51st.—Attractive apartments, 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms; all modern improvements. Premises, or Waldron & Freedman, 489 5th Av.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.—NEW York County.—EDMUND L. MOONEY and ANDREW J. SHIPMAN, Plaintiffs, against DAVID W. HARKNESS, CALVIN MAY, EDWARD M. L. EHLERS, and ALBERT FRANCIS HAGAR, as being the persons designated in a written instrument dated January 29, 1913, and purporting to be the last will and testament of Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; John R. Yale and William H. Berrigan, as temporary administrators of the goods, chattels, and credits which were of Julia L. Butterfield, deceased; Adair M. Shipman, the wife of the plaintiff, Andrew J. Shipman; Arthur G. Wheeler, Kathleen Isabel Wheeler, Helen Sloan Wheeler, Alice Wheeler, Mildred Muriel Wheeler, Edgar S. Appleby, John S. Appleby, Mary D. Gerard, United States Realty and Improvement Company, Jacob Hirsh, Annie M. Baer, Ruth W. Graham, Elizabeth M. Mangan, the People of the State of New York; David W. Harkness, Calvin May, Edward M. L. Ehlers, and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the persons designated in a written instrument dated September 19, 1911, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated June 30, 1910, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated June 19, 1910, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated August 27, 1906, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated May 18, 1906, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated January 31, 1904, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated November 15, 1902, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; and all those persons, if any such there be, to the plaintiffs unknown, who may have or claim some interest in or lien upon the undivided share or part of the parcel of real property in the amended complaint herein described of which Julia L. Butterfield, late of the County of Putnam, in the State of New York, died seized; depending upon the existence, production, probate, or establishment of some instrument or instruments other than those in the said amended complaint herein mentioned, as the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased. Defendants.—Amended Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the amended complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this amended summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the amended complaint.

Dated March 16, 1914.

BLANDY, MOONEY & SHIPMAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

To Katherine Wheeler and the defendants, Arthur G. Wheeler, Kathleen Isabel Wheeler, Helen Sloan Wheeler, Alice Wheeler, Mildred Muriel Wheeler, and all those persons, if any such there be, to the plaintiffs unknown, who may have or claim some interest in or lien upon the undivided share or part of the parcel of real property in the amended complaint herein described of which Julia L. Butterfield, late of the County of Putnam, in the State of New York, died seized, depending upon the existence, production, probate, or establishment of some instrument or instruments other than those in the said amended complaint herein mentioned, as the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased.

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Alfred R. Page, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 2d day of April, 1914, and filed with the amended complaint in this action in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and that the object of this action in which the amended summons is herewith served upon you is to obtain the partition of certain real property situate in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and is known as the "Rockingham," below described, or a sale thereof, if actual partition cannot be made, and a division of the proceeds among the parties to this action who are entitled thereto. No personal claim is made against you, but it is sought to have it adjudged that you have no title or interest in the property.

The said real property, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, is described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Broadway with the southerly side of 56th Street; running thence easterly along the southerly side of 56th Street, 122 feet 7 inches; thence southerly at right angles with the southerly side of 56th Street, 120 feet 2 inches; thence westerly on a diagonal line, 88 feet 7 inches, more or less, to a point on the easterly side of Broadway, distant 75 feet 6 inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Broadway and 55th Street; and thence northerly along the easterly side of Broadway, 131 feet 9 inches, more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

Dated-New York, April 2d, 1914.

BLANDY, MOONEY & SHIPMAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
37 Wall St., Manhattan, New York City.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Northwest **86th St.** Corner

Central-Park-West

"LIVINGSTON"
Quality and Location Unexcelled
9 Rooms, 2-3 Baths incl'd'g electr. light
$2,100—$2,700.
Supt. on premises.

155 Riverside Drive
CORNER 88TH ST.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Apartments of
7, 9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
Extra large rooms, ample closets,
$1,800 to $3,750
to lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged.
Apply Superintendent, on premises,
or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

BRENTMORE
69th St. & Central Park West.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
APARTMENTS OF
7 Rooms & 2 Baths,
$2,250 & $2,500.
Extra large rooms, ample closets.
To Lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged.
Apply to Supt., on premises,
or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.

Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light, elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated station, and all surface lines. $1,200-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

West Side.

Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

The Hillcrest

430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds

Modern Elevator Apartments.

8-9 Large, Sunny Rooms & Baths

RENTS $1,500 to $1,800

Parlors..........18x23
Dining Rooms....14x19
Bedrooms........14x16

3 minutes to 116th St. Sta., 6th & 9th Av. "L."

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTM'TS

40 Morningside Park, N. E. Cor. W. 118th St.

7-Room Corner Apartment,

Extra large, all outside rooms; conveniences. Modern Elevator Building. Office on premises.

Overlooking Morningside Park

6 rooms and bath; first-class house and attendance. Rent $75; inducement to Oct. Apply to Superintendent.

110 Morningside Drive.

THE FLORENCE,
507 WEST 140TH ST.

6 splendid, large rooms; all improvements; rent, $38. Inquire on premises or Bert G. Faulhaber Co., Broadway & 156th.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE—TWO-FAMILY HOUSES, 238 WARWICK STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y., PRACTICALLY NEW; MODERN PLUMBING, NEW FURNACES; SMALL PAYMENT DOWN, BALANCE EASY TERMS, 5 PER CENT. GEORGE T. STOCKHAM, HOTEL WOLCOTT, NEW YORK CITY.

BARGAIN—MODERN FLATBUSH HOME. Ten rooms, two baths, garage, billiard and pool room, equipped; must sell quickly; $11,500. Mrs. Cowen, 66 Wellington Court, Brighton Beach line, near Avenue H station. Phone 5445 Flatbush.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

At Spuyten Duyvil.—Good 7-room house; all improvements; large grounds; fine view Hudson; reasonable; 3 minutes' walk station; 28 Grand Central; house pointed out at station. C. C. Ferris, premises.

New elegant one-family house, Mount Hope section Bronx; 12 rooms, two baths; can be arranged for two families; suitable physician, dentist. Write A., 447 Tremont Av.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Lot 50x103, centre Sage Foundation development, for sale. N 349 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

AT PLEASANTVILLE.—An attractive property to rent for season or term of years; residence has 16 rooms, 3 baths, electricity, unusually large living room; garage, with man's room; artesian well, fine trees; three acres; elevation, 600 feet; splendid views. KENNETH IVES & CO., 7 East 42d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 6037.

Country homes throughout Westchester, Sound and Hudson.

Sell, rents, furnished and unfurnished.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. 5610 Bryant.

English Winter cottage, near beach, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 39 minutes from Harlem station; reduced to $12,000; may rent furnished; near yacht and golf clubs. Owner, 624 Times Square.

Mount Vernon.

TO RENT FOR SUMMER.

A furnished, refined home, with trees and grounds; 9 rooms and 2 bathrooms; large screened porch. Three electric roads and 1 trolley line into New York; 7 minutes to New Haven R. R. Choice location on Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Rent $100 per month. Address William D. Howe, 250 Front St., New York City.

MT. VERNON & vicinity; attractive furnished houses, $65 monthly upward; unfurnished houses, $25 up; attractive homes for sale; low prices; bargains. J. T. Grant, 14 South 5th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Small Farm for sale; on State Road, out of Saratoga; school, churches, Post Office near. Wm. H. Harris, Greenfield Centre, N. Y.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

West Side.

PLOTS: 10,000 to 30,000 square feet, suitable for garage or loft purposes; downtown, near North River pier, and in the East 60's. For further particulars apply A. M. Cudner Real Estate Co., 254 West 23d St.

Have several excellent private houses in the seventies; owner desires to exchange for income loft or apartments. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE—Handsome three-story red brick and stucco house, situated on the highest point of the property on a fine corner plot 100x100, being three blocks from beautiful sandy bathing beach and yacht club, and seven minutes' walk from depot.

A magnificent view of the Sound from front and east sides of house. Twenty-five minutes from New York City, 32d St. and 7th Av. Hardwood floors throughout the entire house, storm windows for Winter, screens for Summer, awnings for an exceptionally large veranda.

Fruit trees, shrubs and flowers and garden in first-class shape.

FIRST FLOOR.

Large entrance hall, telephone and coat room; large closet, conservatory with running water, electric light and hot-water heat; large living room, large dining room; butler's pantry with sink; kitchen, and back staircase leading to second floor.

SECOND FLOOR.

Two very large bedrooms, one medium bedroom, writing den, tiled bathroom and toilet.

THIRD FLOOR.

Servant's bedroom; very large attic, suitable for billiard room; box room.

Very large cellar with large ice chest, coal cellar; hot-water furnace for heating house; servant's toilet, wash tubs.

GARAGE.

Very large room for chauffeur, with bath; large space for cars; bench, running water, and electric light.

Price, $15,000. Owner going abroad. Property must be seen to be appreciated. Owner, Box N 16 Times.

Small farm, 2½ acres; good soil, level, cleared, large 7-room house, small barn, 8 minutes' walk to trolley, store, &c.; one mile to Sound shore; $3,500; $500 cash, balance terms. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

Ideal properties, North Shore specialty and throughout Long Island.

Sell, rents, furnished and unfurnished.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. 5610 Bryant.

Fine house, 8 rooms; large plot; fruit trees, hedge fence; 35 minutes out; easy terms. Hollberg, Hawthorn Av., Floral Park, L. I.

Farm at Smithtown; new house; will exchange for city property. Schultz & Co., 150 Nassau St.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Heiderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York, (Tel 4794 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

BARGAIN, $6,000; very easy terms; beautiful country home; plot 100 by 171 feet; fine old trees; high ground; 10 rooms; open fireplace, 2 baths, pantry, huge verandas, upper balcony, electricity; all city conveniences; 44 minutes to city; steam heat; 4 minutes to station, near schools, country club, fine lake, tennis courts. Address Owner, 375 Times Downtown.

Fanwood, N. J.—Handsome eight-room semi-bungalow, large living room, open fireplace, beam ceilings, hardwood finish, tiled bathroom, electric light, &c.; best house ever built for the money, $5,900; very easy terms; a few large, finely located building plots near station, $500 each; terms $5 per month; send for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

PASSAIC.

Beautiful suburban home, five minutes from Erie station; 35 minutes from Broadway; nine rooms and bath; all improvements; hardwood floors; open fireplaces, gas, electricity, steam; large porch; artesian well; barn; 300 feet beautiful hedge; shrubbery; 100x200 feet. Address Box 48, Passaic, N. J.

Very attractive suburban cottages at Westfield, N. J.; six and seven rooms; well built, hardwood finish, city improvements; on large plots; few minutes from station; one block from trolley; high elevation; very small first payment, balance $20 per month. Home and Gardens Company, Woolworth Building. H. C. Lockwood, Agent.

JUST OUT.—My new illustrated booklet of homes in Northern New Jersey; tells you how money can be saved in buying property; you will find it very interesting; no charge; send postal to-day. W. V. Champlain, 522 West 156th, New York.

FOR SALE.

All-year bungalows; double floors; steam heat; every convenience; restricted section; extra large plots; 5 minutes express station; finest section New Jersey, adjoining Ridgewood; would rent to intending buyers only. Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J.

Bungalow plots on top of hill, picturesque scenery; high, dry, and healthful; ten minutes' walk from Little Falls Station; low prices, easy terms. Send for map. New Jersey Lakes Realty Company, 316 Park Av., Paterson, New Jersey. Phone 3462.

$100 down will buy a well built brick house in Elizabeth, N. J., six rooms, bath, gas, steam heat, cement basement; four minutes' walk from Pennsylvania Railroad station; best bargain on the market; price only $2,650; $100 down, $25 monthly. W. B. McLain, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

RIVER EDGE, N. J., BARGAINS.

Houses and Bungalows, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, for sale at builder's cost on easy terms. Free photos, floor plans and tickets to inspect. COMMONWEALTH BUILDING CO., 50 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK. PHONE 8748 CORT.

Nature Lovers' Retreat.—Bungalow in cedars, overlooking Pequannock River; elevation 427 feet; mountain scenery; only 39 minutes, Lackawanna or Erie; commutation 13c.; contains 3 rooms, open fireplace, rustic cedar porch, 52 feet long; $650; easy terms. Address Unusual Value, 72 Times Downtown.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Beautiful old place; large residence, modernized extensive grounds; location, surroundings exceptional; might consider exchange with private owner desiring establish residence, Summit, who has good, small income property; price, terms reasonable. Owner, 666 Springfield Av.

$125 and up; bungalows in the pines; near beach and boardwalk; for rent, season or month; bungalow sites for sale from $285 and up on easy terms or cash. Address R. G. Campbell, Keansburg, N. J., or take boat from Battery at 1030 A. M. daily.

$2,400.—Beautiful new home, 6 rooms and bath; 7½-foot cellar; sewer connection and all improvements; hills of N. J.; 30 minutes from Times Square; 7c fare; will sacrifice at $2,400; cost $2,800; $400 cash, then $20 monthly. Call, write, F. B., Room 1,101, 35 W. 32d St.

A neat little home, built as you like it; 45 minutes out; $598; bungalow style; on large plot of ground; good productive soil; splendid chance to be your own landlord. Write or call to-day for full particulars. Suite 8, 156 Fulton St., New York.

A village home; 2 acres, 7-room house, city water, bath, other improvements; large brook, chickens, fruit, berries, asparagus; good neighborhood; convenient school, trolley. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

For Sale—110 acres, good potato farm; apple and pear orchard; 12-room house; large outbuildings; price, $9,000; state your wants; all sizes listed. James L. Hall, Farmingdale, N. J.

Will sacrifice fine brick property to quick buyer paying 13 per cent. on investment. Apply W. Mallett, 188 Central Av., Jersey City.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

For Berkshire Summer homes and farms address Berkshire Publicity Bureau, Pittsfield, Mass.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Private house wanted, good section Brooklyn or Manhattan, some cash, in exchange for apartment house, Halsey Street, Brooklyn, with actual equity of $9,000. Seixas, 507 5th Av.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

Wanted in city or short distance out, house suitable for boarders; full particulars and lowest rent. L 87 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

An opportunity of a lifetime to secure one or two lofts, corner building on 6th Av., centrally located, size 45x120, with extension 20x40; all kinds of service; can be had very cheap. Address Box F 98 Times.

LARGE FLOOR, 40 BY 90; BEST SPOT, BEST BUSINESS SECTION SOUTH BROOKLYN, CORNER 5TH AV., 15TH ST., BROOKLYN. GERMAINE, ON PREMISES.

Very desirable office to rent, 550 square feet, southeast corner Hudson Terminal Building; immediate possession. For further particulars W. A. Pusch. Telephone 1741 Hamilton.

GRAND ST., 137-139, NEAR BROADWAY. STORE WITH BASEMENT, 36x90, $1,800; 3 LOFTS, STEAM HEAT, $900 EACH.

Exceptional Opportunity—Store, living rooms, suitable any business; $23. 680 11th Ave.

15TH, 637 EAST.—Vacant; 5,000 square feet; $60. BOHLEN, 23d and 3d Av.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—A.— THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., Near B'way.
1 room and bath, $25 up.
2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $40 up.
3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $47.50 up.
Furnished & Unfurnished; Monthly or Yearly.
Meals served if desired, (in apartments only.)
Phone & elevator service; maid service if desired. Near Subway, "L," & Surface Cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.
Housekeeper on Premises. Phone 9920 Col'bus.

Attractive eight-room apartment, two baths, on Riverside Drive; front windows, including bay window, overlook Hudson from Lackawanna station up to Tarrytown; back windows overlook city and East River; cool breezes in hottest weather; sublet furnished, June 1 to October 1, for $125 per month; less than rent unfurnished; private phone, awnings, screens, linen, silver; exceptional closet room; must be seen to be appreciated. Phone 8171 Morningside before 10:30 or after 6 for appointment.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Tel. Columbus 3547.

EIGHT ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; WELL FURNISHED; ALL ROOMS LIGHT AND AIRY; BEAUTIFUL VIEW OF RIVER; LARGE LIBRARY OF BOOKS, PIANO, &C.; WILL SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS. APPLY APT. 8E, 318 WEST 100TH ST.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment; overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 3060.

73d, 170 West.—Sublet corner apartment; eight rooms, two baths, and refrigerator; seventh floor C; lease expires Sept. 30; will let for $100 a month rest of lease. Blum.

Sublet for Summer, four rooms and bath, fully furnished, in high class elevator apartment; telephone, &c.; piano, self-player; $50. Cliffwood Court, 179th St. and Fort Washington Av. Apt. 44.

To sublet, furnished or unfurnished, apartment of three rooms, kitchenette, and bath, 7th floor, 140 West 57th St. Apply to Superintendent on premises or E. C. Crosby, 124 West 42d St.

Beautiful, new five (5) room apartment, two (2) baths; completely furnished; linen, silver, baby grand piano; eleventh (11th) floor; river view; very reasonable. 574 West End Av.

Ambassador Court, (520 West 124th St.)—Five large, beautifully furnished rooms to sublet for Summer or longer; new building; elevator; telephone. Apply Apartment 22.

Seven-room apartment; upper Seventh Av.; value $60; American gentleman can accommodate family of four congenial people or will sublet for the Summer. L 90 Times.

WEST END AV., 412.—Attractively furnished, cool corner apartment; view Hudson; all outside rooms; piano; every convenience. Ferguson.

HOTEL MARLTON,
3 WEST 8TH ST.
Special Summer Rates. 2 and 3 room apartments, also single rooms.

To Sublet for Summer Months.—Completely furnished seven light rooms, two baths, in modern elevator apartment; desirable location; references. 37 West 93d St. Apt. 10.

Very desirable, newly furnished apartment, 7 rooms, just off Riverside Drive, on 85th St., to sublet, either furnished or unfurnished. S. T. Benton, 330 West 85th St.

89TH, 52 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; delightfully cool; furnished, unfurnished; electricity, telephone; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

To Sublet.—Charming 7-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; terms moderate. Call Cromwell, office Broadway and 137th; mention Apt. 62A.

Beautiful outside, sunny front apartment; electricity, elevator, piano, sewing machine; May to September. Apt. 5, 510 West 124th.

$50 monthly; five-room front apartment, June-September; finely furnished; piano; light, cool. Apartment 1, 404 West 115th.

Tastefully furnished modern 6-room apartment; all outside rooms; finest view in city. Morningside Dr. 106, Apt. 51, cor. 121st.

Completely furnished 7 rooms, 59th St., opposite Park; moderate rent until October. George Gresham, 310 Hudson St.

REASONABLE—FINE LOCATION.
Completely furnished elevator apartments; 4 and 6 rooms. 3 and 5 West 104th St.

Sublet four completely furnished rooms, June to October. West 147th St., near Broadway. Call mornings. Audubon 3970.

June to October, two beautifully furnished apartments, suitable three adults; strictly high class. Apply 6B, 435 West 119th.

Beresford, 1 West 81st.—Two rooms and bath to sublet, June 1, 4 months or more. Apartment 168.

Sublet to Sept. 15; beautifully furnished apartment; 7 rooms, 2 baths. The Peter Stuyvesant, 258 Riverside Drive. Supt.

To Sublet—Three-room kitchenette apartment, 434 West 120th St. Phone Mgr. Hotel Royal, 684 Morningside.

Two exceptionally cool rooms for Summer; bath, kitchenette; elegantly furnished. 226 West 97th St.

Apartment, beautifully furnished, to sublet; overlooking park. Apply Janitor, 22 West 59th.

70th, 345 West.—Furnished, 5 rooms, bath; modern elevator apartment; sacrifice, $55.

Eight-room furnished apartment overlooking Hudson, for Summer. 445 Riverside Drive.

COLUMBIA COURT, 510 WEST 123D.
Four outside rooms; elevator. Apartment 62.

SUBLET six-room apartment; all outside; immediate possession. M., 251 West 81st.

East Side.

To sublet till Oct. 1, three-room housekeeping apartment, 55th St., near 5th Av.; extra large living room, bedroom and bath; separate maid's room; meals served by house if desired. Phone Plaza 2,824.

To sublet, 7 rooms, handsomely furnished, 3 exposures, 1186 Madison Avenue. June 1-Sep. 1. Write for appointment, Room 1703, 55 Liberty Street.

40th St., 142 East.—High-class apartment; sublet until October; 6 unusual rooms, bath; attractively furnished. Apartment 37.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

FURNISHED apartment, two rooms, bath, for long lease wanted. State rent and particulars. L 97 Times.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

189th St. and Broadway, The Sulgrave—Seven rooms and bath, maid's toilet, all light rooms, elevator, electric lights, 'phone and hall service; fifth floor, fronting on Broadway; from now until October 1, $40; lease can then be renewed at $62.50. Apartment 54.

To Sublet—120 West 86th St.; unfurnished for balance of lease to Oct. 1, 1917, or furnished from May 1 to Oct. 1, 1914, at unusually reasonable price. Seven rooms; three baths; front apartment; 11th floor; elevated and Subway stations at 86th St. Inquire on premises.

Five large housekeeping rooms to sublet, $50, subject to offer; privilege renewing lease; modern elevator building; restaurant optional. Coleman, 50 Morningside Av., corner West 119th St.

For Rent.—Unfurnished second-floor apartment; 8 rooms and two baths; $100 per month for 5 months. 310 West 94th St. Apply A. V. Frost, 594 5th Av.

Two-room kitchenette, bath; gentleman; west side, or private house. L 86 Times.

East Side.

170 MADISON AV., at 34th St.
One room, bath; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; three rooms, two baths, kitchenette, $40 to $100. Rent includes service. Immediate possession. W. J. Roome & Co., 177 Madison Av.

Madison Av., 162, (near 34th.)—Two or four rooms; electricity, private bath, kitchenette; newly decorated; business or living.

Madison Av., 1,787 (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

Bronx.

166TH ST., COLLEGE AV.
THREE AND FOUR ROOM APARTMENTS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; HOT WATER, TELEPHONE, &C.

Apartments Wanted — Unfurnished

Thirty cents a line.

Apartment wanted on Washington Heights; five light rooms, bath, and hot water supply; parquette floors; best references; state price. N 353 Times Downtown.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—Between 114th St. and 88th St., on Broadway, or in Riverside Park, May 8, gold bar pin, white enamel surface, with five pearls set in. Finder will be liberally rewarded if returned to Apartment 2H, the Hamilton, 420 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Saturday, May 9, on 10th and Amsterdam Av. car, gold coin holder and gold pencil; monogram "J. A. F." on coin holder; reward. Mrs. Jennie Frisbie, 601 West 160th, Apt. 5 C.

LOST.—Liberal reward will be paid and no questions asked for the return of tray of pens taken from our Broadway store. Call Womrath, Inc., 72 Madison Av.

LOST — An amethyst pin surrounded with diamonds, Throop Av. and McDonough St. Suitable reward if returned to Mrs. McCormick, 89 Keap St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Wednesday, a pocketbook, with initials "J. G.," containing $21, change, and tickets; reward. Jeannette Guss, care of Dr. Luttinger, 1,651 Washington Av.

LOST—Between 5th Av. and Globe Theatre, 46th St., locket with baby's picture in centre; liberal reward. Please return 135 East 69th St.

LOST—On Saturday, one gold lorgnette, in Central Park or the vicinity of the Plaza Hotel; reward of $10. Apply Buckingham Hotel.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, Sunday; $50 reward or $10 for ticket if pawned. Return to Box N 214 Times

LOST—Diamond bar pin, gold setting; suitable reward; no questions asked. T. Vetter, Plaza Hotel.

LOST—Gold bracelet; inscription inside T. M. to J. H., Feb. 8-14; reward. A. H. Aarons & Co., 8 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Wednesday night, box containing colored wigs. Return Dorothy Russell, 5th Av. Theatre, 4th and 3d Sts., Brooklyn.

LOST—Ribbon watch fob, monogram "J. D. C."; reward. 227 Front St., N. Y. City.

$100 REWARD.
Lost diamond bar pin, between Macy's and Biltmore Hotel on Wednesday, May 13. Return to cashier Biltmore Hotel.

Found.

FOUND—Overcoat, Polo Grounds; prove property. 405 West 118th St. Apt. 2.

Lost and Found. Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston bull; name Larry; name is printed on collar; around 107th St. and Amsterdam Av. Finder please return to 201 West 107th. Reward.

LOST—Thursday morning, white fox terrier, with brown spots and long tail; answers name Bey; liberal reward. Wilson, 323 West 50th.

LOST—On Washington Heights, female Boston terrier; brindle body, white blazed neck and chest; reward. Supt., 601 West 160th.

LOST—From 158 East 74th, small tan Italian Spitz, male, name of Titti; no collar; liberal reward. Telephone Lenox 568.

LOST.—White bull pup, brindle ears, screw tail; reward. Phone Morningside 9662.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold.
Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver.
Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum.
Benjamin Feingold, 491½ 6th Av., between 29th and 30th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty cents a line.

Mahogany wardrobe for gentlemen, mission oak davenport bed, upholstered in brown leather; large oak bookcase, golden oak sideboard, bicycle for boy 3 or 4 years old. Can be seen Friday and Saturday at 530 Riverside Drive. Apt. 2A.

Art Antiques.—Painting Carlo Dolci and famous Napoleon vase, brought here by Joseph Bonaparte. L 56 Times.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL.
956 Broadway, at 23d St. } 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Schools

Thirty cents a line.

French taught privately by distinguished lady, conversation method. Mademoiselle de Masseau, 507 5th Av., Room 525. Telephone Murray Hill—4717.

Dancing.

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr. Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 3493.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

John W. Griffithes, moving, packing, shipping; auto vans for country.
526 7th Av. 342 West 38th St.

Horses and Carriages.

Thirty cents a line.

Gentleman and wife on country estate in New Jersey with modern stable, expert groom, will board two fine saddle horses for use during Summer; highest references. Travis, Riverside Drive, Red Bank, N. J.

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

At 1,000 Islands, eight-room chalet, two toilets and bath, sleeping porch, boathouse, motor boat and skiff; five minutes' walk from hotel, fifteen minutes to country club; $500 for season. A. S. Mapes, 214 West 100th St.

Patchogue, L. I.—Furnished cottages, facing Great South Bay; 6 to 12 rooms and bath; city water; gas range; electric lights. Apply on premises, or G. G. Roe.

To Rent.—At Crescent Beach, Conn., six miles from New London, large Colonial cottage, with garage; select location; price, $400 season. John J. Ward, 81½ Washington St., Hartford, Conn.

WHITE MOUNTAINS.—For rent, furnished cottage at the foot of Mountt Chocorua, N. H., near all trails; highland, beautiful views, pure water; $125 for season. F. V. G., Forbes House, Milton, Mass.

Locust, New Jersey.—Sandy Hook boats to Atlantic Highlands. Furnished house; all modern conveniences; four acres; $600 for the season. R. L. MacDuffie, Bronxville, N. Y.

Two attractive suburban houses on Spuyten Duyvil Hill, six and ten rooms, to rent for the Summer, furnished or unfurnished, or sell or lease. Telephone 4178 John.

PORTABLE { Garages, Dwellings, &c.
{ Knapp System, 111 Broadway.

Wanted.

Wanted.—Old-fashioned cottage, 5-6 rooms; improvements not necessary; near New York City. C 142 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable double and single rooms; home cooking; telephone; references.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent table board; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent table.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms, board.

53D ST., 37-52.—Suite with private bath; other rooms; board optional; references.

A.—MADISON ARMS,
144 MADISON AV. VERY ATTRACTIVE.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, comfortably furnished rooms; hot water; best board.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath: $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private bath; excellent cooking; table guests.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large small rooms; good board; Summer rate; telephone.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; excellent cooking; near Park; accessible location.

68TH, ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; large rooms; private baths; small rooms; reasonable.

72D ST., 264 WEST, (formerly 14 East 44th St.)—One double room; table guests.

73D ST., 181 WEST.—Ideal location; near parks, river, Subway, "L" express; homelike accommodations.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable room; table board; between Subway and elevated; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms, single, double; homelike, refined environment; excellent table.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table; prices reasonable.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; excellent table; select neighborhood; easy transportation.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure single room; running water; first-class board.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, front room, bay window, suitable two; private house.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions" with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 133 WEST.—Exceptionally cool double room, with bath; meals optional; table guests.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Desirable, cool rooms; large, small, private house; references; select neighborhood.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—Riverside Drive; Central Park; cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH ST., 174 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; electricity; reasonable; table guests accommodated.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special price Summer guests.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, board; Summer rates; Southerners accommodated.

95TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable medium room; large closet; running water; reasonable; board; references.

104TH, 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Quiet and efficient service; Southern cooking; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; exceptional table; table guests.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, also small rooms, with good board.

142D, 633 WEST.—Handsome suite; single; overlooking Hudson; excellent table; private house.

149th, 544 West, Near Broadway Subway and beautiful river. Choicest section.
THE AUDUBON
offers bright, cozy, single rooms or suites to those who appreciate first-class meals and service. An attractive and perfect home with hotel service; long established, well recommended; an ideal spot, especially during Summer; large porches and gardens.
Rates { $8 to $12, single.
with { $14 to $20, two.
Meals. { $20 and up for suites.
Tel. 2757 Audubon. M. VANDAM, Prop.

CLAREMONT AV., 186.—Desirable room; excellent table; Broadway subway, Manhattan station. Warner.

Hotel LaGrange, 411 West 57th St.—Outclassing others charging double; Summer rates; double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; Southerners.

PRIVATE FAMILY will accommodate business man or woman. (Central Park West). Breakfast and dinner; $10 weekly; references. L 91 Times.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN, single, wishes board with private family; apartment on west side; state terms; references exchanged. L 89 Times.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

PRIVATE family will take two gentlemen; paying guests; beautiful grounds; extensive views; tennis; riding, bathing. N 826 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Wanted business woman share quiet suburban cottage overlooking Hudson River, until October; $12.50 to $15 weekly. X 359 Times.

Long Island.

HARBOR VIEW Cottage and Camp.—Rest and open air life; boating, tennis, motoring; Kenyon sleeping houses; April to November. Dr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Doubleday, Telephone 29, Shelter Island, N. Y.

Perfect home, bathing free; table best; refined people only; private family; reasonable. Phone 746-M Flushing. Mrs. Dunn, 15th Av., near 27th, Beechhurst, L. I.

New York State.

Beautiful country residence, poultry, fruit farm; home comforts; modern apartments; mountain location; 90 miles; $9 to $12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

BEAVER BROOK FARM, Joseph Friess, Minnisink Ford, Sullivan County, N. Y.—Fishing & boating; board, $8 & $10 per week.

New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE LENOX MANOR.
A small hotel, new throughout; private baths, exceptional table; refined and homelike; special Spring rates. Tel. 5075 Orange.

Orange, N. J.—The New England; 5 minutes from Highland Station; refined, homelike accommodations.

New England.

KIRCHNER FARM,
Hinsdale, Mass.
On Lake Ashmere; pleasant rooms; table supplied from farm; tennis, boating, fishing; references; booklets. Jennie K. Laurence.

South View Inn, Lakeside, Conn., on beautiful Bantam Lake; own cows, chickens, horses; boats of all kinds; reasonable rates. Mrs. Meta Embley, proprietor. Opens May 1.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH, 72 EAST, ST. DENIS HOTEL, Broadway and 11th St., facing Grace Church; Summer rates, $5, $6, $7 weekly; bath, telephone, electric light; elevators. Stuy. 4200.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Opposite Union Square Hotel; Subway Express; Apt. 94.)—Outside room, adjoining bath; telephone, electric lights, elevator; handsome fireproof building; business man.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; reference.

76TH, 43 EAST.—Beautiful, light, airy rooms; conveniences; Summer rates; breakfast; telephone.

76TH, 126 EAST.—Front and back parlor, together or separately; water; telephone.

108TH ST., 70 EAST.—Attractive, large room in private house; all conveniences. Harlem 2703.

DESIRABLE large room for two gentlemen; two beds; modern conveniences. Rent, $30 month. References. Martin, 126 East 34th.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV, 591, (52d St.)—Single and double rooms; airy, clean, beautifully furnished; all conveniences; telephone. Macenzie.

MADISON AV., 175.—Splendid large rooms, private bath; hallroom; breakfast; transient; reference.

West Side.

9TH, 28 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; conveniences; ample closets; hot water continuously; references.

10TH, 54 WEST.—Light, well-kept room; running water; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small, sunny room, adjoining bath; high-class house; references required; bachelors.

45TH ST., 215 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; continuous hot water; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private bath; electricity; telephone; select.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Beautifully furnished second floor front room; private bath; select residence.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; also small room; hot and cold water; bath; electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without bath; breakfast; moderate. 7295 Plaza.

53D, 57 WEST.—Two rooms; southern exposure; private bath; reasonable; references. Plaza 5713.

53D, 62 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room; private bath; small room; in quiet home.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; table guests; first class.

55TH ST., 49 WEST.—Large rooms, alcove, bedroom, private bath, shower; newly furnished and decorated; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Attractive Summer rooms for business men; conveniences; references. Call necessary. Plaza 1772.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, "L"; references. Hammond.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Handsome large room; private bath; half price for Summer.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; select location. Col. 2303.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. 'Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant, tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and L half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week, $1 per day.

66TH, 130 WEST.—Front rooms; clean, comfortably furnished; $3.50, $5; housekeeping. Pearson.

68TH ST., 54 WEST.—Private family; exceptional accommodations; two, three gentlemen; refined home; excellent location; convenient; breakfast optional. Columbus 7658.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; telephone; reference.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Immaculately kept, large, small rooms, well ventilated; inside room.

69TH, 145 WEST.—Two adjoining rooms, running water, in high-class apt. Manning.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Doctor's office; private bath; other large rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large room with kitchenette conveniences; Subway express. Columbus 2663.

71ST ST., 280 WEST.
Elegantly furnished, large, cool rooms, suitable two gentlemen or couple; running water, telephone; Summer rates; Subway express.

71ST, 282 WEST, Corner West End.—Attractive large room, dressing room; running water.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath, kitchenette, front parlor, other rooms.

73D ST., between Broadway and West End Av.—Room for gentleman; private family. X 372 Times.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; newly decorated; southern exposure; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; cool; Summer rate; select; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large or small; private bath; reasonable; references.

76TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive room; clean bed; phone; Southern, doctor's office; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Small, medium, and large light and airy rooms; reasonable; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, suitable physician or couple; references.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Room, bath; room, use bath; telephone; private residence.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms; single and double; convenient Subway; breakfast. Tel. 9959 Schuyler.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room with or without private bath; telephone; references.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large cool rooms; centrally located; $5-$9.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, pleasant room; private bath; also medium room; reasonable.

80TH ST., 144 WEST.—Parlor floor; private bath; suitable professional; also attractive large room.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—One large room, private bath; small room; see and appreciate.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; Summer rates; private house; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, connecting, private bath; reasonable, homelike; private house.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—New house; large, small rooms; kitchenette; concessions. Davis.

84TH ST., 268 WEST, (Riverside.)—Connecting cool front rooms; elevator apartment; light housekeeping; telephone.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house, handsomely furnished; large rooms, small rooms; references.

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—Artistic double room, apartment; women; references. Schuyler—5589. Barcus.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath; others; running water; central location.

89TH ST., 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Desirable, attractive, airy single and double rooms; electricity; reasonable.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, suitable two; shower baths; reasonable; references.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large or small, well kept rooms; convenient; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 163 WEST.—Pleasant front room; hot water, telephone; Subway; reasonable.

92D, 204 WEST.—Room with running water; also single room. Possons.

93D, 109 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room, adjoining bath; private house.

94TH, 146 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private house; references; reasonable. Riverside 569.

95TH, 19 WEST.—Attractive front; back parlor floor; separate; two desirable rooms. Riverside 7363.

96TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable, large, front room; private house; table board. Riverside 1435.

99TH ST., 244 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool, spacious room; modern elevator apartment; convenient transportation. Butters.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; near Riverside Drive. Tomlinson.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, small rooms; electricity, bath; breakfast if desired.

101ST, 230 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, with lavatory, facing Broadway; reasonable. Stofel.

102D, (just off Broadway.)—Private family offers large, well-furnished room; adjoining bath; convenient location; $5. Riverside 4529.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house, near Subway; attractive single room; adjoining bath.

104TH ST., 222 WEST.—Elegant light room; comfort; gentlemen. Phone Sherwood.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water; suite two rooms; piano. Apartment 21.

107TH, (2,787 Broadway.)—One room or suite of two; all conveniences. Riverside 1702.

112TH ST., 522 WEST.—Outside; newly furnished; gentlemen; permanent; Summer rates. Morning 6770. Merkley.

112TH, 533 WEST.—Large, outside room; gentleman; Summer rates. Morningside 6528. Morse.

113TH, 53 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; modern conveniences; private house; reference.

114TH, 312 WEST.—Attractive, light, cool rooms; no other roomers; telephone; $2.50-$3. Alger.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Parlor floor, kitchenette apartment; private bath; small rooms; reasonable.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Columbia.)—Excellent rooms, double and single; elevator; electricity; shower. Camp.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—2 attractive rooms; lavatory between; furnished; light housekeeping; overlooking Morningside Park.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Comfortable, homelike rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable. Smith.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Small, beautifully furnished apartment; also single room; reasonable. Grant.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Large, southern exposure, front room; gentleman; no other roomers; eighth floor; exceptionally fine building; breakfast optional. 7700 Morningside. Walsh.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; desirable neighborhood; refined house.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Columbia grounds opposite; large living room, small kitchen; bath adjoining; very desirable; complete housekeeping; single room also; restaurant, reception room. Yetman.

122D, 523 WEST, Near Columbia.—Single and en suite outside rooms, $3 up. Sherman.

123D, 537 WEST.—American lady offers pleasant room, use of piano, and cool apartment; $5. Lang.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

138TH, 612 WEST.—Large front room; adjoining bath; private house; suitable for two gentlemen.

144TH ST., 510 WEST.—For rent in apartment, well furnished rooms without board, for gentlemen or married couples only; references. Apply Apartment 61.

158TH ST., 646 WEST.—Desirable rooms for gentleman; first class; private house; Subway.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant. Apartment 5D.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th; offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

CENTRE ST., 64, (New Rochelle.)—Light and comfortable rooms in private house; excellent location; near station and Sound; first-class meals near by. New Rochelle 329.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party; reference. Fisher.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Cool, attractive rooms; business woman's artistic elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

COLUMBIA COURT, 510 WEST 123D.
Suite and kitchen; elevator. Apartment 62.

For Men.—Hotel Service, Elevator, Baths.
Summer Rates, $6, $7, $8 Weekly.
Private Baths, $10.
MONTICELLO HOTEL, No. 35 West 64th St.

HOTEL MARKWELL, 49TH ST., 220 WEST.
Double outside rooms, $1; with bath, $1.50; 2 rooms and bath, $2.50.
Phone Bryant 1917.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (corner 135th.)—Cool outside room, southern exposure, facing Hudson; elevator, electric light; gentlemen. Apt. 66.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 808, (corner 151st St.)—Attractive room, private house; cool; Summer rates; select; references.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; 91st Subway; excellent location; Summer rates.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

OUTSIDE room, west side, between 110th and 140th Sts.; give full particulars. N. 352 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

58TH ST., 64 EAST.—Very attractive large, light room, with bath adjoining; hot and cold running water; plenty of closet room; parquet floor and electric lights; convenient location.

Help Wanted Female

Twenty cents a line.

CANVASSERS.—Only those that are good talkers and willing to work; salary and commission; all year round. L. C. Nicoll Land Co., 108 West 34th St.

CLERK.—A printing office requires the services of an intelligent woman as clerk; must be experienced in the handling of details, figures, and accustomed to answering 'phone; hours 8:30 to 5:30; reply in own handwriting, stating salary desired. Black, P 259 Times Downtown.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their shoes and cotton dress goods departments. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

NEW YORK,

Require for their Upholstery Workroom a number of

EXPERIENCED AWNING OPERATORS.

Only those accustomed to high grade work need apply.

At Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; ONE WHO CAN COOK; MUST HAVE CITY REFERENCES. ADDRESS Y 203 TIMES ANNEX.

HOUSEWORK.—A family of four persons, living on the upper west side of the city, requires a girl for general housework, who can also do plain cooking; the work is not heavy and there is no washing to be done; the successful applicant will have the assistance of a nurse, who takes charge of a 2-year-old girl; the wages are liberal, and reasonable arrangements will be made for nights off; the maids' sleeping accommodations are unusually good, and an industrious, capable woman will find a very desirable home. Address, with city references, Ideal, Box B 22 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework wanted, who can do plain cooking. Apply at once, Apartment 15, 318 West 100th St.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

TEACHERS.—Ten teachers for new educational field; Summer work; salary. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

Thoroughly Competent Stenographer as secretary and assistant to busy sales manager; salary $12 to start, but opportunity is an unusual one; prefer girl experienced in hardware or manufacturing line; knowledge filing desirable; INITIATIVE and GOOD JUDGMENT absolutely NECESSARY; state qualifications fully. Busyman, Times Downtown.

WOMAN.—Neat, capable woman to take lame lady out in wheel chair. Address, with references, "Wheel Chair," L 70 Times.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

MAY ENROLLMENTS; JULY GRADUATES.
AEOLIAN HALL, 27 WEST 42D ST.
V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

A progressive income can be earned making incandescent mantles; experience unnecessary; whole or spare time. Write. Aurolite Co., Toronto, Can.

BROWNE-SHARPE automatic screw machine operators wanted. Jones Speedometer, New Rochelle, N. Y.

BUYER FOR CHINA AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS
Required by a large department store. Only a thoroughly capable man, accustomed to doing a very large business need apply. Box N 17 Times.

FREDERICK LOESER & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced salesmen for their cotton dress goods and domestics. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

NEW YORK,

Require the services of a number of

EXPERIENCED SALESMEN

for their

DRESS GOODS, SILKS & WASH GOODS SECTIONS.

Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

MANAGER, handle salesmen and office. Call National Machine Co., 141 West 36th St.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN.—Good opportunity with substantial motor truck manufacturer for a real motor truck salesman. Only those who have made good and can do justice to a fair salary need apply. L 95 Times.

SALESMEN—WORK FOR YOURSELF, ENTIRELY NEW 25C. PATENTED ARTICLE. EVERY HOTEL, CAFE, SALOON, SODA FOUNTAIN BUYS ON SIGHT; ABSOLUTE NECESSITY; NO COMPETITION. CALL GOSFORD CO., 24 EAST 21ST ST.

SALESMAN—Require a thoroughly experienced salesman for their cigar department. Apply to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building, Abraham & Straus, Fulton Street, Bklyn.

SALESMAN.—New York City; experienced; acquainted with retail drug trade; excellent opening for high-class man with old established manufacturing firm, on salary; state experience, firms traveled for, length of time, &c., if you expect answer. L 54 Times.

SALESMEN, covering territory in United States and Canada, wanted to handle a small package as a side line only; a rapid seller to department stores, general supply, and 5 and 10 cent stores; commission. N 1 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, salesmen visiting ladies' neckwear buyers to carry a few numbers of the new laundered Gladstone collars as a side line on a commission basis for a Troy house. N 13 Times.

SALESMAN.—New York and nearby Summer resorts, to introduce sanitary slot machines; office buildings, hotels, restaurants, cafes; small salary and commission. L 85 Times.

SALESMAN with jobbing and catalogue trade, dresses and coats, salary or commission. 127 West 17th St., fifth floor.

SECURITIES SALESMAN WANTED. — An old-established house desires the services of a man of ability who is willing and anxious to work. This will be a permanent position and worth from $75 to $100 per week to the right man. Salary and commission. Give details of past 10 years' employment. Permanent, N 350 Times Downtown

TWO MEN wanted to travel and appoint agents; salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; position good for $200 monthly to hustlers. Lastic-Air Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

MAY ENROLLMENTS; JULY GRADUATES.
AEOLIAN HALL, 27 WEST 42D ST.
V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

MEN.—Grand opportunity to learn mechanical dentisy; earn while learning; positions waiting for those starting NOW; $20 to $50 weekly; taught thoroughly 3 to 6 months; day or evening; no book study; easy payments; several free scholarships in exchange for services. Bodee's Dental Trade School, Dept. T, 489 5th Av., near 42d St., New York.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1001C, Candler Building, Times Sq., New York.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

AS COMPANION or housekeeper; good nurse, seamstress; best references. F 122 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist; little experience; willing to begin low salary. R. Z., 117 East Houston St. Tel. 8276 Orchard.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; seven years' experience; full charge; highest reference; $15. L 74 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Long experience; accurate; full charge; highest reference. Solomon, 31 Avenue B.

DAY'S WORK.—Respectable colored woman wishes day's work. Perry, 19 West 137th St.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, would like a few more engagements by the day; good references. 221 East 44th. St.

GERMAN widow like care private house for Summer; best references. H., care Alley, 106 East 35th.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—Refined French lady, speaking English and Italian, used to traveling, wants position housekeeper, companion with refined person. L 88 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Fine sewing, mending, children cared for during shopping or theatre hours; reasonable; reference. M. A., 282 Audubon.

NURSE.—Infant's, child's; experienced; references, doctor, families. A. C., 635 East 169th St., care Dalton.

SECRETARY. — Experienced bookkeeper, stenographer, possessing unusual ability, tact, initiative, desires executive position; exceptional references. R. L., 23 Avenue A.

STENOGRAPHER. — Two years' experience; attended business college two years; reliable, intelligent; very competent; salary $10. N 257 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Grammarian; six years' experience; handles large amount; correspondence with or without dictation; $15. N 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business school graduate, accurate worker, wishes position busy office. Lilian Gray, 693 Madison Av. 'Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHIC work one evening, or home work; also French copying, translation, language taught. Moore, 541 West 150th St.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Five years' experience; excellent references; $13. N 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing; adaptable; beginner; transcribes rapidly and correctly; $6. N 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat, accurate typist; understands office work; $8. N 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, general office worker; salary, $9. Pfeifer, 170 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; six years' experience; excellent reference. N 343 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, quick, grammarian, speller, accurate, transcriber, $10-$12. G 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, seven years' experience; rapid, trustworthy; highest references; $12-$15. L 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, bright girl; beginner; excellent school record; $6. N 276 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; versed office routine; $9; references. N 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined girl, limited experience, wishes position; $6. N 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; rapid typist; can bill, file, &c.; $12. N 337 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, businesslike, clean-cut, hard worker; $8-$10. K 79 Times.

TRAINED NURSE.—Desires position taking care of one or more boys; references. C 141 Times Annex.

TYPIST.—Experienced; familiar all office routine; references; salary, $8. N 300 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert; installs simplified systems, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

ABSOLUTELY first-class Japanese butler desires position in family or yacht; best city testimonials. Tachi, 102 West 123d St.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; makes periodical audits; prepares financial statements; terms reasonable. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square. 3780.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized, audited, kept, $2 per week up. Barnet, 1,606 Candler Building. Phone 5586 Bryant.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, with agency or manufacturing concern. Two years' agency experience, understand preparing line cuts, halftones and layouts. Age 22. Excellent references. L 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; married man; thoroughly competent; executive ability; seeks permanent position where he can demonstrate his real worth; reasonable salary start. N 344 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, (21,) 5 years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts, modern methods; correspondent; references. L 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough, capable, with many years' experience, desires position; testimonials as to character and ability. N 292 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience; familiar controlling accounts; all modern methods; can take entire charge; salary, $18. P 1 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, 20; bank experience; good references. N 333 Times Downtown.

BOY, clean-cut American, school graduate; reliable; good penman. N 268 Times Downtown.

CHANDELIER MAKER; A1 man or working foreman. J. Stops, 2,011 Crotona Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Englishman with large experience of American and foreign cars would like position touring Europe during Summer; very fluent French and German, and would tutor these and other subjects to boys; college man, (22;) could start June 15. Address P. O. Box 276, Ithaca, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—38; married; 12 years' experience with private family in city and country; first-class references, (letters and personal;) Pierce-Arrow, Packard, and other cars; trustworthy, refined, obliging; desires permanent position Telephone Schuyler 9035.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

CHAUFFEUR.—GENTLEMAN WISHES TO PLACE HIS CHAUFFEUR WITH RELIABLE PARTY; WILL GLADLY GIVE REFERENCES; WRITE OR PHONE. CHARLES MORGAN, 32 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY. 4960 BROAD.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 24, single, sober, who can be vouched for as being honest, steady, &c., careful driver, with 2½ years' experience in auto repair shop, seeks position either in city or country. Box C 115 Times Anqx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, white, American, desires position on Winton cars; 4 years' experience; own repairs; references; careful driver; country preferred; moderate compensation. Y 205 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swedish; experienced mechanic, careful driver, desires position, private family; willing, obliging; references. Chauffeur, 149 Heyward St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 10 years' driving; any make car; present employed; would like to make change; private desired; best of references; careful and neat. L 98 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 27, wishes position; two years last place; careful driver. Address C. C. Behr, care of Limbach, 1,666 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—MARRIED; EXPERIENCED GAS OR ELECTRIC CAR; A1 REFERENCE. L 60 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; married; private family; excellent record. Jack, 428 56th St., Brooklyn.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—Position wanted by a civil engineer of 13 years' experience in design and fabrication of all classes of steel construction; two years on movable bridges; salary basis to be not less than $135 per month. Address X 339 Times Annex.

CIVIL ENGINEER, (34;) American, practiced 10 years in Latin-American countries; has held responsible positions; speaks Spanish and Portuguese; first-class references; open for engagement. N 239 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Gentleman, 35, solicits position with reliable manufacturing concern as correspondent or manager export department; travel if necessary; 12 years' business experience and valuable connections in Mexico, Central and South America; speaks French, Spanish, German, Portuguese; excellent references. N 240 Times Downtown.

INTERIOR DECORATING.—Connection desired with firm that requires services of competent man (34) in high-class interior and decorating business and architectural work combined; good knowledge of draughting and designing; speaks Spanish, French, German fluently; has valuable connections in Latin-American countries; highest references. N 241 Times Downtown.

LITERARY, &c.—Italian university man desires position as translator or literary work. Expert, N 12 Times.

ORGANIST and CHOIRMASTER, well known by his work, seeks position with larger possibilities than present position, which he has held eight years; university post-graduate; experienced with boy and mixed choirs; has boy choir at present; is also director of well-known choral organization; Episcopalian; possibilities more desired than large salary; can change any time next season; any requested references could be furnished. Address N 15 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE
EUROPE OR CENTRAL AMERICA.
Well-educated American, married, 27, linguist, 7 years' experience as auditor, organizer, and manager public service enterprise, MOST SPLENDIDLY CONNECTED THROUGHOUT CENTRAL AMERICA, desires to represent reliable concern in Europe or Central America; bond and highest references. Y 209 Times

REAL ESTATE AGENT, experienced architect, just starting in for himself, plans for new front alterations and so forth very reasonable. Apply D., 3,650 Broadway.

ROAD SALESMAN, 30; now employed by first-class house; has executive ability; attentive to detail; good helper to busy head; position involving less travel or none desired. Worker, L 47 Times.

SALESMAN AND REPRESENTATIVE, with broad sales and business training; has valuable connections in Cuba, Mexico, Central America, Colombia, Brazil, Argentina, and Chile; has traveled extensively in some of those countries; speaks Spanish, French, German; wishes to act as agent or representative of manufacturers; best references and financially responsible; salary and commission. N 238 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with four years' experience on high-class specialty desires position affording opportunity; interview me. N 341 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 28, acquainted Eastern hotels, desires to connect with jobber or manufacturer. Reliable, 294 New York Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Ambitious young man, 25, experienced stenographer, bookkeeper, and salesman, desires position affording opportunity; excellent references. N 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent American boy, few months' experience; understands bookkeeping; plain penman; good habits; $8. N 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; thorough business training; desires to connect with good firm. Jack Schwadron, 693 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; expert; thorough double-entry bookkeeper; long experience; best references; moderate salary. N 338 Times Downtown.

TRAVELER, familiar with hardware and drugs, solicits position; several years' experience in Mexico and West Indies; A1 references. C. L. G., 19 Olive St, Bloomfield, N. J.

TUTOR, Englishman, (24,) Oxford graduate, on staff at Harvard; can teach English, mathematics, science, engineering; plays tennis, golf; rides; would travel; $150 a month, with expenses. A. L. Parson, 41 College House, Cambridge, Mass.

TUTOR.—Princeton student, experienced, seeks position as tutor and companion to boys for Summer; will travel or camp; can handle motor cars or boats; athletic, proficient, all sports. Address, Box 200 Times, 2 Rector St.

TUTOR or COMPANION.—College man desires position as tutor or companion with party traveling abroad during Summer; excellent references. Y 212 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) ambitious, initiative and of good appearance, wishes position in an office; experienced in general office work. Raymond, 72 Midwood St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN (23,) good education, thorough clerical training, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, correspondence; position with opportunity advancement. L 84 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, neat appearance knowledge of bookkeeping, good penman, desires clerical position, office or factory; excellent references; start at anything. N 329 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position with going concern where there is chance of advancement; willing to accept nominal salary at start. F 126 Times.

YOUNG MAN (25) wishes position anything, experienced shipping and stock clerk; also selling and road experience. L 41 Times.

YOUNG MAN (18) wishes outside position; office and real estate experience; good references. N 348 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced stenographer, salesman and correspondent, desires position. L 93 Times.

YOUNG, useful German, willing worker, wishes job; anything. Krebs, 249 East 82d St.

YOUNG MAN desires position at anything; high-school education. N 346 Times Downtown.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

A.—City and country help, (colored only.) Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency.

A.—Call Greeley 4527 for efficient cooks, houseworkers with references. Model Agency

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9460 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COOK, WAITRESS; together or separate; desirable girls; excellent reference; $30, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

DURANT'S AGENCY, 176 W. 135th. Best colored help; call any time. 9564 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl; recently landed; $16; several competent girls, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th, Harlem 251.

HOUSEWORKER.—Competent; colored; excellent cook. Stephen's Agency, 32 West 133d. Phone 4044 Harlem.

INTERNATIONAL COOKS' EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Special well-trained domestic colored help; city, country; references. 68 West 96th St.

JAPANESE Able Employment Agency, 844 6th Av., furnishes select help to private families, clubs, hotels; references strictly investigated. Telephone Bryant 7709.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished; investigated references; city or country. White Rose Employment Agency, 12 West 135th St. Harlem 2496.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

Company makes loans on outstanding accounts, notes, mortgages. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

FORDS
MONTHLY
PAYMENTS.
New 1914 runabouts, touring, town and commercial cars at regular list prices; cars delivered on reasonable payment down, and balance payable in monthly notes of $50, each bearing 6% interest. Write or telephone and make appointment for one of our representatives to call. Immediate delivery.
PHONE
2101
MELROSE.
BRONX FORD CO., 550 Bergen Ave., Bronx, New York.

PACKARD, 1912 "48" limousine car; equipment includes: Windshield, bumper, Warner speedometer and clock, Klaxon horn, 2 extra rims, 1 extra tube, 2 tire covers, trunk rack; offered cheap for quick sale. (No. 671.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way N. Y. City.

HAYNES 1912 34 H. P. five-passenger, foredoor touring, fully equipped with top, windshield, self-starter, extra tire, speedometer, &c.; run only 15,000 miles; cost, $1,800; will sell very reasonably. Martin C. Kennedy, Manhasset, L. I. Phone 336J—Manhasset.

BENZ LIMOUSINE, 50 H. P.
Excellent condition, for sale at bargain price; for inspection call 129 West 49th St., private garage. Particulars, apply to H. Asendorf, Room 334, 11 Broadway, New York. Phone 1220 Rector.

PACKARD, 1910 "30" canopy top, touring body, (Demi-limousine;) painted red; good condition; equipped with windshield. (B-17.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way, N. Y. City.

PACKARD, 1909 "30" touring car; equipment includes top, Warner speedometer and clock. (No. 672.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way N. Y. City.

BENZ, 1906 5-passenger touring body; painted black; equipped with top and windshield. (B-65.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way, N. Y. City.

UNDERTAKER'S combination wagon; new body on Packard 1910 "30" chassis. (No. 348.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way, N. Y. City.

Studebaker "4," 5 passenger, fully equipped, good condition; demonstration by appointment. Williamson, 26 Cortlandt St. Tel. 12060 Cortlandt.

PACKARD 1910 "30" touring body; equipped with top and seat covers. (B-37.) Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way, N. Y. City.

Small five-passenger car, 1912 foredoor; cheap for cash; fine condition. George Potter, 154 West 124th St.

For Sale—Fifty shaft-drive Mercedes chassis; also 35 Renault; good condition. 209 East 64th.

BALL BEARINGS EXCHANGED | All Makes and Sizes in Stock. PRUYN & BILODEAU, 1876 B'way. Tel. Columbus 8958

Any make new automobile many be purchased through me at a discount; full manufacturer's guarantee. "Broker," L 67 Times.

Auto truck, 1 ton, Jeffrey gasoline, 1913 model; no reasonable offer refused. General Vehicle Co., 30 East 42d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packards and Renaults by hour or trips anywhere, monthly, reasonable. Saraydar & Co., 160 East 57th. Plaza 3904.

For Hire.—First-class 7-passenger Mercedes touring car; weekly or monthly. Krist, 111 East 101st St. Harlem 3698.

Packard touring, hourly, monthly; owner drives. Verlangiere, 7670—Morningside. 532 West 122d St.

Packards—Beautiful foredoor 7-passengers, $3.50 hour; $350 monthly. Murray Hill 114.

Elegant Packard touring car rented hour, day, or month. Jacques. Plaza—2383.

Packard touring car, monthly, owner drives. Weber, 2,182 Broadway. Tel. 4260 Schuyler.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Late model foredoor five-passenger touring car. Telephone 3818 Stagg.

Automobile Supplies.

Magnetos, Bosch; used; excellent; year guarantee. Magneto Sales Co., Room 229, 1,777 Broadway.

Ball and roller bearings. Gwilliam Co., 253 West 58th St., (at Broadway.) Col. 8356.

Portable Garages.

GARAGES A BIG CUT in portable garages, dwellings, &c. Knapp Portable Building System, 111 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

Ford Car.—Careful and thorough individual driving road lessons for ladies and gentlemen; charges moderate. N 4 Times.

Business Opportunities

Forty cents a line.

An opportunity for party or parties with sufficient capital and ability to handle exclusive distribution through entire East, on a widely advertised, strictly high-grade line of automobile equipment specialties; chance for live organization to net $30,000 to $40,000 first year. See Mr. Knisely, Hotel Claridge, 10 to 12 A. M., Friday, May 15.

Am leaving for England, Germany, and France prior to June 1, and will be in a position to handle any matters of business or social importance you may desire to have transacted by a young man of exceptional commercial and diplomatic ability. Address Cosmopolitan, Room 916, 303 5th Av., city.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
WANTED—An idea! Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write for "Needed Inventions" and "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money." Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

Wanted.—An active partner with $6,000 to buy out a non-active partner in an established business that brings net weekly profit of $400 to $500. For particulars call or write 32 Union Square, Room 407.

A Going Corporation.—Staple line paying good profits offers a few shares of its stock to enlarge facilities to care for increasing business. Address Attorney, Robinson & Lauber, 115 Broadway, New York.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

$50,000 wanted by high-class manufacturing business to finance sale of splendid specialty line; unusual opportunity for man with necessary capital to make big profits. Address A. U., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Capital Wanted.—I am offered the agency of a large automobile truck manufacturer for New York territory and want partner with money; established business. L 96 Times.

College graduate desires reliable young man, with first-class reference and standing to invest $10,000 in manufacturing concern and become partner. X 326 Times Annex.

$500 wanted defray shop cost machine; new model; unlimited market; full title investors and big proportion; tremendous profits following surely. L 99 Times.

Sales last year, $40,000; business growing, international reputation, local factory; $60,000 secures control; investigate this. "Exclusive," L 77 Times.

Lunchroom, closed nights; guarantee $150 weekly receipts; trial allowed; $500; terms. Connery, 58 Main St., Yonkers.

$5,500 secures control of established, exclusive trade paper. Write "Profitable," L 72 Times.

Far Sale.—Private sanitarium, furnished; lower foothills Adirondacks. A. D. H. Kelsey, M. D.

Wanted.—Party with $500-$1,000 cash to invest with services. B. B., 502 Times.

Motion picture theatre, west side, for lease. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

DO you WISH TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS, get a partner, or increase your capital? WRITE US; we have clients looking for investments in all parts of the country. NATIONAL SALES AND SECURITY CO., 231 No. 5th Av., Chicago, Ill.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters; 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered. Phone Cortlandt 1332. Wm. Gray, 93 Nassau.

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Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

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Men with patentable ideas write Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

TY COBB SCORES SUCCESS AS ORATOR

Famous Baseball Player Makes His Debut as Speaker at Booksellers' Dinner.

KNOCKS OUT A HOME RUN

Messages from Wilson and Page—Profit-Sharing Plan Advocated by Eliot in Letter.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb, the famous baseball player, made his début as an after-dinner speaker at the fourteenth annual feast of the American Booksellers' Association at the Hotel Astor last night. It was something of an ordeal for Tyrus Raymond Cobb, although there were many other noted speakers at the speakers' table with him to make him feel comfortable and at home. Mr. Cobb perspired freely, but crossed the home plate in safety after delivering what was hailed on all sides as an oratorical home run.

With Mr. Cobb at the guest table were V. M. Schenck, Vice President of the association and toastmaster of the evening; Borough President Marcus M. Marks of the Borough of Manhattan; Dr. Talcott Williams, head of the School of Journalism of Columbia University; Hofrat Horst Weber, a distinguished German journalist and proprietor of the Illustrierte Zeitung; Frederick A. Stokes, and Belmore Browne, the "conqueror of Mount McKinley."

Messages were read from President Wilson, Ambassador Walter H. Page at London, William Dean Howells, and James Whitcomb Riley's secretary, and there was a long letter filled with serious economic thought from Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard. Mr. Cobb looked more and more comfortable as the words of the other learned gentlemen fell on his ears, and seemed to warm more and more to his job and collar. Then, suddenly, he grew beet-red, as Toastmaster Schenck announced to the 500 assembled booksellers that there was present at the speakers' table the biggest thief in the baseball business, and all eyes turned upon himself. Mr. Schenck explained that Mr. Cobb's specialty was bases.

"Just where this here Ty Cobb plays in baseball I don't know," said Mr. Schenck—rudely, Mr. Cobb thought, amid that august and learned gathering of bookfolk—"but here he is."

Cobb Finds His Voice.

The Detroit star arose amid a storm of cheers. He had found his feet, and he kept looking at them to find his voice.

"I am afraid a very serious mistake has been made in calling on me on this occasion and marring my evening by making me feel uncomfortable," he said at last. "I enjoyed every moment until now—the lectures and deep letters and all that sort of thing. I don't think it's the ball-hitter, but that .500 hitter in the literary field, Mr. Irvin Cobb, that your toastmaster must have meant to introduce here.

"I suppose there has to be a sacrifice hit in every game," he continued, "and I guess I'm that sacrifice. I feel like a young pitcher Manager Jennings of Detroit sent into the game to do his best and after the pitcher allowed four or five runs in the first inning and filled all the bases Jennings asked him what was the matter, wasn't he feeling nervous? No, said the pitcher, he wasn't feeling nervous, only he couldn't keep his limbs from shaking. I don't feel nervous either, only I can't keep my limbs from shaking.

"The only time I ever thought I was a Demosthenes was after a game in Philadelphia, the City of Brotherly Love, where they like the Detroit team so hard that they have to have 500 policemen to keep from mobbing them every time. I fell asleep that night and dreamed that I was talking to the crowd at the game; and I loosed a flood of eloquence till my room mate kicked me and woke me up, and told me to stop snoring.

"I can't talk about baseball because baseball is a game of action and a lot of exclamations and all that sort of thing. I don't know the booksellers' game, but I hope it's not as strenuous as ours. I imagine I've been talking here two hours, but I know it's been only two minutes. I'm glad to be here—the privilege, the honor—only, it's very hard to know when to get off. If I could only raise one big laugh and sit down I would. And thanking you for your very kind attention, I—I beg to be able to be seated."

Resumes Ball-Playing To-day.

Mr. Cobb suited the action to the word, plugged a big cigar into his mouth, and listened, dazed, to the applause that drowned his peroration.

"Three-bagger, Ty!" shouted one of the diners.

"A home-run!" shouted the rest.

Mr. Cobb will resume ball-playing today.

In his letter, President Eliot of Harvard urged the necessity of establishing a profit-sharing or co-operative management system of business on the part of publishers, news agents, and booksellers, whose business, not being able to endure well sudden interruptions, was, he said, peculiarly unfit to stand the danger of labor troubles. He suggested that whenever the employers declared a dividend out of their profits, they might also declare a proportionate dividend in the form of wage increase to their workers. This, he said, would bring about an attitude of co-operation and good-will on the part of their workers and make the shop where it was in force practically immune from labor troubles.

The suggestion was indorsed in a resolution of the assembled diners, and referred for future consideration. Borough President Marks, in his speech, warned the booksellers that before any profit-sharing system could be successfully carried out, the attitude of the workers toward their employers must first be changed into one of confidence and trust, through proper sanitary conditions in the shops, shorter hours, and cash wages. Otherwise, he said, workingmen would distrust all proposed profit-sharing or partnership schemes.

At its day session, which ended the convention yesterday, the association passed a resolution indorsing the Stephens resolution legalizing the fixing of a retail price for commodities and prohibiting price cutting below the established retail price.

CONFER ON U. S. SENATOR.

Chairman Osborn and Representatives Discussed Six Men.

Possible Democratic candidates for United States Senator from New York were discussed at a conference in the New Willard Hotel in Washington on Wednesday. The Democratic Congressmen from New York and State Chairman William Church Osborn were present, it was learned yesterday when Mr. Osborn returned to the city. Among the names discussed were those of William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury; Representatives Herman A. Metz of the Tenth Congressional District, and Jefferson M. Levy of the Fourteenth District; Justice Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo, Gov. Glynn, and William F. McCombs.

Mr. Osborn gave a luncheon to the New York Congressional delegation and the conference on candidates followed. No decision was reached, and another conference will probably be held soon in New York. There was also a discussion regarding what effect the new primary law will have on the Senatorial and Congressional situation. Ways and means of acquainting the voters with the provisions of the law were talked over. The State Chairman said he thought it would be wise if the Democratic candidates came out into the open as early as possible in order to give the people plenty of time to look them over and study their records. Under the new primary law nominating petitions must be filed the first week in September, and the State Chairman believes that this is another reason for haste in the selection of candidates.

As soon as he reached Washington Mr. Osborn called upon Senator O'Gorman, but the Senator was out of the city. Mr. Osborn said there was no truth in the stories that he was not on friendly terms with Senator O'Gorman. Mr. Osborn also called upon President Wilson and he said the President received him very cordially.

"I think it is evident that the President's commanding personality is the dominant influence in politics in Washington, as well as in the country at large," said Mr. Osborn. "I am satisfied that the election in this State will depend largely upon the result of the President's policies."

WASSERMAN CASE ENDS.

Jury Brings in a Sealed Verdict in $100,000 Litigation.

The suit brought by Joseph A. Wasserman, a retired policeman, against the Bronx Home News Company for $100,000 damages because of alleged libelous statements published, went to the jury at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon before Supreme Court Justice Brady at the Bronx County Court House. At 6 o'clock no decision had been reached, and the Justice adjourned court until this afternoon, and ordered the jury to bring in a sealed verdict. At 10 P. M. a verdict was returned and jurors then went home.

Justice Brady in his charge called attention to one part of the alleged libelous publication in which it was stated that Wasserman was "driven from the Police Department" and said that the evidence showed clearly that he had been retired. Attorney M. L. Heidenheimer, for the plaintiff, asked the Justice to charge the jury to return a verdict for the plaintiff if it was found that Wasserman was retired and not dismissed.

"I so charge," replied Justice Brady.

Attorney Speelman, for the defense, ridiculed Wasserman's statement that he made his money by selling diamonds.

Hudson River Day Boats Start.

The Hudson River Day Line opens its season to-day and the steamer Albany, which has been thoroughly overhauled, will make her first trip up the river to the State Capital. To-morrow the Robert Fulton will begin her trips. The other steamers in the service are the Washington Irving and the Hendrick Hudson. The first excursion will be given to-morrow, when the Association of Women Workers, now holding a convention here, will be taken to West Point on the Robert Fulton. The delegates will return in the evening on the Albany.

Newsdealer Gets Hero Medal.

Through Mayor F. William Gertzen of Ramsey, N. J., a broker with offices at 23 Broadway, Morris Ferber, a newspaper dealer, formerly of Ramsey, but now of Yonkers, was designated yesterday by the Carnegie Hero Fund Foundation to receive a silver medal and $1,000 for saving the lives of Miss Ella Bergmann of Ramsey and Mrs. Emma Tillmann of Elizabeth, N. J., on Dec. 12, 1912. The women were in danger of being run over and killed by an Erie Railroad train, but Ferber rescued them.

Rives, Public Library President.

George L. Rives was elected President of the Board of Trustees of the New York Public Library on Wednesday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John L. Cadwalader.

HELD FOR ZELLNER ROBBERY

Pair, Accused of Theft Near Mitchel Abode, Put Under $5,000 Bail.

The police were convinced yesterday that the two men who stole $1,000 worth of jewelry from the apartment of H. H. Zellner, on the twelfth floor of the Peter Stuyvesant, at Riverside Drive and Ninety-eighth Street, on Tuesday afternoon, while half a dozen detectives, detailed to guard the home of Mayor Mitchel, were standing in the lower hallway, also robbed several other apartments on the upper west side in the past three weeks. The men gained admission to the apartments by answering advertisements by the tenants who wished to sublet them.

One of the thieves, who said he was Wesley Essex, an embalmer, of 308 West 113th Street, was arrested on Wednesday afternoon when he attempted to pawn the stolen jewels in a shop at 801 Columbus Avenue. He gave the name of his companion to Detectives Donnelly and Quinn and they caught him at 4 o'clock yesterday morning after an all-night search of pool and billiard parlors. He said he was Albert Behler, an ironworker, of 1,020 Simpson Street, the Bronx, and, according to the police, admitted that he was with Essex and looted the Zellner apartment on Tuesday last. He said the detectives who guarded Mayor Mitchel were in the lower hallway when they left the building.

Essex and Behler were arraigned in the West Side Court before Magistrate Campbell and were held under $5,000 bail each to await trial. Several persons were in the court and identified the men. Mrs. Charles O'Reilly of the Hillcrest Apartments, 430 West 116th Street, said they stole $200 worth of jewelry from her home, and Joseph Bona, superintendent of the Hudson-Grant View at 126 Claremont Avenue, recognized them as the men who inspected the apartment of the Rev. Thomas S. Donahue, a missionary, on May 4 and stole articles valued at $100. Mrs. Mary A. Marsden of 607 West 122d Street said they got $100 worth of jewelry from her home, and Mrs. Olivette Falls of 504 West 163d Street accused them of stealing $100 worth of jewelry from her. Behler, the police said, served a term of four years in Sing Sing.

"The Change"

Introducing "Change." A new sunken crown straw that is quite out of the ordinary. Won't you step in one of my stores and try it on?—Thank you. *Listed on the 'change at $2.

See Fashion Show in my windows.
Mail order charges prepaid.

Truly Warner
Hatter, to Mr Goodresser.

"The Traveler"

Truly Warner Straws are better, because they cost more to produce.

They're $2.

At my stores everywhere.

$ Two $

"Cousin Jack"

Cousin Jack has just arrived. It's the name of our new pegtop straw. It fairly bristles with individuality. My, but you will like Cousin Jack! It's the usual three-dollar quality at $2.

See Fashion Show in my windows.
Mail order charges prepaid.

Truly Warner
Hatter, to Mr Goodresser.

Why Blue Serge?

FIRST of all because Blue Serge is always good form—no matter where or when you wear a Blue Serge Suit you will feel dressed appropriately.

Then, too, Blue Serge is sure to be becoming, no matter what your complexion, what your figure.

So, if you can get a Blue Serge Suit, made of a Serge that's a true blue in every sense of the word, that will not get shiny quickly, one that fits you well, why you're fixed for the summer.

You will find all these requisites in our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Blue Serge Suits. Remember this, it's important—we guarantee the color of our $18 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Blue Serges every bit as strongly as those of $40.

As an extra inducement to buy one of our Blue Serges we offer this week only

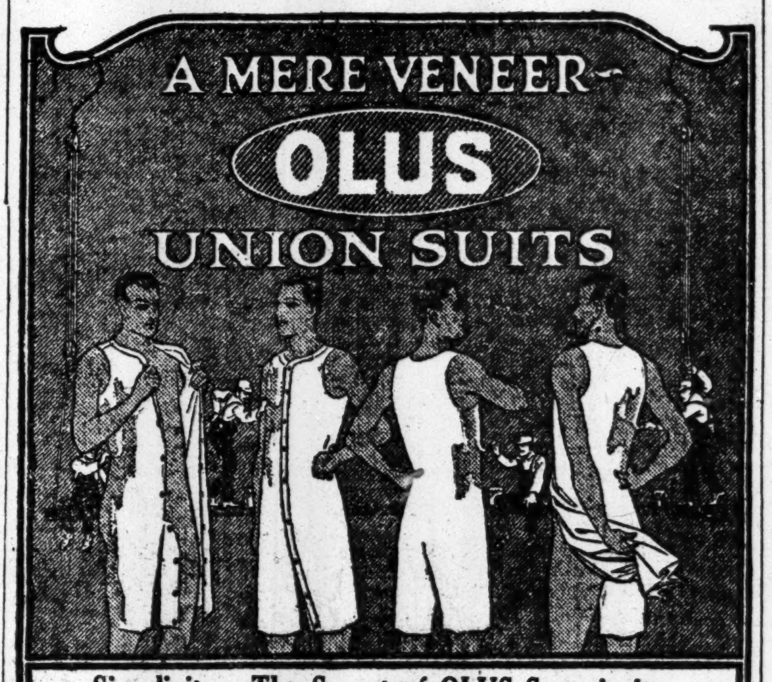
Some $30 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Silk Lined Blue Serge Suits, $21.00

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
Broadway at 29th St. (Open until 6 P. M.)
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

These are OLUS Days
PAT. JAN. 5th 1909 REG. U.S. PAT OFF.

Olus Is on Sale in Over 200 of the Foremost Men's Stores
Now On Display In the Shop Windows



Simplicity—The Secret of OLUS Superiority

THE **first layer** of comfort is your **underwear**. It's an unbroken, smooth-setting layer if it's an **Olus Loose-Fitting Coat Cut Union Suit** with closed back and permanently closed crotch, protecting the body at every point. Only **one** thickness of cloth anywhere. Made in sixteen plain and fancy woven fabrics, also plain and mesh knitted. ***Price $1 to $3.***

OLUS one-piece PAJAMAS is made on the same principle as the OLUS Union Suit—coat cut, closed crotch, closed back, and only one **layer** of material **anywhere**. Being one-piece, there is no **working-up, sliding-down** annoyance—no **string** nuisance because OLUS PAJAMAS have **no strings to tighten or come loose.** ***Prices $1.50 to $8.50.*** When you buy **Underwear or Pajamas**, think of OLUS, **insist** on OLUS at your dealer. **Remember!—If it isn't *coat-cut*, it isn't OLUS.**

Important Booklet on Request.
To Dealers—Your Wholesale Distributor Carries OLUS.
The Girard Company, Makers Dept. N 348 Broadway, New York

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning B K & Co King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Some New Patterns

Our Cooper Square Work-Shops are always busy and new Suits are being turned out every day.

We have just received straight from Headquarters some Club Checks and Tartan Checks that are the newest things possible.

$20.00 to $40.00

These are cut on the new Young Men's Models but in all sizes.

It isn't necessary because a man is big, that he should wear an old-fashioned Suit. He may have what he wants here.

The Straw Hats are distinctly new in shape—High Crowns, narrow brims and with the pugaree bands. But we have them, too, for the conservative man.

Furnishings for Spring include new patterns in Shirts, Underwear and Pajamas.

BROUGHTON

We've silk hosiery from 50 cents to $2.50.

Everything for Boys that we have for Men.

BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway near 32nd Street.
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$15 MONROE CLOTHES $15

Get All the Style You Want and All the Quality You Need at $15.00 Instead of $25.00

Why throw $10 away? Why pay $25 for precisely the same suits we are selling for

$15

TWO and THREE PIECE SUITS of light weight, appropriate Summer Fabrics. Newest Colorings. Smartest Models. Last-Minute Ideas.

Monroe Clothes Shop
1470 Broadway & 42nd Street
Open Evenings
206-208 Broadway, Corner Fulton St. (Downtown Branch)

Take Elevator---Save $10.00

Live Wire News for Men

SNAP!—the switch is closed—the connection's made which will flash you the current news of our electrifying values. Here are some sparklers from our remodeling sale:

Summer Silk Shirts:—*Shirts of hefty silk, washable, tub-proof—of likeable patterns and cut to fit. Usually the $5, $6 and $7 sort. We've marked them......*	*$2.95*
Athletic Underwear, and Other Styles:—*Well-known brands. Cooling, heat-proof materials—Nainsook—Porosmesh—Linen—etc. Elsewhere at 50c and upwards...*	*37c*
Madison Collars,—Guaranteed 4 Months—*Made specially for us of fray-proof material. The usual 2 for 25c kind. Every style you've seen—particularly the kind you wear.*	*10c*
GUYOT SUSPENDERS, 50c grade. Our price............	*37c*
MEN'S SILK GLOVES, elsewhere at $1.00. Our price.....	*89c*

Our Store
at Broadway and 30th St. is about to face you with a fresh new front.
Going to show outside the live, youthful spirit inside.
We must move our goods out of the way, so we're remodeling prices along with appearances.
The values we're cracking are big even for us—hastening the opening of our newer, better, brighter store.
Come and join us in celebrating!

Come—Look—Examine—Prove. Money Back If Dissatisfied.
Madison
Southwest Cor. Broadway & 30th

The Rue de la Paix $2.40

MADE in France as its name indicates, made especially for us.
No one else in town has straws like this, no one else can get them to sell at anything like $2.40.
So here is something really exclusive, fresh from the Boulevards of Paris, and worth all of $3.50 when judged by others' standards.

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Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
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The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

NIAGARA FALLS & RETURN, $10.00
Lackawanna Railroad
Good going on night trains, May 28, and all trains May 29. Return not later than June 1.
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W. H. Hankinson
54th YEAR
RESPONSIBILITY—RELIABILITY
CLEANLY METHODS
Booklet Mailed.
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MATINEES 15c AND 25c.
EVGS., 15c, 25c, 50c & $1.00.
ABSOLUTELY AUTHENTIC IN EVERY DETAIL.
GENERAL VILLA IN BATTLE
PHOTOGRAPHED UNDER FIRE
At CHIHUAHUA, JUAREZ, TORREON
Including the
TRAGIC HISTORY OF HIS LIFE.
"Science of moving pictures shown at its best."—Sun.

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Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences
A Great Lecture
Commander Evans
Of the British Navy on
Capt. Scott's South Polar Expedition
Marvelous Moving Pictures
Opera House, Academy of Music
Saturday, May 16, 3 P. M.
Tickets at Box Office, 25 cts., 35 cts., 50 cts., 75 cts., $1.00.

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ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO.
NEXT WEEK "Rigoletto" "Cavalleria" AND "Pagliacci"
Nights and Saturday Mats., 25c. to $1.00.
Wednesday Mat., 25c., 50c. and 75c.
Seats Now for All Performances.

DE KALB De Kalb Avenue and Broadway TELEPHONE 4300 BUSHWICK
GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER
Bargain Mats. Wed. and Sat., 25c. and 50c.
Evening Prices, 25c. to $1.
Next Week. EDISON TALKING PICTURES

ACADEMY OF MUSIC (Brooklyn Institute) Last Week. Twice Daily, 3:30 & 8:15
The Photo Play Sensation.
VICTOR HUGO'S "LES MISERABLES"
MATINEES, 25c UP; NIGHTS, 35c. UP.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
A PAIR OF SIXES

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
"Bright Libretto, Lively Score."—Tribune.

Raymond Hitchcock
IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY
"The Beauty Shop"

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:15.
THE YELLOW TICKET

CANDLER Thea., West 42d St. Tel. 6344 Bry.
George Kleine's Photo Drama.
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA
DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15 (incl. SUNDAY), 25 & 50c

HARRIS 42d St., W. of Broadway. OPENS TO-MORROW EVE. SEATS NOW
King of All Photo Dramas THE CHRISTIAN

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day.
BOB MANCHESTER'S CRACKER JACKS

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Marie Lloyd, Henry E. Dixey, Adele Richie, Princess Zallah, "Why Girls Go Wrong." Moving Pictures of Ex-Police Lt. Becker, and 10 Others.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 14 St., Irv. Pl. Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat. Evs. 8:15.
Marguerite Clarke "MERELY MARY ANN."

MURRAY HILL. Evgs. 8:15. Burlesque Mat. To-day
The Big Jubilee with PAT WHITE

Hotels. Restaurants. Dancing Academies. Page 12.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
These theatres have no dealings with THE TYSON CO. The best seats can be obtained at Box Offices.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:20.
☞ Limited number of performances
JOHN DREW ETHEL BARRYMORE
in VICTORIEN SARDOU'S Comedy, A SCRAP OF PAPER

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8.30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
A Detective Comedy of Laughs and Thrills—THE Dummy

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees To-morrow & Wednesday 2:20.
JULIAN ELTINGE in his great success THE CRINOLINE GIRL

New Amsterdam W. 42d St., near B'way Henry W. Savage offers
"Musical Delight of the Season." SARI
Eves. at 8:20. Matinees To-morrow & Wed. 2:20.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:20.
MISS ANGLIN In "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN"
THE SEASON'S DRAMATIC TRIUMPH.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:20.
Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE Cohan's BEST PLAY

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
Potash & Perlmutter

FRI. EVE., MAY 22 SAT. MAT., MAY 23 Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Lambs' ALL STAR Gambol
PUBLIC AUCTION SALE
OF SEATS AND BOXES FOR THE MATINEE PERFORMANCE, (Sat., May 23),
TO-DAY (FRIDAY) at 3:30
AT THE HUDSON THEATRE

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats Reserved, 25c. & 50c.
Special School Children's Mat. Sat. 10:30 A. M.
UNIVERSAL MOTION PICTURES Present
ANNETTE KELLERMANN NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

FULTON 46th St., just west of Broadway. TWICE DAILY 2:30 & 8:30. 25c 50c
Webb's Electrical SINGING TALKING Pictures

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43-44. Daily Mat. 2:15. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8:15
LAST 2 WEEKS PINAFORE

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evenings 8:15. MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 2:15.
Greatest of all Winter Garden Shows, Whirl of the World
Sunday Night Concert, Best Bill in New York.

44th St. Thea., nr. B'way. Lew Fields, Prop. Evenings 8. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2.
Spring Prices: Balc. 50c.; Mezz. $1; Or. $1.50-$2.
THE MIDNIGHT GIRL With George Macfarlane.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:20.
TOO MANY COOKS
The Year's Biggest Laugh Hit.

PLAYHOUSE 48th. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
The Charming Companion to Grumpy.

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. To-morrow & Thurs. 2:15.
PETROVA as PANTHEA with Milton Sills
"Sensational Play."—Acton Davies.

LITTLE 44th St., West of Broadway. Eves. at 8:45. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:30.
WINTHROP AMES presents
GRACE GEORGE
Isabel Irving, Zelda Sears, Sydney Booth, Conway Tearle, Ferdinand Gottschalk
THE TRUTH by CLYDE FITCH
All Seats at All Performances $2.00.

CASINO B'way & 39th Evenings 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
HIGH JINKS with Stella Mayhew. Longest Run of Any Musical Comedy.

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8.20. Mats. To-morrow & Tues. 2:20.
KITTY MACKAY

48TH ST. THEA. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs.
SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY MATINEE THURSDAY $1.50.

CORT 48th St., East of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2.20.
LAST 3 WEEKS Laurette Taylor "PEG O' MY HEART."

Actors' Fair
OPENING SAT. NIGHT 8:30.
WHITE RATS' CLUBHOUSE, 227-229-231 W. 46th St., near B'way.
1,000 Players—1,000 Stunts ADM. 50c.

Proctor's 5TH AVE., 11 to 11 Daily 10-15-25c.
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW "Mr. Barnes of N. Y." with MAURICE COSTELLO, other features & Yande.
Big Sunday Concerts.
23d ST.—58th ST.—125th ST.
Vaudeville De Luxe & Photo Plays.

MAY 9-16
BABY SHOW
FOR BETTER BABIES—FREE—EDUCATIONAL EXHIBIT
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
10 AM TO 11 PM ADMISSION 50c CHILDREN 25c

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
OPPOSITE WEST 130th ST. FERRY. OPENS TO-MORROW

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St.
ALICE LLOYD, MONTGOMERY & MOORE, Mary Nash, George Damerel and JACK WILSON.

Jardin de Danse 8:30 P. M. to 2 A. M.
Matinee Teas Sats. ONLY
TALK OF THE TOWN
REUNITED—FAMOUS AND FASCINATING
Heavenly Twins Rozsika & Yansci DOLLY BROADWAY'S BIGGEST SENSATION
In Marvelous Dances with CARLOS SEBASTIAN.
OTHER STARS & NOVELTIES.

Republic W. 42d St. Daily at 1:30, 3:30, 7:30, 9:30. 10c-15c-25c.
"PROTECT US!" A Frank Treatment of Prevailing Sex Evils.

VITAGRAPH Broadway & 44th St. 2:30 & 8:30 P. M.
Mr. Barnes of N. Y.—Love, Luck & Gasolene & Pictures of Army—Silent Comedy at 8:30.

STRAND B'way, 47th St. Continuous 12 noon to midnight. 10-15-25c.
A. CONAN DOYLE'S "House of Temperley." Strand Orch. & Quartette. Nxt wk, "Home Sweet Home"